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Raffles, The Amateur Cracksman

By E. W. HORNUNG

SECOND SERIES

(CONTINUED FROM YESTERDAY.)

"But this is all theory," I exclaimed. "How on earth can you know?"

"I don't know," said Raffles, "but I should like to bet. Our friend the bloodhound is hanging about the corner near the pillar box. Look through my window, it's dark in there, and tell me who he is."

The man was too far away for me to swear to his face, but he wore a covert coat of un-English length, and the lamp across the road played steadily on his boots. They were very yellow, and they made no noise when he took a turn. I strained my eyes, and all at once I remembered the thin soled, low heeled, splay yellow boots of the insidious foreigner with the soft eyes and the brown paper face whom I had turned from the door as a palpable fraud. The ring at the bell was the first I had heard of him; there had been no warning steps upon the stairs, and my suspicious eye had searched his feet for rubber soles.

"It's the fellow," I said, returning to Raffles, and I described his boots.

Raffles was delighted.

"Well done, Bunny; you're coming on," said he. "Now I wonder if he's been over here all the time, or if they sent him over expressly. You did better than you think in spotting those boots, for they can only have been made in Italy, and that looks like the special envoy. But it's no use speculating. I must find out."

"How can you?"

"He won't stay there all night."

"Well?"

"When he gets tired of it I shall return the compliment and follow him."

"Not alone?" said I firmly.

"Well, we'll see; we'll see at once," said Raffles, rising. "Out with the gas, Bunny, while I take a look. Thank you. Now wait a bit—yes! He's chucked it; he's off already, and so am I!"

But I slipped to our outer door and held the passage.

"I don't let you go alone, you know."

"You can't come with me in pajamas."

"Now I see why you made me put them on!"

"Bunny, if you don't shift I shall have to shift you. This is my very private one man show. But I'll be back in an hour—there!"

"You swear?"

"By all my gods."

I gave in. How could I help giving in? He did not look the man that he had been, but you never knew with Raffles, and I could not have him lay a hand on me. I let him go with a shrug and my blessing, then ran into his room to see the last of him from the window.

The creature in the coat and boots had reached the end of our little street, where he appeared to have hesitated, so that Raffles was just in time to see which way he turned. And Raffles was after him at an easy pace, and had himself almost reached the corner when my attention was distracted from the alert nonchalance of his gait. I was marveling that it alone had not long ago betrayed him, for nothing about him was so unconsciously characteristic, when suddenly I realized that Raffles was not the only person in the little lonely street. Another pedestrian had entered from the other end, a man heavily built and clad, with an astrakhan collar to his coat on this warm night and a black slouch hat that hid his features from my birdseye view. His steps were the short and shuffling ones of a man advanced in years and in fatty degeneration, but of a sudden they stopped beneath my very eyes. I could have dropped a marble into the dented crown of the black felt hat. Then at the same moment Raffles turned the corner without looking round, and the big man below raised both his hands and his face. Of the latter I saw only the huge white mustache, like a flying gull, as Raffles had described it, for at a glance I divined that this was his arch enemy, the Count Corbucci himself.

(To Be Continued.)

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LIT BROTHERS

TAKES ISSUE WITH TOMLINSON

SCRANTON MAN SAYS THAT TRUE SCIENCE DOES NOT NEED MRS. EDDY'S TEXT BOOK.

ASKS FOR MORE LIGHT

The Times received the following letter from Clayton J. Woodworth, of 1705 Wyoming avenue, this city, in reply to some of the statements made by Rev. Irving C. Tomlinson, the Christian Science lecturer, who spoke at the Family Theater Sunday afternoon:

Editor of the Times, Scranton, Pa.

Dear Sir: Public attention having been called to the doctrines of Christian Science, by the lecture of Rev. Irving C. Tomlinson, as reported in Monday's papers, it has occurred to me that both the friends and opponents of this theory would welcome public expressions on the subject, hence my letter.

First, let me emphasize the statements of Rev. Tomlinson that "Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the discoverer and founder of Christian Science, is also the author of its text-book." Let no one, not even Rev. Tomlinson be deceived into thinking that either our Father in Heaven or His Son, Jesus Christ, our Lord, were the founders of Christian Science; for that their book, the Word of God, the Bible, is its text-book. Nothing could be farther from the truth. Rev. Tomlinson's address and Mrs. Eddy's books are both replete with evidence that the Bible would never answer the purpose.

One of the first points that Rev. Tomlinson made is that Mrs. Eddy's views have been accepted by many "learned scholars, wise judges," etc. But, now, hear the Word of the Lord regarding those who accept the doctrines which Christ Himself taught: "I thank thee, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, because Thou hast hid these things from the wise and prudent, and hast revealed them unto babes."—Matt. 11:25. "For ye see your calling, brethren, how that not many wise men after the flesh, not many mighty, not many noble are called."—1 Cor., 1:26.

The second point Rev. Tomlinson makes is its growth. Hear the Word of the Lord: "For there shall arise false Christs, and false prophets, and shal show great signs and wonders; insomuch that if it were possible, they shall deceive the very elect."—Matt. 24:24. "There shall be false teachers among you, who privily shall bring in damnable heresies, even denying the Lord that bought them." "And many shall follow their pernicious ways."—2 Peter 2:1, 2.

The third point Rev. Tomlinson makes is its financial prosperity. Hear the Word of the Lord: "Woe unto you that are rich! for ye have received your consolation."—Luke 6:24. "Hearken, my beloved brethren, hath not God chosen the poor of this world rich in faith, and heirs of the kingdom which He hath promised to them that love him?"—James 2:5. "I will spue thee out of My mouth because thou sayest I am rich and increased with goods, and have need of nothing; and knowest not that thou are wretched, and miserable, and poor, and blind, and naked."—Rev. 3:16, 17.

The fourth point Rev. Tomlinson makes is that Christian Science does not deny the true personality of God. Hear Mrs. Eddy on this point: "Jehovah is not a person. God is principle." Principle is not. "God is life, substance and intelligence." "In divine Science, God and men are inseparable, as Principle and its idea." "Woman is the highest term for man." There you have it. Mrs. Eddy is God. She has proved it. Nothing could be more simple. Now her the Word of the Lord: "Thus saieth Jehovah, thy Redeemer, and He that formed thee from the womb, I am Jehovah that maketh all things; that stretcheth forth the heavens alone (without Mrs. Eddy's help); that spreadeth abroad the earth by Myself; that frustrateth the tokens of the liars and maketh diviners mad; that turneth wise men backward, and maketh their knowledge foolish."—Isa. 44:24, 25.

Rev. Tomlinson's fifth point is that it does not deny the atonement. Hear Mrs. Eddy on this point: "Not the death of the cross, but the cross-bearing deathless life, that Jesus left for the example of mankind, ransoms from sin all who follow it." Now hear the Word of the Lord: "Forasmuch as ye know that ye were not redeemed with corruptible things, as silver and gold; but with the precious blood of Christ."—1 Peter 1:18, 19. "Thou wast slain, and hast redeemed us to God by Thy blood."—Rev. 5:9. "For I delivered unto you first of all that which I also received, how that Christ died for our sins according to the Scriptures."—1 Cor. 15:3.

Rev. Tomlinson's sixth point is that Christian Science is one of the many bodies of worshippers which lays great stress on the subject of healing. He says: "It has been mistakenly supposed by some that, though the disciples healed the sick while Jesus was with them, their power ceased when He was gone." At this point of his discourse Rev. Tomlinson came very near to making a correct statement. His principal error is in the use of the word "mistakenly." Christian people who know their Bibles, understand very well that the gifts of healing possessed by the early church were bestowed upon it as a means for its introduction to the attentions of mankind, some one or more gifts being conferred, at the hands of the apostles, upon all who confessed Christ by immersion. The power of conferring those gifts was vested by our Lord in His twelve apostles, of whom, by divine arrangement, Paul was one. None others in their day or since have been able to confer those gifts which Paul describes; hence they did "vanish away" when the apostles died. By that time, the church had been brought prominently before the attentions of the world, and those miraculous gifts were not necessary; and by that time, too, they began to have the New Testament and parts of the Old Testament in the possession of each congregation, so that coming together they could edify and instruct and build one another up with the truth from those inspired sources, and not longer require, as at first, the miraculous gifts as a means for their edification and instruction. It was this apostolic privilege, of bestowing these gifts upon others, which Simon Magus wanted to purchase with money, for which he was so sharply reproved. Get your Bible and read about the experiences of Simon Magus, the first great would-be Christian Science teacher, in Acts 8:13-20.

Rev. Tomlinson goes on to say: "In His farewell address to the members of His church, the Master said as reported in the last chapter of Mark: 'These signs shall follow them that believe; in My name they shall cast out devils; they shall speak with new tongues; they shall take up serpents, and if they drink any deadly thing, it shall not hurt them; they shall lay hands on the sick and they shall recover.'" Right here is where Rev. Tomlinson stuck his foot in it, in bad shape, for all careful Bible students know that the last twelve verses of the Book of Mark are wanting in the Sinaitic and Vatican MSS., the oldest and most authentic copies of the New Testament in existence. It is evident that Mark's gospel was completed for him about five centuries after he wrote it, for the Alexandrine MS. written in the Fifth century, is the oldest Greek MS. which contains these verses. Read these spurious verses carefully, note the marginal reading in the Revised Version, note their untruthfulness in the light of facts, and mark them in your Bible. I feel constrained to say to Rev. Tomlinson that this is very bad "Science." It would have to go under the classification referred to by the apostle when he warned Timothy against the erroneous teachings of "Science falsely so called."—1 Tim. 6:20.

Rev. Tomlinson's final point is that "Christian Science was discovered and founded by a woman," and "in the churches of this denomination, man and woman unite in the conduct of the Sunday services." Right here he shows again that Mrs. Eddy's book, and not the Bible, is the true text-book of the movement in which he is interested. No one bold woman in higher esteem than our Lord, yet when choosing His twelve apostles, and later the seventy, he included none of them. Nor were any female members of the tribe of Levi eligible to the priestly office. The first woman was Satan's first ambassador—a successful one, too, in misleading the first man and plunging the entire race into sin and death. The divine program runs counter to the natural tendency of all men to specially esteem woman in religious matters. This tendency is notable in the records of the past as well as the present, as evidenced by the Egyptian goddes Isis, the Assyrian goddess Ashtaroth, the Greek goddess Diana, the Roman goddesses Juno and Venus, the worship of Mary, the mother of Jesus, the use of women as mediums in Spiritualistic seances, and finally the exaltation of Mrs. Eddy. Now hear the Word of the Lord: "Let the woman learn in silence with all subjection. But I suffer not a woman to teach, nor to usurp authority over the man, but to be in silence." This is in accord with the wishes of the best women of all ages. The true woman desires to retreat from the limelight of publicity, and to put the responsibility for Christian instruction where it properly belongs, upon the half of the human family that is best fitted to impart such instruction without the damage to character and disposition which so soon mars the womanhood of the gentler sex when they take up duties for which they were not by nature designed, and from which they are prohibited by the Word of God.

In conclusion, let me urge that the true Christian does not need Mrs. Eddy's text-book. He has an infinitely better one, namely, "The Word of God, which liveth and abideth forever."—1 Peter 1:23. It is not Mrs. Eddy's book, but it is "The Holy Scriptures which are able to make thee wise unto salvation."—II Tim. 3:15. It is through them alone "That the man of God may be perfect, thoroughly furnished unto all good works." They only are "More to be desired than gold, yea than much fine gold; sweeter also than honey and the honeycomb."—Psa. 19:10. "For the Word of God is quick, and powerful, and sharper than any two-edged sword."—Heb. 4:12.

It was the Word of God, made clear to me some years ago, through reading the Millenial Dawn series of Bible helps, that led me to see how unscriptural is this Christian Science theory, and how unschoarly and unscientific Christian Science teaches that the meaning of certain words is as follows:

Adam	A Damn, or Error.
Eve	Evil.
God	Good, or Principle.
Israel	Is Real.
Mary	Sweet.

Now that all may see just how childish is this method of twisting words, I give the exact meaning of each of the foregoing words in the Hebrew tongue, from which they were taken:

Adam	Of the Ground.
Eve	Life-Giving.
God	Mighty One.
Israel	Ruling with God.
Mary	Bitterness.

In the case of the meaning of the word Mary, Mrs. Eddy has made a most ridiculous mess, for the word comes from the Hebrew "Marah," and its only meaning is "Bitter." Turn to Exodus 15:23 and read for yourself: "And when they come to Marah, they could not drink of the waters of Marah, for they were bitter; therefore, the name of it was called Marah."

TURN ON THE LIGHT.

Yours in behalf of the Old Book,

CLAYTON J. WOODWORTH.

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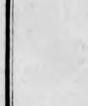

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RIALTO IN SCRANTON

New York Theatrical Writer Describes His Experiences in This City and Wilkes-Barre.

CHORUS GIRLS IN A MINE

The following letter, under the name of Robert Goodman, of particular interest to Scranton and Wilkes-Barre, appeared in yesterday's New York Telegraph:

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 27.

Wandering from New York and awaking in Scranton at the beginning of the past week, one might have imagined that he was traversing a certain portion of our own Rialto as he walked down the main street.

The city has been sprinkled with theatrical New Yorkers for several days. "His Honor the Mayor," which played all of this territory several weeks ago to only moderate business, was induced to give return dates over the Reis circuit, and the profits reaped thereby have more than justified the expectations of the managers, William Raymond Sill and Alfred Aarons.

Sill lingered briefly, but in rapid succession there appeared the members of "His Honor;" George Lynch, late of the Hippodrome, but at present engaged in heralding the new Klein play, "The Daughters of Men;" Harry Bryant, ahead of "The Burglar's Daughter;" R. E. Riddick, ahead of "For Her Sake;" E. F. Stefford and Manager Kenny, of "Kerry Gow;" Gus McCune, of "The Virginian;" George Bowles, ahead of Frank Daniels, and Harold Percy Hill, the agent for "The Tenderfoot." It was from the name of the last that Ward & Vokes obtained the stage names which they used so successfully for many seasons.

Wilkes-Barre and Pittston were included in the itinerary of most of the foregoing companies. The cafe of the Hotel Jermyn in Scranton reminded one of the Metropole, and it was a sight for the occupants of the dining-room to see Nella Webb reading the Telegraph every day at luncheon to a crowd of interested ponies from "His Honor's" wellknown ballet, while Clarence Harvey and Harry Kelly looked on from nearby tables.

"His Honor the Mayor" played two nights and a matinee to the capacity of the Lyceum in Scranton, and followed this with two full houses in Wilkes-Barre. The local papers described the rush for seats as a riot.

The business was as good in Pittston on Thurday night, and early yesterday morning they departed for Elmira with regrets at leaving the hospitable Wyoming Valley.

FRONT LINERS IN COAL MINE.

They are telling a good story on two of the girls in the company of "His Honor the Mayor." Acting Manager Levyn let them have their hotel trunks in Scranton, as they were there two days, and these two supports of the front line dug down after their winter raiment and attired themselves in the best their wardrobe afforded, when the son of a wellknown coal baron whose name was formerly connected with the strikes in this section and who lives at Pittston invited them to take a moonlight ride in his touring car.

After the performance in Wilkes-Barre on Wednesday night they started on their way with several cold bottles and other refreshments. One of the girls suggested that they explore a part of his father's mines. The young automobilist hesitated, for he knows something about mines, even if he does spent most of his time and his father's money elsewhere, and he decided that a mine was distinctly not the place for feather boas and ermine muffs. But in the end he yielded to their importunities and they descended, each girl wearing a miner's cap and torch atop her freshly marcelled hair.

All went merry until daybreak, when they ascended again to take their way homeward to Wilkes-Barre. The transformation was complete. There were black streaks in the ermine and their dainty pink and white make-ups resembled that of Ned Wayburn's Minstrel Misses after their turn on a hot night.

Their trunks had been picked up by this time and as the result of their night's escapade both had to spend the day in their rooms at the hotel while an industrious cleaner worked overtime removing traces of the coal from their garments. They succeeded in getting them back barely in time to catch a trolley for Pittston, where they arrived breathless after the stage manager had begun the organization of a searching party.

"THE GALLOPHER" ACTORS WIN.

Another story current is about a big poker game which was pulled off in Wilkes-Barre on Saturday night, and which was participated in by several visiting agents, managers and actors as well as employes of the two local theaters.

Members of Raymond Hitchcock's "The Galloper" company had the best luck, and at last accounts Harry Brown, manager of the Nesbitt theater and Grand opera house, held the I O Us of most of the visiting members of the Pathfinders and Trailers club, which their managers will take up when they arrive in the city. The members of "The Galloper" have been living at three-dollar a day hotels ever since they left Wilkes-Barre on the proceeds of their winnings.

WORK ON POLI THEATER.

L. M. Sagal, general representative of the Poli circuit of vaudeville theaters, has been in Scranton superintending the work on the new Poli theater there.

The house is in Wyoming avenue, opposite the Lyceum and Academy of Music. Albert Westover, who built the Keith theater in Philadelphia, is the architect, and Frank Ricca, a local builder, has charge of the construction.

Mr. Sagal says it was the intention to open the house by December 1, but they had been disappointed in the iron work, and the opening date has been postponed until Christmas.

The interior of the house is to be finished in red, with furniture and draperies of Louis XVI. period. The front of the balcony will be given up to a tier of curtained boxes. Scranton is enjoying very good vaudeville at the Family theater, but doubtless will be ready to welcome the advent of another house.

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured.

L. Wagner, wholesale druggist, Richmond, Va., says: "I had a fearful attack of Sciatic Rheumatism, was laid up almost two months; was fortunate enough to get Mystic Cure for Rheumatism. This cured me after doctor's prescriptions had failed to have any effect. I have also heard of fine results from others who have used it.

Sold by Carl Lorenz, 418 Lackawanna avenue, Scranton.

ANSWER TO MR. MAHY

Clayton J. Woodworth Agrees With Mr. Russell's Discourse at the Lyceum Theater.

INVESTIGATION IS URGED

For The Republican.

Will The Republican grant the use of a little of its valuable space for a few comments on Mr. Mahy's talk about "Hell," which appeared in this morning's Republican?

It is an encouraging sign that the Bible students of this vicinity have been crying to Mr. Mahy during the past week for more light on the "Hell" question than is afforded by the creeds formulated in the dark ages, in which the eternal torment theory first made its appearance. But it is not an encouraging sign that Mr. Mahy should seek to convey the impression that an acceptance of that theory is essential to saintliness, and that those who understand the matter differently are all ungodly, worldly, and disbelievers in the Scriptures; for such is not the case.

I would urge upon Mr. Mahy that he follow the advice which he gave to the young men he addressed, to take a concordance and look up this "Hell" question thoroughly, and he will be surprised at what he finds. Only, let him not take merely an English concordance for the purpose, for that would not be true scholarship, as Mr. Mahy knows very well. Let him take either the great Presbyterian work, "Dr. Young's Greek and Hebrew Analytical Concordance" or the equally great Methodist work, "Dr. Strong's Exhaustive Greek and Hebrew Concordance." Let him look up every place in the Bible where the word "hell" occurs, but let him not stop there. Let him take the original words, "Sheol," "Hades," "Gehenna" and "Tartaroo," and look them up in every instance, whether they are translated "hell," "grave," "pit," or otherwise, and when he has found an explanation which will harmonise them all he will find the truth on this subject and he will never find the truth regarding it until he does do so. And when he has finally found the truth he will find exactly the explanation which was given by the great Bible scholar, Mr. Russell, in his lecture at the Lyceum.

Had Mr. Mahy attended Mr. Russell's lecture, and taken home with him one of the free booklets in which every "hell" passage is explained, he would have had a full, clear, reasonable, Scriptural explanation of every passage cited in his address yesterday. Take, for instance, the first passage which Mr. Mahy quotes: "The wicked shall be turned into hell, and all the nations that forget God." Psa. 9:17. There are two errors in the translation of this passage which Mr. Mahy or any one else can easily learn by the use of the standard theological works above mentioned. The exact meaning of the Hebrew word "shub" is not "turned," but "re-turned," and it is everywhere used in the Scriptures in harmony with this interpretation. The second error is the entirely unauthorized addition of the word "and" to the passage. That this addition is not supported by any corresponding word in the original text in the Hebrew is made evident to the student, even in our Common Version, by the printing of the word in italics, such italics in the Bible always meaning that the English translators have supplied a word which, according to their theological notions, seemed necessary. Cleansed of these errors, the passage properly reads, "The wicked shall be re-turned into sheol—all the nations that forget God," and there is not a Hebrew scholar on the face of the earth that will deny that this is the correct rendering of the passage.

When properly translated, therefore, by those who have no theological axes to grind, the passage plainly gives the thought of one recovery from "Sheol," "Oblivion," and that some of those thus recovered will be returned to oblivion on account of subsequent wickedness and forgetfulness. As clearly and beautifully shown by Mr. Russell in his lecture in the Lyceum, the deliverance of mankind in general from "Sheol" will occur during the Millennial age, as a result of the ransom price finished at Calvary. However, those once awakened and brought to a knowledge of the truth, who then are wilfully perverse, will be returned again to "oblivion." "The Second Death," from which there is to be no ransom and no restitution, "for Christ dieth no more." That this passage is not applicable to the masses of mankind who have never known God (and there are many in Scranton who imagine that they are worshiping God and a reality are worshiping the devil instead) is very evident, since it refers to those who "forget" God, after they have been brought to clear knowledge of him, and to corresponding responsibility.

If space would permit I would gladly give the same attention to each of the other passages which Mr. Mahy used in his address, including the explanation of the parable of Dives and Lazarus, the description of the Valley of Hinnom or Gehenna, in which the refuse of Jerusalem was destroyed by fire and brimstone, and in which the bodies of executed criminals were cast, and also of many other passages treating on this subject which Mr. Mahy did not mention. But I realize that I can hardly ask you to give so much space in your paper as would be required for a full treatment of these subjects, and offer, therefore, to send, free of charge, to Mr. Mahy or any one else who will write me for it, a little booklet in which all these matters are treated fully and scripturally, not one passage bearing in any way on the entire "hell" question being omitted.

I can hardly forbear, however, to mention, in connection with Mr. Mahy's remarks on the element of "Justice" in the character of our Heavenly Father that he is just; that the penalty which he promised to Adam, namely, "death," was and is a just penalty upon Adam and his race for the disobedience of our first parent. It was perfectly proper for God to withdraw from Adam the boon of life which had been granted to him only on condition of obedience. But it would not be just, it would be grossly and horribly unjust, having threatened Adam with death, and having asserted over and over again that "The wages of sin is death," "Sin when it is finished bringeth forth death," "the soul that sinneth it shall die," etc., if Adam should wake up and find himself in eternal torment and then have it explained to him by some nearby and misguided theologian of the dark ages that when God said "death," "die," etc., he meant something entirely different.

Let us hope more and more, for Mr. Mahy (whom I believe to be a true-heart and well-meaning Christian gentleman) and for all others who like himself are deceived and blinded "by the God of this world" regarding the real character of our heavenly Father, that they may investigate and reinvestigate this "hell" question, in the light of present truth, until "they are able to comprehend with all saints the lengths and breadths and heights and depths of the love of God, which passeth human knowledge."

Yours very truly,
Clayton J. Woodworth,
1705 Wyoming avenue.
Scranton, Oct. 29, 1906.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Convenient for tourists.

PREPARED BY

J. H. Lyon, D.D.S.

FARRELL SAYS ASH. BELONGS TO SCRANTON

When Contract is Put Up to Him League President Says Manager Must Come Back Here.

The contract of Manager Ashenback with the Scranton club has been submitted to President Farrell and he has expressed the opinion that it will keep "Ash" in this city for another year.

When Ashenback came to terms with the owners of the club, Barnes and Coleman, he did not want to sign a regular baseball contract. Therefore a special contract was drawn up which was duly approved and attested.

One of the provisions of this contract was that if Messrs. Barnes and Coleman desired the services of Ashenback for another year they would have to so notify him in writing thirty days before the close of the season.

In accordance with this agreement, thirty days before the close of the season the club owners sent written notice to Ashenback that they desired his services for another year. Then the whole matter was put up to President Farrell, and he sent back word that "Ash" belonged to Scranton and must manage a team here unless he is either released or drafted.

It is likely, however, that Ashenback will come back to Scranton overflowing with good nature and that he will at once proceed to hustle to provide Scranton with nearly as good a team as it possessed last season.

AL. REESE LIVING.

Sprinter Not Even Severely Injured at Atlantic City.

Definite reports were received in this city yesterday that Al. Reese, the local sprinter, was not even severely injured in the wreck at Atlantic City on Sunday. It is hard to understand how the report got out that he was killed. His wife, in this city, yesterday received the following telegram from him:

"Not seriously hurt; no bones broken. Morgans in hospital; condition not dangerous."

It is considered marvelous good luck that the only two Scranton men on this train should have been among the survivors of the accident. In escaping from this death trap Reese showed more luck even than attended his foot racing in this city and vicinity.

It seems that Reese was removed to a hotel instead of a hospital and it is surmised that when he could not be found among the other injured it was believed that he was in the sea with the dead.

Morgans is described as a man past middle age. He is said to be suffering from injuries about the back and hip which are not particularly serious.

SOME MORE GRAFT.

Startling Disclosures of Extortion From Merchants.

Startling disclosures in Wilkes-Barre implicate Alderman I. V. Robbins and Robert M. Simmers, agent of the state pure food department, in a manner which will require considerable explanation before the fliched merchants of that city will be content to let the matter drop.

Accused of charging exorbitant fees following prosecutions by the agent of merchants, the alderman yesterday admitted that he had acted without discretion, but would not further incriminate himself. He is said to have made an affidavit before Alderman Dana. He admitted that he had collected over the normal sums, but claims to be within the statute of costs. Further investigation will be made.

K. OF M. RALLIES.

First of a Series of Events Will be Held Tonight.

The first of a series of rallies to be held by the Knights of Malta during the winter season will be held tonight, when the thirty commanderies of the Lackawanna county knights will unite at the rooms of the Anthracite commandery, in Guernsey hall. The local commandery will act as host.

Tonight's rally will give the members an idea of what the future events will be and those who attend will have no cause for regret.

Regulates the bowels, promotes easy natural movements, cures constipation—Doan's Regulets. Ask your druggist for them. 25 cents a box.

China Hall.

New Quadruple Plated SILVERWARE

The envy of many an exclusive jeweller would be aroused by a glimpse of this handsome array—but not without just cause, however. The very latest works of the best silverware designers are profusely shown in this exhaustive collection.

Most of these are in the popular French gray finish—Bonbon Dishes at $1, Bonbon Baskets at $1.25, Hat Pin Hold- to $1.25, Hat Pin Holders at $1.25, Fern Dishes at $2.75 up, Jewel Boxes at $3.50 up, Bouillon Sets—china cups with filigree work holders, Ramekin Sets—china cups with silver covers and holders of filigree work, Candle sticks in all sizes, all styles and at numerous prices, Sugar and Cream Sets, etc.

Simply out of the question to here itemize a stock so all-embracing. Inspect it.

GEO. V. MILLER & CO.

"Walk in and look around." 213-15 Wash. Ave.

IT MAY BE HARD

to start in thrifty ways, but the result is a good reward for the effort. Start a Savings Account now with this bank whose strength is beyond question.

Third National Bank,

118 Wyoming Ave., Scranton, Pa.

Capital, $200,000; Surplus (earned,) $800,000

ORGANIZED 1872.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

Compound interest paid on monthly balances on Savings Accounts, whether large or small.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS 7:00 TO 8:00 O'CLOCK.

Glassware Decorated in the Making.

No mere surface treatment suffices for this "Tiffany Favrile" product. The decorations are blown in the glass and while the glass remains whole the artistic design cannot fade, blemish or disappear. Your inspection of our innumerable designs is invited.

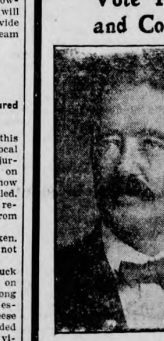
H. A. CONNELL

132 Wyoming Ave.

Successor to Mercereau & Connell.

KEEP THIS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

Vote For a Safe, Earnest and Conservative Man. . . .



If you desire a senator who will vote for better laws for rich and poor alike;

A greater Scranton;

Increased school and hospital appropriations;

Standard roads for auto and wagon;

Beneficial enactments for wage earners;

Repeal of the mercantile tax law;

More equitable system of real estate assessments;

Only one tax collector in each city;

Classification of licenses and Boroughs;

Retrenchment in public expenditures;

Reforms in the state government, and

A REDEEMED STATE

then I am your man for State Senator. The happiness and welfare of my district and state, and not politics, will engage my entire attention.

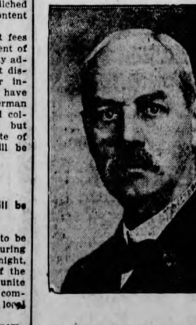
I SOLICIT YOUR VOTE.

Edward F. Blewitt,

Senatorial Candidate.

22nd Senatorial District, Pa.

PROHIBITION CANDIDATES.



HOMER L. CASTLE,

Prohibition Candidate for Governor. The Little Giant who last Fall overturned the state politically.

Prof. H. D. PATTON,

Prohibition Candidate for Lieutenant-Governor.

GEORGE HOFFMAN,

Prohibition Candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Will address a Prohibition Meeting in the

LYCEUM

On Thursday Next

NOV. 1st, at 8 P. M.

Come and hear the issues of the campaign fully, freely and fearlessly discussed.

Come and hear these advocates of real Reform.

FOUR LATE FALL ITEMS

That should interest every housewife in the city, selected for their use now and priced reasonably to meet the purse of the most economical. . . . . .

Fancy Bath Robe Blankets

In gray, Brown, Cardinal, Blue and Pink in nabesque, and set figures with beautiful borders in harmonious colors. Extra large size. One blanket sufficient for any size robe, very special at

$1.45
Each.

Lamb's Wool Comforts

Size 72x84. Bunting covered, making it the warmest, sofest, and most hygenic bed covering obtainable. Warm, light, and long wearing. The best thing of its kind at the money.

$2.75
Each.

Heavy Tweed Cloakings

56 inches wide in gray mixtures so much in demand for ladies' and children's coats. These are the most popular goods made in years. At the remarkably low price of

$1.50
a yard.

White Wool Blankets

11-4 size, weight 5 lbs., with Blue or Pink Borders. Broad Silk bound edges. Guaranteed all wool, both warp and fitting.

$4.50
the Pair.

Globe Warehouse.

CROSSETT SHOE

"MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY"

TRADE MARK

$4.00 to $5.00 BENCH MADE

Do You Believe in Signs?

There's a stranger coming when the rooster crows on the threshold.

You may well crow at the threshold of Crossett shoes, for the stranger, Comfort, is coming, and coming to stay. With him are Durability and Style. In Crossett shoes these qualities are inseparable. They are worth paying the price asked for them. In shoes, as in everything, the vital thing is not price, but what one gets for it.

Call on our agent in your city, or write us.

LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc.,
North Abington, Mass.

BLEWITT, A MAN OF ENERGY AND ABILITY, SHOULD BE MADE SENATOR

HE PROMISES IF ELECTED TO TRY AND DO SOMETHING TO HELP LIFT THIS OLD COMMONWEALTH UP FROM THE DIRT AND MIRE—HIS OPPONENT WAS NOMINATED THROUGH TRICKERY AND DECEIT.

"My travels over North America have been wide," said Edward F. Blewitt, Democratic candidate for senator, "and wherever one goes he takes in his bosom love and admiration for his old home, no matter how humble it may be, but many and many times have I bowed my head, even in old Mexico, at the low estate into which public office has fallen in Pennsylvania.

"We are rich and powerful as a state. Our treasury is bursting with a surplus. Yet in this enlightened age our schools, our hospitals, our charities of every description, our highways, our local governments are made the plaything of rascals in politics.

"Was there ever a more nefarious burden than the mercantile tax being levied year after year on our business men? What a shame it is that our borough governments are not classified according to their importance? Why cannot some of the surplus funds in our treasury be wisely expended to give us better roads, especially into the farming districts? The great industry of agriculture is entitled to the largest consideration. It is to the benefit of every housekeeper in the city if the farmer can reach him over a good road rather than through mud and rut.

"I wish to God we could abolish all parties in this state for the next twenty-five years and that one great Citizens party would elect men to office to work in the interests of the people. As an officeseeker I have no ambitions. I did not look for the nomination for senator. Some of my friends were kind enough to think that I might be of service to my fellow man if I went to Harrisburg.

Made a Careful Study.

"I have studied carefully the conditions of misgovernment, the disregard for popular rights. I cannot be coerced or intimidated in any way whatsoever. Although I am a Democrat, if I saw my party doing wrong I would not follow it. My purpose is to do right, and guided by that purpose I would go to Harrisburg to help legislate in the interests of common humanity.

"As long as the state sees fit to license the liquor traffic I say it ought to do it squarely and fairly. In cities the license is the same no matter whether a man does a business of several thousand dollars a year in the heart of the city, or a few hundred in the most remote part of it. I would change this if I had the power. I would graduate the license problem into classes. I would put the whole affair in the hands of an excise commission and take it out of the hands of the court. It seems to me that it is time to relieve our judges of the task of trying a man, whom they have given a license to, if he violates the excise laws. It is not a case with me of increasing or reducing the number of saloons. That's not my idea. I find in it a fine illustration of the manner in which all our laws have been created.

"Along the same line might be mentioned the classification of boroughs. Little Vandling is in the same class with the great borough of Dunmore. That is not fair to either of them.

Politics From Schools.

"Our public schools, our proud boast, and we have right to boast of them, are mismanaged and abused through the instrumentality of politics. I would be in favor of abolishing political influence whatsoever kind in regard to our schools. Competency alone should determine how long a teacher should be employed. No one should tremble from year to year for fear this man or that man would get on the board of control and use the axe on him or her. If my work in the senate, if the people of Lackawanna county choose to elect me, meets with the approbation of my fellow citizens; if it is said of me that I did my duty that will be the greatest compensation I can get when my term of office has expired."

As Mr. Blewitt, sitting in his office spoke thus to a representative of The Times, he put his heart into every word he spoke. It was the expression of a man who meant every word he said, and who has the ability to put into performance all his utterances.

John Farr's Voice.

John R. Farr, whose name is a household word in this county, is a Republican of the most uncompromising kind, when it comes to the principles of his party. Pay attention to what he says about John B. Jordan, the Republican candidate for senator, the man who will do the bidding of the gang at Harrisburg, and who has the effrontery to tell the people of Lackawanna county that he will. This is what Mr. Farr says:

"Did Mr. Jordan ever tell you how he secured his nomination? If he did not, then ask me. I'll tell you. The convention which nominated him was sprung while I was two thousand miles away, after I had the assurance that it would not be called till I got back. Mr. Jordan knew I was going away. Would you trust a man in business who would double cross you like that with your back turned? If the people of Lackawanna want to trust such a man, all I have to say is that they deserve to get any kind of law to govern them."

Mr. Jordan will not be elected. The people of Lackawanna county took his measure four years ago for senator and they decided he would not do. He was defeated under an avalanche of three or four thousand. This time he will be twice that badly beaten, because he stands for the gang that has been pillaging the state. As against him let the voter read what Mr. Blewitt offers to the people. Here is his platform:

Blewitt's Platform.

"To My Fellow Citizens—

"I cheerfully concur in the humane legislation proposed in the United Mine Workers' address, and if elected, will strenuously endeavor to have measures beneficial to mine and other workmen successfully passed in the senate. Not only will I advocate the passage of such laws, but shall introduce bills for a wide state boulevard and good system of main roads; survey for navigable waterway from Lake Erie to the Ohio river; improved game laws; forest preserves; protection to water supplies; the collection of all city and borough taxes by one collector in each city and borough; reforms in mercantile tax assessments and collections thereof; permanency in teachers positions; a better and cheaper system of assessment by viewers, on sewers and highways; public inspection of electric, gas and water meters of private corporations; taxing public franchises and limiting life of same; severe penalties for polluting streams with culm or other refuse; protection to fraternal insignias; carrying freight and express on trolley lines; reduction in railway fares and the enactment of suitable laws for the better government and municipal prosperity of Scranton. Reforms in the state government and the enactment of wise laws for the happiness and welfare of the people of my district and state, and not politics, shall engage my entire attention.

"EDWARD F. BLEWITT,
"Senatorial Candidate, Twenty-second District."

Something on the "Hell" Question for "Senex."

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 29, 1906.

Editor of The Times.

The evil effects of the eternal torment theory are self-evident in the case of "Senex," whose letter appears in The Times of the 25th instant. If his mind were not thus filled with incorrect and unscriptural ideas of the character of our heavenly Father, it is quite certain he would not, in the opening paragraph of his letter, have disobeyed the Lord's command to "Speak evil of no man," by so unkindly and untruthfully referring to a Christian gentleman and a profound scholar as a "Theological Fakir." If "Senex" would thus "say all manner of evil" against one of the Lord's followers for telling the truth on this all-important question, I fear that in the dark ages he would have been found among those who were willing to do much worse things. I remind "Senex" that such expressions as "Theological Fakir," "Wizened Zealot," "Lying Heresy," etc., indicate that he possesses little of the real spirit of Christ, and of the apostle's words, "If any man have not the spirit of Christ, he is none of His." And, further, it would appear that "Senex" has a great personal interest in this "Hell" question, for the Lord says, "Whosoever shall say, Thou fool, shall be in danger of hell fire." The words "fakir" and "zealot" are certainly quite as strong as "fool," if not more so, and it is therefore to the interest of "Senex" to study this question thoroughly.

As an aid to "Senex" and any others who were not in attendance at Mr. Russell's lecture at the Lyceum, and who did not obtain at the door the free booklet in which all the "Hell" passages are explained, I would say that if he will communicate with me I will gladly send him one of these booklets, free of charge, and in it he will find fully and satisfactorily set forth a clear explanation of the parable of the "Sheep and the Goats," which now seems to bother him considerably. He will find that the sheep are not literal sheep; that the goats are not literal goats; that the fire is not literal fire, and all about it. And he will find much else that he needs to know.

In view of the unhappy spiritual condition of "Senex," and his great personal interest in the question he so thoroughly misunderstands, it might be as well not to make any further reply to his letter, beyond calling attention to the entirely incorrect statement that "This present world is the only state of trial for mankind." How does this statement of "Senex" compare with the following, "This is good and acceptable in the sight of God, our Saviour, Who will have all men to be saved, and to come into the knowledge of the truth."—1 Tim., 2:4-5. Have all men come to a knowledge of the truth yet? And the following: "The earth shall be full of the knowledge of the Lord as the waters cover the sea."—Isa. 11:9. And the following: "They shall not teach every man his neighbor, and every man his brother, saying, 'Know the Lord; for all shall know me, from the least to the greatest."—Heb. 8:11. The apostle shows that for the great majority of mankind this knowledge must come in the future; when he says: "Christ Jesus gave Himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time."—1 Tim. 2:5-6. If time and space would permit, it would be a very easy matter to bring forth from the Scriptures hundreds of passages to prove that it is men, and not God, that have limited God's power to deal with mankind, to the present life. And, as in the case of "Senex," it is greatly to the personal interest of most of those who teach to the contrary that such is the case; otherwise, it is certain that their chances of glory would be very slim.

Yours very truly,
CLAYTON J. WOODWORTH.
1705 Wyoming Avenue.

The New Maid.

Master—"When there's somebody at the door why don't you call me, silly sausage?"

Maid—"I would never dare to call you that, sir."—Bon Vivant.

NORTH END NEWS.

Adam Bernosky was taken into custody this morning after escaping from Patrolman George Smith last week. Bernosky was arrested at a recent raid on Lloyd street, and when he neared the local police station under the custody of the officer he broke away, and Officer Smith had a warrant sworn out for his arrest. Early this morning he was found in his boarding house, where he was again taken into custody. He will be given a hearing in police court this afternoon.

Received Appointment.

Yesterday afternoon Acting Desk Sergeant Saltry, owing to the death of Captain Burke, was appointed permanent sergeant in this section. The order for his promotion in rank was issued by Director of Public Safety Wormser yesterday and was approved by Superintendent Day.

Coming Bowling Match.

Next Tuesday evening William Davis, proprietor of the North End bowling alleys, will bowl a match game with William Lewis, also of this section, for $50 a side. Much enthusiasm is being manifested in the event, as both are in the 250 class bowlers.

Participated in a Fight.

Last evening Walter and Charles Welland were found near the corner of Parker street and Boulevard avenue. One was in an unconscious condition, while the other was hitting and kicking him unmercifully. When arrested by Patrolmen McAndrew and Berry Walter was covered with blood and Charles was unconscious. He later came to and both were taken to the local police station in the patrol wagon, where they gave a forfeit of $10 apiece to appear at a hearing to be given at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Married in Holy Rosary Church.

Yesterday morning Miss Jennie L. Kane, of West Market street, and James Grogan were married at the Holy Rosary church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Joseph Kelly with a nuptial high mass. Miss Sullivan presided at the pipe organ, while Miss Mary Gerrity sang "O Promise Me" during the pronouncing of the vows. Miss Mary Loder, of Archbald, was bridesmaid, while Patrick Grogan, a brother of the groom, was best man.

After the ceremony was performed a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents. After their honeymoon trip Mr. and Mrs. Grogan will reside in Philadelphia.

Presented with Purse.

Last evening the parishioners of the Holy Rosary church, represented by a committee of which James F. Saltry was chairman, journeyed to Nanticoke and presented Rev. J. V. Moylan, former assistant pastor of Holy Rosary church, now pastor of St. Francis church in Nanticoke, with a purse containing $784. Father Moylan was greatly surprised when the committee arrived at the parochial residence. A set of resolutions were read by Thomas J. Biglin. After the resolutions were read Rev. Moylan made an address, referring to the kindness and generosity of the parishioners in the Holy Rosary church. All contributions were received voluntarily, and collectors were appointed in the different districts who did not solicit for the express purpose.

The committee which made the presentation were James F. Saltry, W. T. Stewart, Thomas Biglin, P. W. Moran, M. J. Coleman, P. A. Carroll, J. F. McAndrew, M. J. Cavanaugh, John Ruddy, Thomas Mason, John Culkin, J. H. Reilly and P. J. Mulherin.

MASQUERADE CARNIVAL

at the Auditorium rink tonight. All skaters in costumes. Prizes for best skaters. An evening of fun. General admission, 15c. O31-t1

Other Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Cohen, of West Market street, are visiting in New York.

For Rent—Nine-room house on Summit avenue; all improvements. J. D. Keator, 1509 Church avenue. O31-t3

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Jennings, of Bennett street, a son.

The Lenox Athletic club will conduct their weekly social in St. Mary's hall tomorrow evening.

The Father Whitty banquet committee will meet this evening.

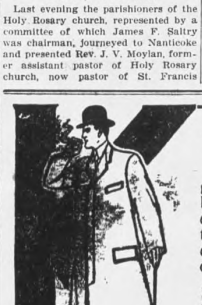
The home of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Koch, of Blair avenue, has been brightened by the arrival of a son.

For Sale—Lot corner of Church avenue and Clearview street, 50x150. Will be sold at a bargain. J. D. Keator, 1509 Church avenue. O31-t3

There will be a big masquerade roller skating social in the Auditorium this evening.

Ask for Eckhardt Mothers' Bread. Wtf

Robert E. Fenton, of North Main avenue will be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for common council in the Twenty-first ward. The ward for the last three years has been in the grasp of the Republican machine, but with the personal registration, the Democrats of the ward think they will come into their right and a hot campaign is in view. The election is a year off, but lines for an aggressive campaign are already being laid.



"Tailor-made" men wear

Kenreign

guaranteed rain-proof coats because no other raincoat equals Kenreign quality, though the tailor might charge three times the cost of a Kenreign.

An enormous production, the largest in the world, was earned by merit before this Kenreign mark was added for your protection.

Kenyon Overcoats

share this superiority. Latest style book from the dealer who sells Kenreign Coats or from

C. Kenyon Co. - - NEW YORK

"MUST BE RIGHT."

Our Metal Bed Department

has been moved from the basement to the first floor. In consequence we have gained considerable room for the display of these goods. From this immense assortment we have selected the pattern here illustrated, for special sale; our price being.

$7.95

Credit You? Certainly!

THE ECONOMY

221-23-25-27 Wyo. Ave.

Our Pure

BUTTERINE 18c the lb.

Wholesome and Nutritious

At Wyoming Avenue Store

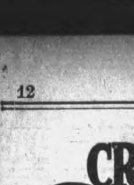
This Week, Choice Sugar Cured

Skinned Hams 14c lb.

AT THE SIX STORES—241 Wyoming Avenue, 1427 Pittston Avenue, 864 Capouse Avenue, 103 North Main Avenue, 324 Cedar Avenue, 308 E. Drinker Street, Dunmore.

Mellet the Meat Man

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM



Mrs. Sarah J. Windrom of Chicago, cousin of Zachary Taylor, twelfth president of the United States, and grandniece of Alexander Hamilton, who signed the Declaration of Independence, says:

"Vinol is a Godsend to old people. I am 76 years old, but have a hearty appetite, sleep soundly, and feel active and well today, thanks to Vinol. When I was young cod liver oil was dispensed in a greasy, unpalatable form, and it fairly gagged me to get it down. Vinol is entirely different, very palatable and nourishing to impoverished blood. It is the finest tonic and strength creator I ever used in my life."

Vinol is a real cod liver preparation, from which the useless oil has been eliminated and tonic iron added.

Try Vinol on our guarantee.

MATTHEWS BROS., Druggists.

Goldsmith's G. B. Bazaar

Our Dress Goods Department

is noted far and wide for its unrivalled assortments and extraordinary values. At this particular time we take pleasure in directing your attention to an especially seasonable feature of this department, namely, our line of

New Cloakings

This line will be of special interest to all women because of its seasonableness, beauty, durability and values.

The collection is of broad scope, including everything desirable in Coating materials.

Splendid line of Winter Weight Kersey Coatings in black and all the wanted colors; 56 inches wide. Sponged and shrunk.

$1.75, $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50 yd.

Fashionable grey, green and brown plaids, checks and mixtures.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $1.98

See our Moleskin, Bearskin and Astrachan Coatings for the children. Most complete stock—more than thirty different colorings.

Great Sale of Women's Suits Now On

ENTHUSIASTIC BUYING. DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

$20 TO $25 GARMENTS NOW..... $13.50

The Household's Parlor Queen

A base burner that has been giving satisfaction for thirty years is evidence that it is the best stove. It is a fuel saver. It heats the whole room, floor as well as ceiling. Saves dirt and work by features peculiar to itself. It is practically everlasting in construction, handsomely nickeled, which will not tarnish from heat. The stove worth 40.00. Now

$28.50

HOUSEHOLD OUTFITTING CO.

312-314 LACKAWANNA AVENUE.

Cash or Credit. "The Store that Saves You Money."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

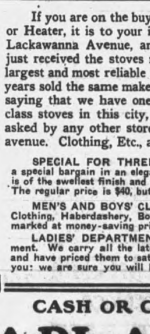
The candle still holds its own, notwithstanding petroleum, gas and electricity. The production of candles in the United States during the fiscal year of 1906 amounted to $3,889,362.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

LOOKING FOR STOVES?



If you are on the buying list for an absolutely high grade Range or Heater, it is to your interest to make a visit to our store at 513 Lackawanna Avenue, and examine our immense new stock. We just received the stoves referred to, bought them from some of the largest and most reliable makers in this country. We have for many years sold the same makes of stoves and are, therefore, quite safe in saying that we have one of the finest selections of absolutely first class stoves in this city, and that the prices are lower than those asked by any other store in town. Stores are at 513 Lackawanna avenue. Clothing, Etc., at 117 Penn avenue.

SPECIAL FOR THREE DAYS ONLY—For three days only we will offer a special bargain in an elegant "s" quartered 3-piece Bedroom suite. The suite is of the swellest finish and will be an improvement in any home. The regular price is $40, but remember for the next three days only $27.50

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING—Our assortment of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Haberdashery, Boots and Shoes, is varied and of the highest grade, marked at money-saving prices.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT—The same can be said of our Ladies' Department. We carry all the latest novelties in Ladies Suits, Jackets and Skirts, and have priced them to satisfy your purse. We will appreciate a call from you: we are sure you will be satisfied.

CASH OR CREDIT.

M. KAPLAN, 117 Penn Ave. 513 Lacka. Ave.

Special for Thursday, Nov. 1

We place on sale five hundred

Self-Standing Improved DUST-PANS

Special Price for Thursday 10 Cents.

Only 10 Cents.

No Telephone or C. O. D. Orders. Only one to a customer.

Protheroe, McLaughlin & Co., 422 Lacka. Ave. Scranton, Pa.

CARPETS AND FURNITURE.

Klenk's **Klenk's**

GOWNS and SKIRTS
Of Outing Flannel

Excellent values in Ladies' Gowns and Long and Short Petticoats of Heavy Outing Flannel. These garments are full size and well made, a nice range of patterns.

50c to $1.00 a Garment

RAIN COATS

Two new numbers of Ladies' and Misses' Raincoats, absolutely waterproof, made and finished just as nicely as any garment that you buy at twice the price. Tans only.

$5.00 and $7.75 a Garment

BELL 395 **Charles Klenk** Parcels Delivered
246 Bridge Street

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1912

People You Know

—Charles McGuigan, of Tamaqua, was a Phoenixville visitor yesterday.

—J. P. Peters, of Dyrsart, was a Phoenixville visitor yesterday.

—Frank Rambo, of Norristown, was in town yesterday.

—John Kirk, of Black Rock, was a Phoenixville visitor yesterday.

—Fred Lutz, of Philadelphia, called on the local tobacco trade yesterday.

—Robert Sloyer, of Charlestown, was in town yesterday.

—George H. Miller, of Kimberton, was in town yesterday.

—John Williams was a visitor to Embreeville yesterday.

—Frank Dettra, the fruiter, was a business visitor to Philadelphia yesterday.

—Mrs. Roy King and son, of Bethlehem, are spending a week with the H. A. King family, of Nutts avenue.

—Matt Anderson, of Black Rock, was seen about town yesterday.

—Maurice Hipple, of Anselma, was a Phoenixville visitor yesterday.

—Warren Fry, of the firm of Acker and Fry, was a business visitor to Philadelphia yesterday.

—Mrs. Ellen Devlin, of Philadelphia, spent yesterday with Phoenixville friends.

—Andrew Shultz, of St. Clinton, Pa., was a visitor to Phoenixville friends yesterday.

—Miss Hattie Jacobs, of Church street, was a Philadelphia shopper yesterday.

—D. C. W. Smith, of Philadelphia, was a Phoenixville visitor yesterday on business.

—Mrs. E. P. Gresh, mother and children, of Norristown, were over Sunday guests at the Black Rock Hotel, Montgomery county.

QUININE? NO! PAPE'S BEST FOR BAD COLD.

It is a positive fact that a dose of Pape's Cold Compound, taken every two hours until three consecutive doses are taken, will end the Grippe and break up the most severe cold, either in the head, chest, back, stomach, limbs or any part of the body.

It promptly relieves the most miserable headache, dullness, head and nose stuffed up, feverishness, sneezing, sore throat, running of the nose, mucous catarrhal discharges, soreness, stiffness and rheumatic twinges.

Take this wonderful Compound as directed, with the knowledge that there is nothing else in the world which will cure your cold or end Grippe misery as promptly and without any other assistance or bad after-effects as a 25 cent package of Pape's Cold Compound, which any druggist can supply—accept no substitute—contains no opiates. Belongs in every home. Tastes nice—acts gently.

Porto Rico's New Wonder.

From far away Porto Rico come reports of a wonderful new discovery that is believed will vastly benefit the people. Ramon T. Marchan, of Barceloneta, writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is doing splendid work here. It cured me about five times of terrible coughs and colds, also my brother of a severe cold in his chest, and more than 20 others, who used it on my advice. We hope this great medicine will yet be sold in every drug store in Porto Rico." For throat and lung troubles it has no equal. A trial will convince you of its merit. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Dr. Henry H. Daney. tf Adv.

OUT OF THE WOODS

Away from the woods. There is no underbrush, no inferior quality to disturb the service you get when goods are bought at our store. We have cleared the way to high quality and fair prices by offering you the fairest exchange for your money that you ever had. Every article, every item in our store is true to guarantee and name. Rubber Goods of quality. Medicines of merit. Toilet Articles that are worth while using. Every drug store want can be fully taken care of by us and in a way that will please you.

Dr. L. Oberholtzer's Sons & Co.

"The Servant in the House."

Katharine Tingley, the head of 150,000 members of the Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society of the World, and who first introduced the cause of Greek Theatre in America, was in Portland, Maine, recently during the engagement of "The Servant in the House" in that city. She was asked by the editor of the Portland Evening Express to write her views of his famous play for that paper. We quote in part the review:

"The production of "The Servant in the House," which I recently witnessed at the Jefferson Theatre, is a symbolic play, one of rare merit. It should be seen and studied, for in its suggestions it is replete with moral and spiritual principals for old and young.

It is an exposition of the heart and soul of man, a spiritual drama. From beginning to end it is refreshing, wholesome and uplifting effort. It appeals to the head and ears of our ethical senses, and I welcome it as a sign—that a moral preparation has already begun through the drama for the benefit of mankind."

"The Servant in the House" will be seen at the Colonial Theatre, Friday evening, November 1.

CATARRH SUFFERERS ASTONISHED

Booth's HYOMEI, the Soothing Healing, Germ Destroying Air Gives Instan Relief

If you already own a HYOMEI hard rubber inhaler you can get a bottle of HYOMEI for only 50c. The complete outfit, which includes inhaler, is $1.00, and is sold by Dr. L. B. Oberholtzer's Sons & Co. on money back plan.

With every bottle of HYOMEI comes a small booklet. This book tells how easy and simple it is to kill Catarrh germs and end Catarrh by just breathing the fumes over the Catarrh infected membrane the powerful yet pleasant antiseptic air of Eucalyptus from the inland forests of Australia. This book tells about the HYOMEI vapor treatment for stubborn Catarrh, Croup, heavy Colds and Sore Throat, and other interesting facts.

Humanity Into Laws

We preach the gospel of humanity and we are going to write that gospel into the law of the nation, and this is what that gospel means to us. Here are we, 90,000,000 of us. None of us asked to be born, yet born we were without our consent. None of us asks to die, yet die we must, for no fault of our own; and in the brief period between the unasked cradle and the unwelcomed grave, life at best is hard enough, and to the great masses it is bitter hard, indeed.

What, then, can be done to sweeten human life? What can be done to lighten burdens from shoulders that cannot bear them? What can be done to make our land a better place to live in? What can be done to make human existence happier and easier? These are the questions worth while, and it is to answer those questions that under God a great new party has sprung clean and fresh from the hearts and consciences of the American people. * * *

The naked power that Lincoln battled against we battle against now. What is the power? At Chicago I called it the invisible government, and what is the invisible government? It is a partnership of mighty and wicked interests that seek to get vast wealth at the expense not only of the people's pockets, but of the people's souls, at the expense of human life itself.

How does that confederation of plunder, which is just as treasonable as the slave oligarchy ever was, and far more dangerous because more widespread and subtle, how does it get this vast and unjust wealth? By getting bad laws for its advantage and preventing good laws for the people's advantage.

How does it work its will upon our statute books? Through a system of bipartisan political bosses—Republican bosses and Democratic bosses working together in a great system of political control, and all over this nation those bosses are merely the hired men of that invincipal government of public pillage. This boss system absolutely controls both old parties, and that is why those old parties will not answer the leading questions of the day.—From ex-Senator Beveridge's Philadelphia Speech.

—Miss Mae Harvey, Washington avenue, has returned from a vacation of nearly two weeks, spent with her sister, Mrs. Lelia Suarez, and other friends, in New York City. Miss Harvey thoroughly enjoyed her vacation, but, however, is glad to be among her Phoenixville friends again.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Cooking under modern methods and conveniences is made so attractive the whole family is becoming interested.

"These biscuits are delicious; this cake is excellent," says the father. "I made them," says the daughter, and both father and daughter beam with pleasure.

Royal Baking Powder has made home baking a success, a pleasure and a profit, and the best cooking today the world over is done with its aid.

Surface Pointers

Insect Traps Not Effective.

A correspondent with great enthusiasm has written to Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, at Harrisburg, saying, "I was told that the person who found a remedy for the Hessian fly, the Potato stalk borer and the Grub worm would be a millionaire. I devised a trap for the 'Hummy bug,' as they are called around here. I invented a trap that will catch any winged insect. It can catch a million Hessian flies in a few hours, or the Potato borer bugs, or other insects. My device is so simple that it is a wonder it was not thought of before. It is cheap to construct and not expensive to operate at night to catch the night prowlers. I am thinking of applying for a patent, and would like to have your opinion of it."

In reply to his letter State Zoologist Surface wrote as follows:

"I think that when you try your traps you will find that they will not catch Hessian flies, as these do not fly at night, neither are they attracted by waste material or animal droppings. The insects that are so attracted are entirely different from the Hessian fly. It would be best for you to be very careful in your statement about your trap, or what it will do, and try it first, as, I believe, the insects determined, if you wish to send me the insects which you catch, I shall be glad to identify them for you, but you must understand that the idea of a trap for catching insects is not new. It does not pay. A thorough trial will prove this.

It is not worth while for you to put any money into getting a patent of this kind. This is a very old idea, and we have traps of various kinds here in the office, but they catch as many beneficials as injurious, and perhaps more. They do not catch a large percentage of injurious insects and many of these are either male or females that have laid their eggs. Many of the most injurious insects, such as the Codling moth and the Hessian Fly, do not fly at night. Too many beneficial insects are destroyed by them."

"Cascarets" Make You Feel Great

A 10 Cent Box will Keep Your Liver, Stomach and Bowels, Clean, Pure and Fresh for Months

Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath always trace them to torpid liver, delayed fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Salts, cathartic pills, oil and purgative waters force a passage way for a day or two—yes—but they don't take the poisons out and have no effect upon the liver or stomach.

Cascarets immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the decomposed waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10 cent box from your druggist means your breakfast, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels clean and regular for months.

AID THE KIDNEYS.

Do Not Endanger Life When a Phoenixville Citizen Shows You the Way to Avoid It

Why will people continue to suffer the agonies of kidney complaint, backache, urinary disorders, lameness, headaches, languor, why allow themselves to become victims of ills, when a tested remedy is offered them?

Doan's Kidney Pills have been used in kidney trouble over 50 years, have been tested in thousands of cases.

If you have any, even one, of the symptoms of kidney diseases, act now. Dropsy or Bright's disease may set in and make neglect dangerous. Read this Phoenixville testimony:

Mrs. A. Shunk, 124 Washington Ave., Phoenixville, Pa., says: "The praise I gave Doan's Kidney Pills three years ago holds good to-day. I have not had cause to use them since that time as my kidneys have been in good working order. I did not have to take Doan's Kidney Pills long as I had no chronic trouble with the kidneys but I did suffer badly with attacks of backache. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Daney's Drug Store and they proved by their merits by relieving my misery."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Stand By For War

I just noticed a paragraph in one of the Pittsburgh papers, "A peace conference has opened in Geneva. Stand by for war!" The joke of it is that it looks as if this joke is no joke. In the same paper it says, one thousand Greeks from Pittsburg, seven hundred from Wheeling, and like number from other places, have enlisted to fight in the war that has been arranged by Greece, Montenegro, Servia, and other Balkan countries, against Turkey.

It may be that the diplomats will be able to put one more weight on Europe's safety valve, the Treaty of Berlin, but it looks doubtful. It is realized that while the governments in the coalition might be willing to try to get along awhile longer with things as they are, they are unable to control the militarism of their subjects. In other words, the people of the Balkan states want war and when people want war bad y enough they generally get it.

It looks as if Mr. Roosevelt might have his call to "Stand by" when he says the battle of Armageddon is at hand, in which everybody who wants to fight will get all the fighting he wants. It may be that the prophecy, Joel 3: 10, is ready for fulfillment, "Beat your plowshares into swords and your pruning hooks into spears. Let the weak say, I am strong."

It is undeniably true that Europe has been an armed encampment of four and a half million men for a generation. Those who would otherwise be following the plow and pruning the trees are forging and handling instead the weapons of war. The financially weak nations, like Italy, are draining their resources beyond the power of long endurance. The situation is reaching a point where the militarism of the people is likely to get the best of the diplomats and financiers, and when that comes the world will certainly have the great time of trouble predicted in Dan. 12: 1. Thank God! All the prophets show that just beyond the time of trouble lies the Golden Age for which we all are longing. "The desire of all nations shall come." THE WANDERING JEW.

—Frank H. Banks, of Pasadena, Cal., who has been spending the past month or more in the East, chiefly in Phoenixville is for her home, returned to the Phoenix Hotel yesterday afternoon, after an absence of several days, in Philadelphia. Mr. Banks while here is having needed repairs made to his property on Bridge street, west of Gay street.

NEW GUINEA A QUEER PLACE.

Besides Cannibals They Have Butterflies as Big as Robins.

A jet black butterfly, valued at $5,000, as big almost as a robin, with wings measuring eleven and a half inches from tip to tip, has been brought to London from New Guinea by A. L. Mock, an explorer in the service of Walter Rothschild, millionaire owner of the famous private museum in Tring park.

Several new varieties of butterflies, by far the largest in the world, were discovered in New Guinea by Mock, "I had to take up from the coast," he says, "cases of pearl shell, tomahawks and beads of all kinds before I could get the assistance of the natives in capturing the butterflies. The natives shoot them with four pronged arrows, which they use for killing birds.

"The female giant butterflies are black or brown or white, but the males are splendidly marked in green or gold. I brought back also with me a butterfly which has a hairy body on account of the intense coldness of the Snow mountains.

"A couple of my native boy hunters were killed and eaten by New Guinea cannibals, who kindly sent me back the bones."

The hairy butterfly described by Mock, now in the Rothschild collection, is almost furry, so thick is its covering, and it has a wonderful appearance. The explorer, who has been twenty-three years in New Guinea, brings back with him also specimens of the famous birds of paradise.—British Press Dispatch.

THE OLD UTE PASS.

Trail, Near Pike's Peak, Marked by Marble Tablets.

The old Ute pass Indian trail, which was found by the first white visitors to the Pike's peak region, is now marked by marble tablets, placed there the other day jointly by the heads of white men and Indians. It is this latter fact, the participation in the ceremony by a band of several score of Ute Indians from the Ignacio reservation, which especially gratifies us.

Now that the period of Indian peril is past we cannot afford not to do justice to the people who had this continent before we came—who made trails through forests and mountain ranges, who left us their stately grave tumult as part of our characteristic scenery and gave names to countries and towns, rivers and mountains innumerable.

They had an honorable history, this race of red men, and, though they were not able to conquer successfully with us, they displayed some of the noblest and most splendid qualities of courage and endurance in that unequal struggle. We must give them our respect, and the setting up of these tablets in the old Ute pass is exactly what could be predicted of a race gifted, like ours, with imaginative sympathy for the pair.—Chicago Post.

The Lance In Warfare.

The lance has been ridiculed by many military experts on the ground that it is out of date and cumbersome, but the weapon still has its advocates who point out its value in shock tactics and in cavalry charges. In Germany, for instance, the lance in the hands of the Prussian Uhlan remains a formidable weapon. Recently attention has been called to the fact that the lance point often makes too deep a wound for the shaft to be withdrawn quickly, and that, therefore, the lancer runs the risk of having it wrenched from his grasp in the charge. In view of the cavalry in Germany have been experimenting with a new kind of lance carrying a ball below the base of the lance head. It is said that the new arm is just as effective in disabling an enemy and is free from many disadvantages.—Harper's.

New Copper Alloy.

A new copper alloy which has the hardness of steel and has great tensile strength has been invented by a French metallurgist. Eleven pounds of aluminum are taken for one flour with eleven pounds of aluminium, and then 242 pounds of copper are added. The entire charge is kept at fusing temperature for half an hour. Then fifty-five pounds of zinc are added and the mixture is heated another hour, after which forty-four pounds of zinc are added. The proportions of copper and chromium can be varied, according to the use to which the alloy is to be put, but the order in which the metals are brought to melting temperature, as also the addition of aluminum, must not be changed.

Picking Baby Sponges.

The Union of Sponge Fisheries is trying to reform the wasteful practices of the fishermen of Cuba. According to the Cuba News (Havana), the business done in the first half of the current year was only $50000, a third of what it should be at least. The fishermen attribute this falling off to the big storm of 1910, but the union is taking steps to prove to them that they alone are to blame and that the only way to revive the business is to let the baby sponges alone and wait until they have grown to respectable size.

The Divining Rod.

The phenomena supposed to be exhibited by the divining rod has now been seriously tested in German Southwest Africa, where, it is said, something like 500 experiments were made with it in search of water, about 80 per cent of these being successful. It has also been used with success in Hanover to indicate the presence or otherwise of veins of salts of potash in the soil.

Not Debatable.

"How about your idea of introducing parliamentary rules in your debates with your wife?"

"Give it up. She was too quick at it."

"How so?"

"In the very first debate we had about buying a handsome hand work centerpiece she moved at once to lay the subject on the table."—Baltimore American.

Dispelled His Fears.

Old Gentleman—It is folly to talk of marriage for years yet. My daughter is a mere child. She knows nothing about the world and could not manage servants. Mr. Silmpurse—Oh, that needn't make the slightest difference! We shan't have any.

A man who covers himself with costly apparel and neglects his mind is like one who illuminates the outside of his house and sits within in the dark.

Very Tiny.

"What a tiny foot you have! Why, you could clean your shoes with a toothbrush!"—Fliegende Blatter.

Peter, Peter, Pumpkin-eater, had a wife who wouldn't work,
Every Monday morning, the washing she would shirk,
Till he bought Fels-Naptha and showed her how 'tis done,
With cool or lukewarm water—hard rub or boiling none,
Now she finds it easy and does it very well,
And he never needs to shut her, within the pumpkin shell.

Just as the capacity of automobiles is measured in horse-power, the cleaning value of Fels-Naptha Soap should be measured in woman-power.

Fels-Naptha Soap gets rid of more dirt in thirty minutes than three or four women in half a day.

You've often wished for an extra pair of hands on washday.

Fels-Naptha Soap is better than several pairs of hands.

Because Fels-Naptha Soap actually attacks the dirt and dissolves it.

No boiling is necessary; no hard rubbing.

You just wet the clothes, soap well with Fels-Naptha, put to soak, and think of something else.

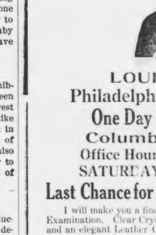
At the end of thirty minutes you rub them lightly, rinse out and they're ready for the line. All this in cool or lukewarm water, mind you in Summer or Winter—no boiling, no hot suds.

For all uses of Fels-Naptha, follow directions on the red and green wrapper.

Thursday's Bargains

79c
3 prs. Blk. Sox, For $1.00 Shirts
25c
Odd Shirts and Drawers
of 50c Grade, Winter Weight
39c
KELLY'S

Oppo. P. O. Phoenixville, Pa.
A Great Line of Children's Hats



LOUIS DAMMERS
Philadelphia Eyesight Specialist
One Day Only in Phoenixville
Columbia Hotel Parlors
Office Hours 9.30 a. m. to 5 p. m.
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1912
Last Chance for My Special Offer $1Glasses

I will make you a fine pair of glasses, including Dammers Eye Examination, Clear Crystal lenses, a 12 K. Solid Gold Filled Frame, and an elegant Leather Case, **All for $1.00.** Thirty Days' Trial of Glasses Allowed.

Examination by the Dammers Scientific method, without drops, without asking questions, without test cards or charts absolutely free of Charge. Don't fail to take advantage of this remarkable offer.

Special Notice—Monthly Visits to Phoenixville. Offices: 820 Walnut Street, Philadelphia

A Want Advertisement
Two Days 25 Cents
6 Days 50 Cents
THE REPUBLICAN

After Dinner Mints

Soft, creamy, flavored just right, are these perfect After Dinner Mints, 20c a pound.

Nice Mixed Chocolates, 20c a pound.

Rich, buttery Caramels, Walnut, Chocolate and Vanilla, 30c a lb.

Nic Nacs, pretty-colored, fruit-flavored Hard Candies, 10c a pound

False Faces, Masks, Horns, Mask Fasteners, all the necessaries for the Hallowe'en Fun.

Korn Krisp, a most enjoyable Pop Corn-Nut Confection, "almost a peck in a pound," 20c a pound.

BARRETT'S CANDY STORE
No. 27 Main Street

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

I have opened a new store
No. 223 Church Street
and have a fine line of

Teas and Coffees

Wholesale and Retail

TEAS

No. 1.....8c 1-4 15c 1-2 30c lb No. 2.....10c 1-4 20c 1-2 35c lb.
No. 3.....12c 1-4 25c 1-2 45c lb No. 4.....15c 1-4 30c 1-2 55c lb.
No. 5.....20c 1-4 40c 1-2 75c lb.

COFFEES

25c 28c 30c 32c 35c a pound

Special Prices in 5 pound lots and over.

Lowry's Famous Tartan Coffee
In sealed cans, whole, ground and pulverized
32c a pound

Spices Olives Olive Oil
Fancy Canned Goods Baking Powder
Cocoa Chocolate Extracts

Your Patronage Solicited

FRANK MAHONEY

AMUSEMENTS.
COLONIAL THEATRE
Open Every Evening
Three Reels of Pictures
Admission 5 cents
Saturday—Vaudeville
Matinee—2.45

DAWSON'S
New School of Dancing
Colonial Theatre Building
Grand Opening Reception,
Tuesday Evening, Nov. 5th.
Eight O'clock Sharp
HIGH SCHOOL CLASS
Thursday Afternoon, Nov. 7th,
4 to 5.30. 24 Lessons $6.00
Beginners' Class Opens
Opens Thursday Evening, Nov. 7th
Hall can be Rented for Socables, Euchres, Lectures, Weddings, etc.
Instructors
Jos. Dawson & Daughter
Phila. School, No. 267 Broad St.
Norristown Elston Building.
Atlantic City Million Dollar Pier.

NEW PHOENIX THEATRE
Open all week. This Wednesday.
Fatty of E. Z. Ranch..... Nestor
Triumph of Life (Life defenses)..... Rex
As the Wind Blows..... Powers
Blowing His Way.
Admission 5 cents.
Don't Miss Friday's Show, 5c.

Throbbing Heads

Sick Headache Yields to Dr. Greene's Nervura

Are lines coming into your face? Think for one moment of the great multitude suffering in just this way who have been relieved by

Dr. Greene's Nervura

Dr. Greene may be consulted free by all who call at or write to 9 West 14th St., New York.

Roosevelt
AND
Johnson

The Only Genuine Progressive Roosevelt and Johnson Ticket Is the

WASHINGTON TICKET

Vote It Straight by X
In Square Opposite the Word "Washington" at Foot of Ballot.

JOHN J. GHEEN,
Washington Party Chairman

E. L. THOMAS
JEWELER, Bridge Street
Diamonds Watches Clocks
and Jewelry
Cut Glass Silverware Eye Glasses and Spectacles
Repairing in all branches

Special Coal Prices

We will sell the best Lehigh Coal, thoroughly screened, at the following prices, per ton of 2240 pounds:

Cash on Delivery

Chestnut	Egg	Stove	Pea
$6.50	$6.10	$6.35	$4.75

REHR BROS.
Mont Clare, Pa.
Successors of Warren Custer

B. MILLER
Merchant Tailor
Cleaning and Pressing Also Dyeing
We Give Special Attention to Suits Made to Order.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
Work Called For and Delivered
Call Phone Number 66W.
174 Bridge Street

Cleaning Dyeing Pressing
Repairing a Specialty
Ladies' and Gents' Suits Pressed
JOHN W. CULLIN
—FRENCH CLEANER—
Church Street. Phoenixville, Pa

TRY ONE OF OUR
O-Cedar Polish Mops

These mopsare excellent for dusting hard woodfloors waxed or not, or any other varnished surfaces, linoleums and oilcloths.

THE O-Cedar Polish

used with these mops kills all germs, Call and let us explain.

Wm. E. Sturges & Son

Suffering Men and Women!

READ! Are you afflicted with some Private or Chronic Ailment? Have close confinement, sapping your strength & making life miserable? Do you get up every day, Blue, Easily, Worn out, Sad? Discouraged, suffering from Nervousness or Self-Pollution & Abuses of the past? Consult FREE the only way, by mail, reliable, skilled Dr. Kline, 1660 No. 11th St. Philadelphia, Pa. Are you a broken down young man? Graduate of Jefferson Medical College & Ex-Physician to Kensington Hospital, 20 years experience. Has built up a vast practice in diseases peculiar to Men & Women. Cures others. Send for it now. Book free, with many useful receipts. Call or write. Successful and treatment. Offices near railroad stations. Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Call or write, delays are dangerous

WE WILL MAIL YOU $1
for each set of old False Teeth sent us. Highest prices paid for old Gold, Silver, old Watches, Broken Jewelry and Precious Stones.
Money Sent by Return Mail
Phila. Smelting & Refining Company
ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS
823 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
NO DENTISTRY
We will buy your Gold Fillings, Gold Scrap and Platinum. Highest prices paid.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS
and make Money
SEND FOR MY FREE BOOK "HOW TO GET THEM"
Return of All Fees Absolutely Insured if You Wish, if Not Successful.
ADVICE FREE WHETHER PATENTABLE OR NOT
JOSHUA R. H. POTTS
306 9th St., Washington, D. C. U. S. and Foreign Patents
920 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. 815 Dearborn St., Chicago

Jeffersonian Democrat
BROOKVILLE, PA.

Thursday, December 12, 1912

"And what," asked the caller, after he had been shown all over Mr. Bobb's new house, according to the Cleveland Plain Dealer, "is that pretty little article hanging over the piano?" "Don't you know?" asked Mr. Bobbs, enthusiastically. "Why, that's a handy match receiver, made by Mrs. Bobbs. I scratch a match and use it. It must not be thrown on the floor—there is the receiver. Holding the burned match carefully in my fingers, I move the piano away from the wall to the center of the room. Then I go down into the basement and get the stepladder. I place the stepladder against the wall, mount it, deposit the match in the receiver, climb down again. I then return the stepladder to the basement, come back and move the piano into its former position. There is nothing like having these handy things about the house. It makes for neatness and discourages smoking.

Saved His Wife's Life.

"My wife would have been in her grave today," writes O. H. Brown, of Muscadine, Ala., "if it had not been for Dr. King' New Discovery. She was down in her bed, not able to get up without help. She had a sore bronchial trouble and a dreadful cough. I got her a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, and she soon commenced to mend and was well in a short time." Infallible for coughs and colds, it is the most reliable remedy on earth for desperate lung trouble, hemorages, la grippe, asthma, hay fever, croup and whooping cough. 50 c., $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by the Sandt Drug Co.

St. Louis, Dec. 7.—With a solid gold bracelet snugly clasping her ankle, Miss Adaline Gritman, of Scranton, Pa., attracted the attention of hundreds of churchgoers as she walked to the drug store at Union and Delmar Boulevards and nearly caused a riot. The spring like zephyrs at noon were of just sufficient potency to place the skiris and lingerie in such a position that the ankle and bracelet displayed their charms and the combination proved irresistable for even those who were churchward bound.

Miss Gritman after making her purchase retraced her steps to her address at 5185 Delmar boulevard apparently unconscious of the furor she had created.

The Meanest Man in Town

Is the one who is always cross, disagreeable, short and sharp in his answers. In nine cases in ten it is not the poor fellow's fault, his liver and digestion are out of order and he feels miserable. Are you getting into that condition? Then start at once taking Dr. Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills for your liver. They clean you out, vitalize your blood and put your digestion in good order. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by Henderson & Craig.

The little maid gazed thoughtfully at her father. "Papa,," she said, "do you know what I'm going to give you for your birthday?"

"No, dear," he answered, "Tell me."

"A nice china shaving mug, with gold flowers all around," said the little maid.

"But, my dear," said her mother, "papa has a nice one, just like that, already."

"No, he hasn't," the little daughter answered thoughtfully," "'cos—'cos—I've just dropped it."—Newark Star.

A Des Moines man had an attack of muscular rheumatism in his shoulder. A friend advised him to go to the Hot Springs. That meant an expense of $150.00 or more. He sought for a quicker and cheaper way to cure it and found it in Chamberlain's Liniment. Three days after the first application of this liniment he was well. Sold at Patterson's drug store.

The Fort Scott (Kansas) Tribune tells of a farmer who was a victim of insomnia and went to a doctor in hope of getting relief. "In the first place," said the doctor, "have you any theory as to what it is that keeps you awake?" "Well," said the farmer, "I think I snore so loud that I wake myself up."

Bilious? Feel heavy after dinner? Tongue coated? Bitter taste? Complexion sallow? Liver needs waking up. Doan's Regulets cure bilious attacks. At all druggists 25 cts.

There are few women, three years after marriage, who are on a speaking acquaintance with their second husband

Dont take cold, but if you do, don't fail to take Kemp's Balsam to prevent serious consequences. Nothing else is so valuabl in treating cough and colds. At all druggists.

HELPFUL DISCUSSIONS.

I attended the Farmers Institute at Kirkman on Thursday of last week, and heard from each of three state speakers discussions on farm and road topics.

The first subject listened to was the all-absorbing one of soil fertility. The speaker a man of far greater practical knowledge of his subject than of educational learning (which is saying a great deal to his credit) talked from a knowledge gained by experience and wisdom, and, I thought, gave his hearers a lot of practical information. His answers to questions after the delivery of his lecture were very satisfactory. He dwelt for some time on the absolute necessity for the thorough pulverization of the soil, which means practically the same that applies to the necessity for a complete mastication of food in the interest of digestion and health.

The second subject for the afternoon concerned the number of cows that could be kept on a given number of acres. This, I considered, was rather poorly explained; in fact, it is a subject that is met by such a multitude of varying circumstances as to make it impossible of explanation in a half hour's talk. The replies, however, to questions brought out some good points. For instance, Mr. Sam Bullers, a man nearing sixty years of age, stating to the speaker that he had only forty more years of active life to live and he wanted to get rich quick, asked to know the very best breed of cows to keep to accomplish his purpose, and was answered very satisfactorily. And in passing, I must say, that while I have never heard Samuel in any of his lengthy discussions on agricultural topics, he is a pastmaster in the art of questioning. He always press, by the questions he puts, to be a close listener and thoroughly in earnest with the topic, and is a student in his interjections here and there of a little wholesome wit.

The last speaker, a man of considerable ability as a talker, dwelt entirely on the subject of highway roads. He clearly sees, even though we may soon have an expenditure of fifty or more millions of dollars on road building, that for many years to come we shall of necessity be compelled to use dirt roads, and therefore instructed his hearers how to construct and maintain the same to obtain the best results. In the course of his speech a good deal of discussion was entered into, in which Mr. Emmett McCullough, who does not look upon brick paved roads with great favor, took a leading part, insisting that such roads will prove ruinous to both horses and vehicles. The speaker, admitting the truth of this, gave it as his opinion that we should ultimately have the dirt and the brick road side by side. Gravel roads were spoken of, but the macadam road was condemned by all present who expressed an opinion concerning it. The speaker said, and I think it to be a fact, that we are the most backward of all the great nations in road construction, and in this connection I got to thinking of observations I have made in the different countries where I have been of the character of the roads and the manner of their construction and maintenance. In Canada there are many excellent gravel roads, made at a very moderate expense. In some of our gulf coast states we have some splendid shell roads, and in South America I have seen equally as good roads made of burnt earth. But, strange to say, much as we condemn the macadam method of road making, I venture to say that of all the good roads I have seen on this continent or in Europe nine-tenths were macadam built. In this country there are two apparent causes for our objection to macadam roads, viz: Our narrowtired wagons crush and grind the surface into dust, and the automobile's cyclonic action on the same blows it off and wears the road away at the same time. Throughout the rural regions of Europe the farmer does practically all of the heavy hauling over the roads, and although their wagons are made to hold from three to five tons each, the wagon tires are from four to six inches wide, being of themselves a road maker rather than a road destroyer. The advent of the automobile has largely set the road-making world to thinking. England, with her matchless macadam roads, to defeat the auto as a dust raiser and disturber, has already covered hundreds of miles of the most perfect macadam roads with a covering of tar or asphaltum, creating a surface not only free from dust, but with a degree of elasticity needful and helpful alike to both horse and vehicle.

ALFRED TRUMAN.

School Report.

Report of McAninch school, Knox township, for the first and second months of term. The names of 14 pupils are given, with the average of each one in their several studies, as follows: Lucy Matthews, 91 and 93; Ada Huber, 89 and 88; Lorena Ford, 87; Zelma Ford, 87; Katie Reitz, 86 and 88; Perry Neal, 87; James Neal, 85; Albert Swineford, 87 and 88; Bernice Johns, 82; Bernice Matthews, 83; Russell Matthews, 77; Eltie Thompson, 76; Decan Huet, 72 and 74; Glenn Swineford, 75. The first ten pupils named had seven branches, the last four had only three. Department counts as one branch of study. The school is taught by Gertrude Matthews. It is impossible for us to give all the figures for all the pupils.

IT SAVES YOU MONEY.

Dr. Howards Dyspepsia Specific; Regular Price 50c. Sandts Drug Co., Price 25c.

The special half price sale of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia by the Sandt Drug Co., means the saving of a few dollars on every family's yearly bill for medicines.

Each 50 cent bottle (The Sandt Drug Co., sells it for 25 cents) contains sixty doses of a medicine that is pleasant to take and which can be depended upon to cure the worst case of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble.

This remedy is not an ordinary medicine. It is the favorite formula of a well known physician, and has the endorsement of hundreds of physicians of eminence in their profession, who prescribe it in all cases of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble, knowing from experience that it will make a complete and lasting cure.

Plyler Bros. sell it. Golden Link Flour at $1.50 per sack. None better.

A Ladies 15 Jeweled movt., in 20 year case for $12.50 at Loves.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS
For All!

We are showing the nicest line this season we have ever had for Xmas.
Suitable gifts for the entire family.

Books,
Games,
Dolls,
Toys,
Mirrors,
Perfumes,
Comb and Brush Cases, etc.
Dennisons Gift Dressings.

Look at our 10c Counter

Henderson & Craig,
DRUGGISTS
Opera House Block, Brookville

ICE CREAM and CONFECTIONS

We wish to call special attention to our stock of candies—guaranteed pure and fresh—we make them ourselves, and have them at prices to suit everyone. We manufacture Ice Cream daily, and will make prompt delivery of your orders in any quantity. If you have never tried our Ice Cream it is time you would get the habit.

A. & G. Batastini
Ice Cream Factory
124 Main Street Brookville

Foley Kidney Pills

What They Will Do for You

They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabates, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes.

SOLD BY SANDT DRUG CO.

Don't Push

The horse can draw the load without help, if you reduce friction to almost nothing by applying

to the wheels. No other lubricant ever made wears so long and saves so much horse power. Next time try MICA AXLE GREASE.
Standard Oil Co.
Incorporated

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin

CONVENIENT TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.

The Pennsylvania Railroad, by main lines, branches, subsidary lines, and connections, covers the Eastern country so completely that the people of almost every community may avail themselves of its facilities.

The lines reach the cities, the big towns and the little towns, so that whether the impule to travel be for business, pleasure, or social purposes, it may be satisfactorily carried out, so far as transportation facilities are concerned, by taking a Pennsylvania Railroad train at the nearest point.

Through cars are operated over the lines between all important centres of population, and an excellent dining car service is available at the usual hours for meals on the through tains. The all-steel equipment of the trains adds greatly to the security and comfort of passengers.

The spirit of the holiday season stimulates the wish to travel, and the facilities of the Pennsylvania Railroad and its connections appeal with equal force to the home-coming young folks and the migrating people of maturer years.

BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE WEST.

There are splendid limited trains between New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Harrisburg, Altoona, Pittsburgh, and points in the West, notably Chicago and St. Louis. Included among these are the "BROADWAY LIMITED," the 20-hour train between New York and Chicago; the "24-HOUR ST. LOUIS," to St. Louis and Chicago; "THE PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED," to Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland, and Cincinnatti; and the "CHICAGO LIMITED," to Chicago, Cincinnatti, and Cleveland. These are all-Pullman trains and provide the highest grade of service. In addition there are a number of express trains to Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnatti, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Cleveland, Detroit, and other important centres of the Middle West, which provide both Pullman and all-steel coach service. Among these are the "Chicago Special," "Chicago Express," "St. Louis Express," "Western Express," and the "Cleveland, Cincinnatti, and Chicago Express."

TO THE SOUTH.

Those contemplating a trip South, to the resorts of the Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, and the Gulf Coast, will find a number of fine trains between the important terminal cities of the Pennsylvania Railroad; and cars to the more important cities of the South, running through from and to New York via Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia. On January 6, 1913, the through Limited Trains between New York and Florida will be placed in service.

COMMERCIAL CENTERS LINKED.

An examination of the time tables of the Pennsylvania Railroad will show that practically all important commercial centres on its lines and connections are linked by through trains, through cars, or convenient connections, affording accommodating service.

Anyone who wishes to go anywhere should consult the nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He can give all the information a traveler requires.

"BIG LOAF FLOUR"

Is for sale by the following Merchants in

BROOKVILLE,
and vicinity.

L. A. Leathers Co.,	Brookville, Pa.
J. M. Canning,	" "
B. M. Moore,	" "
Plyler Bros.,	" "
J. H. Hughes,	" "
H. H. Hughes,	" "
Uriah Bender,	" "
Wm. Shields,	" "
Wm. F. Warner,	" "
Benj. G. Case,	" "
J. M. Houpt,	" "
W. P. Black,	" "
Mechling & Londen,	Clarington, Pa.
A. H. Reitz,	Ohl, Pa.
Small & Bruner,	Knoxdale, Pa.
J. B. Gilligan,	Stanton
Gayley & White,	Richardsville, Pa.
Geo. M. Gayley,	Howe, Pa.
J. J. S. Moore,	Corsica, Pa.
J. M. & C. M. Bazzard,	Strattonville, Pa.
Harry Truman,	Sigel, Pa.
Dillis Allen,	Allens Mills, Pa.

The housewife no longer asks, "Are you a good Cook?" She asks instead, "Do you use BIG LOAF FLOUR?"

GEO. H. LUM, DuBois, Pa. Manufacturers agent for PENNSYLVANIA.

Mrs. A. F. Henderson

Wishes to call attention to her stock of fancy ribbons at reduced rates for Holiday work.

Art linens stamped and unstamped, such as Pillow Cases, Towels, Center Pieces, Battenberg and Embroidered Towels and Center Pieces, Scarfs, Laundry Bags, Shoe Bags and Clothes-pin Bags.

All kinds of Crochet and Knitting Silk, D. M. C. and Linen Thread, Silk Floss and Utopia Luster.

Germantown and all other yarns.

All Millinery reduced, at

Mrs. A. F. Henderson's

THE TURKISH EXODUS.

War correspondents say the Turkish population is fleeing en masse before the Bulgarian Army, leaving the country behind them uninhabited. No movement like this has taken place since the Middle Ages. A correspondent says: "This headlong flight of the population eastward and southward is no ordinary fugitive's flight from home scenes to which they will return. There is and has been for a week no one beyond Tchorlu. The hordes seem to have fallen back towards Constantinople by instinct. Their villages have all been burned and they will erect villages on the other side of the Bosphorus."

In view of the foregoing, and in view of the way the flower of the Turkish army was mowed down by the Bulgarians, it is small wonder that many think the hand of God is in the disruption of European Turkey. The driving of the Turks beyond the Bosphorus may mean however, a period of rest and reconstruction to Palestine and other portions of Asiatic Turkey while the nations of Europe are engaged in a death struggle over the spoils she has left. If this be so, what a wonderful incentive it is to all Jews to leave Europe and return to their native land!

In Gen. 17:8 God promised Abraham "All the land of Canaan for an everlasting possession." In Gen. 15:18 this everlasting title covers "from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the river Euphrates." In Gen. 35:12 the deed was confirmed to Jacob. Gen. 23:4 and 37:1 agree that Abraham and Jacob, during their lifetimes, were strangers in the land which they and their posterity are yet to have "for an everlasting possession." (Gen. 48:4.)

How unreasonable God would have been to tell Abraham to "Lift up now thine eyes and look from the place where thou art northward and southward and eastward and westward, for all the land which thou seest to thee will I give it and to thy seed forever." (Gen. 13:-14,15,) if neither Abraham nor his posterity are ever to come into possession of the land!

THE WANDERING JEW.

Here Is Relief for Women.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, try Mother Gray's Aromatic Leaf, a pleasant herb remedy for women's ills and a great system regulator. At druggists or by mail 50 cts., Sample free. Address, Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Jeffersonian Democrat

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

JOHN McMURRAY & SONS, - Publishers

All cards of thanks, obituary poetry, and advertisements of socials, suppers, entertainments, etc., to which admission is charged, or which are intended as money making ventures, will be charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line.

Thursday, December 12, 1912.

—At Guild Hall, December 17th, the handkerchief and candy sale.

—The State Grange is holding its annual meeting in Clearfield this week.

—Governor E. W. Hoch, of Kansas, lectured in DuBois last Friday evening.

—Handkerchief and candy sale Tuesday afternoon and evening, December 17th.

—A daughter was born to Meiggs Barrett and wife Wednesday of last week.

—Mrs. A. F. Balmer is seriously ill, having had two or three attacks of paralysis.

—The mercury was down to seventeen degrees above zero Monday morning of this week.

—The 46th annual session of the Elk county teachers' institute was held last week in Ridgway.

—Miss Ida Orcutt, of Corsica, is visiting her aunt, Miss Katharine Howe, on Graham avenue.

—Miss Mary Brown, now attending Clarion normal, spent last Sunday with friends in Brookville.

—In the Keeler murder case at Clearfield, the defendant was found guilty of first degree murder last Thursday.

—Clyde Malloney, of St. Marys, a brakeman on the Shawmut railroad, was killed on that road Sunday of last week.

—The biggest snow of the season fell Sunday evening. The ground was well whitened, but not enough snow for sledding.

—Virginia has had five Presidents, New York five, and Ohio five. When Wilson goes in Virginia will be credited with six.

—Richard Smith, of DuBois, who has been in India for several years, working for an iron company, returned home last Saturday.

—Miss Anna Kyle, one of our public school teachers, spent last Sunday in DuBois, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hughes there.

—A bill has been introduced in the lower house of congress to appropriate $75,000 for the erection of a postoffice building at Ridgway.

—Work in Jefferson Royal Arch Chapter Friday evening of this week, beginning at 3 o'clock. Royal Arch degree. Luncheon served.

—A fire in DuBois Monday morning of this week, destroyed property to the amount of $7,000. A. T. Sprakle, merchant, was the principalloser.

—Clarence V. Stahlman, aged 23, son of Frank Stahlman, of Summerville, shot himself Wednesday morning. No reason is know for his action.

—The ladies of Trinity Episcopal church will hold a handkerchief and candy sale in Guild Hall, Tuesday afternoon and evening, December 17th.

—Every man who attends the various services in the Brookville M. E. church ought to be present at the Brotherhood meeting Thursday evening of this week.

—Harrold Clayson, of Monongahela City, Washington county escaped from the Warren Insane Asylum on Sunday of last week. He is about 35 years of age, and not dangerous.

—We want four or five bushels of nice, good potatoes, on subscription. Bring us the very best. We would also like to have two bushels of onions on subscription. Trade for trade, is our motto now.

—Winter is probably with us now. It was delayed a very reasonable length of time. We think nearly everybody is ready for it. There is no way of telling in advance how severe the weather will be.

—We want two or three loads of coal for our printing office. Some of our patrons who desire to pay in coal, please bring the stuff right along. Bring it at once, while the roads are good. Do not fail.

—It cost the national democratic committee $1,159,446 to pay the expenses of the Wilson campaign. This sum was contributed by 89,584 different persons, and only 1,625 contributions were in size above $100. The largest sum given was $40,000.

—Word came to Brookville Monday of this week of the death of Andrew Long, a brother to Daniel Long, on Sunday, at the home in Beaver county. He was born in Jefferson county, and was in his 78th year. His parents were among the first settlers in Jefferson county.

—In his sermon on "Modern Quackery," last Sunday night, Dr. Hughes referred to Millerism, Mormonism, Dowieism, Russellism, and Eddyism, but dealt specially with the latter two, giving most attention to Russellism, which was shown to be mercenery, absurd, inconsistent and unscriptural.

—The members of Lindsay Lodge of Odd Fellows had a big time Wednesday evening of last week. The program included a fine supper, a feast of reason and a flow of soul. George W. Porter delivered a "stirring address." Those who have heard George know what his speech would be.

—At the annual election Tuesday evening of this week, the following persons were elected directors of the Brookville Y. M. C. A., to serve three years: Porter S. Brown, T. V. Hendricks, Harry S. Hall, Charles Heidrick, C. R. Crissman.

—On one of our inside pages this week we publish copies of the accounts filed by candidates at the recent election, of expenses incurred. These expenses are in addition to those of the primary campaign, and of course are only of candidates who were voted for at the November election.

—At the recent annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Freemasons of Pennsylvania, it was decided to increase the per capita tax on lodge members to 82 each. As there are 100,000 Masons in the state this will make the Grand Lodge income $200,000 a year. The increase is to pay the debt on the Masonic Home for aged members.

—Last Thursday two hunters found the skeleton of a man in the woods near St. Marys. An examination revealed that he had been shot in the back of the head with a 32 caliber rifle. The bullet was found imbeded in the skull. A money belt worn by the man had been cut. These two facts went to show that the man had been murdered and robbed. It seems impossible to identify the dead man.

Under the provisions of the new school code the teachers must register their certificates with the county superintendent, and no matter what kind or teacher's license the teacher holds it must be presented, the code providing for the registration of the following named licenses: Provisional certificate, a State permanent certificate, Normal diploma, provisional college certificate, permanent college certificate and the special certificate.

—The following officers were elected by Hobah Masonic Lodge on Monday evening of this week, to serve during the year 1913: W. M. John M. Brosius; Senior Warden, Charles G. McLain; Junior Warden, Willis J. Heber; Treasurer, Byron Meade Moore; Secretarry, Cyrus H. Blood; Trustees, John McMurray, Sylvester Truman, John J. Patterson; Representative to the Grand Lodge, Cyrus H. Blood. The officers will be installed Friday afternoon, December 27th.

—The following officers were elected by E. R. Brady Post, No. 242 G. A. R. at its last meeting, to serve during the year 1913: Commander, W. W. Perry; Senior Vice Commander, Geo. W. Luther; Junior Vice Commander, Ben W. Reitz; Surgeon, W. J. McKnight; Chaplain, W. H. H. Manners; Officer of the Day, John McMurray; Officer of the Guard, John Startzell; Member of Council of Administration, T. H. Wilson; Representative to State Encampment, W. J. McKnight; Alternate Representative, George T. Luther.

—The Summerville Telephone Company, as announced in a recent issue of this paper, will issue a new directory by the first of the year. It is urged that all corrections, changes, contemplated changes, or telephones to be installed be reported to the general office, Brookville, Pa., on or before Dec. 21, 1912, as the final corrections will be made at that time. This book will be a telephone directory wholly, containing no extraneous matter, issued for the convenience of the patrons of the company, and paid for by the Summerville Telephone Company.

—With the first issue of our paper in January we expect to begin the publication of a series of letters written by R. M. Matson, covering his trip through Britain, Germany, Holland, Belgium, Switzerland and France. These letters will run through probably 20 to 25 issues of the DEMOCRAT, and will be interesting reading. Each letter will be about a column and a-half in length. They will discuss a good many things, and we are sure they will be interesting. These letters alone will be worth more than a year's subscription, and our readers will have everything else for nothing.

—Daniel Baumgardner, who was well known in Brookville, having lived here a good many years, died at the home of his son-in-law, Geo. Garvin, in Mercer county, on Saturday or Sunday, December 5th or 6th, 1912. We did not learn what was the immediate cause of his death, but he had been in declining health for some time. The body was brought to Brookville on Monday for interment. The funeral was Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Baumgardner was a soldier in the civil war, and his remains were carried to the grave by six old soldiers. He was about 78 years of age, and is survived by his wife and several grown children.

—We seldom think of the changes in population constantly going on in a town or villiage They come so gradually we give them little or no thought. This week our attention was called to the fact that only five or six families now reside on Jefferson street, Brookville, who resided there thirty years ago. These are the only ones: The Ramsey family, the Mills family, Mrs. A. R. McLain, the Andrew Craig family, and the Spyker family, five in all. If we include the Charles R. Clark family, on account of Miss Amelia Clark who resides with H. B. Craig, then there are six. And it is possible that the W. C. Smith family is included in the number.

—Red Cross stamps are sold here in Brookville by the banks, and by Geo. Heber and Mrs. Jackson Heber.

—Mrs. J. M. Pierce was 77 years old last Friday, and her friends came together to congratulate her on the occasion. Some thirty or forty of them came. She got several nice presents. There were present children, grandchildren, and a great-grandchild.

—The school appropriation from the state for this year has been cut down in a good many districts. DuBois, Ridgway and several other towns have lost some, we know not how much. This is caused by the provision of the new school code, that the appropriation must be based on the number of pupils, instead of the number of taxables as heretofore. The result of this change is to decrease the state appropriation in the thickly settled districts, and increase it in sparsely settled places. That seems to us to be right.

Found Dead in Home.

Jos. H. Warren, who not long since succeeded Frank H. McCally as postmaster at Osceola, died very suddenly November 21st. He had been down at the postoffice changing the mail, at which his wife and adopted daughter, Miss Edna, were assisting. Not feeling well he repaired to his home to lie down. When his wife returned to the house about 10:30 she was shocked to find her husband lying on the couch in the cold embrace of death. He had been complaining of late of heart trouble, which is thought to have been the cause of his sudden death.

Mr. Warren, whose age was 61 years 11 month and 2 days, had long been an honored resident of Osceola. Previous to becoming postmaster, he was pattern maker for the Osceola Sellcia & Fire Brick Co. He is survived by his wife and the adopted daughter named above. —Raftsman's Journal.

December D. A. R. Meeting.

The Brookville Chapter D. A. R. were entertained Wednesday Dec. 4, at the home of Mrs. George Matson.

The meeting was called to order by the Vice Regent Mrs. Chas. Corbet, and after the usual opening exercises, the minutes of last meeting were read and approved. The program for the afternoon was quite interesting.

Mrs. W. J. McKnight and Mrs. C. F. Heidrick read articles from Dr. McKnights "History of Western Pennsylvania." Miss Carrie Jenks read a paper on "A Century of Inaugural Balls," and Mrs. J. B. Stewart read the "prize essay," of the Punxsutawney high school writen by Miss Helda Wilson, her subject was "Americanizing of the Imigrant." Miss Janett Bunyon sang two solos, "Da Las Long Res," and "In Time of Roses," after which refreshments were served and the meeting adjourned.

Change of Date.

"The Rosary" tells a modest and unassuming story of how the watchful and protective influence of a priest ultimately restored the happiness of a home that had been wrecked by the evil plotting of one who coveted his neighbor's wife, and sought revenge because his rival had won the love of the woman to whom he had paid suit in the days when she was free to choose between them. In consistent action, the truth is made plain that suspicion incresing to what seems certainty of guilt, is easily engendering where even absolute innocence prevails, and the story's progress makes plausible its culmination in what seems irremediable disaster. Friday Evening Dec. 13. Prices, 25, 50, 75, and 1.00.

Teachers' County Institute.

Next week the County Institute will be held at Reynoldsville. It will begin on Monday, and continue throughout the week. Every arrangement in connection with it has been perfected. It is expected to be one one of the best institutes yet held in the county. The best talent obtainable has been secured for instructors and entertainers. No better corps of instructors has appeared before an institute in the county than those who will be in Reynoldsville next week, headed by Dr. Schaffer, State Superintendent of public instruction. There was a little diphtheria at Reynoldsville a week or two ago, but it has all disappeared. No one need fear that. We expect this institute to be a great success.

Death of Taylor D. Rines.

Mr. Rhines died at his home on Jefferson Street, Brookville, Thursday of last week, December 5th, 1912, after an illness of three years. He was born in Elk county, Pa., in May of 1848. In 1870 he was married to Miss Carrie Ittle, who died in 1873. In June of 1881 he was married to Miss Mary Hastings, who survives him. He is also survived by three daughters, Mrs. W. J. Smutz, of York, Pa., Mrs. Grace R. Long, now at home, and Mrs. Chas. E. Wormer, of Titusville. Mr. Rhines was a soldier in the civil war, having served in Company F. of the 1st. Pa., Volunteers. His funeral was last Saturday, and interment was made in the new cemetery.

When you have a bilious attack give Chamberiain's Tablets a trial. They are excellent. For sale by Patterson, druggist.

Oysters and ice cream at the VIENNA BAKERY.

V. M. C. A. Notes.

All local records in weekly Bible class attendance were broken last week, when the attendance reached 186. Now for the 200 mark. We need you and you need the instruction in the Bible. Now is the time to join. Don't wait. Parent, if you have a boy won't you urge him to come. We have a class for him, and it will be a good thing for you and for him if you would come with him.

Classes and subjects for next week: Mens' class, Subject—Sin and righteousness. Reference, Romans 3:1-31.

Employed Boys and Junior-Senior classes, Subject—Moses. References, Exodus, chapters 1 to 40, Deuteronomy, chapters 1 to 34.

Sophomore class, Subject—Joseph. References, Genesis chapters 1 to 34.

Freshman class. Subject—Jesus, He Cures a Lame Man. References, Matthew 14:3-5, 4:13-7, Mark 1:32-34, 2:1-5, Luke 5:17-20.

Training class. Subject—Paul with Barnabas through Cyprus. Reference, Acts 13:1-12.

Boys group, Saturday 9 a. m and 1 p. m., Subject—One Year's Work at Antioch. References, Acts 11:25-29, 13:3-4.

The Physical Department.—Saturday night basket ball league opened with four teams on last Saturday night. The schedule has been arranged and will run until after the holidays, when new teams will be picked and a new schedule arranged, running until spring.

If you are interested in basket ball, and want to play, hand in your name now so you will be assigned a place in the new league. The following are the scores of games played last Saturday:

Pirates, captained by William Mayes, defeated the Cubs, captained by Denzil Campbell, by the score of 30 to 14

Reds, captained by Jno. Caldwell, defeated the Phillies, captained by Perry Haines, by the score of 25 to 13.

The games are called at 8 p. m., and the public is invited to attend.

Clarion County Crime.

The death of William F. Knight, the veteran distiller, at his home in Knox, Clarion county, early Sunday morning of last week, recalls one of the many sensational crimes of that section of the county credited to a regular organized gang of horsethieves, counterfeiters and criminals who broke into isolated homes and tortured and beat the occupants to compel them to reveal where they had hidden their money. Knight had too many lusty sons and husky employes about the place to offer much of a bait for the latter class of criminals, but it was different with his brother John, who carried on a furniture repair shop on the outskirts of Knox, and was reputed to have considerable money concealed in the building which he occupied for his business and living rooms. It was several years, ago that a gang broke into his home and demanded the old man's money. He was stubborn and refused to give them any information and they beat him and tortured him until he was nearly dead. He then told them where they would find his money which amounted to scarcely more than $200 and this they took away with them. As was the case of the Keiser murder in that same section of the county, where the victim was murdered for money known to be hidden in his home the perpetrators were never brought to trial, although their identity was strongly suspected.

A Mahaffey Woman Kills a Big Buck.

The Long family who have been residents of Mahaffey for several months, joined a camp of hunters from Glenn Campbell in the wilds of Center county, and brought home with them last Saturday night a fine buck, which had been shot by Mrs. Long, who was a member of the party, says the Mahaffey Times.

Mrs. Long, who is a fine shot, was watching for the game when it appeared. The animal was many yards distant when she sighted it, and she made a splendid shot. She was successful in bagging some smaller game as well.

A New Library.

The winter term of the State Normal School at Clarion will open January 3d. Tuition is free to persons who intend to teach. A trained librarian, who has heretofore been an extension worker for the State Library Department, has been added to the faculty and, not only directs students in use of reference books and material, but also instructs in library economy and practices. Instruction is given in directing a rural library; of what it should consist, where can it be obtained, what it will cost, how may it be used. For catalog address HARRY M. SHAFFER, Principal, Clarion, Pa.

For Sale.

Here is the chance of a lifetime to secure a desirable property. A solid brick, eight-roomed house, on a brick paved corner, near the center of town. A brick house is warmer in winter and cooler in summer than a frame one, and insurance is lower. Requires less repairs and less painting. Inquire of C. P. O'LOUGHLIN, Brookville, Pa.

Don't think that piles can't be cured. Thousands of obstinate cases have been cured by Doan's Ointment. 50 cts. at all druggists.

I have house for rent; also a shop. C. P. O'LOUGHLIN.

Gents 17 jeweled, adjusted Waltham, in 20-year case, for $12.50, at Love's.

Golden Link Flour is the best.

Making Rubber at Home.

Scientists report that they have found a way to make rubber which will probably lower the cost to 24 cents a pound. It is reckoned that every ton of rubber produced in the tropics, under present conditions, costs a human life. By the new method, rubber will be produced from potatoes and other things within easy reach.

The thoughtless will say, How fortunate is this discovery, just when new sources of rubber supply are needed to meet the rapily increasing demand, but the student will see in it another proof that the Messianic kingdom is near. Psa. 8:6-8 says of man, "Thou madest him to have dominion over the works of Thy hands," and mentions sheep, oxen, fowls and fish, showing that the things over which he is to have dominion are earthly things. In Gen. 1:28 we have the account that man was placed in the earth with instructions to "subdue it and have dominion."

It is evident that this discovery of a method of making rubber is one more step towards man's subjugation of the earth, one more step towards the dominion he is yet to have. Through Adam's sin the first dominion was lost, but the Messiah is to bring about its restoration. "And thou, O tower of the flock, the stronghold of the daughter of Zion, unto thee shall it come, even from first dominion." Micah 4:8.

Concerning the time just prior to the Messianic reign we have the assurance that "They (the wise toward God) shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom and talk of thy power, to make known to the sons of men His mighty acts, and the glorious majesty of His kingdom. Thy kingdom is an everlasting kingdom and thy dominion endureth throughout all generations. The Lord upholdeth all that fall and raiseth up all that are bowed down. The eyes of all wait upon them." Psa. 145:11-15. In other words, the establishment of the Messianic Kingdom is "the desire of all nations" Hag. 2:7, and, as predicted, "it will surely come."

THE WANDERING JEW.

Shows Fighting Spirit at 80.

Miss Floe Best, who maintains a millinery store in Reynoldsville, and who with her mother resides over the store, was awakened Saturday night by a noise in the sales room of the store. She crept softly down stairs and was considerably surprised to see a man walking about.

Believing the intruder to be a burglar, she slipped quietly out and went in search of a policeman. Her mother, who is nearly 80 years of age, had followed her down stairs and when her daughter went out the aged lady courageously grabbed the knob of the door and held it to prevent the intruder's escape. She managed to keep the man imprisoned until the arrival of the police. Then it was ascertained that the prisoner, a well known young man of Reynoldsville, was not a burglar, but was suffering from an overdose of liquor and neither knew where he was, nor what he was doing.

Christmas is Coming.

"Christmas comes but once a year, and when it comes it brings good cheer. The man who pened that joyous rhyme deserve a Christmas all the time. Now Christmas day is drawing near; in less than two weeks 'twill be here, and much remains to make the day a merry one. So, while you may improve each shining hour that goes, from now until the season's close. Then early make the shopping list, that not an item shall be missed. There's little John and sister Sue, and pa and ma and hubby, too, and others you have in your mind, to all of whom you would be kind. There's this and that you want to get, so hustle is the one best bet. Boats all how busy one can be preparing for a Christmas tree, and getting ready for the feast ere Christmas morn shines in the East. But, as it shines but once a year, why, it must shine upon good cheer. That is the way we line it out, and all are of one mind no doubt.—Gazette-Times.

Gold Medal for Corn.

The fourteenth annual meeting and seventh annual corn show of the Pennsylvania Potato Breeders' Association will be held at Harrisburg, January 21, 22 and 23, 1913. The country's leading stockmen will be present. The corn will be judged, the prizes awarded and the winning specimens sent on to the National Corn Show, there to win higher honors for our exhibitors. All medals, prizes and diplomas won at our National Corn Show will go to the exhibitor, who can enter that show only through the State Show. A gold medal has been offered for the best 10 ears of corn in Pennsylvania and a silver medal for the best ear. Cash prizes to the number of 72 are offered on the different classes. Save your best corn and write to E. S. Bayard, 110 Shady Avenue, East End, Pittsburgh, for particulars and entry blanks. A postal card will bring them to you.

We Will Pay Your Wages

If you have an accident, or get sick while insured by us in the largest and strongest company in the world writing Accident, Health, Liability and Life insurance. REED & SHANNON, General Insurance, Brookville, Pa. Open evenings. Matson Block.

Monday afternoon of this week four or five small package of goods were lost between Mill street and the residence of James Luther, on Richardsville road. Among the goods was a pair of 16 inch high top shoes, and a pair of rubbers. A fair reward will be paid if finder leaves at this office.

Ladies 15 jeweled movement, in 20-year case, for $12.50 at Love's.

Popular Fallacies Concerning Bees.

The following interesting extracts are taken from the Pennsylvania Bee Bulletin recently written by Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, and issued by the Bureau of Zoology of the Department of Agriculture, at Harrisburg.

"In a general, popular way there is much more that is not known about bees than is known. Among the fallacies there are those which are corrected by the following statements:

1. The queen does not control or rule the hive in the sense of giving orders for its management.

2. The queen does not lead in swarming.

3. The queen is not mated in the hive, but when flying through the air.

4. Bees do not follow the remains of their keeper at the time of his death, and the idea is absurd to the effect that they should be notified of his death by knocking on the hive.

5. It is not true that bees formerly owned by a person who has died will not thrive. It is remarkable how deeply rooted is this fallacy.

6. Bees do not bite open fruits, although they may suck their juices after they have been opened by other causes.

7. When a bee stings and leaves its sting it dies, and does turn into a drone nor grow a new sting, as is sometimes believed.

8. Bees are not important factors in carrying the germs of plant diseases, such as pear blight, as these are carried by so many other means that their distribution would be practically as extensive, even if there were no bees.

9. Bees do not become entirely dormant during the winter, as is often believed, but continue to feed and change relative positions in the cluster.

10. There is no such article as "artificial comb honey." Honey cannot be made nor sealed artificially, notwithstanding the published, popular stories in this regard.

11. Granulation of honey does not mean adulteration by sugar, as absolute pure honey is quite likely to granulate, particularly if it becomes cold, and may remain in a granulated condition until warmed.

12. Bees do not carry any of the diseases which afflict human beings. The diseases which sometimes destroy them are in no way whatever related to the diseases of mankind."

Fresh Air Fiends.

An editorial writer commenting on the open window crusade, declares that the "fresh air fiends" make him weary. He says that he is well and hearty despite the fact that he does not follow this fad.

This argument is so often met in the campaign for fresh air that it deserves an answer.

Such people fail to realize that they are well in spite of, not because they are sleeping with their windows closed. The health basis of air is oxgen. We need oxygen to support the combustion of our bodies. Experiments of twenty years have proven that consumption and pneumonia breed where air is stale, and that they can be cured by an open air life.

There is record of a man who during all his life took no bath. He remained hale and hearty until one day he was compelled to get into a bath tub. He died as a result. Yet no one will say that people are better off without bathing.

The editor is right in saying that open air does little good when one is obliged to shiver with the cold. That is true, but the remedy is not to close the windows but to put on more and warmer covers. The chemical action of metabolism or living is much the same as that of fire Fire cannot burn without oxygen, nor can you live without it. So keep yourself warm but also open you windows.—Karl de Schweinitz, ex-Secretary Pennsylvania Society for the prevention of Tuberculosis.

Public Sale.

George W. Wilson will sell the following personal property at his home in Warsaw township, near Hazen, on Monday, December 23d, commencing at 10 a. m.: Matched team of black horses, 7 and 8 years old, weighing 2,600; cow, soon fresh; two yearlings; set double harness, mowing machine, riding cultivator, harrow, plough, wagon, buggy, pair road sleds, grain cradle, chains, lot of hay and straw, grindstone, 300 bushels oats, lot of corn, and many other things used about a farm. Lunch served at noon. Terms made known at sale.

Bank Stock for Sale.

I will expose to public sale on Friday, December 13th, 1912, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., at the Court House in Brookville, Pa., ten shares of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Sykesville, Pa., now owned by the Jacob Kuntz estate. Save your best. Adm'r. of Estate of Jacob Kuntz, dec'd.

A 15 Jeweled Waltham complete watch for Gents for $6.50, at Loves.

WANTED

WANTED—A Horseshoer, inquire of S. W. SILVIS, Brookville, Pa.

HEIRS WANTED AT ONCE. 50,000 estates seeking claimants. You may be one. Facts in booklet. Send stamp. "22" International Claim Agency, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A gentle mare weighing about 1100 lbs. and a good worker, with a colt 3 months old. For information call on or address J. A. BROCIUS, R. D. 1, Baxter, Pa.

FOR SALE—House and four lots on Pine street; also house with nine rooms and lot 55x150 feet on Taylor Avenue adjoining the Stewart Weaver property; also two acres lying between Sandy Lick creek and the P. R. R. railroad west of Vanler's planing mill, all in the borough of Brookville. Inquire of STEWART H. WHITEHILL, Brookville, Pa.

Scoop, the Cub Reporter

Scoop Believes in Higher Education

By Frank W. Hopkins

IS THE HAND OF GOD UP AND AGAINST TURKEY

Abraham Promised "All the Land of Canaan for Everlasting Possession.

WILL THE JEWS GO BACK

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.

War correspondents say the Turkish population is fleeing en masse before the Bulgarian Army, leaving this country behind them uninhabited. No movement like this has taken place since the Middle Ages. A correspondent says, "This headlong flight of the population eastward and southward is no ordinary fugitive's flight from home scenes to which they will return. There is and has been for a week no one beyond Tchorlu. The hordes seem to have fallen back towards Constantinople by instinct. Their villages have all been burned and they will erect villages on the other side of the Bosphorus."

In view of the foregoing, and in view of the way the flower of the Turkish army was mowed down by the Bulgarians, it is small wonder that many think the hand of God is in the disruption of European Turkey. The driving of the Turks beyond the Bosphorus may mean, however, a period of rest and reconstruction to Palestine and other portions of Asiatic Turkey while the nations of Europe are engaged in a death struggle over the spoils she has left. If this be so, what a wonderful incentive it is to all Jews to leave Europe and return to their native land!

In Gen. 17: 8 God promised Abraham "All the land of Canaan for an everlasting possession." In Gen. 15: 18 this everlasting title covers "from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the river Euprates." In Gen. 35: 12 the deed was confirmed to Jacob. Gen. 23: 4 and 37: 1 agree that Abraham and Jacob, during their lifetime, were strangers—strangers in the land which they and their posterity are yet to have "for an everlasting possession." (Gen. 48: 4).

How unreasonable God would have been to tell Abraham to "Lift up now thine eyes and look from the place where thou art northward and southward and eastward and westward, for all the land which thou seest to thee will I give it and to thy seed forever." (Gen. 13: 14, 15). If neither Abraham nor his posterity are ever to come into possession of the land!

THE WANDERING JEW.

"Let Up" on Apple Planting.

The farmers in the upper end of Adams County are nearly all interested in apple growing, and will no doubt be interested in the following from the pen of a man "Who Knows:"

"I want to repeat that I don't see the justification for much more apple-planting. We have come to the point now at which the feverish apple boom of the past few years begins to affect the market. The crop this year is immense. We have had similar experiences in the past; and after each spasm of planting, the fruit has sold for about the cost of production or less for several years. The millions of young trees which are being tended so solicitiously now in every apple-growing region are in the ground, and alive, and they are going to bear. Pessimism? Well, some people can't tell the difference between pessimism and common sense."

NOSE STOPPED UP WITH CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm Clears The Head and Nose Instantly Makes You Feel Fine.

No matter how miserable you are with catarrh—nose stopped up, throat sore, dull pain in the head, dry cough, fever, foul breath—Ely's Cream Balm will give you instant relief.

It gets right at the root of the trouble, cleanses, heals and strengthens the raw, sore membranes, and stops the nasty discharge so that you are not constantly blowing your nose and spitting. In a few minutes after applied, you can just feel it doing its work of clearing the head, the pain and soreness are relieved, the breathing becomes natural, and the stuffed up feeling is gone. This cleansing, healing, antiseptic balm contains no mercury, cocaine or other harmful drug. It is easy to apply, pleasant to use, and never fails to give quick relief, even in the worst cases.

Don't suffer the miseries of catarrh nor disgust your friends with your hawking, spitting and foul breath. Get a fifty cent bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist, and start treatment at once. You will find it will prove to be the best investment you ever made.

Advertisement.

TOPICS OF PLANTS AND PESTS DISCUSSED WEEKLY

By Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zeologist.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 5.

It is remarkable what a number of persons can be made to believe it is possible to vaccinate trees. No material can be put into a tree that will be taken up by its sap, and even if it did so, it would be as harmful to persons eating the fruit as it would be to the insects feeding on any part of the tree.

Several correspondents have recently written asking about tree vaccination, and this indicates that another form of swindle is abroad in the land. In fact, at the present time, three persons are engaged in Pennsylvania in the questionable occupation of vaccinating trees for pay. A gentleman told me at the recent Mercer County Fair, that he had paid a good price to have his trees "vaccinated," and that it not only failed to help them, but had injured them considerably. In Lehigh and York Counties the tree dopers are continuing their operations. It appears that different persons use different kinds of materials for vaccination purposes. I have received some of the York County powder, and upon having it analyzed by Dr. William Frear, a Chemist at the State Experiment Station, found that it consisted chiefly of iron rust and sulfur. Both of these materials are practically insoluble in the tree and can not be taken up by the sap, but both have the merit of being harmless, so far as concerns injury to the tree. The Lehigh County brand of vaccination dope from Allentown, consists chiefly of cyanide of potassium, which is the deadly Prussic acid, and has been used to a considerable extent in orchards of Lehigh, Berks, Bucks and Lebanon Counties. In the last-named county the agents are now busy, according to recent reports received by Prof. Surface. The latter is responsible for the statement that this material has injured trees to such an extent as to kill them, and will in all cases prove injurious instead of beneficial. It is difficult to see why persons are willing to pay their good money to have their trees treated by questionable means when they can obtain free and reliable information on the method to employ by writing to their State Department of Agriculture at Harrisburg.

The injury to trees by tree dopers and unqualified operators will doubtless result in legislation against such practice. There is no more reason that a sick tree should be treated by a quack than that a sick horse or cow should be so treated. Both represent living property, and both should be protected from damage by imposters.

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Why Have "Nerves?"

This is the reason why women have "nerves." When thoughts begin to grow cloudy and uncertain, impulses lag and the warnings of pain and distress are sent like flying messages throughout limbs and frame, straightway, nine times in ten, a woman will lay the cause of the trouble to some defect at the point where she first felt it. Is it a headache, a backache, a sensation of irritability or twitching and uncontrollable nervousness, something must be wrong with the head or back, a woman naturally says, but all the time the real trouble very often centers in the womanly organs. In nine cases out of ten the seat of the difficulty is here, and a woman should take rational treatment for its cure. The local disorder and inflammation of the delicate special organs of the sex should be treated steadily and systematically.

Dr. Pierce, during a long period of practice, found that a prescription made from medicinal extracts of native roots, without the use of alcohol, relieved over 90 per cent. of such cases. After using this remedy for many years in his private practice he put it up in form of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that would make it easily procurable, and it can be had at any store where medicines are handled.

MRS. LILA B. HAWKINS, of Zeus, Va., writes: "I had been failing in health for two years—most of the time was not able to attend to my household duties. Female weakness was my trouble and I was getting very bad but, thanks to Doctor Pierce's medicines, I am well and strong again. I took only three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' and used the 'Lotion Tablets.' I have nothing but praise for Doctor Pierce's wonderful medicines."

TAKE DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS FOR LIVER ILLS.

Come and Inspect Our X-mas Jewelry

WE HAVE a most beautiful display of jewelry for the holidays. It is the most complete to be seen in this section. All the articles have been carefully selected with the X-mas spirit in mind.

Our line of watches, bracelets, pendant chains, silver novelties, mesh bags, rings, lockets belt pins, chains, fobs, cuff links, brooches, etc., all very suitable for gifts and rightly priced.

PENROSE MYERS

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

Christmas Cakes

Why go to all the fuss and worry in baking X-mas cakes? Let us do that for you. Our fruit cake sells at 30c a pound. Can you afford to bake them when you can buy at that price? Give us a trial order.

GRAU BROTHERS' BAKERY

Littlestown, Pa.

HE would be delighted with a Photo of HER

And provided you know whether she cares enough SHE would appreciate a poto of HIM. Why not have a

PHOTO

Made at once and put up in one of the new art cabinet styles. They will surely please. Prices reasonable.

SPECIAL HOLIDAY PRICES NOW ON

Artistic Framing

Copying and Enlarging

FINE LINE OF HOLIDAY

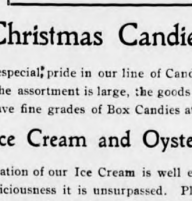
Water Colors, Art Figures, Etc.

Post Cards and Holiday Booklets

W. H. TIPTON,

PHOTOGRAPHER

20 and 22 Chambersburg St. Gettysburg, Penna.



Christmas Candies

We take especial pride in our line of Candies for the Holiday trade. The assortment is large, the goods fresh and prices right. We have fine grades of Box Candies at popular prices.

Ice Cream and Oysters

The reputation of our Ice Cream is well established. For purity and deliciousness it is unsurpassed. Place your orders for Oysters with us—the results will be satisfying.

We also carry a fresh stock of Nuts, Oranges, Bananas, etc.

See our line of Dolls.

CROUSE'S

Adjoining National Hotel Littlestown, Pa.

REAL ESTATE

D. Guy Hollinger & Bro.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

HANOVER, PA.

Stocks, Bonds, Insurance & Loans

Farm containing 77 acres, located 3 miles from Pleasant Hill, along public road. 20 acres of timberland. Running water. Lots of fruit. First class buildings.

Farm containing 52 acres, located near Pleasant Hill. 10 acres of timber land, running water; lots of fruit; good buildings.

50 acre farm, Mt. Joy Twp. First-class improvements.

35 acre farm, Penn Twp.

175 acre farm, 2½ miles from New Oxford; 40 acres of timberalnd.

112 acre farm, 4 miles from Hanover. Running water.

150 acre farm 1½ mile from Pleasant Hill.

22 acre farm near Sell's Station

H. C. Miller's store stand, Melrose.

Store, property and 9 acres land, New Chester.

7 acre farm 1 mile from Hanover. New buildings.

4¾ acre farm ¼ mile from Hanover. First-class improvements.

142 acre farm 5 miles Hanover.

Theo. C. Warner's fruit and poultry farm, containing 60 acres, ½ mile from New Oxford.

20 acre farm, 3 miles from Hanover, Conowago Twp., Adams Co.

80-acre farm 3 miles from Littlestown.

12 acre farm, Conowago Twp., 2 miles from Hanover. New buildings.

10 acre farm, 2 miles from Littlestown.

10 acre fruit and truck farm; 1000 fruit trees; 4 miles from Hanover.

206 acre farm, Huntington Twp. Great bargain.

58 acre farm, Jackson Twp., 6 miles from Hanover.

11 acre farm 2 miles from Hanover.

208 acre farm Straban Twp.

52 acre farm 2 miles Hanover.

16 acre farm 5 miles Hanover.

55 acre farm 8 miles from Hanover.

40 acre farm Straban Twp.

Frame dwelling, White Hall.

Store stand and 2 acres of land 3 miles from Hanover.

Large new brick dwelling and business stand No. 108 Baltimore street, Hanover.

Houck's mill and 22 acre farm, in West Manheim Twp.

B. F. Ogle property, Lumber St., Littlestown, with or without livery business.

Double frame house, Lumber St., Littlestown.

Frame house close to Hanover. Price $525.

7½ acres of timberland about 4 miles from Hanover.

Tract of land corner Main St., McSherrystown, and 'pike.

152 acre farm 9 miles from York.

12 acre farm 2 miles Abbottstown.

Brick yard acre, none better in state, containing 45 acres and located between P. R. R. and W. M. R. R., close to Hanover.

Frame house, Littlestown.

Frame house with ¾ acre of land in Midway.

Property in Kingsdale with 9 acres of land.

Frame house North St., Ext., McSherrystown.

Good paying business in Hanover. Small capital required.

Dwelling and blacksmith stand, near Marburg.

Tract of land containing 2½ acres with first-class improvements, on South Street, Midway.

Utt's storestand and 42 acre farm, West Manheim Twp.

Frame house, South street, Midway.

Corner lot in Midway, Madison Avenue and 'pike.

New frame house, Midway; bargain.

Many residences, with and without conveniences, for sale and rent. Also building lots of all kinds for sale.

Rooms 2 and 3, Sheppard & Myers Building, Over Talbot Store.

THE TIME TO SAVE IS NOW; YOU HAVE NO ASSURANCE OF SAVING TOMORROW

He, who is not saving a certain percentage of his income regularly, is piacing a first mortgage lien upon his future.

The Littlestown National Bank invites all accounts, whether large or small.

Very respectfully,

THE LITTLESTOWN NATIONAL BANK

LICENSE NOTICE

In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams County:

It is ordered that all applications for license for the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt, or brewed liquors, wholesale or retail, for the year 1913, will be heard on FRIDAY, the 10th day of JANUARY, 1913, at 10:30 a. m., at which time all persons applying or making objections to applications, will be heard by evidence, petition, remonstrance or counsel. There must be no communication at any time with the Judges personally upon the subject, by letter or any other private way.

The petition verified by affidavit of applicant, shall be in conformity with the requirements of the Acts of Assembly. Judgment bond shall be executed in the penal sum of $2,000, with no less than two reputable freeholders of the county where the liquors are to be sold, as sureties, each of them to be bona-fide owner of real estate in the said county, worth over and above all incumbrances, the sum of $2,000, or other legal security to be given. Bond conditioned for the faithful observance of all laws relating to the selling or furnishing of liquors, and to pay all damages which shall be recovered against the licensee, and all costs, fines and penalties, which may be imposed on him under any indictment for violating said laws; and the sureties may be required to appear in Court and justify upon oath.

The Court shall in all cases refuse the application whenever in the opinion of the Court, having due regard to the number and character of the petitioners for and against such applications, such licenses is not necessary for the accommodation of the public and entertainment of strangers and travelers, or that the applicant is not a fit person to whom such license should be granted.

Petitions to be filed with the Clerk of the Courts not later than SATURDAY, the 14th day of DECEMBER, 1912. Objections and remonstrances to be filed not later than Thursday, the 2nd day of January, 1913.

Upon sufficient cause being shown or proof being made to the Court that the party holding a license has violated any law of the Commonwealth relating to the sale of liquors the Court shall, upon notice being given to the person licensed, revoke the license.

S. McC. SWOPE, Pres. Judge.

Attest: WM. E. Olinger, Clerk Q. S.

CHARTER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the 18th day of December A. D. 1912, by Howard E. Young, Ward C. Haffner and John VandenBout under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April A. D. 1874, and the several supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called:

ADAMS COUNTY GAS COMPANY

the character and object of which are the manufacturing and supplying of gas for light, heat and fuel to the public in the Townships of Germany, Union, Conewago, Oxford, Berwick, Mount Pleasant Mount Joy and Straban, and in the Boroughs of Berwick and New Oxford and for heat and fuel to the public in the Borough of Littlestown, in the County of Adams, Pa., and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto

DR. H. A. Underwood

YORK SPRINGS, PA.

Makes a specialty of the treatment of all chronic diseases.

Cancer, Consumption and Asthma cured or no pay. Fits (epilepsy) cured. Also all growths removed without pain.

11,23,2tc

NOTICE

To the Taxpayers of Mt. Joy Township.

THE Board of Supervisors will meet at the election house, Two Taverns, on Nov. 30th, between the hours of 1 and 3 p. m., for the purpose of refunding rebates.

By order of

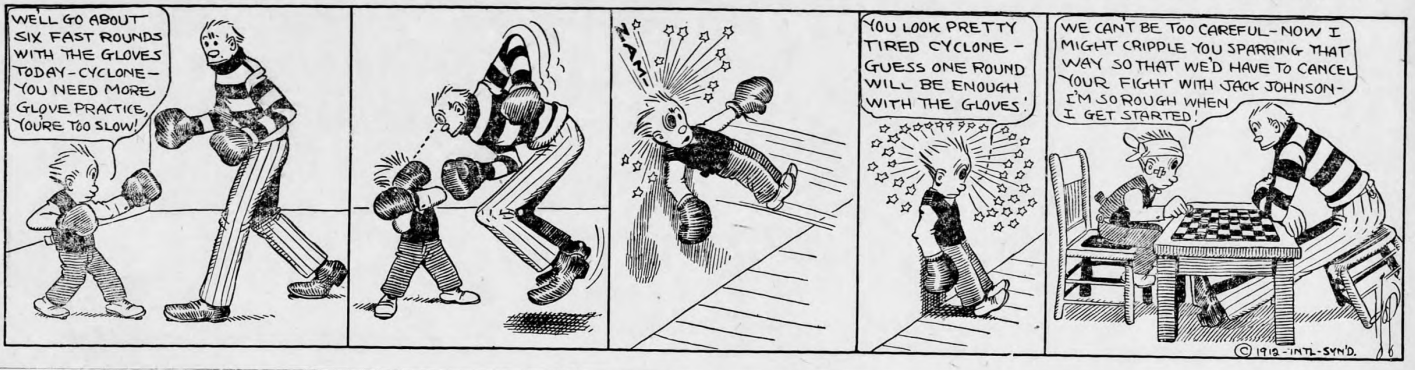
THE BOARD,

CHAS. W. BUCHER, Sec'y.

Scoop, the Cub Reporter

Never Get Too Heavy With a White Hope

By Frank W. Hopkins.



HOW TO TRAVEL THE ROAD TO PUBLIC POPULARITY

Call Yourself "Professor," Look Wise and be Careless in Your Dress.

USE NEWSPAPER SPACE

Special Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.

Would you like to be great and have your name flashed all over the world to every newspaper? Would you like to have your name in everybody's mouth—discussing you and your sayings? If so, let me give you quite free the method for accomplishing these matters. Here is the recipe:

(1) Call yourself "professor"—no matter what you profess! Doxology will do, if you should ever be asked.

(2) Look wise, wear spectacles, act a little peculiarly. Occasionally walk into the country with a book under your arm and a little hammer. Seem abstracted! Break off a little piece of a rock with the hammer and look long at it.

(3) Be a little careless in your dress! Look ahead when you walk and rarely greet anybody. Ignore the common people, or all people! Say little. Your quietness will make people think that you know much. They would like to know why he looked so long at that bit of rock!

Then will be your time to strike for popularity, when you get them all to guessing. In from three to six months the reporter of your little town newspaper will be short of copy and looking for a "story," and will hunt you up. That will be the psychological moment for you to spring your fake story upon the gullable world, which, as Barnum declared, likes to be humbugged.

What kind of a Story? Oh, anything marvelous on a subject that the public knows nothing about. For instance, you could tell the reporter that you have for years been studying and calculating just when this great earth was created. The reporter will say, Good! the public should know all about so important a matter of every day life. He will get his paper and pencil and write down every precious word. Let him have what he wants and what the people want—a fake!

Another fake way of reaching the public ear is along lines of anthropology. The story of a missing link is worn out. The story that Adam and Eve were children of monkeys or chimpanzees is old and threadbare.

To tell that a man ascended from a jump-rat or from a wise wise mouse might trench upon another fakir's preserves. But there is plenty of room for your ingenuity. Think of what a catchy story could be written up, describing our ancestors as mosquitoes. As they lay their eggs on the water, you could imagine and describe how one certain mosquito egg floated into a peculiar and favorable environment which changed it so that it developed as a man, while another sister-egg under a little different environment developed into a woman. Its easy! You'll soon do it so cleverly that some great newspaper will "feature it" with illustrations showing the mosquito egg, etc., just as your story details.

Another way is to give an eye-witness description of the popular Purgatory or Hell. Describe these as Dante did. Depraved minds like to think of the horrible sufferings of others and to think of themselves as immunes. True, the people would know you were lying if they would but think! But how few people think on that line.

Another successful plan is to attack the Bible. Or, still more successful would be an attack upon some Christian minister whom you have reason to believe is unpopular. Soak him! Roast him! Few will criticise you for so mean and underhanded a course. You must imply some very rascally things, or the newspaper will not think the matter "newsy." Remember that slander is always appreciated by the masses because of their depravity, and they bid the highest price for what they crave.

The cost to you? Yes, I did say that you should have the Recipe quite free. And you can get much popularity cheap. What I now tell is what the results will cost you. You will pervert your own conscience—sear it. You will demean yourself in your own estimation while rising in the esteem of those you gull.

Do not forget that God has promise a future life—a resurrection from the dead through Jesus. To attain everlasting life, every downward step must be retraced in shame. —Daniel 12:2.

Think of this before attempting to fake the public. Be assured that God cannot be deceived and that you shall reap what you sow. Better then be less popular with man and approved of God for doing good unto all men as you have opportunity—especially to the household of faith.

THE WANDERING JEW.

A 4-Day Special Sale of Holiday Goods Planned to Induce Your Shopping

Christmas is only four shopping days away. Make your gift purchases NOW! If you shop at Wiest's you will have the extra advantage of the extremely low prices we shall quote during Christmas Preparation Week.

For our own, as well as for your sake, we want you to do your X-mas shopping this week! We'd like you to come early in the day, when salespeople are untired and stocks are fresh.

We are holding this sale merely to induce you to do your Christmas shopping at once. Fresh, clean, new desirable holiday goods of every sort are offered at decided savings. **By purchasing all your Christmas gifts this week at Wiest's you will be able to make yourself a handsome gift with the savings you thus effect.**

It Is a Golden Opportunity For Christmas Shoppers

Why Not Gloves?

Who wouldn't appreciate a pair of gloves? Especially so when they get a pair that is certain to give them entire satisfaction—and that is the only sort of Wiest's.

Kayser Chamolette and Leatherette Gloves cost no more than ordinary kid and are worth double.

Ladies' 2 clasp Chamolette Glove, plain or spear back; washable in soap and water; natural, white, grey and black 50c

Ladies' 2 Clasp Leatherette Gloves, extra heavy, biscuit, tan, grey, natural and white ..... 50c and 75c

Ladies' Extra Fine Quality Leatherette Gloves, pique sewn, large pearl button; biscuit, tan, grey and white $1.00

Ladies' 16 Button Length Leatherette Gloves, in white only; made with over seam, suede finish $1.00

Misses' 2 clasp Leatherette Gloves, extra heavy quality; washable tan, grey and white 50c

Children's Hosiery

Children's Lisle and Cotton Hose, fine heavy ribbed, double knee, heels and toes; black, white, tan, pink and light blue, 25c

Children's Cadet Hose, linen knee, heels and toes; made in heavy, medium and light weight cotton or mercerized lisle; sizes 5½ to 11..... 25c

Misses' All Thread Silk Hose lisle soles, high spliced heels, $1.00

Infants' Fine Ribbed Pure Thread Silk Hose 50c

Infants' Lisle and Cotton Hose, fine ribbed; black, tan, white, pink and light blue, 12½c to 25c

Infants' Fine Ribbed All Wool and Half Wool Hose, made with silk heels and toes, black, tan, white, pink and light blue ..... 12½c to 25c

Children's Fine or Heavy Weight Hose, double knee, heels and toes; sizes 5½ to 10½ ..... 12½c and 15c

Beautiful Books

Of Foreign Countries and cities, handsomely illustrated. Each volume contains from 40 to 100 full page colored plates. A most acceptable gift.

A few of the titles follow:

Venice
Holland
Canada
Naples
West Indies
Bonnie Scotland
Morocco
India
Norway
The Alps
Yorkshire
Canterbury
The Holy Land
Egypt
Florence
Ireland
Oxford
Constantinople
Italian Lakes

$1.98 and $2.50

Short Coats For Children

Short Coats for the little ones, of cream Bedford Cord, Poplins, Serges, etc., with and without capes, braid trimmed and handsomely embroidered at ..... $2.00, $2.98, $3.50 to $8.00

Children's Corduroy Coats in white, blue and black; fine quality and dainty styles ..... $2.98 and $5.00

Baby Baskets, trimmed and untrimmed, from .. 50c to $3.50

Infants' Soft Sole Mocassins, white, pink, light blue, 25c, 50c

DAINTY THINGS FOR THE LITTLE TOTS

Hand Made Sacques, neatly finished, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25

Dainty Hand Embroidered Nightingales, at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 to $3.50

Infants' Long Coats, of cream Bedford cord and serges, richly embroidered ..... $2.50, $2.98, $3.50 to $6.00

COMPLETE LINE OF NOVELTIES FOR THE BABY

Powder Boxes, Soap Boxes, Brush and Comb Sets, Carriage Dolls, Rattles and Rings in all styles, on our Second Floor.

Jewelry and Novelties in Silverware

From the most inexpensive trifle up to jewelry that is quite costly, our stock is complete and worth your viewing. The following are among the values offered by our Xmas Preparation Week.

Gold Front Beauty Pins, plain, closed and pierced 25c to $2.50

Sash Pins, silver, gold and oxidized, with stone settings and chased ..... 25c to $3.50

Gold Filled Cuff Links, large assortment of styles, plain and fancy borders, assorted finishes ..... 50c to $3.50

Excellent quality Pearl Necklaces, assorted size beads; solid gold clasps. Special $1.00

Beautiful assortment of Fancy Bandeaux, in rhinestone, tinsel and crystal effects; silver and gold ..... 50c to $5.00

Sterling Silver Hat Pins, plain and chased. Special 25c

$5.50 German Silver Shirred Big Mesh Bags, six inch pierced frames, kid lined, at $3.50

Genuine Gun Metal Ring Mesh Bags, fine quality mesh and in various sizes, plain and pierced frames ..... $5.00 to $15.00

German Silver Bracelet Mesh Bag, fine ring mesh. Special, $3.50

Gent's three piece set in silver ..... $3.75 to $5.00

Gold Filled Inlaid Combs, plain and studden with rhinestones, $1.00 to $8.00

Silver Manicure Sets, fully warranted, ranging from $1.50 to $12.00

Hand-Made French Underwear

A beautiful line of dainty hand made and embroidered French Underwear, including Gowns, Corset Covers, Chemises, Skirts, Drawers and Combinations all with daintiest of trimmings.

CHEMISE, 89c to $5.00
DRAWERS, $1.00 to $5.00
CORSET COVERS, $1.00 to $7.50
SKIRTS, $2.50 to $8.00
GOWNS, $2.50 to $12.50

Hand made Sets including Drawers, Chemise and Gown, $12.50 to $22.50

High Neck Night Gowns, made of cambric and long cloth, trimmed with embroidery, in regular and extra sizes, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.50.

Drawers, made of long cloth, nainsook and cambric lace and embroidery trimming, in regular and extra sizes, 25c, 39c, 50c, 75c to $1.50.

Corset Covers, made of nainsook and batiste, tight fitting and full cut, made with poplin in all sizes 34 to 46, at 25c, 39c, 50c, 75c to $3.00.

Skirts, made of long cloth and cambric, trimmed with ruffle of embroidery; others with lace trimming and beading, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

Combinations, made of cambric and nainsook, daintily trimmed with lace or embroidery, drawers made Knickerbocker or flare cut; sizes 34 to 44, at .... $1.00 and $1.50.

A lot of slightly mussed Underwear, including Gowns, Skirts, Combinations, Corset Covers and Drawers at a great reduction.

Toyland is Joyland For the Kiddies

Bring the little ones to see our great collection of play things. And to make your purchase this week before stocks are depleted.

The best and finest Dolls in Pennsylvania at $1.00. A great big, strong, jointed Doll, with shoes and stockings, moving eyes, curly wigs and ribbons, all for the special price $1.00

Character Baby Dolls, real baby faces. Just like dear little brother or sister, at all prices.

Hundreds of Novelty Dolls with celluloid heads and knit or crocheted clothes, all kinds, from ..... 10c to $3.00

See these beautiful and Cute Fur Dolls at .... 25c to $2.50

Fine Kid Dolls, with jointed knees, hips and arms at 25c to $5.00

Dear Sweet Baby Dolls, with rubber strung Joints, curly wigs, closing eyes; all sizes. All with pretty faces at .... 25c to $7.50

Dolls. We have hundreds and hundreds of them, from the teeny weeny ones up to the largest Dolls made. Priced from 5c up to $15.00.

Doll Houses ..... 39c to $3.00
Wire and Iron Beds for Dolls ..... 50c to $7.50
Bureaus and Dressers, from ..... 98c to $2.98
Washing Machines ..... 50c to $1.00
Ironing Boards 25c
Small Doll Pianos, with seven keys, makes real music 25c
Largest sizes in Doll Pianos, with eight to thirty-eight keys, at prices from ..... 50c to $10.00

For the Boys' Christmas we have Express Wagons, Wheelbarrows, Tricycles, Rocking Horses, Mechanical Toys, Trains of Cars, Horses and Wagons, Drums Books and Hundreds and Hundreds of other Toys at most any price you intend paying for them.

Toilet Articles For Gifts

A complete line of toilet requisites for those who wish to make gifts of these dainty and acceptable articles.

Dainty French Ivory and Pyraline Combs in white, pink and blue, at 25c

Shoe Horns and Hooks, Files Talcum Boxes, Tooth Brush Cases, Buffers, Soap and Powder Boxes, in white, pink and blue 25c

Hair Brushes, in plain and fancy handles, in white, pink and blue ..... 75c to $3.00

Military Sets, in ebonoid, mahogany, French Ivory, real ebony and inlaid wood, 50c to $4.50

Toilet Sets, in ebony, mahogany and ivory, in fancy boxes, 50c to $18.50.

Ebonoid, mahogany and walnut hand Mirrors, bevel edge round and oval shape, straight and ring handles, 25c, 50c, 69c, 75c, 89c, $1.00.

Hand Mirrors of real ebony, mahogany, walnut and birdseye, French edge, various shapes and designs, each $1.50 to $2.25

Standing Mirrors, in ebony, birdseye and walnut wood, $2.00 to $4.50

OUR STORE WILL BE OPEN EVERY NIGHT UNTIL X-MAS

P. Wiest's Sons

YORK, PENNA.

Here Are Gifts That Men Will Like

Our men's furnishings department offers the most complete stock of suitable gift things to be had in York. Many articles are packed in an individual box, especially for gift-giving.

All Wool Coat Sweaters, in all good colors and styles for men and boys, at ..... $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 up to $5.00

Men's Bath Robes of fine soft wool and cotton materials, light and dark colors and patterns; sizes to fit any man. A gift that will be appreciated at ..... $3.00, $3.50, $4.50, $5.00 up to $12.00

Fur Lined Kid Gloves, in gray and tan shades, a pair $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 to $5.00.

Fine Dress Kid Gloves, in all popular shades of tan and gray, a pair ..... $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 to $2.50.

Four-in-hand Ties, all the latest patterns and colors, in crocheted and silk ..... 25c to $1.50

Elegant Pajamas, for men and boys, made of outing flannel and fine madras, light and dark patterns, per suit, $1.00, $1.50, $3.50

Fine White Plaited Shirts, narrow and medium plaits, coat style, cuffs attached or detached, all sizes from 13½ to 18½ in neck, at ..... $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00

Suit Cases and Club Bags

Extra Fine Cowhide Leather Suit Cases, with heavy brass trimmings, strong brass lock, canvas lined, corners protected with heavy leather riveted; natural color, at $4.50, $5.00, $7.00

Fine Club Bags of Walrus or Cowhide leather, black and russet solid brass lock and clamps; lined with heavy canvas and leather. Priced $4.50, $5.00, $6.00 up to $12.50

Fine Japanese Matting Suit Cases for short trips; make splendid gifts; light in weight yet strong, giving good service, at $2.50

Real Leather Bill Cases, $1.00 to $4.00

Dainty Waist Make Dainty Gifts

You can choose from a superb assortment of the newest and daintiest styles in Waists of every description. And no matter what sum you invest it is sure to secure a gift that the recipient will surely remember.

NEW WAISTS FOR WOMEN

Dainty Lingerie Waists, made of fine lawn and sheer linen, with lace and embroidery, also many with hand embroidered designs in yokes and down the front, open front or back, $2.00 to $5.00

Silk Chiffon Waists, in all the new fall spades and styles, suitable for any costume, shadow lace in surplice style, $3.50 to $8.00

Silk Messaline Waists in many of the newest models for winter in all the popular colors from ..... $3.98 to $6.00

White Wash Silk Waists, in tailored styles, both plain and striped, at ... $2.50 and $3.00

Handkerchiefs For Gifts

Handkerchiefs are sensible and useful gifts—and every woman likes to receive them. Our assortment is very large and a great part of it was assembled here purposely for gift-seekers.

Handsome Duchess and Princess Lace Handkerchiefs, from $1.50 to $6.00 each

Dainty Maderia Handkerchiefs in very pleasing designs 50c to $2.00 each

Fine Ardennes Handkerchiefs, choice patterns, 25c to $3.00 each

Convent Handkerchiefs, hand embroidered, 12½c to 50c each

Armenian Handkerchiefs, narrow lace edge, hand embroidered corners, each ..50c to $2.00

Hand Embroidered, Hemstitched, Scalloped and Lace Edge Handkerchiefs, each 12½c to $1.50

Men's Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, in all width hems, eac 12½c to 50c

Christmas Special in Men's Fancy Colored Silk Handkerchiefs, 50c value 25c

Fancy Printed Handkerchiefs, 3 in a box for 15c

Children's Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 3 in a box for 25c

Men's Pure Silk Handkerchiefs, initial and plain white; each ..... 50c and $1.00

Men's Handkerchiefs in all qualities for gifts. Plain hemstitched linen .. 12½c to 50c

Men's Linen Initial Handkerchiefs .... 12½c to 25c

DAINTY APRONS MAKE DAINTY GIFTS

A beautiful assortment of the newest and daintiest styles of every description.

Fine White Dimity Aprons in stripes and bars, with embroidery ruffle and long ties .. 25c

Round White Aprons of fine lawn, long ties 25c

Maids' and Waitresses' Bretelle Aprons, embroidery trimmed and plain 25c

Extra large Lawn Aprons, embroidery ruffle and pocket, long ties 50c

Round White Aprons, lace ruffle, ribbon trimmed, long ties 50c

Allover Embroidery Aprons, good patterns, long ties . 50c

Striped Allover Embroidery Apron, with dainty lace ruffle, ribbon trimmed 75c

Imitation Hand Embroidered Apron, with scalloped ruffle 75c

HIGH PRICE OF RUBBER TO BE GREATLY REDUCED

To be Manufactured From Potatoes and Other Commodities.

THE EARTH SUBJUGATED

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.

Scientists report that they have found a way to make rubber which will probably lower the cost to 24 cents per pound. It is reckoned that every ton of rubber produced in the tropics, under present conditions, costs a life. By the new method, rubber will be produced from potatoes and other things within easy reach.

The thoughtless will say, how fortunate is this discovery, just when new sources of rubber supply are needed to meet the rapidly increasing demand, but the student will see in it another proof that the Messianic kingdom is near. Psa. 8:6-8 says of man, "Thou madest him to have dominion over the works of Thy hands," and mentions sheep, oxen, fowl and fish, showing that the things over which he is to have dominion are earthly things. In Gen. 1:28 we have the account that man was placed in the earth with instructions to "subdue it and have dominion."

It is evident that this discovery of a method of making rubber is one more step toward man's subjugation of the earth, one more step towards the dominion he is yet to have. Through Adam's sin the first dominion was lost, but the Messiah is to bring about its restoration. "And thou, O tower of the flock, the stronghold of the daughter of Zion, unto thee shall it come, even the first dominion." (Micah 4:8).

Concerning the times just prior to the Messianic reign we have the assurance that "They (the wise towards God) shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom and talk of thy power, to make known to the sons of men His mighty acts, and the glorious majesty of His kingdom. Thy kingdom is an everlasting kingdom and thy dominion endureth throughout all generations. The Lord upholdeth all that fall and raiseth up all that are bowed down. The eyes of all wait upon thee." (Psa. 145: 11-16). In other words, the establishment of the Messianic Kingdom is "the desire of all nations" (Hag. 2:7), and, as predicted, "it will surely come!"

THE WANDERING JEW.

The Christmas Dinner.

In spite of the fact that the word dyspepsia means literal'y bad cook, it will not be fair for many to lay the blame on the cook if they begin the Christmas Dinner with little appetite and end it with distress or nauseau. It may not be fair for any to do that—let us hope so for the sake of the cook! The disease dyspepsia indicates a bad stomach, that is a weak stomach, rather than a bad cook, and for a weak stomach there is nothing else equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It gives the stomach vigor and tone, cures dyspepsia, creates appetite, and makes eating the pleasure it should be. Adv't

"Mother And Baby."

The National Stockman and Farmer, Pittsburgh, Pa., have gotten out a 1913 calendar. It is called the "Mother and Baby" calendar and is one of the finest works of art ever produced along this line. A picture of so much merit would cost quite a nice price at an art store. It will be sent to any one free who will send 10 cents to pay for packing and postage. It would ornament the finest parlor or drawing room. As long as the supply lasts it is yours for only ten cents. Speak quick.—Adv't. 1t

ANNUAL STATEMENT
—OF—
Mt. Joy Township Supervisors
For the Year Ending Dec. 2nd, 1912.

IN Account with C. S. Young, Collector, and W. J. Sachs, Treasurer of the road account for the year ending Dec. 2nd, 1912.

C. S. Young Collector.

DR.

Amt. of tax duplicate for 1912	$1319 80
Outstanding tax 1911	88 35
Total	$1408 15

CR.

Paid to Treasurer	$1278 56
Abatement	42 92
Exonerations, 1912	17 74
Outstanding	42 32
Fees, 1912	25 61
	$1408 15

W. J. Sachs, Treasurer

DR.

Rec'd of collector, tax 1912	$1278 56
Balance at last statement	458 97
State appropriation for 1911	73 37
Other sources	3 75
Total	$1813 65

CR.

By vouchers paid out as follows:

G. D. Little, stone	$ 9 00
Charles Wintrode, work	62
Milton E. Snyder, filling statement of 1911	4 25
Henry Kelly, shoveling snow	88
A. B. Kerr, shoveling snow	1 12
C. W. King, work	50
Charles Rudisill, lumber	8 50
Good Roads Mach. Co., repairs	50
samuel Keefer, freight	25
Harry Breighner, shoveling snow	37
Calvin Snyder, shoveling snow	19
G. W. Topper, work	1 25
G. W. Topper, shoveling snow	62
J. F. Myers, shoveling snow	25
Frank Miller, lumber	87
Samuel Copenhaver, work	16
Cunningham Reck, stone	1 00
Cunningham Reck, work	44
Clayton Har et, stone	1 00
Adams Co. Independent, publication 1911 statement	15 18
Alex. Wherley, shoveling snow	12 15
Alex. Wherley, pulling scraper	3 75
Alex. Wherley, work	1 25
Charles Wintrode, horse hire	50
Noah Spangler, stone	2 00
J. L. Hann, stone	75
Howard Shriver, pulling scraper	5 00
Howard Shriver, work	25
J. L. Hann, stone	1 50
Daniel Trostle, stone	3 00
Daniel Trostle, shoveling snow	25
G. W. Topper, work	1 87
Jacob Clapsaddle, work	62
Henry Palmer, stone	4 75
Clayton Harset, stone	1 00
Isaac Lemon, pulling scraper	10 00
Mrs. T. Harner, stone	2 75
Geo. E. Hilbish & Co., culverts	16 86
C. W. Bucher, 1912 duplicate	3 00
Star & Sentinel, Printing and stationery	6 25
Charles Young, sending cards	4 00
Chas. A. Harner, work	1 00
Chas. E. Harner, stone	1 00
Chas. E. Harner, work	1 00
Claude Snyder, work	4 00
Chas. Snyder, work	11 83
Iven Sentz, work	1 58
James Pitzer, work	6 00
John Funt, work	6 00
Clarence Wolff, shoveling snow	1 50
Clarence Wolff, stone	10
Clarence Wolff, work	10
Milton Snyder, work	7 00
Chas. M. Little, pulling scraper	10 00
Alex. Wherley, work	1 50
J. J. Eiker, work	1 88
G. W. Topper, work	62
Wilson Bair, stone	1 00
Wilson Bair, work	1 19
Wilson Bair, snow	38
Dallas Shriver, shoveling snow	75
Dallas Shriver, stone	3 00
Luther Fox, shoveling snow	37
Claude Bixler, stone	3 00
Charles C. Little, work	5 12
Samuel Fox, work	1 25
L. U. Collins, pulling scraper	79 21
——Frame, h. work	40
Basehoar & Mehring, iron	1 80
Daniel Trostle, work	1 31
Chas. Harner, stone	3 00
Daniel Reaver, work	8 12
Dennis Fiscel, pulling scraper	8 00
Dennis Fiscel, work	62
Dennis Fiscel, cutting ice	87
Joseph Plunkert, pulling scraper	5 00
Joseph Plunkert, work	78
Joseph Plunkert, stone	2 50
Joseph Plunkert, shoveling snow	2 50
Rolandis Wintrode, shoveling snow	62
Dennis Bucher, work	1 12
Dennis Bucher, stone	1 50
Charles Martz, work	1 25
Ed. Forney, pulling scraper	20 00
Oliver Sentz, stone	1 25
Oliver Sentz, work	1 77
Oliver Sentz, horse	50
C. Reck, work	2 63
William Bankard, work	1 31
Addison Stahl, work	1 60
C. F. Bucher, coal	1 56
W. C. Aretzis, work	50
Martin Rudisill, work	1 87
Jacob Myers, work	75
John Funt, work	4 50
Thomas Sheely, stone	2 00
S. F. Hildebrand, mason work	6 00
J. L. Hann, work	7 20
A. S. Sentz, work	1 63
William Arentz, work	75
Allen Fissel, work	50
Elmer Appler, work	2 75
Clayton Kline, work	2 62
Edward Benner, stone	1 00
Edward Reaver, work	1 88
M. E. Snyder, work	50
Rolandis Wintrode, work	2 75
David Spangler, work	2 31
David Spangler, stone	50
W. F. Starr, coal	8 79
Amos Snyder stone	50
Amos Snyder, work	1 29
Henry Palmer, lumber	1 50
Frank Waybright, stone	1 00
Frank Waybright, lumber	24 00
Frank Waybright, work	87
Emory Cachs, stone	2 00
Chas. Shanebrook, pulling scraper	2 00
Chas. Shanebrook, shoveling snow	75
Chas. E. Harner, work	4 03
L. Hann, work	1 00
Charles Rudisill, lumber	102 10
Frank Miller, work	1 25
Lomer Rineman, work	1 21
C. Reck, work	1 75
C. Reck, team	50
G. E. Snyder, stone	3 00
G. E. Snyder, work	5 00
Basehoar & Mehring, hardware	8 71
L. S. Lane, lumber	4 00
G. D. Little, work	2 50
John W. Benner, work	1 00
John W. Benner, stone	2 00
Pius Harner, shoveling snow	37
Clayton Rohrbaugh, stone	50
Clayton Rohrbaugh, shoveling snow	37
Chas. W. King, work	2 50
E. L. Straley, stone	1 50
E. L. Straley, work	56
Peter Sentz, work	3 25
Harry Bomer, work	62
Arthur Sentz, work	2 50
Rev. A. S. Hartman, stone	1 50
Rev. A. S. Hartman, work	3 35
Silas Horner, work	55
U. F. Rohrbaugh, work	50
William Bankard, stone	1 04
William Bankard, work	75
Henry Palmer, lumber	15
Charles Shanebrook, stone	1 12
Dennis Bucher, work	1 37
Simpson Shriver, work	1 75
Samuel Fox, work	1 43
Howard Conover, stone	50
Howard Conover, work	50
Bernie Bowers, stone	10
Bernie Bowers, work	1 12
Pius Gouker, work	1 00
Henry Kelly, stone	1 12
Frank Miller, work	3 00
Ira Schwartz, stone	10
Charles Martz, work	3 00
Earl Stair, work	2 40
Noah Spangler, work	1 62
Gilt Biddy, work	3 15
James Straley, work	10
Howard Hartman, stone	1 44
Webster Snyder, work	1 50
Pius Gouker, work	1 00
Samuel Young, work	3
D. V. Reaver, work	45
Cleave Stambaugh, stone	75
Samuel Bercaw, work	50
Peter Shoemaker, work	50
Joel Schwartz, work	25
Joel Schwartz, stone	6 50
Augustus Dehoff, work	1 06
Joseph Frownfelter, stone	2 25
John Spangler, work	55
William Keefauver, stone	1 06
Mervin Miller, work	2 18
J. Carna Smith, work	11 04
F. J. Hartlaub, shoveling snow	25
F. J. Hartlaub, work	3 00
F. J. Hartlaub, stone	3 50
Thomas Sheely, lumber	40
Allen Breighner, work	69
S. F. Hildebrand, mason work	5 70
Thomas Newman, hardware	3 02
Jacob Bair, stone	75
Jacob Bair, work	30
William Miller, work	1 25
Enoch Yealy, stone	2 50
Enoch Yealy, work	62
Dennis Newman, work	87
Emory Frock, shoveling snow	56
Emory Frock, work	1 25
Henry Wherley, work	2 00
Jacob Boyd, work	2 21
Chas. Wherley, work	1 37
Ervin Black, stone	1 50
Ervin Black, work	75
Chas. Foulk, work	1 87
John Kuhn, stone	2 00
John Kuhn, work	3 12
Allen Swartz, stone	1 00
Newton Wherley, work	1 25
Clayton Ilder, stone	75
Clayton Ilder, work	3 75
John Slifer, coal	18 62
"Independent," rebate notice	1 25
John D. Mayers, cement	4 53
Clayton Hargel, rebate	39
Jesse Millhines, rebate	3 38
Henry Buddy, rebate	3 47
Edward Gilt, rebate	21
William Sentz, rebate	1 95
William Sentz, work	2 86
Emory Sachs rebate	2 19
W. H. J. Ridinour rebate	2 76
J. L. Hann, rebate	1 27
J. H. Spangler, rebate	1 57
Henry Palmer, rebate	1 45
Chas. Shanebrook, rebate	1 61
George Conover, rebate	2 30
Adolson Newman, rebate	2 23
Edgar Miller, rebate	69
Bernie Bowers, rebate	1 80
Jesse Lemon, rebate	2 74
C. W. Little, work	82 86
Samuel Wherley, work	27 93
James Stair, work	82 82
C. W. Bucher, salary	12 24
W. J. Sachs, salary	13 24
Auditors' fees	6 00
C. W. Bucher, affidavits & postage	1 00
Samuel Young, work	5 00
S. A. Wherley, cleaning house	1 00
C. W. Bucher, preparing statement, 1911	1 50
S. A. Wherley, storage	1 00
G. D. Little, storage	1 00
Total	$1244 46

Assets

Bal. in the hands of Treasurer.	$569 19
Tax outstanding	43 32
Machinery	200 00

Mt. Joy Township, Dec. 2, 1912.

We, the undersigned, auditors of Mt. Joy Township, being duly elected and sworn according to law, have examined the foregoing account and find it correct, and that there is in the hands of the treasurer $569.19.

G. E. SNYDER
M. E. SNYDER,
C. H. BENNER,
Auditors.

12,20.

THE BALL-BEARING
New Queen
SEWING MACHINE

An extremely right running and quiet machine with all the latest Improvements and Attachments. Automatic Lift and Drop Cabinet. Made by the White Sewing Machine Company and Fully Guaranteed for Lifetime Service. The Best Vibrating Shuttle Machine on the market. Sells for $28 on Monthly Payments; $25 Cash. Write us regarding any make Sewing Machine. Phone 15x.

S. C. GARBER & SON,
132 Balto. St., Hanover, Pa.

TAX APPEALS.

THE Commissioners of the County of Adams hereby give notice that they have fixed upon the following times and places for holding the Tax Appeals for 1913, in the several Boroughs and Townships of Adams County when and where they will attend to hear appeals.

1912.

Dec. 20. For the Borough of McSherrystown 1st and 2nd wards, and the township of Conowago at the Union Hotel in McSherrystown between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Dec. 21. For the Borough of New Oxford and the Township of Oxford at the house of Geo. Grove in New Oxford between the hours of 8 a. m and 2 p. m.

Dec. 23. For the Borough of Gettysburg 1st, 2nd and 3rd wards in the Commissioners' Office at Gettysburg between the hours of 9:30 a. m. and 4 p. m.

On the same dates the County Commissioners and Assessors of the respective districts will meet to review the enrollment and determine who are exempt from military duty.

By order of the Commissioners.

GEO. W. BAKER, Clerk.

The undersigned, Board of Revision, will attend at the various places of holding appeals to finally determine whether any of the valuations of the Assessors have been made below a just rate according to the act of Assembly.

N. R. BEAMER,
S. M. KEAGY,
S. Mc. NICHOLTZ,
Commissioners.

Furniture the Ideal X-mas Gift!

There can be no more acceptable gift than a piece of Furniture. Bear in mind while out shopping to stop with us for a few minutes and look over our line. Every piece of Furniture in stock is **brand new** and priced as low as **good furniture** can be bought for.

The assortment to select from is second to none and represents everything in Furniture.

Purchases are reserved for Holiday Delivery.

Out-of-town shipments shipped and packed free.

Will Be Looking For You Any Day Now.

Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets

Here is an article that makes a very acceptable gift to any housewife. It is almost an indespensible piece of kitchen furniture. It saves you many weary steps and greatly lightens your work. We have them in different sizes and prices. Call and let us show you the practical side of this article.

Globe-Wernicke Bookcases

Made in variety of grades and finishes to harmonize with the surroundings of your own home.

China Closets
Extension Tables
Couches
Iron Beds
Mattresses
Buffets
Sewing Machines
Bookcases
Parlor Suites
Parlor Stands
Rockers
Morris Chairs
Corner Chairs
Mahogany Trays
Brass Costumers
Brass Beds
Shirtwaist Boxes
Glove Boxes
Blacking Boxes
Desks
Chiffoniers

Also a Fine Line of Pictures

H. B. BENDER

Baltimore Street *The* **Home Furnisher** **Gettysburg, Pa.**

Don't forget that Bowers' is the place that Santa has deposited many of his gifts. Let us give you an idea of the many toys he has left here for your inspection. Mechanical Trains, Mechanical Toys, Dolls of all descriptions from 10c up to $1.50. See our Sis Hopkins and Baby "Tommy" Hopkins, Doll Swings, Doll Carriages, Doll Clothes Dryers, Tops, Books, Wagons, Wheelbarrows, Tool Chests, Rocking Horses, Sleds, Drums, Carts, Horns, Air Ships, Swan Ponds, Pop Guns, Games of various kinds, Child's Tea Sets, X-mas Trees, Wax Candles, Moss, Blocks, Etc.

We can interest you in our prices on China of all kinds from 10c a piece to $16.00 per set, Berry Sets, Cake Sets, Dinner Sets, all new designs, and bargains to take advantage of. A fine line of Agate Ware, Galvanized Tubs, Lanterns, Wash Boilers, Buckets. Dish Pans, Etc.

A complete stock of Groceries, Canned Goods of all kinds, the famous Heinz Goods: Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Apple Butter, Sauerkraut, Olives. Try the Heinz Plum Pudding; just the thing for your X-mas dinner. Let us supply your Fruit Cake, "just like mothers." Cranberries of the finest.

Confectionery of the choicest and at very moderate prices. Nuts of all kinds, Bananas, Oranges, Grapes and Figs.

We give Yellow Trading Stamps on every 10c cash purchase. Goods held until called for or delivered to any part of town and vicinity.

H. E. Bowers -:- Littlestown, Pa.

Christmas Suggestions

We take the liberty of making a suggestion regarding the best time to do your Christmas shopping and earnestly urge you to do it at once. There is much to lose and nothing to gain by waiting.

DIAMONDS $3.50 to $300.00	WATCHES $1.00 to $150.00	LAVALLIERS $1.00 to $50.00
BRACELETS $1.00 to $50.00	BROOCHES 25c to $75.00	LOCKETS 50c to $35.00
MESH BAGS $2.50 to $20.00	VANITY CASES 75c to $10.00	WATCH FOBS $1.00 to $10.00
COAT CHAINS 75c to $7.50	SCARF PINS 25c to $25.00	CUFF LINKS 50c to $17.50
SET RINGS $1.00 to $35.00		SIGNET RINGS 75c to $12.00
NECK CHAINS 50c to $15.00	**Save Our Cash Register Receipts** Return Cash Receipts to the amount of $20.00 and you may select $1.00 worth of goods FREE.	CUFF PINS 15c to $4.00
BAR PINS 35c to $5.00		BELT PINS 50c to $5.00
TIE CLASPS 25c to $5.00		VEST CHAINS 25c to $15.00
CLOCKS $1.00 to $35.00	MANICURE SETS $1.50 to $12.00	SILVER NOVELTIES 25c to $2.50
TOILET SETS $2.50 to $25.00	WRITING SETS $2.50 to $15.00	CIGARETTE CASES 50c to $10.00
SMOKING SETS $1.50 to $10.00	TRAVELING SETS $2.00 to $12.00	JEWEL CASES 50c to $10.00
SHAVING SETS $2.00 to $10.00	CUT GLASS 50c to $40.00	CLOTH BRUSHES $1.50 to $7.50
MILITARY SETS $3.00 to $15.00		SEWING SETS $1.25 to $7.00

Make Your Selections Early

By paying a small deposit we will lay aside any article you want—subject to exchange if you wish it.

Worth Considering

We wish to remind you that we put all goods in suitable boxes or cases free which makes your gift more attractive

WHAT SHALL I BUY FOR CHRISTMAS?

seems to be the same question every year. May we help you solve that problem and put you in the way of doing your Christmas shopping with pleasure, satisfaction and economy? Our Holiday stock this season is a marvel of beauty and elegance; its new features are innumerable and its variety almost unlimited. We are offering a stock that will meet the wants of everybody. We offer the advantage of selection that can only be found in a very extensive showing of first class Holiday goods. New novelties are everywhere, and the latest and best of everything is the predominating feature of our display for the Christmas season of 1912.

SARBAUGH

Cor. Broadway and Square **JEWELER** **Hanover, Pennsylvania**

REIDSBURG.

Dan Howard and Joseph Eckel, of Clarion, were in town on business one day last week.

Harry Hindman is erecting a new house on his farm near town.

J. Maxwell and wife, L. F. Bigler and wife, Miss Howard, and Mr. Harper, were visitors at the home of Geo. and G. M. Eckel and families one day last week.

A. A. Hartle has returned from Clarion where he was for a week or ten days, on the free mail delivery.

The friends of R. B. Irvin will be glad to learn that he is getting along nicely after an operation for appendicitis which took place at Pittsburg last Friday. It is hoped that he may speedily recover.

Mr. C. A. Fox, of Cleveland, O., is spending his Christmas vacation with his brother Al, at this place.

Jno. Klepfer, of Limestone, spent Christmas with his mother here.

Quite a few people took in the entertainment given at the Williamsburg hool last Monday evening.

Miss Mabel Dorworth is spending her Christmas vacation with her parents. She will return after the first of the year to Franklin to resume her studies in music.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Varner took Christmas dinner with their son Jess at Clarion.

The Christmas entertainment given at the Baptist church on Tuesday evening was one of the best ever held here, all the children made speeches and at the close Santa Claus gave them all presents.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Varner, on Friday evening, a fine baby girl, at present are all getting along nicely.

L. L. Varner of Shamburg, was a pleasant caller in town Saturday.

J. W. Brown, of New York, was a visitor in town recently.

Blanche Sweitzer, of Frampton, was a visitor in town recently.

THE GROWING CURSE.

The United States consumed during the third quarter of 1912, 450,000 gallons of whiskey and 9,920,000 gallons of beer more than during the same quarter of 1911. At this rate, how long would it take this nation to become a mode of civilization for the heathen to copy, especially as a large part of the revenue of our government is obtained from its partnership with the liquor business?

Statistics show that 72 per cent of all criminals were made so by strong drink. It would take ten men with scoop shovels to throw away money as fast as the people of the United States are wasting it for grog. The amount thus spent is nearly four times the amount required to run the government. We are not alone in the development of habits the healing of which would not to learn. In some portions of Germany all the children who attend school drink beer regularly, and boys of nine years of age are some times sent home because they are too drunk to study.

A writer has made the following indictment against the saloon: "The Devil is for it, God is against it; vice is for it, virtue is against it; the brothel is for it, the home is against it; the anarchist is for it, the statesman is against it; poverty is for it, plenty is against it; disease is for it, health is against it; death is for it, life is against it."

The Scriptures say, "Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging." (Prov. 20:1). "Who hath woe, who hath sorrow, who hath contentions, who hath babbling, who hath wounds without cause, who hath redness of eyes? They that tarry long at the wine. Look not upon the wine when it is red, when it moveth itself aright. At the last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." (Prov. 23:29-32.)

As surely as the God of the Bible lives, the general disregard of these words and our national partnership with the liquor business will some day bring upon us the curse in Mal. 4:6.

THE WANDERING JEW.

MARCH TO SAFETY.

A mounted policeman in Chicago last Sunday noticed smoke coming from the basement window of the Lorimer Memorial Baptist church and on investigation found the whole basement was on fire, while the Sunday School was in session above. He ran up stairs and asked the teachers to play something to which the children could march, and the whole school marched out singing "Onward Christian Soldiers." By the time they all reached safety Mrs. Elmer Anderson, organist, and Miss Martha Marquardt, teacher, had to fly for their lives leaving their coats and furs.

Keeping the Body in Repair

Nature intended that the body should do its own repairing—and it would do so were it not for the fact that most of us live other than a natural life.

Nature didn't intend that we should wear corsets, tight collars or shoes, nor live in badly ventilated and draughty houses, nor eat and drink some of the things that we do, nor ride in street cars when we should walk.

The consequence is that the body when it gets out of order must look for outside help to make the necessary repairs.

For weak stomachs and the indigestion or dyspepsia resulting, and the multitude of diseases following therefrom, no medicine can be more adaptable as a curative agent than Dr. Pierce's GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

This famous Doctor's prescription has been recommended for over 40 years, and is today a most reliable remedy. Restores a healthy digestion. Cleanses the blood. Strengthens the nerves. Regulates stomach and liver. Demand the original.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Sold in Liquid or Tablet form by Dealers in Medicines

Send 21 one-cent stamps for copy of 1008-page Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1908 pages, paper covers.

Holiday Goods

We have dolls from 5c to $2.00. Go-Carts at 10c, 25c, 50c, 85c and $1.00. Toys and Games at suitable prices. Handkerchiefs for boys and girls, also a full line for men and ladies.

You should see our Neck-ties, Hose and Suspenders in Christmas boxes.

Our Christmas Candy always sells; our low prices make everything move.

We have a fine lot of new Sweaters, Shoes, Gloves, Mittens and Wall Paper.

Country Produce always taken.

C. A. RANKIN & SON,

BOTH PHONES CLARION PA

Ten Weeks for Ten Cents.

Send 10c to-day for ten regular issues of The Gospel Trumpet, a non-sectarian paper. 16 pages each week filled with instructive articles on full salvation, divine healing and the home life. Any Bible question that interests you answered through the "Questions Answered" Department. The Gospel Trumpet Dept. K. I. Anderson, Ind.

GEARY & HINDMAN, Atty's.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Whereas, letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Jones, late of Monroe Township Clarion County Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims or demands will present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

I. L. JONES, Admr.
Clarion Pa.

Lewis Collner. Attorney.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Wm. F. Knight, late of Ashland township, Clarion county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims or demands will present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

ELMER E KNIGHT.
S. S. KNIGHT.
Executors

W. J. Geary, Attorney.

Where Collars and Clocks Come From.
New York state makes more hickory gum than all of every hundred collars and parts of hundred clocks used. Connecticut turns in this country. Connecticut makes about sixty-five out of every

ORPHANS COURT SALE of REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that Sarah A. Bingaman, executrix of the estate of John M. Bingaman, deceased, will in pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Clarion County, Pennsylvania, at No..... December Term, 1912, offer and expose to public sale on the premises in Monroe Township, Clarion county, on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1913
at 2 o'clock p. m.,

the following described tracts or parcels of land, together with the buildings erected thereon, to wit:

1. All that certain tract of land situate in Monroe Township, Clarion county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Bounded on the north by the Silco and Clarion public road and land of John and William Fetzer, on the East by public road, on the south by land of Mrs. N. E. Courson and land formerly belonging to William Clough and on the West by land of William A. Lerch, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less.

2. All that certain part of land situate in Monroe Township, Clarion County State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Bounded on the North by lands of Frank Smith and Rhoda Kuhn, on the East by the Clarion and New Bethlehem public road, on the South by land of Mrs. J. C. Courson and on the West by the public road, leading from the Keever house to the Brown School House, containing one hundred acres be the same more or less.

SUBJECT to all rights of lessees in certain oil and gas leases now in said premises.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Terms of Sale:—Ten per cent. of purchase money at the time of sale and the balance of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

Corbett & Rugh. Sarah A. Bingaman.
Attorneys. Executrix of estate of John M. Bingaman, dec'd.

PUT TO MONEY TEST

By CAROLINE KRAUSE.

Young Stacey walked into the parlor after the manner of one who had frequently been there before, deposited his box of candy on the table, snapped his fingers at the pet dog, smiled beamingly on Miss Becker and sat down.

"Eugenia," he said, "if I had one million dollars would you marry me?"

The young woman looked startled, but recovered herself. "You haven't it," she said, as though that settled the case.

"Stranger things have happened," declared young Stacey. "Other men have had unknown uncles die in Australia or Alaska and leave them vast wealth. Why am I different from other men? Why should you deny me an unknown uncle?"

"Jimmy Stacey!" exclaimed the young woman, doubtfully. "Have you really—did you—have you honestly got an unknown uncle—"

"I don't see why I shouldn't have," said young Stacey in an injured tone. "I don't see why you shouldn't think it would be so remarkable. It doesn't take any particular amount of brains to have relatives. That isn't what I'm interested in, though. What I want to know is whether you'd marry me if I had a fortune left me."

"The idea!"

"Well, would you? The last time you declined my heart and hand it was on the score that we couldn't live on my salary. If I had a million now—"

"Of course," said Miss Becker, "it would make a difference."

"Eugenia!" young Stacey cried. "That you should be mercenary and—what is worse—openly glory in it! What are girls coming to nowadays? Men used to be loved for themselves alone, but now a fellow has to sign and swear to an agreement to provide so many tailor suits and party dresses and so much pocket money before they will even consent to place him on the waiting list! I thought you were different!"

"I'm not mercenary," insisted the young woman. "I just have common sense. I'm not going to starve to death with any man, and have him hate me because I can't greet him at dinner time with a smile and manicured hands and a dress-up dress! Men are so inconsistent, you know! They have a lurking idea that any woman who is truly feminine should be able to scrub the kitchen floor, cook dinner over a hot stove, answer the bell and the phone and polish the silver all at once, and yet greet her husband at the front door looking as though she was on her way to an extremely fashionable afternoon tea!"

"If you cared about me," said young Stacey, grimly, "you wouldn't feel that way!"

"That's all you know about it!" reclared Miss Becker. "No, you sit right over there where you are! Now, tell me, honestly—have you inherited a million?"

"Would you marry me if I had?"

"I might as well be honest," sighed Miss Becker. "I would. Only I wouldn't, because you'd say that I was mercenary."

"You would be, too," insisted young Stacey, in an injured tone. "But I'd take you!"

"Men certainly are foolish," mused the young woman. "I do l-l-like you, Jimmy. I'm sorry that you unknown uncle hasn't died."

"How unfeeling!" commented young Stacey. "I've no doubt he enjoyed life just as much as we do. Eugenia, I'm awfully unhappy because you won't say yes. I don't blame you for turning me down on that salary. I knew I'd no business to ask you, but I couldn't help it. I don't want you to marry me because I have a million, but because you love me."

"But you haven't got a million!" cried Miss Becker in an exasperated tone, the more intense because she was on the verge of tears. "It isn't fair to—"

"Eugenia," said young Stacey, coming close to her, "I admit that I haven't a million. My unknown uncles are wretchedly healthy—they never die. When they do the town authorities usually trace me and send me the bill for funeral expenses. But I've had a jump in salary at the office. I'm head of the department now. Do you think we'd starve on twenty a week?"

"Jimmy," said Miss Becker from his coat collar, "somehow I don't care a bit that it isn't a million! I'm so foolishly happy!"

Herculaneum and Pompeii.

The twin cities of mournful destiny were both engulfed at the same time—August, 79 A. D. The reason why Herculaneum has not been excavated to the same extent as Pompeii is owing to the fact that it was covered with a much harder material than was Pompeii; the dust predominating in Pompeii, while the lava prevailed over Herculaneum. There is not much doubt about the eventual opening up of both cities. Human curiosity, together with the demands of history and science, will not rest until Herculaneum has been made to tell its secrets. It is unlikely, however, that there will be much new knowledge gained from its excavation, but little more than has already come to us from Pompeii.

Not Wholly Satisfactory.

"Hasn't anybody been able to invent a smoke consumer that will work?" asked Slathers, as the train passed through Pittsburg.

"Not that I know of," said Bilkins. "I've got a boy who eats cigarettes, but I haven't been able to make him work yet."—Harper's Weekly.

Rabbits Cause Immense Loss.

Observant and experienced men compute that eight or ten rabbits eat or destroy as much grass as one sheep. As there as so many millions of rabbits in Australia, the loss in the carrying capacity of the country is appalling. The pest in New South Wales is spreading, notwithstanding all that is being done in the shape of trapping, poisoning, fumigating, and digging out.

Pretty Girls and Plain Men.

When a pretty woman marries a plain man it is not because she pities him. A woman loves a man because of his strength. His determination appeals to her, and wins her in the end though she may not have been attracted to him in the beginning. Firmness compels a woman's admiration and respect, and that is the first stepping stone to love.

Child-Training.

It is not fair to a small child for the parents or nurse to be careless about the little things that develop thoughtfulness, self-reliance and self-control in a child. Self-control is a characteristic absolutely essential to manhood or womanhood, and it is not learned in a day. It is the result of patient teaching and training through all the long years of babyhood and childhood.

Thought His Duty Ended.

The Duc de Raguse once explained to the Countess de Boigne the nature of his connection with the emperor as follows: "When the emperor said, 'All for France,' I served with enthusiasm; when he said, 'France and I,' I served with obedience; but when he said, 'I' without France, I felt the necessity of separating from him."

Didn't Appreciate Whitman.

Shortly after Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" made its appearance, J. T. Trowbridge was walking with Lowell in Cambridge, when the latter pointed out a door-way sign, "Groceries," with the letters set zigzag, to produce a bizarre effect. "That," said he, "is Walt Whitman—with very common goods inside."

Yield of a Grain of Wheat.

Very few people have an idea of the bounty of nature. A scientist of Cambridge, Eng., recently made an instructive experiment which showed that a single grain of wheat sown in June, produced 47 pounds 7 ounces. One acre of fairly good land will produce 30 bushels of wheat or 1,260 pounds of flour.

Nicaraguan "Capote."

Instead of raincoats, the Nicaraguan wears a "capote," which is a piece of impervious material almost square, with a hole in the center large enough for the wearer to put his head through. It is made by pouring rubber over unbleached muslin.

Always There.

A New York theatrical man is advertising for the most beautiful woman in the world, as if every musical show press agent didn't claim that she was in the front row of the chorus.—Detroit Free Pres.

Motor Car Jumps Three Feet.

A motor car with six occupants dashed up to a drawbridge at Haddiscoe, Norfolk, just as it was being closed, and safely leaped across a space of three feet between the two leaves.—London Mail.

Proof to the Contrary.

"I understand that a number of women have learned to smoke cigars," said the frivolous observer. "I don't believe it," replied Mr. Meekton. "The kind of cigars women buy nobody could smoke."

To Remove Varnish.

Three tablespoonfuls of baking soda in a quart of water, applied with a rough cloth, will remove the old varnish very easily when you wish to revarnish furniture.—Woman's Home Companion.

Whale Cast on Coast.

A whale, weighing five tons, was buried recently on the Berkwickshire (Scotland) coast. The monster had evidently been run down by a steamer, and was cast up by the tide.

Book Annoyed Him.

"Oh, please do away with that book!" was the remark of a man to the bench, when the conviction book was produced to show that it was his fifty-sixth appearance in court.

Off the Wire.

Operator—"Number, please?" Subscriber—"I was talking mit my husband und now I don't hear him any more. You must of pushed him off de vire."—Milwaukee News.

Shallow of Intellect.

Some men are very interesting for a first interview, but after that they are exhausted and run out.—Charles Caleb Colton.

Preserving Carpenters' Tools.

To keep tools from rusting, place a sponge moistened with coal oil in the tool chest.

Man of No Force.

He makes no friend who never made a foe.—Tennyson.

PROPER SET OF UNDERLINEN

Complete Assortment of Garments Needed for Girl of From 8 to 10 Years of Age.

This is a simple little set, suitable for nainsook or longcloth. The knickers have the fulness at knees drawn up and set to bands of insertion edged with lace frills.

Materials required: 1 yard 36 inches wide, ¾ yard insertion, 1½ yards lace.

The chemise is cut with a square yoke outlined with insertion, which

is edged with narrow lace edging; this also trims the armholes; narrow tucks are made each side of the box-pleat.

Materials required: 1½ yards 36 inches wide, ¾ yard insertion, 2 yards lace edging.

The Magyar nightdress also has a square yoke outlined with insertion, it is tucked in groups across the front; insertion edges the sleeves.

Materials required: 5 yards 36 inches wide, 1¾ yards insertion.

LIKE THE MADONNA FICHU

More Than One Reason for the Popularity of This Peculiarly Named Garment.

Why the Madonna fichu is so-called, nobody seems to know, but at any rate it makes a satisfactory covering for the blouse of ugly cut or evil fit, since it conceals most of the back and fronts and a goodly portion of the sleeve-tops. The Madonna fichu actually is a shoulder cape with a deeply rounded back reaching to the belt, and so broad is it at the shoulders that its lower edge terminates half way between the top and the elbow of the sleeves. The front tabs, instead of tapering, continue broad for their entire length and have square ends which come flatly against the figure and are fastened to some part of the frock by invisible hooks and eyes. The Madonna fichu is made in a variety of ways. A model, which is greatly liked in soft silk or fine linen, is in two layers, one a trifle deeper than the other, and has a wide turned-over collar in Van Dykes edged with heavy embroidery. This fichu crosses close to the belt, and running over it at its front center fastens against the side seams of the skirt far down on the hips, thus forming an effect not unlike the fronts of a cutaway jacket. Another attractive Madonna fichu is of black chiffon velvet. Its only trimming is a narrow band of white or black mallines going about the neck and as far as the bust, where the wide tabs cross. From there they run toward the sides of the bodice, and are hooked against its under arm seams.

Fashion's Fancies

Classic draperies are the rule in evening gowns.

No combination is loveller than satin and tulle.

Picot edged ribbons are in great demand by milliners.

Pompons in soft silk, which give a brush-like effect, and pompons of fur tails make a very effective trimming on the newest hats.

Old gold is the newest tone of the autumn, and it is vastly becoming. It is, of course, merely a "touch" tone and not used for entire garments.

One of the most original hats launched this season is the ostrich boa hat. A green ostrich boa is attached on the left upper brim of a smart, medium size, rather flat plush model. The boa is drawn down over the left shoulder around the neck and then thrown back over the left shoulder.

Care of Pins.

A good idea after buying a paper of new pins is to cut one line off at a time and not to dive into the whole paper at once. A sewing basket should have its pincushion well supplied with pins, and when sewing a box should be near at hand into which all the pins can be tossed in a hurry.

A pin tray or small pincushion should be on every girl's or woman's bureau, and the pins should be put into these at night when, perhaps, a pin or two will have to be taken out of the stock collar belt. The pins used in pinning on a veil should always be put back in the velling after it has been carefully folded up and before placing in the hat box or bureau drawer.

"BIG LOAF FLOUR"

Is for sale by the following merchants in Clarion and vicinity.

Bert W. Thompson,	Clarion
W. A. Brinkley,	Clarion
C. A. Rankin & Son	Clarion
John W. Knapp,	Clarion
Joseph A. Herman,	Clarion
Mrs. E. E. Capron,	Clarion
J. W. Barnes,	Clarion
Ed. L. Fox,	Clarion
J. L. Shumaker,	Clarion
Mrs. E. M. Page,	Clarion
Culmer & Cook,	Clarion
J. M. & C. M. Buzard	Strattanville
J. F. C. Weiser	Strattanville
C. E. Walters	Strattanville
J. M. McMillen	Strattanville
J. J. S. Moore	Corsica
H. F. Guthrie	Summerville
Slicker Bros.	Summerville
E E. Truitt	Summerville
Flick & Hartle	Reidsburg
J. F. McLain	Miola
Samuel Mahle	Miola
G. J. Howe	Waterson
Grant Terwilliger	Fisher
T. R. Slaugenhaupt	Sligo
C. F. Craig	Sligo
J. B. Miller & Son	Sligo
Rimersburg Supply Co.	Rimersburg
F. Grubele	Rimersburg
Arner & Cook	Rimersburg
L. A. Randolph	Rimersburg
J. T. Lobaugh	Rimersburg
F. C. Shearer	Rimersburg
A. S. Thompson	Rimersburg
E. D. Mays	Callensburg
Curllsville Milling Co.	Curllsville
G. C. Goss,	Curllsville
John W. Doverspike	New Bethlehem
Fairmount Store Co.	New Bethlehem
C. E. Andrews Sons	New Bethlehem
Chas A Swartzfager	N. Bethlehem
J. C. Miller	New Bethlehem
J. D. Bailey	New Bethlehem
W. M. Moore	New Bethlehem
A. L. Tronzo	New Bethlehem
H. M. Walters & Son	N Bethlehem
J. C Hetrick	New Bethlehem
Conrad F. Fabra	New Bethlehem
Geo. M. Lawson	Lawsonham
T. T. Meredith	Widnoon
Widnoon Supply Co.	Widnoon
J A. Doverspike	Fairmount City
Fairmount Store Co.,	Fairmount City
Oak Ridge Store Co.	Oak Ridge
B. H. Putney	Putneyville
L. G. Schreckengost	Putneyville
Aaron Brocious	McWilliams
W. W. McEntire	Oakland
Geo. B. Doverspike	Oakland
A. M. Willison	Kellersburg
H. H. Shoemaker	Deanville
J. W. Whited	Hawthorn
S. J. Heffner	Hawthorn
W. O. B. Kaster	Hawthorn
J. B. Welsh	New Mayville
M. J. Hunter	New Athens
Mrs. S. A. Hanlon	Redbank
J. Rush	Templeton
Wolfgang Bros.	Heathville
Anderson Smith	Heathville
W. H. Baughman,	North Freedom
Chas. Stewart	Ringgold
E. A. Holden & Son,	Ringgold
A. H. Reitz	Ohl
J. B. Gilligan	Stanton
Small & Brune-	Knoxdale
Gayley & White	Richardsville
Geo. M. Gayley	Howe
Harry Truman	Sligo
J. M. Houpt	Brookville
W. P. Black	Brookville
Benj. G. Case	Brookville
Wm. F. Wanner	Brookville
Wm. Shields	Brookville
Uriah Bender	Brookville
H. H. Hughes	Brookville
J. H. Hughes	Brookville
Plyler Bros.	Brookville
B. M. Moore	Brookville
J. M. Canning	Brookville
L. A. Leathers Co.	Brookville

The housewife no longer asks "Are you a good cook?" She asks instead, "Do you use Big Loaf Flour?"

GEO. H. LUM, DuBois, Pa., Manufacturers Agent for Pennsylvania

75 Years on Wood Street

WE BUY RAW FURS

Highest Cash Prices Paid

Paulson Brothers Co.
515 WOOD STREET
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARE YOU ONE OF THEM TO FOLLOW IN COURSE OF THE GREAT CURSE

Over 450,000 Gallons of Whiskey and 9,920,000 Gallons of Beer Drank in 1912.

MOST CRIMINALS DRINK

Four Times Amount is Spent for Grog as is Used to Run Government.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.

The United States consumed during the third quarter of 1912, 450,000 gallons of whiskey and 9,920,000 gallons of beer more than during the same quarter of 1911. At this rate, how long would it take this nation to become a model of civilization for the heathen to copy, especially as a large part of the revenue of our government is obtained from its partnership with the liquor business?

Statistics show that 72 per cent. of all criminals were made so by strong drink. It would take ten men with scoop shovels to throw away money as fast as the people of the United States are wasting it for grog; the amount thus spent is nearly four times the amount required to run the government. We are not alone in our development of habits the heathen would do well not to learn. In some portions of Germany all the children who attend school drink beer regularly, and boys of nine years of age are sometimes sent home because they are too drunk to study.

A writer has made the following indictment against the saloon: "The Devil is for it, God is against it; vice is for it, virture is against it; the brothel is for it, the home is against it; the anarchist is for it, the statesman is against it; poverty is for it, plenty is against it; disease is for it, health is against it; death is for it, life is against it."

The Scriptures say, "Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging." (Prov. 20:1). "Who hath woe, who hath sorrow, who hath contentions, who hath babbling, who hath wounds without cause, who hath redness of eyes? They that tarry long at the wine. * * * Look not upon the wine when it is red * * * when it moveth itself aright. At the last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." (Prov. 23:29-32).

As surely as the God of the Bible lives, the general disregard of these words and our national partnership with the liquor business will someday bring upon us the curse foretold in Mat. 4:6.—The Wandering Jew

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Relieve Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and are a pleasant remedy for Worms. Used by Mothers for 22 years. They never fail. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. Adv't. 12,27,4t.

Heikes-Bream.

Idaville, Jan. 2.—At the home of the bride in Huntington township, near Idaville, Rev. S. E. Smith married on Sunday evening, of last week, Elmer H. Heikes and Miss Elsie C. Bream, both of near here. Only the immediate families were present.

SECRETS OF THE UNDERWORLD

Witness in Becker Case Writes Series of Articles on New York's Criminals.

For the first time het country is going to have clear view of the "seamy side" of New York life—the vast ramifications of graft and crime of which a glimpse was seen in the trials of Police Lieutenant Becker and the four gunmen who killed Rosenthal.

These revelations will be made in a series of articles, entitled "My Life in the Underworld," which will appear in the Philadelphia North American on successive Sundays, beginning Sunday, Dec. 29.

The author is Jack Rose—"Bald Jack" Rose, the gambler, who for twenty years has been familiar with every noted inhabitant of the strange world of which he writes. It was his astounding testimony that sent Becker and the assassins to the death house at Sing Sing.

Rose will take the lid off the underworld of New York, and revel the astonishing life led by its denizens, the thousands who live by crime or by their wits. adv't. 1t.

His Fool Pursuit.

"Are you following the races?"

"Yes, and if I ever catch up to them I'll quit."

CONFIRMED PROOF

The Residents of Littlestown Cannot Doubt What Has Twice Been Proved.

In gratitude for relief from aches and pains of bad backs—from distressing kidney ills—thousands have publicly recommended Doan's Kidney Pills. Residents of Littlestown, who so testified years ago, now say the results were permanent. This testimony doubly proves the worth of Doan's Kidney Pills to Littlestown Kidney sufferers.

Mrs. Emma Randall, Lumber St., Littlestown, says: "I am glad to confirm the testimonial I gave some years ago recommending Doan's Kidney Pills. One of my relatives suffered from kidney complaint. She complained a great deal from pain in her back. She was nervous and had chills and attacks of dizziness. Doan's Kidney Pills made a cure and during the past three years there has been no return of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.—Advertisement.

Carroll Orphans' Court.

Westminster, Jan. 2.—Flora M. Marquart, administratrix of Charles A. Marquart, deceased, settled her first and final account.

Charles E. Bachman, administrator of George F. Bachman, deceased, settled his first and final account.

Franklin H. Bechtel, administrator of Alice R. Slifer, deceased, reported sale of bank stock and settled his first and final account.

John H. Cunningham, executor of William A. Cunningham, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and money and received order to sell bank stock.

George B. Belker, acting executor of John Belker, deceased, reported sale of personal property and returned additional inventory of debts, and settled his first and final account.

Maria Brilhart, executrix of Geo. O. Eri hart, deceased returned inventories of personal property and debts.

The last will and testament of David Crowl, late of Carroll county, deceased, was admitted to probate.

N. H. Baumgartner, executor of Elizabeth Lynch, deceased, reported sale of personal property.

Letters of guardianship were granted to The Westminster Deposit and Trust Company, guardians of Marie C. and Ruth V. Stoner, infant children of Harry D. Stoner, deceased.

Edward P. Brundige, administrator of John Edward Brundige, deceased, settled his first and final account.

Emma J. Shildt and Laura A. Rinehman, executrices of Tobias Hawn, deceased, returned inventory of current money and settled their first account.

John E. Study, acting executor of Rebecca Study, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and debts.

Sarah E. Heltbridle and George F. Heltbridle, administrators of Aaron F. Heltbridle, deceased, reported sale of personal property and settled their first and final account.

Father Harsh.

The famous baritone had been giving his concert and the critic from the country was asked for his opinion.

"How was the timbre of his voice?"

"Well," said the critic, "it seemed to me to be full of knotholes."—Harper's.

In the Treatment of COLDS COUGHS SORE THROAT BRONCHITIS TONSILITIS LARYNGITIS

Scott's Emulsion is nature's nourishing, curative food; prompt, sure and permanent.

Rely on SCOTT'S and insist on SCOTT'S.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Manufacturing Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York. 12-27

Advertisement.

EASY AND SURE WAY TO CURE COLDS

Don't Neglect a Cold, Ely's Cream Balm Will Stop It in the Sneezing Stage.

A cold generally attacks the weakest part, affecting the eyes and ears in some and producing nasal catarrh and throat troubles in others. A cold is due to an inflammation of the membrane lining the air passages, and may be promptly cured with a little Ely's Cream Balm, which immediately relieves the inflammation and all the distressing symptoms, such as sneezing, coughing, running at the nose and eyes, hoarseness, sore throat, fever and headache. One reason why this pure, antiseptic Balm acts so quickly is because it is applied directly to the tender, sore surfaces.

Even in severe, chronic cases of catarrh, Ely's Cream Balm never fails to quickly and effectually check the purulent discharge which clogs the head and throat, causing the disgusting hawking, spitting and blowing of the nose. This remedy not only drives out the disease, but heals and strengthens the weakened membranes, thus ending catarrh.

Catarrh is a filthy, disgusting disease. Don't put up with it another day. Get a 50 cent bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and see how quickly you will be relieved. It is perfectly harmless.

Advertisement

TWO CARLOADS OF FINE MULE & HORSE COLTS

AT HANOVER, PA. EVERY FRIDAY

The undersigned will receive at his sale and exchange stables in Hanover on Friday of each week, two car loads of Fine Horse and Mule Colts, consisting of Sucklings and Yearlings. Broke Horses and Mules on hand at all times

H. A. SMITH.

WAVERLY

A Thin, Pale Oil

It feeds freely; free from carbon.

Waverly Special Auto Oil

Ideal for either air-cooled or water-cooled autos.

FREE—120 page book—all about oil. WAVERLY OIL WORKS CO. Pittsburgh, Pa. GASOLINES LAMP OILS

NOTICE OF PAYMENT OF LITTLESTOWN WATER BONDS

THE redemtpion of Ten of the Littlestown Water Bonds will be made on

Thursday, January 2nd, 1913.

At the drawing, which was made by placing 140 numbers in a hat and having T. O. Gouker to withdraw ten of them, the following numbers were the ones drawn which will be paid off: Nos. 52, 140, 96, 12, 62, 78, 72, 38, 70 and 137.

Parties holding these numbers should present them on the above date, to HOMER ROBINSON, Water Treasurer, at the Littlestown National Bank, for payment.

By Order of

THE COUNCIL.

Chas. H. Mayers, Sec'y. 12,20,3t

South Bend

The Master Time Piece

GEO. Z. GITT, Jeweler and Optician.

Fine Watch and Clock Repairing a Specialty. All Work Guaranteed.

Balto. St., LITTLESTOWN, PA.

1.11.tf.

ATTENTION! CHURCH SOCIETIES.

It may interest church, and other societies, to know that much money can be made by saving old papers, magazines, etc. If members will send what they may have to the society's rooms, or some other designated place, so that a fair size quantity may accumulate at one point, one shipment may be made to the SCHMIDT & AULT PAPER CO., YORK, PA., who will pay the highest cash price for same. Write or telephone for particulars. [Adv. 11,15,12t.]

PUBLIC SALE.

T. E. Warner, intending to quit farming, will have public sale March 15th, 1913, at his residence on the Hanover road, ½ mile south of New Oxford, all his live stock, poultry and poultry supplies, farming implements, etc. 12,6,tf. Adv't

DR. H. A. Underwood

YORK SPRINGS, PA.

Makes a specialty of the treatment of all chronic diseases.

Cancer, Consumption and Asthma cured or no pay. Fits (epilepsy) cured. Also all growths removed without pain.

11,29,26t

—ELECTION.—

An election for ten directors of THE LITTLESTOWN NATIONAL BANK, for the ensuing year, and to amend articles of association, will be held at the banking house of said bank on the second Tuesday of January, 1913, being the 14th day, between 1 and 2 o'clock, P. M.

W. R. ROBINSON, Cashier.

Suffering Men and Women!

READ! Are you afflicted with some Private or Chronic Ailment? Some condition that limits your strength & making you less than any Kidney, Blood, Bladder, Nerve or Skin Diseases, suffering from the effects of Youthful Errors, Abuses of the past? Consult FREE the long experienced, reliable, skilful Dr. Kistler, 668 No. 11th St. Philadelphia, Pa. America's foremost advertising specialist, a graduate of Jefferson Medical College & long years of practical, hospital, post graduate experience in Philadelphia's best hospitals for diseases of men & women. Cures after others fail. Send for Free Book; tells all; mailed under private cover. Successful mail treatment. Offices near railroad stations. Parents out of town can bring or send boys. 9 a. m. to 3 p. m., 6 to 9 p. m. Sundays 8 to 1 p. m. Call or write, delays are dangerous

Court Proclamation

To the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables in the several Boroughs and Townships in the County of Adams.—GREETING:

KNOW Ye that in pursuance of a precept to me directed under the hand and seal of the Hon. S. McC. Swope, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the 51st Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Adams and Fulton, and, by virtue of his office, of the Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offenders therein, and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Wm. Howard Dicks and Leo Sneeringer, Esqs., the Associate Judges of said county of Adams: You and each of you are required to be and appear in your own proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations and other Remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid at Gettysburg at a Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden in the county of Adams aforesaid, on the 4th Monday of January next, being the 27th day, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, then and there to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

L.S. Given under my hand at Gettysburg, on the 23rd day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

G. R. THOMPSON Sheriff.

ANNUAL STATEMENT —OF— Mt. Joy Township Supervisors For the Year Ending Dec. 2nd, 1912.

IN Account with C. S. Young, Collector, and W. J. Sachs, Treasurer of the Road account for the year ending Dec. 2nd, 1912.

C. S. Young Collector.

DR.

Amt. of tax duplicate for 1912..$1319	80
Outstanding tax 1911	88 35
Total	$1408 15
Paid to Treasurer $1278 56	
Abatement 42 92	
Exonerations, 1912 ... ... 17 74	
Outstanding 43 32	
Fees, 1912 ... ... 25 61	
	$1408 15

W. J. Sachs, Treasurer

DR.

Rec'd of collector, tax 1912	$1278 56
Balance at last statement ...	48 07
State appropriation for 1911 ...	72 27
Other sources	3 75
Total	$1813 65

CR.

By vouchers paid out as follows:

G. D. Little, stone	$ 9 00
Charles Wintrode, work	2 00
Milton E. Snyder, filing statement of 1911	4 25
Henry Kelly, shoveling snow ...	88
A. Kerr, shoveling snow	1 76
C. W. King, work	1 12
Charles Rudisill, lumber	8 20
Coal Hands Co., repairs	8 50
Samuel Wherley, freight	35
Harry Brechbiel, shoveling snow...	1 76
Calvin Snyder, shoveling snow ...	19
J. W. Topper, work	1 76
G. W. Topper, shoveling snow ...	88
Wm. Myers, work	62
J. F. Myers, shoveling snow ...	1 76
Frank Miller, work	87
Samuel Crouse, work	1 76
Cunningham Keck, stone	1 00
Cunningham Keck, work	1 00
Clayton Har st, stone	1 00
Adams County Independent, publication 1911 statement	15 18
Alex. Wherley, shoveling snow ...	1 76
Alex. Wherley, pulling scraper ...	1 25
Alex. Wherley, work	1 25
Charles Wintrode, horse hire ...	5 50
Noah Spangler, stone	2 00
J. L. Hann, stone	75
Howard Shriver, pulling scraper...	1 00
Howard Shriver, work	1 00
J. L. Hann, stone	50
Daniel Trostle, stone	3 00
Daniel Trostle, shoveling snow ...	21
G. W. Topper, work	1 87
Jacob Cassadle, work	62
Henry Palmer, stone	4 75
Clayton Harget, stone	6 00
Jesse Lemon, pulling scraper ...	10 00
Mrs. T. Harner, stone	2 25
Geo. E. Rilkey Co., culverts ...	167 80
C. W. Bucher, 1912 dunlicate ...	3 00
Star & Sentinel, printing and stationery	6 25
Charles Fogle, sending cards ...	4 00
Chas. A. Harner, work	1 00
Chas. E. Harner, stone	1 00
Chas. E. Harner, work	4 00
Claude Snyder, work	1 00
Chas. Snyder, work	1 25
Ivan Sentz, work	1 25
James Ritter, work	2 00
John Funt, work	6 00
Clarence Wolff, shoveling snow ...	1 76
Clarence Wolff, stone	1 25
Clarence Wolff, work	1 25
Milton Snyder, work	7 00
Chas. M. Little, pulling scraper ...	10 00
Alex. Wherley, work	1 50
J. J. Eppley, work	1 87
G. W. Topper, work	1 25
Wilson Bair, stone	1 00
Wilson Bair, work	1 00
Wilson Bair, stone	25
Dallas Shriver, shoveling snow ...	1 76
Dallas Shriver, stone	3 00
Luther Fox, shoveling snow	1 76
Claude Rider, stone	2 00
Charles C. Little, work	1 25
Samuel Fox, work	79 31
L. U. Collins, pulling scraper ...	10 00
" Frame, h. work	1 00
Bascbaor & Mehrlnt, iron	1 31
Daniel Trostle, work	1 00
Chas. Harner, stone	1 00
Daniel Reaver, work	1 25
Dennis Plsel, pulling scraper	1 76
Dennis Plsel, work	62
Dennis Plsel, cutting ice	87
Joseph Plunkert, pulling scraper...	3 00
Joseph Plunkert, work	1 78
Jesse Plunkert, stone	2 00
Joseph Plunkert, shoveling snow ...	2 50
Yolandis Wintrode, shoveling snow.	62
Dennis Bucher, work	1 12
Thomas Bucher, stone	1 50
Charles Martz, work	1 25
Ed. Forney, pulling scraper	10 00
Oliver Sentz, stone	1 25
Oliver Sentz, work	1 50
Oliver Sentz, horse hire	1 00
C. Keck, work	3 88
Wilson Bankard, work	1 25
Addison Stair, work	1 00
F. P. Bricker, coal	1 50
W. C. Arentz, work	1 50
Martin Rudisill, work	1 25
Jacob Myers, work	1 25
John Funt, work	4 50
Thomas Sentz, stone	1 00
S. F. Hilbabrand, mason work	7 00
J. L. Hann, work	1 25
A. S. Sentz, work	1 88
William Arentz, work	1 50
Allen Lesel, work	1 50
Elmer Apnler, work	2 50
Clayton King, work	2 50
Edward Eenner, stone	1 00
Edward Beaver, work	1 25
M. E. Snyder, work	1 50
Yolandis Wintrode, work	1 25
David Swangler, work	1 25
David Swangler, stone	50
Amos Studler, stone	1 00
W. F. Starr, coal	3 75
Amos Snyder, work	1 25
Henry Palmer, lumber	1 56
Frank Waybright, stone	1 00
Frank Waybright, lumber	24 00
Frank Waybright, work	87
Emory Cachs, stone	3 00
Chas. Shanebrook, pulling scraper ...	10 00
Chas. Shanebrook, shoveling snow...	1 76
Chas. E. Harner, work	4 00
J. L. Hann, work	1 00
Charles Rudisill, lumber	102 10
Frank Miller, work	1 25
Elmer Rineman, work	1 31
C. Keck, work	3 75
G. Keck, team	50
G. E. Snyder, stone	2 00
G. E. Snyder, work	2 00
Baschoar & Mehring, hardware	5 71
L. S. Lane, lumber	4 00
G. D. Little, work	1 00
John W. Benner, work	6 87
John W. Benner, stone	2 00
Plus Harner, shoveling snow	1 76
Clayton Hornbaugh, stone	1 00
Clayton Hornbaugh, shoveling snow ...	42
Chas. W. King, work	1 25
E. L. Straley, stone	2 50
E. L. Straley, work	1 25
Noah Sentz, work	56
Harvet Cromer, work	3 75
Arthur Sentz, work	1 25
Rev. A. S. Hartman, stone	3 50
Rev. A. S. Hartman, work	1 75
Silas Horner, work	3 75
U. F. Rohrbaugh, work	1 25
William Bankard, stone	1 00
William Bankard, work	1 94
Henry Bamert, lumber	2 00
Charles Shanebrook, stone	1 00
Dennis Bucher, work	1 12
Simson Shriver, work	1 25
Howard Martin, stone	1 00
Howard Conover, stone	1 75
Howard Conover, work	3 43
Bernie Bowers, stone	1 00
Bernie Bowers, work	40
Plus Gouker, work	1 12
Henry Kelly, stone	1 00
Frank Miller, work	1 00
Ira Schwartz, stone	3 00
Harry Bankard, stone	50
Earl Stair, work	62
Noah Spangler, work	2 40
Gitt & Buddy, work	3 15
James Straley, work	1 25
Howard Martin, work	10 00
Webster Snyder, work	1 44
Clay Spangler, work	1 00
Samuel Young, work	1 00
D. F. Reaver, work	3 50
Cleave Stambaugh, stone	9 75
Samuel Bercaw, work	75
Chester Shoemaker, work	1 00
Joel Schwartz, work	75
Joel Schwartz, stone	2 25
Augustus Dehoff, work	6 50
Joseph Brownfelder, stone	1 75
John Spangler, work	2 25
William Keefauver, stone	1 00
William Keefauver, work	2 18
J. Carna Smith, work	11 64
Plus Gouker, shoveling snow	1 76
F. J. Hartlaub, work	3 00
F. J. Hartlaub, stone	1 50
Thomas Sheely, lumber	40
Allen Breighner, work	60
S. E. Hildebrand, mason work	5 10
Thomas Newman, hardware	3 02
Jacob Bair, stone	75
Jacob Bair, work	20
William Miller, work	1 25
Enoch Yealy, stone	2 50
Enoch Yealy, work	62
Dennis Newman, work	87
Emory Frock, shoveling snow	56
Emory Frock, work	1 25
Henry Wherley, work	2 00
Jacob Bowd, work	1 25
Chas. Wherley, work	1 25
Ervin Black, stone	50
Ervin Black, work	75
Harry Poulk, work	1 25
John Kuhn, stone	2 00
John Kuhn, work	1 25
Allen Swartz, stone	1 00
Newton Wherley, work	1 25
Emory Frock, work	75
T. W. Brown, work	3 12
John Slifer, coal	18 62
"Independent" rebate notice	1 25
John D. Myers, cement	4 50
Clayton Harget, rebate	1 20
Jesse Millimes, rebate	3 38
Henry Buddy, rebate	1 47
Edward Gitt, rebate	3 37
William Sentz, rebate	1 95
William Beitler, rebate	2 86
Emory Sachs, rebate	1 19
W. H. J. Ridinger rebate	2 76
J. L. Hann, rebate	1 77
J. L. Hann, rebate	1 57
Henry Palmer, rebate	1 45
Chas. Shanebrook, rebate	1 61
George Conover, rebate	2 20
Adnison Newman, rebate	2 23
John Miller, rebate	62
Bernie Bowers, rebate	1 88
Bernie Lemon, rebate	2 74
R. A. Little, work	8 87
Samuel Wherley, work	2 77
James Stair, work	82 83
C. W. Bucher, salary	50 00
W. J. Sachs, salary	12 24
Attorney fees	200 00
G. W. Bucher, affidavits & postage ...	2 60
Samuel Young, work	2 00
A. Wherley, moving house	1 00
C. W. Bucher, preparing statement, 1911	1 75
S. A. Wherley, storage	1 00
G. D. Little, storage	1 00
Total	$1214 46

Assets

Bal. in the hands of Treasurer..	$569 19
Tax outstanding	43 32
Machinery	200 00

Mt. Joy Township, Dec. 2, 1912.

We, the undersigned, auditors of Mt. Joy Township, being duly elected and sworn according to law, have examined the foregoing account and find it correct, and that there is in the hands of the treasurer $569.19.

G. E. SNYDER
M. E. SNYDER,
C. H. BENNER,
Auditors.

12,20.

ASK ANY HORSE

Eureka Harness Oil

Mica Axle Grease

Sold by dealers everywhere

The Atlantic Refining Company

LIST OF JURORS

GRAND JURORS.

LIST of Grand Jurors drawn December 18th, 1912, for Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams the Fourth Monday of January, 1913.

Barnes, John, merchant, Hamiltonban Twp.

Baker, John J., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.

Bucher D. F., farmer, Franklin Twp.

Bowser, E., farmer Reading Twp.

Forry, Chas. K., farmer, Berwick Twp.

Gulse, David H. farmer, Liberty Twp.

Harverstock John, mason, Tyrone Twp.

Hoffheins, M., pump maker, Hamilton Twp.

Hartzell, Wm., farmer, Cumberland Twp.

Irwin, G. W., gent Highland Twp.

Moose, C. H., painter, Gettysburg Bor.

Marshall, Wm., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.

Mehring, Hon. S. S., gent, Union Twp.

Neely, J. U., merchant, Fairfield Bor.

Ocker, Jos. A., horse dealer, Gettysburg Bor.

Plank, Harvey, laborer, Gettysburg Bor.

Robert, Q. D., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.

Reaser, C. S., manufacturer, Gettysburg Bor.

Sell, J. S., laborer, Hamiltonban Twp.

Smith, Wm. H., farmer, Huntington Twp

Sachs, E. H., farmer, Latimore Twp.

Tate, Michael, concrete, Gettysburg Bor,

Widener, C. J. F., Huntington Twp.

Witt, Elmer, cigarmaker, Conowago Twp.

PETIT JURORS.

LIST of Petit Jurors drawn December 18th 1912, for Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the county of Adams the Fourth Monday of January, 1913.

Albert, Charles, farmer, Berwick Twp.

Brown, Francis T., gent, Littlestown Bor.

Benner, E. H., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.

Bikler Harry, farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.

Culp, R. H., cabinet-maker, Gettysburg Bor.

Decker, J. G., shoemaker, Hamilton Twp.

Dodrer, Harvey, farmer, Germany Twp.

Eisenhart, C. E., farmer, Hamilton Twp.

Eicholtz, J. W., gent, Gettysburg Bor.

Groft, U. D., clearmaker, McSherrystown Bor.

Grim, John, sawyer, Abbottstown Bor.

Haverstock, C. W., farmer, Butler Twp.

Haverstock, H. L., farmer Huntington Twp.

Jacobs, S. C., retired, East Berlin Bor.

Kuhn, Geo A., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp

Keagy, A. G., gent, Littlestown Bor.

Keefer, John, McSherrystown Bor.

Knouse, Frank, mason, Franklin Twp.

Lerew, Harry E., farmer, Straban Twp.

Low, John F., shoemaker, Fairfield Bor,

Livingstone, M., blacksmith, New Oxford Bor.

Nindr, C. F., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.

Oyler, Harry, coal dealer, Gettysburg Bor.

Peppie, Chas. C., laborer, Fairfield Bor.

Smith, P. C., cigarmaker, New Oxford Bor.

Strevig, J. M., merchant, Littlestown Bor.

Spotsnagle, Marvin, laborer, Tyrone Twp.

Snyder, Chas. S., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.

Smith, Jacob F., farmer, Straban Twp.

Snyder, Milton E., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.

Starner, C. S., farmer, Menallen Twp.

Steinour, Emory, laborer, Gettysburg Bor.

Stough, Augustus, farmer, Straban Twp.

Sanders, Samuel, farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.

Tate, C. B., gent, Gettysburg Bor.

Wright, Geo. E., farmer, Menallen Twp.

White, Jas. R., farmer, Liberty Twp.

Weaner, G. E., farmer, Bendersville.

McNEIL COLD TABLETS BREAK UP A COLD 25¢

For Sale by H. A. Stonesifer.

The Littlestown Savings Institution's "Christmas Savings Club"

For 1913 Started December 26th

The Club is Divided Into Three Classes:

CLASS 1—By paying 1 cent the first week, 2 cents the second, 3 cents the third, and so on for fifty weeks, two weeks before X-mas a check will be mailed the depositor for $12.75, with interest at 3 1-2 per cent.

CLASS 2—By paying 2 cents the first week, 4 cents the second, 6 cents the third, and so on for fifty weeks, a check will be mailed for $25.50, with interest at 3 1-2 per cent

CLASS 5—By paying 5c the first week, 10c the second, 15c the third, and so on for fifty weeks, a check will be mailed for $63.75, with interest at 3 1-2 per cent.

If desired order of payments may be reversed, in each class. For instance, in class 1, going up, payments start with 1 cent and end with 50c; going down, payments start with 50c the first week, and end with 1 cent the last week. Going DOWN interest will be twice going UP.

$8,250.00 Recently Distributed Among 1912 Club Members

EVERYONE IS INVITED TO JOIN

Great Improvement For Littlestown

The heirs of the late William McSherry, deceased, have had surveyed and laid out about twelve acres of their land adjoining Littlestown borough in streets, alleys and building lots. These lots are now offered at private sale. A street beginning at Church alley on Frederick street and extending to the Gettysburg pike will be opened of a width of fifty feet and the length of one thousand eight hundred feet and will be known as Patrick street. A forty foot street will be opened as an extension of Myrtle street to the pike. There will be thirty lots fronting fifty feet on Patrick street and running two hundred feet deep to an alley. The lots are well adapted for building purposes, and will be sold at five dollars a front foot. Several lots have already been purchased. For plot and terms call on or write to

Wm. McSherry, Attorney-at-Law, or T. C. McSherry, Real Estate Agent

GETTYSBURG - - - LITTLESTOWN

GETTYSBURG'S BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. W. WEAVER & SON
The Leaders.
Dry Goods, Carpets, Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Goods, Etc.

H. B. BENDER
The Home Furnisher.
—ALSO—
Funeral Director.

SPANGLER'S MUSIC HOUSE,
High Grade Pianos and Musical Instruments.
Old Instruments Taken In Exchange.

W. A. HENNIG'S BAKERY
Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Pretzels, Etc.
No. 35 York St. Phone No. 182 L

CHAS. S. MUMPER & CO.
Furniture & Stoves.
Repairing Furniture & Upholstering a Specialty.

PENROSE MYERS
Watchmaker and Jeweler
Is again personally conducting his old stand and will personally repair all Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc.

GETTYSBURG DEPT. STORE
Groceries and Hardware.
Farming Implements
Victor and Edison Talking Machines

"MUMPER'S STUDIO"
MUMPER
THE
PHOTOGRAPHER
41 Balto. St. Gettysburg, Pa.

W. H. TIPTON
Photographing in all its Branches.
Picture Framing, Battlefield Souvenirs and Post Cards.

W. H. DINKLE
Graduate of Optics
will be at Penrose Myers' Jewelry Store, Gettysburg, every Tuesday. Home Office:—
23 E. Pomfret St., Carl

In Girlhood Womanhood or Motherhood

The women who have used *Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription* will tell you that it freed them from pain—heiped them over painful periods in their life—and saved them many a day of anguish and misery. This tonic, in liquid form, was devised over 40 years ago for the womanly system, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., and has been sold ever since by dealers in medicine to the benefit of many thousand women.

Assist Nature now and then, with a gentle cathartic Dr. Pierce's Lesbe and Pellets to up and regulate liver and bowels. Ensure you get what you ask for.

Now—if you prefer—you can obtain Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription tablets at your druggist at $1 per box, also in 50c size, or send 50 one cent stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial box.

Holiday Goods

We have dolls from 5c to $2.00 Go-Carts at 10c, 25c, 50c, 85c and $1.00. Toys and Games at suitable prices. Handkerchiefs for boys and girls, also a full line for men and ladies.

You should see our Neck-ties, Hose and Suspenders in Christmas boxes.

Our Christmas Candy always sells; our low prices make everything move.

We have a fine lot of new Sweaters, Shoes, Gloves, Mittens and Wal Paper.

Country Produce always taken.

C. A. RANKIN & SON,

BOTH PHONES CLARION PA

Before we tell you about the toy and the premium offer, we want you to hear about *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture—the tobacco that thousands of men find "just right" for a pipe—the tobacco that makes "rolling" popular.

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

This favorite tobacco is fine old Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf that has been thoroughly aged, stemmed—and then granulated. It has the true tobacco taste, for the very simple reason that it is *pure* tobacco.

Pay what you will—it is impossible to get a purer or more likeable smoke than Duke's Mixture. It is now *Liggett & Myers* leader and is unsurpassed in quality.

In every 2c sack there is one *and a half* ounces of splendid tobacco—and with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers FREE.

How the Boy Got His Air Rifle

In every sack of the *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture we now pack a Free Present Coupon. These Coupons are good for all kinds of useful articles—something to please every member of the family. There are skates, sleds, balls and bats, cameras, umbrellas, watches, fountain pens, pipes, opera glasses, etc., etc.

As a special offer, *during January and February only, we will send you our new illustrated catalogue of presents, FREE.* Just send us your name and address on a postal.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture sack be inserted with those from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GLOBE TWIST, coupons from FOUR ROSES (Illustrated booklet containing PICK PLUG, CUT, PEDDLY CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

St Louis Mo

NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL MEETING.

of the Stockholders and annual meeting of Directors of the West Millville Telephone Co.

To the Stockholders of the West Millville Telephone Company.

Please take notice that the Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the company will be held at the Commercial Hotel in New Bethlehem Pa. on the second Tuesday of January 1913 at 10 A. M. since the 14th day of the month, for the following purposes:

1st. Election of the Board of Directors.
2nd. Adopting new By-Laws.
3rd. Hearing of report of officers.
4th. Transacting of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

Immediately following the Stockholders Meeting the Board of Directors will hold their Annual Meeting to elect officers for the ensuing year.

It is specially urged that all stockholders be personally present, and if they are unable to do so to advise the Secretary at Brookville, Pa. as early as possible before the meeting, giving the number of shares and exact names of owners so that proxies may be arranged for. Failure to attend or to have present at this meeting [illegible] shares of stock represented either in person or by proxy.

Dr. J. K. Brown, Pres.
Chas. F. Heidrick, Secy.

Ten Weeks for Ten Cents.

Send 10c to-day for ten regular issues of The Gospel Trumpet, a non-sectarian paper. 16 pages each week filled with instructive articles on full salvation, divine healing and the home life. Any Bible question that interests you answered through the "Questions Answered" Department. The Gospel Trumpet Co. Dept. K. 1. Anderson, Ind.

Lewis Collner. Attorney.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Wm. F. Knight, late of Ashland township, Clarion county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims or demands will present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

ELMER E KNIGHT.
S. S. KNIGHT.
Executors

W. J. Geary, Attorney.

THE NEW HAVEN MONOPOLY.

New England is much excited because the New Haven railroad system has obtained control of all its transportation. Today, to go anywhere in New England, by railroad, trolley or boat, the New Haven system must be used, almost exclusively.

The New England people are concerned, not merely because the absorption of all their means of transportation places them at the mercy of one giant corporation, but especially, it is claimed, because the service is already inferior to what it was a few years ago when there was competing lines. There is nothing now to prevent the operation of inferior equipment, and the maintenance of inferior right of way, with consequent demoralization of train schedules, and great annoyance, inconvenience and loss to the traveling and shipping public.

The people in desperation are insisting that the monopoly must be destroyed, but if the history of all attempts thus far made to destroy monopolies is worth anything, no relief can be expected. The Sherman anti-trust law has been in operation about twenty two years. Have we fewer trusts now than we had in 1890? Many trusts have been prosecuted. Have they been destroyed?

It would seem that as long as wealth is in the hands of the few, no laws can be devised which will prevent men from combining their interests in such a way as to make the way of the competitor hard and ever harder until finally he succumbs. In the end of this cosmos, "world," or epoch, the trust seem to correspond with the giants who lived in the cosmos, "world," or epoch, that passed away with the flood.

"There were giants in the earth in those days" (Gen. 6:4), and as the flood was sent in mercy to our race, to relieve them from the tyranny of those giants, may it not be equally true that the great social catastrophe which all see impending, will prove a blessing in disguise in restoring the earth and its bounties to the plain people who are its rightful owners?

THE WANDERING JEW.

THE 1913 WORLD ALMANAC.

Our readers will be surprised at the vast amount of vaulable information, covering a multitude of subjects, at the useful general knowledge and the important new historical data contained in the 1913 edition of the World Almanac. In it you will find, accurate particulars of the Panama Canal Act of 1912 and the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, the new Pension Laws of 1912, Presidential and Primary election returns, Polar discoveries, Population figures, Sporting records, Marine disasters, Important events of 1912, Historical events, Income tax, Trusts in the U. S., death roll of 1912, Negro disfranchisement, Forts in the U. S., growth of the U. S. Navy, prices paid for rare American coins, Crimes and Penalties, Methods of punishment for Murderers, armies and navies of the world, banking, money, taxes, insurance, political parties, secret socities, births, marriages and deaths woman suffrage and 10,000 Other Facts and Figures. Up-to-Date. Price, 25c, (West of Buffalo and Pittsburgh, 30c.) By mail, 35c. Address, The New York World, New York.

HARRISBURG'S BEST NEWSPAPER.

The Harisburg PATRIOT is the only newspaper in Central Pennsylvania that is not controlled in politics by party alliances or political advertising. It is a clean, bright, independent and newsy paper, carrying the Associated Press reports and special features which are unmatched by any paper in the territory. It is issued every week day in the year and is the paper for the home. THE PATRIOT is the only daily newspaper published at Harrisburg which reaches its mail and rural free delivery subscribers on the same day it is issued. 3t.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE ROR CHILDREN.

"I am very glad to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy" writes Mrs. Lida Dewey, Milwaukee, Wis. "I have used it for years both for my children and myself and it never fails to relieve and cure a cough or cold. No family with children should be without it as it gives almost immediate relief in case of croup." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is pleasant and safe to take, which is of great importance when a medicine must be given to young children. For sale by all Druggists.

The Purpose of an Advertisement

is to serve your needs. It will help sell your goods—talk to the people you want to reach. An *advertisement in this paper* is a reference guide to those whose wants are worth supplying.

WHITE GIRL'S WAY

Kit Landers' Methods Differed From Those of Her Red Sisters.

By IZOLA FORRESTER.

Kit watched the preparations down at the corral warily. They could go as far as they liked. She flatly refused to act as guide for any lot of tenderfoot easterners. After four weeks of watching them ramble all over the landscape, she felt there was a limit.

"They want to see the Bottomless Pool, Kit," said her father, casually. "saddle up, I'm too busy to go along."

"Wish they were all in it this minute," Kit retorted pleasantly, squaring her feet in the low doorway. "I won't go, dad. Send Dave."

Landers turned around to look at her face. "You cut out that jealous streak, girl, and go saddle up. Now, don't stop to talk, 'cause I've got eyes Dave's been banjoing and skyoodling around the little blonde, and you've started balking over it. Don't let her know you give a rap, Kit."

"I don't," Kit said, slowly. "I don't care what he does, only I don't want to be around at her beck and call."

She went swinging down to the corral, chin up, full of plain fight, and the old rancher chuckled. When Kit showed fight even the wolf dogs around the place slunk down behind the wagon sheds.

Miss Harriman was standing by Dave, laughing at some remark of his as he cinched up her saddle straps. Kit's eyes gazed serenely by them both. Her faithful old corduroy skirt was certainly worn and seedy beside the new khaki riding outfit of the eastern girl. Her brown hair was bound about her head in two wide bands, topped by an old broad brimmed felt hat she loved. She whistled to her own pony, and went to get her saddle and bridle from the pegs. And Dave followed her.

"I don't want you to take this trip with them, Kit," Miss Harriman says it's too dangerous for a girl to act as guide."

Does she?" Kit's tone was cheerful and even. She slipped the bridle up over Brimstone's eager nose. "Well, I'm going just the same. If Miss Harriman's afraid she can stay behind with you and dad."

"I'm going along," Dave sidestepped as the pony lifted one hind leg and kicked back. "I wouldn't take Brimstone, Kit."

"Say, Dave Kitteridge, are you trying to boss me?" She lifted a flushed face to his, but Dave smiled back.

"You need it. Anybody got a better right?"

Whereupon Kit acted precipitately and without any sense of humor. Straight across the face she struck him with the full force of her palm, and it was a strong, tanned little hand that delivered the blow. Miss Harriman gave an involuntary gasp as she saw it descend, and one of the other men laughed. But Dave had not worked on the Landers ranch for two years without becoming fairly well versed in the ways of Miss Landers. He never even noticed the swift little slap, but took hold of the bridle, and turned Brimstone away from her.

And Kit stood with clenched fists as he calmly unbuckled the bridle straps, sent the pony back to the end of the corral, and saddled up Quita, a safe little bronco with a snub nose and steady eye.

Very courteous he was to her, with an understanding touch of tolerant kindness, as of one who knew her well, but Kit watched him from under long lashes when he helped Rosemary Harriman into her saddle, and she could have ridden them both down under Brimstone's stamping, dancing feet.

She did not look behind at him, nor wave goodby, as the line of ponies took the up trail towards the pines that fringed the rough sandstone buttes. Miss Harriman was near her, and Kit's lips shut in a firm line as she listened to her.

"It seems so strange to meet a splendid fellow like Dave Kitteridge way out her in the wilds. You know he does not seem to belong someway is he a westerner?"

Kit pointed south. "Born right over yonder at the next ranch."

"Really? Where was he educated?"

"Same place. I was—Broken Arrow district, eleven miles from here. Dave and I used to ride it."

"Yes, he told me you were just like a dear little sister to him." Kit's hand gripped the reins, and Quita rebelled for a moment at the tension. "But no college training?"

"We went up to Sundance first for the high school course, and then down to Laramie to the state college."

"Together?"

"Yep, always together, just like brother and sister," retorted Kit, calmly. "Are you taking a personal interest in Dave, Miss Harriman?"

Rosemary's lips curved in a little smile. "I don't know for sure. He's such a splendid big boy, and I love your west."

"Would you love it winters? Would you love it when it was bleak and dreary and you didn't always know whether there would be any tomorrow? Because that's half of life up here, the cold and bleakness and hard times. And it's half of Dave's life, too. The woman who cares for him enough to marry him mustn't mind the hard knocks, too."

"Perhaps he would like to go east. He talks that way when I have told him about all the chances there."

"Perhaps he would. One thing you can be sure of, Miss Harriman, anything Dave really wants to do, he'll do. I mean without extra coaxing."

"You think I've coaxed him?" smiled Rosemary, mischievously.

"Coaxed him? You've been trying to rope him ever since you landed here. But I don't want to talk about it, please."

There came the thud of hoofs on the ground behind, and Dave pulled up short, his pony's neck wet and frothy.

"Just thought I'd come along," he said. Kit knew he doubted her ability as guide. Did he think she would deliberately injure or endanger the life of this girl whom he seemed to care for? Almost recklessly she rode ahead of them, leading the way up the rocky climb, and out along the broad plateau towards Bottomless Pool. It was an old indian haunt, the strange, dark pool of black water in the heart of the upland forest. Rocks surrounded it on every side. The birds and animals would not drink there, even the flowers and ferns refused to grow about it. The legend said it had no bottom.

"Somebody died here, of course, didn't they?" asked Rosemary, when they all stood around the pool. She leaned over, dropping bits of rock below. The ponies stood together, Kit holding their bridles. Dave took her place.

"Miss Landers knows the story," he said. "You tell them, Kit."

"An indian girl pushed her sister down there and jumped after her," Kit told them briefly, curtly. "They both loved the same brave."

"Which one did he love?" asked Rosemary, dreamily. She was bending far over the rock staring down at the still pool. There came a curious grinding noise, and tearing of roots, and rending of branches, and the great rock gave way, carrying her down with it. Almost before her body had struck the water, and gone under, Kit went after her.

Dave caught the cries and shouts. One of the men stumbled towards him, and blurted out the facts. The westerner threw him the bridle ends, and ran, his lariat ready for use. As Kit's face rose to the surface, she shook her wet hair like a terrier, and took in a deep breath.

"I've got her, Dave," she called up. "Throw the rope."

Rosemary was unconscious. Kit slipped the rope around her armpits, and balanced her as Dave drew her up.

"Hurry up, my boots are heavy," she said. Dave handed the rope to the other men to haul on and went down over the rocks like a sure footed goat.

"Swim here, girl," he called to her. Kit obeyed. Her heavy skirt was dragging her down, but she went forward overhand, and he caught her wrists, and drew her up out of the pool they called bottomless.

Just for a minute he held her before she others reached him, held her in his arms, his face pressed close to hers.

"What did you jump in for, girl dear?" he whispered. "When you knew what you were to me."

"Because we're white, Dave," she said, smiling back at him. "And I thought you cared for her."

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Financial Loss by Tuberculosis.

Based on figures of population and mortality furnished by the United States bureau of the census, it is estimated by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis that not less than 100,000 children now in school in the United States will die of tuberculosis before they are eighteen years of age, or that about 7,000 of these children die annually from this one disease. Estimating that on an average each child who dies from tuberculosis has had six years schooling, the aggregate loss to this country in wasted education each year amounts to well over $1,000,000. This loss and much of the incident suffering could be materially decreased if open air schools or classes for these children and those who are sickly and anaemic were provided. The National Association estimates that there should be one such school for every 25,000 population, especially in cities.

Eating Dead Horse.

An extraordinary scene took place the other day, according to The Vorwaerts, in the little village of Maerzdorf, in Silesia, where food scarcity is at its worst. A local carrier was on his way to the station when his old horse fell dead in the shafts. The animal was dragged aside on to the common, skinned and preparation made to bury the carcase. But before the carrier and his man could finish these preparations a number of laborers arrived with jack-knives proceeded to strip from the bones every atom that could be considered edible. Long before the local police had time to intervene the horse meat was all distributed and the laborers gone with their booty.—Berlin Dispatch to London News.

Why Not?

"Madam, you wear too much false hair. It injures the nerve centers and fatigues the blood cells of the brain."

Young woman, what do you mean by such impertinence?"

"Hotly, lotly, now. I'm the welfare inspector for the idle rich."

Big Fan.

A small boy from Chicago who was sent to the country by the United Charities and who had never seen a windmill before exclaimed:

"Say, mister! That's some electric fan you've got out there cooling the hogs."—Argonaut.

IS THERE A MONEY TRUST?

J. Perpont Morgan says there is no "money trust" and that such a thing could not be; that he would not make a money trust if he could.

In his testimony before the "money trust" investigating committee he made some wonderful revelations as to his power and that of those associated with him. Read the following details:

Elaborate charts were presented to the House Money Trust committee giving lists of "interlocking directors" in a number of leading financial and industrial institutions, also a table showing affiliations of J. P. Morgan & Company, Guaranty Trust Company, Bankers' Trust Company, First National Bank and other corporations through interlocking directorates." This was in pursuance of that branch of the committee's inquiry bearing on the so-called "concentration of money and credits."

The charts are very voluminous and contain a mass of details. A prepared summary of the table on interlocking directorates says:

This table shows the affiliations of eighteen selected financial institutions namely:

J. P. Morgan & Company, New York.
First National Bank, New York.
Guaranty Trust Company, New York.
Bankers' Trust Company, New York.
National City Bank, New York.
Kuhn, Loeb & Company, New York.
National Bank of Commerce, New York.
Hanover National Bank, New York.
Chase National Bank, New York.
Astor Trust Company, New York.
New York Trust Company, New York.
Blair & Company, New York.
Speyer & Company, New York.
Continental and Commercial National bank, Chicago.
First National Bank, Chicago.
Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago.
Kidder, Peabody & Company, Boston and New York.
Lee, Higginson & Company, Boston and New York, with the greater banks, trust companies and insurance companies, and transportation systems, and producing and trading corporations and public utility corporations, through representation upon their boards of directors.

The firm members and directors whose affiliations are thus shown number 180. The aggregate they hold 385 directorships in 41 banks and trust companies having total resources of $3,832,000,000 and total deposits of $2,834,000,000; fifty directorships in eleven insurance companies having total assets of $2,646,000,000; 150 directorships in 31 railroad systems having a total capitalization of $21,192,000,000, and a total mileage of 162,200; six directorships in two express companies and four directorships in one steamship company with a combined capital of $245,000,000 and gross income of $97,000,000; 98 directorships in 28 producing and trading corporations having a total capitalization of $3,583,000,000; and total gross annual earings in excess of $1,145,000,000 and 48 directorships in 19 public utility corporations having a total capitalization of $2,826,000,000 and total gross annual earnings in excess of $428,000,000; in all 746 directorships in 134 corporations having total resources or capitalization of $25,325,000,000.

An explanatio of the chart relating to Morgan & Company, the First National bank, the National City bank, the City Guaranty Trust Company and the Bankers' Trust Company, says:

The table shows that J. P. Morgan & Company, The First National bank, the National City bank, the Guaranty Trust Company and the Bankers' Trust Company together have:

One hundred and eighteen directors in thirty four bank and trust companies having total resources of $2,679,000,000 and total deposits of $1,983,000,000.

Thirty directors in ten insurance companies having total assets of $2,293,000,000.

One hundred and five directors in thirty-two transportation systems having a total capitalization of $11,784,000,000 and a total mileage (excluding express companies and steamship lines) of 150,200.

Sixty-three directors in twenty-four producing and trading corporations having a total capitalization of $3,339,000,000.

Twenty-five directors in twelve public utility corporations having a total capitalization of $2,150,000,000.

In all 341 directors in 112 corporations having aggregate resources of capitalization of $22,245,000,000.

If this does not form a "money" and credit trust what is it?

DON'T KNOW THEY HAVE APPENDICITIS.

Many Clarion people who have chronic appendicitis, which is not very painful have doctored for years for gas on the stomach, sour stomach or constipation. J. C. Campbell states if these people will try simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Adler-i-ka, the German appendicitis remedy, they will be surprised at the QUICK benefit. A SINGLE DOSE relieves these troubles INSTANTLY.

JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRAT

Volume 36 No. 2 | BROOKVILLE, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1913 | Whole Number 1773

Some men are born rich, some marry heiresses, and others have their business affairs regulated by the United States Supreme Court.

Mabel Gilman Corey says she can't live in America, because it is too noisy. How unkind of "dear old Broadway" not to be quiet for half an hour or so, while the wife of the iron king takes a promenade.

In order that dividends may be paid on the $29,000,000 of Morgan's watered stock in the steel trust, the men who work in the blast furnaces of the trust are forced to work 13 hours a day, seven days in the week.

Up to the first of this year the people of Philadelphia have been paying $1.00 a thousand for gas. One New Year day the Mayor had matters so arranged as to reduce the price of gas to the consumer to 80 cents. Under this arrangement the saving to the people this year will be $1,750,000. The Mayor has been in office one year, and the economies effected in that time by his administration have enabled him to save this large sum to the people in the price of their gas. This shows how an honest administration of city, county, or state, can benefit the people.

The Pennsylvania Legislature met in Harrisburg Tuesday of this week, and organized by electing George E. Alter, of Allegheny county, Speaker of the House, defeating the Penrose candidate. He is a progressive republican. Five democrats voted for him on the fifth ballot, when he was chosen. The committees of the House are to be named by a committee of eleven, who will also select the House employes. Brosius and North voted for Alter.

A Girl's Opinion on Votes for Women.

When the Matson party returned from their trip abroad six years ago they all expressed a very great admiration for a niece, Miss Lillie Kent, who they found to be a young lady of exceptional womanly ability, being possessed of a rare degree of intelligence of national life and of world affairs. To be further blessed, as it would seem, I also have another niece of charming knowledge, and who gives promise of making a lady of distinction in the land. This very much younger niece is Miss Iris Walker, thirteen years of age and a born Londoner. Iris recently took a leading part in a public debate on the subject of female suffrage, and the same having been reported in the newspapers, I have thought it worthy of reprodution here. The two principal speakers were a boy in his teens and young Miss Iris. The boy championed the cause of "votes for women" and Iris opposed.

In his opening remarks the boy declared all must know that eventually women will have the right to the ballot. That woman being subject to law should have the same right as men to make them. He failed to see any inferiority in the female sex; they had in fact proved themselve superior to man in some of the business affairs of life. That they were wholly justified in demanding the right of franchise. Some countries have already given women the right to vote, and their use of it having proven successful, he thought it displayed a poverty of mind on the part of others to withhold it. He justified the smashing of windows and the committing of other things they had done, being proof to the country of their spirit of earnestness, and so he continued.

My niece then took the platform and spoke as follows: "I am very much opposed to giving women the right to vote. If women want to get into Parliment and have the power in all things the same as men, why should they not be soldiers, sailors, policemen, firemen, miners, and marines? If they want to be equal to men, why should not they take equal punishment in law? For the same offense a man is given six weeks at hard labor, while the woman is only bound over to keep the peace. If women were to get into parliament probably ten out of twelve would not know what to do when a great national question came up. In so great an assembly a woman could scarcely make herself heard. It would also exhaust a woman to sit through a sixteen or eighteen hour discussion; and if they did not agree on any subject they would get excited and would perhaps start fighting each other. I think the conduct of suffragetts, who go about endangering innocent lives, smashing windows and throwing lighted chairs at a minister in an audience, have proved their unfitness to make laws, to administer them or to vote. Politics need very great thought which the ordinary woman has neither the time nor interest for. Besides, I ask, what would happen if a wife thought one thing and the husband another? Surely it would lead to still further and greater unhappiness in homes. Good wives and good mothers do not want the vote, their time and their minds are taken up with affairs of husband, children and home. I think this agitation of votes for women comes from a class of females whose minds are on anything but their natural duties, and as they are no good about home, they would be no good anywhere but to make trouble. So down with them and their crazy cause.

The opposers of votes for women won the day. Alfred Truman.

THE NEW HAVEN MONOPOLY

New England is much excited because the New Haven railroad system has obtained control of all its transportation. Today, to go anywhere in New England, by railroad, trolley or boat, the New Haven system must be used, almost exclusively.

The New England people are concerned, not merely because the absorption of all their means of transportation places them at the mercy of one giant corporation, but especially, it is claimed, because the service is already inferior to what it was a few years ago when there were competing lines. There is nothing now to prevent the operation of inferior equipment, and the maintenance of inferior right of way, with consequent demoralization of the train schedules, and great annoyance, inconvenience and loss to the travelling and shipping public.

The people in desperation are insisting that the monopoly must be destroyed, but if the history of all attempts thus far made to destroy monopolies is worth anything, no relief can be expected. The Sherman anti trust law has been in operation about twenty two years. Have we fewer trusts now than we had in 1890? Many trusts have been prosecuted. Have they been destroyed?

It would seem that as long as wealth is in the hands of the few, no laws can be devised which will prevent men from combining their interests in such a way as to make the way of the competitor hard and ever harder until finally he succumbs. In the end of this comes, "world," or epoch, the trusts seem to correspond with the giants who lived in the cosmos, "world," or epoch, that passed away with the flood.

"There were giants in the earth in those days" (Gen. 6:4,) and as the flood was sent in mercy to our race, to relieve them from the tyranny of these giants, may it not be equally true that the great social catastrophe which all see impending, will prove a blessing in disguise in restoring the earth and its bounties to the plain people who are its rightful owners. The Wandering Jew.

ADJOINING COUNTIES.

The people of Clearfield are moving in the matter of erecting a canning factory in that town.

The contract has been let for the erection of a building in Clearfield, to be used as a silk plush manufactory.—Clearfield Republican.

The merchants of Clarion are unanimous in their statements that the Christmas season just passed was the best they have enjoyed for many a year, in the quantity and quality of business done.—Clarion Democrat.

For the first time in the history of Clarion county, at the recent session of the Teachers' Institute every teacher in the county was present. The session was pronounced a successful one by those attending.

Alfred Patterson at the County Home has kept a careful record of the weather during 1912 and reports only 86 clear days during the entire year. Since the first of last April to January 1st, 1913, rain fell on 80 days.—Clearfield Rep.

Charles A. Montgomery, a conductor on the Allegheny Valley railroad, was ground to death beneath the wheels of his own train at East Brady on Thursday afternoon of last week. He was aged 38 years and resided in Oil City. A wife and one son survive.

About one hundred and twenty-five children received New Year's presents yesterday afternoon in the shape of toys of various kinds. The local lodge of Elks played Santa Claus to perfection with the result that many little folk were made very happy.—Ridgway Adv.

John Marshall, died at his home in Luthersburg, on Saturday morning, Dec. 28th, from lock jaw, the result of having his hand caught in the knives of a shredder on the farm of Patrick Murphy, seven days before. He was aged 42 years and was an excellent citizen.

Richard Wasson, employed as night watchman on the B., R. and P. road at Cowansville, Armstrong county, shot and killed an unknown foreigner whom he detected in the act of breaking into the company's tool house on Wednesday night. Wasson, who is aged about 25 years, gave himself up to the authorities, claiming he shot in self-defense.—Kittanning Times.

Judge Telford, on Monday, filed an opinion on an appeal of Sheriff Jeffries from the decision of the Commissioners, in refusing to pay his fees under the fee bill of 1901, instead of the act of 1911, which reduces the fee 30 per cent. Sheriff Jeffries has been conducting his official business under the provisions of the Act of 1901 since July 15. His fee bills were held up by the County Commissioners in September on the ground that the act was not constitutional.—Indiana Dem.

Not Cute Enough.

Naturally, people dislike feeling that they are not cute enough in business. But no person who is run down can expect to be at his best. Sexine Pills make men and women brighter and stronger; they make you feel better in every way. Price $1 a box; six boxes $5, with a full guarantee. Address or call on the Sandt Drug Co., Brookville, Pa., where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute.

Do Not Have Sore Feet.

An Allen's Foot-Ease powder in the foot-bath gives instant relief to Chilblains and all foot aches. Then for lasting comfort, shake the Allen Foot-Ease, in your shoes, the antiseptic powder. All druggists, and Shoe dealers, 25 cents.

Republicans Lose One More Senator.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 2.—Representative Samuel D. Felker, Democrat, of Rochester, was elected today Governor of New Hampshire for two years by the Legislature. The two branches sitting in joint session tonight voted 222 for Felker, and 191 for former Senator Franklin Worcester, of Hollis, Republican. The general election had resulted in no choice, a majority being needed.

The Bull Moose party, which held the balance of power, joined with the Democrats, and in turn William J. Britton, of Wellsboro, Progressive, was elected Speaker of the House.

Democrats and Bull Moose plan to fuse in the election of United States Senator on the 15th, to succeed Henry E. Burnham, Republican. Governor Robert P. Bass, Progressive, Clarence E. Carr, of Andover, and Henry F. Hollis, of Concord, Democrats, are candidates.

Bring your talking machines to Geo. W. Heber for repairs. 165 Main street, Brookville, Pa.

Gents 17 jeweled, adjusted Waltham, in 20-year case, for $12.50, at Love's.

$100,000.00 BUSINESS

For several years it has been our ambition to reach this amount, and while our business has been showing a steady increase each year we have fallen a little short of this amount. But if the last three months of the old year is a criterion of what we may expect during the year 1913 this amount and more will be reached.

The policy of this store will not materially change. We will continue to handle the very best goods obtainable, and sell at a reasonable profit, with the distinct understanding that we absolutely guarantee every article that leaves this store to be as represented or your money will be cheerfully refunded.

Depending as we do on human machinery to take care of the wants of our good friends and customers, we occasionally slip a cog, but until we can find a race of perfect men and women who never make mistakes, we feel that it will be necessary to offer our sincere apology for an occasional shortcoming. We believe that in your case if there has been any such lapses you have generously forgiven and forgotten them.

For our part we are looking forward and have made preparations for a wonderful year in the strong belief that 1913 will prove the most prosperous and busiest of our career.

We do not want this store to be known as a cheap cut-price store and will therefore not run cut price sales only as things become unseasonable and at such times we are long on comforts of a well known make which we offer at less than cost to make room for a large shipment of Spring Goods which is now in the basement.

$5.00	Maish Comforts,	-	$3.50
4.00	,,	-	2.95
3.50	,,	-	2.25
3.00	,,	-	2.15
2.00	,,	-	1.25
1.50	,,	-	1.15
1.00	,,	-	.82

Also have a few odds and ends in the Grocery Department, worthy of your attention.

Riverside Sweet Corn 10 cts. value, sale price 7 cts. or 4 cans for 25 cts.

California Apricots, regular value 25c. a can, sale price 18 cts. a can.

California Peaches, regular value 25c a can, sale price 17 cts. a can.

Cuticle toilet Soap, regular value 5c. a bar, sale price 12 bars for 25 cts.

Swift's Pride Washing Powder, regular value 10 cts. a can, sale price 4 cans for 25 cts.

25 Candy pails 10 value, for 5c. each

50 Ever Ready dry batteries, regular value 25 cts. sale price 15 cts. each.

100 packages dry Mince Meat, regular value 10 cts. sale price 4 packages for 25 cts.

SPECIAL

Next Saturday

AT THE

Racket Store.

GOOD LINEN NOTE PAPER IN HOLIDAY BOXES at 10c a box.

Our late Music sells at 10 and 25 cents a copy. Call and look it over.

P. L. ROMER.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Brookville Title and Trust Company, of Brookville, Pa., for the purpose of electing a board of directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come up for consideration, will be held at the office of the Company, in its bank building, on Main street, in the borough of Brookville, Pa., on the Third Tuesday of January, A. D. 1913, being the 21st day of the month, at One o'clock, p. m.

J. E. GEIST, Secretary.

Bargain Days Are Now On!

The Great Annual Clearance Sale of Winter Goods.

Winter has been a long time getting under way, and the absence of the cold weather has caused many men to delay the buying of their Overcoat and Heavy Suit.

So at present, after an extremely good Holiday trade we are broken in sizes of both Overcoats and Suits, and are going to sell all Odds and Ends in all departments of our store at a very

"Special Reduction"

from former prices.

A call will convince you of the merit of this sale.

Means Brothers

"RELIABLE CLOTHIERS"

Opposite American Hotel *BROOKVILLE, PA.*

Brookville Title and Trust Company.

Capital $125,000 Surplus $125,000

A Distinction.

AN EXECUTOR derives his power from a will and ha is NOT required to give an indemnifying bond to insure the estate against loss. An administrator is appointed by the Orphans' Court and must give bond with sufficient surety for his faithful performance.

If an individual executor einbezzles trust funds, the loss may fall entirely upon the trust estate, with no recourse whatever.

Name a Trust Company as your executor. It cannot embezzle, and there is no record of Trust Companies in the United States ever loosing one dollar of trust funds.

Inquire about our trust department. We snall be pleased to tell you of its service and various uses.

Commercial, Savings and Trust Departments

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW OUR LINE

of carpets, mattings and rugs. Their patterns and make up will please you, and sooner or later you'll buy. We have plenty of floor space to roll out yards and yards of carpet beauties. All carpet cut and matched. Prices per yd. 15c and up. Our stock of room size rugs is as fine as can be shown at prices to suit you from $5.00 up.

REITZ FURNITURE COMPANY,

NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

"BLOOD IS THICKER THAN WATER"

Without good red blood a man has a weak heart and poor nerves. Thinness of the blood, or anaemia, is common in young folks as well as old. Especially is it the case with those who work in ill ventilated factories or those who are shut up indoors in winter time with a coal stove burning up the oxygen or emitting carbonic (coal) gas. The blood, or blood which lacks the red blood corpuscles, in anaemic people may have been caused by lack of good fresh air breathed into lungs, or by poor digestion or dyspepsia. Sometimes people suffer intense pain over the heart which is not heart disease at all, but caused by indigestion. Whatever the cause, there's just one remedy that you can turn to—knowing that it has given satisfaction for over 40 years.

DR. PIERCE'S

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

is a blood cleanser and alterative that starts the liver and stomach into vigorous action. It thus assists the body to manufacture rich, red blood which feeds the heart, nerves—brain and organs of the body. The organs work smoothly like machinery running in oil. You feel clean, strong and strenuous instead of tired, weak and faint. Nowadays you can obtain Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery Tablets, as well as the liquid form, from all medicine dealers, or tablets by mail, prepaid in $1 or 50c size. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S GREAT 1008 PAGE ILLUSTRATED COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER WILL BE SENT [illegible] ON RECEIPT OF ONE-CENT STAMPS.

Holiday Goods

We have dolls from 5c to $2.00 Go-Carts at 10c, 25c, 50c, 85c and $1.00. Toys and Games at suitable prices. Handkerchiefs for boys and girls, also a full line for men and ladies.

You should see our Neck-ties, Hose and Suspenders in Christmas boxes.

Our Christmas Candy always sells; our low prices make everything move.

We have a fine lot of new Sweaters, Shoes, Gloves, Mittens and Wall Paper.

Country Produce always taken.

C. A. RANKIN & SON,

BOTH PHONES CLARION PA

Citizens Trust Company

CLARION, PA.

Resources One Million One Hundred Thousand Dollars

Solicits YOUR Business

DIRECTORS

Thos. M. Arnold	W. W. Hindman	C. W. Amsler
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Jos. A. Lutz	F. J. Maffett	John Gibson
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CLUB PRESSING CO.

KAUFMAN BUILDING

Men's Suits sponged and pressed 50c and up

Dry Cleaned $1.00 and up

Ladies' Suits sponged and pressed 75c and up

Dry Cleaned 1.50 and up

Any kind of cleaning and dying Lowest Cost

Agents for

Werners and Linnekins, Cleaners and Dyers

Expressage Paid. Pittsburgh, Pa.

White Gloves cleaned 10c

White Shoes cleaned 10c

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

This remedy has no superior for coughs and colds. It is pleasant to take. It contains no opium or other narcotic. It always cures. For sale by all Druggists.

CHRONIC CONSTIPATION CURED.

"Five years ago I had the worst case of chronic constipation I ever knew of, and Chamberlain's Tablets cured me," writes S F. Fish, Brooklyn, Mich. For sale by all Druggists.

PUBLIC SCHOOL REPORT.

The following pupils have had a perfect record of attendance for the fourth month, ending January 7.

First Grade—Mary Allison, Harry Campbell, Walter Myers, Paul Ross, Mary Thompson.

Second Grade—Edwin Cook, Dean Corbett, Margaretta Campbell, Harry Nelson, Jack Smith, Katherine Senn, Lulu Senn, Ruth Smith, Edward Von der Heyde, Florence Wiant.

Third Grade—Richard Dean, James Elliott, Harold Hays, Frank Hauk, Thomas McCamant, Ruth Rimer, Nola Port, Sara Pickens, Clara Reed, Rosetta Shadle.

Fourth Grade—Wesley Cook, George Gathers, William Keatley, Bertha Shadle, George Smith, Eleanora Taylor, Clarence Von der Heyde, Margaret Wiant.

Fifth Grade—Martha Crooks, Raymond Dean, Irvin Dinger, Mary George, Kenneth Keefer, Isabel Logue, Clarence Moore Neel Page, Donald Port, Grace Shadle, Carrie Shunk, Anna May Sloan, Chester Willis.

Sixth Grade—Thelma Basim, Alberta Fleming, Charles Hannold, Bertha Keefer, Ida McKisson, Lillian Russell, Ralph Thompson, William Vandergrift, Margaret Walters, Clifford Warnick, Gerald Weidner.

Seventh Grade—Richard Boggs, Burns George, John Hess, Sara Kurtz, Eugene Love, Glade Merryman, Edward Shadle, Ellen Shadle, Walter Shadle, Herman Shadle, Florence Whitmer.

Eighth Grade—Edd Buzard, Harold Bowman, Cecelia Collner, Beulah Craft, Blanda Crooks, Naomi Guthrie, Ruth Haugh, Samuel Jamison, Jay Keatley, Freda McClain, Mabel Wolfe, Louise Wilson.

High School—Lowry Elliott, Dean George, Isaac Harding, Walter Haskell, Amy Heeter, Marie Keatley, Harold Levis-Vivien McCullough, Mary Murray, Hannah Smith, Thomas Thompson, Nancy Walters.

FIREWORKS BONDS.

The city of New York once put out long-term bonds to pay for fire-works; the city of Newark has issued twenty-year bonds to pay the cost of maintaining the public schools for a year; the city of Elizabeth has issued thirty-year bonds for wooden block paving that disappeared entirely in six years, and now New York has issued 50-year bonds to pay for $100,000,000 improvements made in roads. No material has yet been discovered that will make country roads last ten years; automobiles tear them to pieces in two years. Why tax the future to pay present running expenses?

Civilization is already staggering under the load of interest which this method of financiering has thrust upon it. How much longer can it cope with the growing prices of life's necessities, in order that those interest charges may be met?

Charles D. Hilles, formerly secretary to President Taft, says: "There are many who believe in the twenty-year cycle period and quote 1873 and 1893 as proof of the theory that twenty years marks the range of disaster and prosperity, of the coming to a stage of action of a new and younger generation of business men, who, unmindful of the lessons of history, overreach in their ambition." Does this mean a panic in 1913? And is our fiscal system prepared to meet it if it comes?

Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, says the administration of the United States Treasury is "As unscientific as any other part of our unreasoned and unscientific banking and currency system" and "There never is a time when there is a long look ahead, except when we are in the midst of a panic, when there is a long look of disaster ahead."

J. Pierrepont Morgan says the control of the present financial situation is beyond the reach of any living man. Is it not evident, more than all else, that we need the reign of the Messiah to straighten out our tangled affairs? We do not know how to handle them, now do we?

The Wandering Jew.

THIS IS IMPORTANT.

Reid's Drug Store Wishes to Announce That It Is the Agent for Thompson's Barosma, the Money-Back Kidney and Liver Cure.

There are hundreds of people, young and old, right here in Clarion who are taking medicines for various ailments, who do not even suspect that the kidneys are to blame.

These sufferers do not know that in all probability their kidneys are all clogged up, are inflamed or congested, and are unable to properly filter the impurities from the blood.

It is the kidneys that keep the blood pure, and if the kidneys are not in good condition, disease of other organs of the body will surely develop. Thompson's Barosma will cure any disease of the kidneys, or Reid's Drug Store will give you your money back.

If you are in all health now, and are not absolutely certain of the cause, get a 50-cent bottle of Thompson's Barosma at Reid's Drug Store today. It will make you feel better in a day. It will tone up your kidneys, liver and bladder in a week.

It is the best investment you can make. It is worthy of a trial on our guaranteed plan. As for Thompson's Barosma. The dollar bottle contains more than twice as much as the fifty-cent size.

IN "YOUR OWN" ROOM

SOME IDEAS AS TO FURNISHINGS AND DECORATION.

Proper Preparations for Rest, Amid Cheerful Surroundings, Must Be Looked To, and Simplicity Be an Object.

Every house takes on the personality of the dominating individuality dwelling within it, with chameleon-like rapidity. It is inevitable that the household ruler expresses himself or herself unmistakably, in endless little ways, to be discovered on every side. Whether illiterate or a scholar, rich or poor, that influence is evident everywhere throughout the house, with the possible exception of the different bedrooms. One's individual bedroom is or should be one's kingdom, and cannot be invaded by any influence save that of its occupant. It should mean more than merely a place to sleep; it is "your room," and that expresses something very personal.

Aside from the question of personality there are certain elemental things to be done with a bedroom to make it at once practical and attractive. A reasonable amount of hygiene does not interfere with either beauty or individuality, and should be introduced in every case, regardless of either. The furniture should be simple and easily cleaned. The draperies should preferably be of washable materials and easily taken down for an occasional airing. There should be as few pictures on the walls as possible.

A small night table by the bed has a hundred constant uses, and is an attractive addition to the room. One should always have a candle or a night lamp conveniently at hand, as well as drinking water. The old-fashioned commode is being used again in the more elaborately furnished rooms, but the night table is adaptable to any bedroom where there is a space for it.

The growing inclination to keep the living room and library more impersonal than they were a few years ago has made the writing desk or writing table almost as regularly a bedroom article as is the dressing table. Tables are probably used more generally than desks. They are furnished with attractive little sets of drawers, filing cabinets and various similar accessories, that make them good to look at and of practical use. Such a table may be provided with a large table

Utility Bed Table.

lamp, set near one end, or with two small table lamps of duplicate designs, one being placed at either end of the table. Of course the table should be placed as near a window as possible.

In a very large room the idea of using chintz and wall paper of the same design may result most attractively. This may even be done in a small room if a small design on rather pale coloring is used. But ordinarily the rule of plain paper and figured hangings and vice versa is the safest thing to follow. It is a rule that one cannot go far wrong on at least.—New York Tribune.

NEW FABRIC IS DELIGHTFUL

Nothing Prettier Than the Brocaded Velvet Has Been Introduced for Many Seasons.

Almost regal in their loveliness are the new evening fabrics for the coming winter season. And particularly true is this of the new brocaded velvets. For splendor of coloring and richness of designs and variety they are unequaled.

One feature is their lightness of weight—a whole gown is not cumbersome, for the velvet is chiffon weight and woven of very light silk.

The newest silks have a chiffon background, filmy and delicate, from which the raised velvet figures stand out in richness and beauty. The colors, rose colors, soft amber shades and greens are unusually beautiful and are being much used for the more elegant toilettes.

Wedding Gifts.

A charming idea that will be useful to those who know and wish to make offerings to the bride and bridegroom is to give them presents that match. A popular young couple with many mutual friends received among their wedding presents last week two stick umbrellas for country wear, exactly alike save that one was just a little more attenuated in stature and bulk than the other.

JUST RECEIVED

A large stock of room size rugs in Oriental and Beautiful Floral patterns, Axminsters, Tapestry and body brussells, call and see them We would be pleased to have you look them over. Also a full line of Furniture of all kinds.

Terms Cash or Credit

B. F. PAGE

Undertaking and Embalming

All [illegible] or night. CLARION, PA.

First National Bank, of Fryburg, Pa.

GOOD BANKING FACILITIES

are supplied those who desire to change their accounts or open new accounts. All modern banking conveniences and accommodations furnished.

Capital - - -	$ 25 000.00
Resources - -	197,500.00

4 per Cent Interest Paid On time deposits

OFFICERS—H. N. Hess, Prest., H. C. Faller, V. Prest.; Geo. A. Ditz, Cashier, Jas. M. Hess, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS—Dr. H. N. Hess, H. C. Faller, Simon Korb, George Zacherl, G. S. Beary, John Gibson, C. W. Amsler, W. A. Graham, Geo. A. Ditz.

READ SHEFFER'S ADD

Do you need a Buggy, new or second hand? A new D C. Graves Sleigh or a Michigan one bunk Sled? A good Kramer Wagon, a three-seated Hack like new, Single and Team Harness, heavy and light. If you want a first-class Cream Separator call or write Sheffer. Have a Fine Line of Stoves. One span of sorrel drivers; one gray driving horse, weight 1100; one bay driving mare, weight 1000; one saddle pony, 900, she is young. One good span of team horses, 2 cows, 3 head young cattle.

Everything in Farm Machinery.

Call and see us.

J. H. SHEFFER, Knox, Pa.

Business Cards, Town & County

PHOTOGRAPHS

[illegible] wants a Photo that will please [illegible] friends as well as yourself call on

JOHN C. VOWINCKEL,

MAIN STREET. CLARION, PA

W. H GULLAND

Practical Plumber

[illegible] Fortunate Clarion

Dr. Otto von der Heyde

DENTIST

[illegible] Main Street [illegible] Post Office Clarion, Pa.

Both Phones

GROCERIES AND DRY GOOD

Watch this space as close as you do your pocketbook as it will save you money.

O. V. PHILLIPS & SON,

37 SOUTH FIFTH AVE.

White Rose

Unlimited spring and summer Blend Flour, the best flour on earth for family use.

Manufactured by the Curllsville Milling Co.

For Sale by

All Leading Grocers

OF CLARION, PA.

The Clarion Democrat

WM. L. SANSOM, Editor and Publisher.
CHAS. L. SANSOM, Asst. Editor.

CONSTITUTIONAL COMPLEXITIES.

The point raised by George W. Guthrie, Esq., chairman of the Democratic State Committee, with regard to the amendments to the State Constitution now pending looks like a serious one. It affects both amendments now pending and those which were ratified in 1911. It is based on the phrase in Article 17, Section 1, which, after providing for passage by two Legislatures and submission to a vote of the people, enacts; "but no amendment or amendments shall be submitted oftener than once in five years."

These words are suseptible of two different constructions. One is that given by Mr. Guthrie, that there shall be no changes in the Constitution oftener than five years; the other is that an amendment or amendments submitted to popular vote and defeated cannot be again sugmitted in less than five years. Construing it simply by the words, we regret the latter construction as the most reasonable. It is the "no amendment or amendments" that cannot be submitted oftener than once in five years. If a new amendment is proposed it has not been submitted before. But it has to be admitted that citations from the debate in the Constitutional Convention indicate the purpose of preventing any amendments more frequently than after that interval.

The idea that prevailed in that debate was that the Constitution should not be frequently nor lightly changed. But the practical effect of the provision if so construed is likely to be just the opposite. There is a strong demand for a constitutional convention to make wholesale constitutional changes. Some of these changes are of desireable character; others, judging from a communication published by The Dispatch the other day, are of questionable and dangerous character. For that reason The Dispatch has preferred the existing method of amendment, since that allows the people a clear vote on each separate proposition solely on its merits. But if it is true that amendments cannot be submitted oftener than at five-year intervals the demand for a convention will be greatly strengthened.

There is another constitutional point right here. The process of amendment by resolution of two Legislatures and vote of the people is the only one provided in the present Constitution. Lawyers have a theory that the power of the people to change their Constitution is illimitable. This is true as a general principle; but when the constitution provides a method by which they shall exercise that power, have they a right to choose some other method without first incorporating the method in the constitutional provision? Even if so, how is it to be known that they do choose the new method except by a formal vote expressing their will by the methods now provided? Finally, if by some mysterious manifestation of the popular will the provision of the Constitution with regard to the method of amendment can be overridden, does that also nullify the provision that "When two or more amendments shall be submitted they shall be voteed on separately?"

It is plain that there are several knotty questions in the subject. It would certainly be wise to have judicial construction on them as early as possible. A stated case involving them all, if it can done, should be made up with a view to an early decision.

HIS STOMACH TROUBLES OVER

Mr. Dyspeptic, would you not like to feel that your stomach troubles were over, that you could eat any kind of food you desired without injury? That may seem quite unlikely to you that you do not even hope for an ending of your trouble, but permit us to assure you that it not altogether impossible. If others can be cured permanently, and thousands have been, why not you? John R. Barker, of Battle Creek, Mich, is one of them. He says, "I was troubled with heartburn, indigestion, and liver complaint until I used Chamberlain's Tablets, then my trouble was over". Sold by all Druggists.

BENEFITS LOCAL PEOPLE.

Clarion people have discovered that A single dose of simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Adler-i-ka, the German appendicitis remedy, relieves gas on the stomach and constipation at once. Reid's Drug Store.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE ROR CHILDREN.

"I am very glad to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy" writes Mrs. Lida Dewey, Milwaukee, Wis. "I have used it for years both for my children and myself and it never fails to relieve and cure a cough or cold. No family with children should be without it as it gives almost immediate relief in cases of croup." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is pleasant and safe to take, which is great importance when a medicine must be given to young children. For sale by all Druggists.

CARDINAL O'CONNEL'S "HYMN TO THE HOLY NAME."

Those who attended the Christmas midnight Mass in the Cathedral, Boston, heard played and sung for the first time publicly the following "Hymn to the Holy Name," written and set to music by His Eminence Cardinal O'Connell:

O! Holy Name of Majesty and Power,
O! Sacred Name of God's own Son.
In every joy and every weary hour
Be Thou our strength until life's war is won.

Refrain

Fierce is the fight for God and the right,
Sweet Name of Jesus, in Thee is our might.

All o'er the earth the hearts of men are dying,
Chilled by the storms of greed and strife;
All o'er the land rebellion's flag is flying,
Threatening our Alters and the nations life.

Ages ago our fathers firm and loyal
Fought for the faith forever the same,
We are their sons, our heritage is royal,
And we shall conquer in the Holy Name.

Up, Christian Soldiers, Christ who goes before us
Shows us His Cross and leads the way,
Plus, our Pontiff, guides and God is o'er us,
Victory is ours if we but watch and pray.

ANOTHER NEW VEGETABLE.

A few weeks ago attention was called to Oregon's 1912 crop of the "beetatoe", a combination of the beet and potatoe, said to be very prolific and of delicious flavor. Now comes the news that the United States Government, Department of Agriculture, has imported from China a new variety of cabbage which has wonderful possibilities. The new cabbage is not sown until the first week in August, allowing the grower time to first raise a crop of spinach or snap beans on the same soil, but it heads in November the same as ordinary cabbage. It is not so solid as ordinary cabbage, but the very delicacy of its leaves makes it better for cold slaw and sauerkraut and it is entirely odorless while being cooked.

Within the same week in which the foregoing was published, appeared in a news item from St. Paul stating that as a result of chemical soil analysis in the greenhouse of James J. Hill, it is believed that the production of wheat, oats and barley can be doubled. Other dispatches report that meal made from alfalfa has been found excellent for human food. Burbank, some time ago, made the cactus edible. Why these remarkable additions to the human food supply?

What is the purpose of the Creator in permitting these discoveries at this time? It is reasonable to suppose He would be bringing these blessings forward if He expected shortly to destroy this planet, with all its inhabitants, as some would like to tell us? How strange it is that some who profess to be teachers of the Bible know so little what the Bible contains.

"The earth abideth forever." (Eccl. 1:4.) "He created it not in vain, He formed it to be inhabited." (Isaiah 45:18). "Those that wait upon the Lord, they shall inherit the earth." (Psa. 37:9). "Such as the blessed of Him shall inherit the earth." (Psa. 37:22). "The righteous shall inherit the land and dwell therein forever." (Psa. 37:29). "The meek shall inherit the earth." (Psa. 37:11). "The upright shall dwell in the land, and the perfect shall remain in it." (Prov. 2:21.)

THE WANDERING JEW.

CHEERFUL.

Our school is a success under the management of Miss Emhoff.

Grandma Schill went to Lucinda last week on an extensive visit.

John Carlan sold his driving horse last week to John A. Hack, of Shippenville.

Drs. Bangert and Clark, of Shippenville, were caring for the sick in our village last week.

E. J. Fox, Henry Rapp and Walter Mannas made some needed repairs and put the gas well on the Mercer lot in good working order.

Mrs. L. Mercer, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Miller are slowly recovering after a seige of sickness which confined them for several months to their sick rooms.

The Demsytown Gas Co., completed their six inch gas line last week from the John McCauley farm near Fryburg to the gas Meter near our village.

S. Niederriter, one of the most all-around business men in Clarion county called at the office of D. Mercer Esq., last week and transacted some official business.

We are doing it, selling $5,000 worth of Suits and Overcoats at 20 to 33 1-3 per cent off at F. L. Crooks & Co.

SECURING PROFIT IN SHEEP

If Pure-Bred and Well Cared for They Pay Handsomely—Need Shelter in Severe Weather.

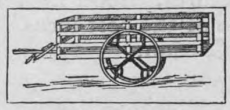
My sheep are pure American Merinos, all registered. Two of this kind I can keep in summer or winter with the same care and feed with which one of most any other breed can be kept, says a writer in an exchange. My sheep barn is a closed building with a broad door so that the sheep can go in and out without crowding each other. The feeding racks in one room are on the outside; the other room has a double rack through the middle. I give my sheep a large run in the fall so they go into winter quarters in good condition and never leave them out in heavy rains through the season.

The breeding ewes are let out every morning in winter to eat their grain, which is oats, and to give them exercise. I feed them hay three times a day. Some only feed twice. I only give them a little at noon time, also give their pens a litter of oat straw two or three times a week. I try to have my sheep shorn before they drop their lambs so the little fellows have no trouble to find their first meal. The ewe that is in good condition has a good supply of milk and almost always owns her lamb. I never keep salt by them, but feed it to them once a week. I have water by them all the time. I never allow the ram to run with the ewes. The rams that are to be used are fed three-quarters oats and one-quarter wheat mixed. The young lambs in the fall and winter are fed twice daily a grain ration of oats and sometimes wheat bran half mixed.

DEVICE FOR LOADING SWINE

Detailed Instructions and Illustration Given for Construction of Implement Handy on Farm.

The device described and shown herewith may be found very handy on any farm. Take a mower truck, hammer and cold chisel and knock off the prongs and so make a smooth wheel. Then drive out the pins that go through the shaft. Take the sickle bars from an old binder for sills. Lay the guard holes down and stick a bolt in the holes where the pins were and through the holes



Hog Loader.

where the guards were. Then you have a hole every two inches and by taking off the burrs you can change to any height from a high wagon to a bob sled. Put a good piece of oak on the upper end 2x8, bore two holes in the center, then take an old tongue and bore two holes through it, stick in the bolt and you have a cart. Have an end gate for each end so that the sow, pigs or calves can be removed from one pen to another with ease.

Raising Race Winners.

Before deciding to patronize any particular stallion, though his blood lines may be pleasing, the small breeder who is desirous of raising race winners should learn whether the horse has sired race winning speed or not. We should also learn whether the ancestors of the stallion on both sides have been successful either as race winners themselves or as sires or producers of uniform race winning speed. The horse all of whose ancestors for several generations have been the most successful in this respect, other things being equal, is the most likely to transmit race winning speed.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Inferior sows constantly pull down the average of the herd.

Muddy pens in winter are discouraging places to keep a hog.

Sheep will do better on rough land than will any other kind of stock save goats.

Good feeding is an integral part of success in breeding pure-bred swine.

A rigid system of selection of brood sows should be practiced by all swine breeders.

Kaffir fodder should never be fed exclusively to cattle because it will scour them.

The profits of a successful hog man rest largely upon his success in raising pigs.

Few branches of stock feeding offer better inducements than feeding range lambs.

Cattle feeding is not a hazardous business, provided it is done intelligently and conservatively.

Soft coal or coal cinders are relished by pigs and hogs because of the mineral matter they contain.

Hogs that have a natural shelter and a good dry ground under them will always do well in winter.

As a rule the main point to consider in growing hogs for market is, How many pounds can I put on that hog?

Lambs to be finished for market should go into winter feeding quarters before the weather becomes cold and unsettled.

For stallions, brood mares, young horses and horses at light work, good quality clover or alfalfa hay cannot be excelled.

"BIG LOAF FLOUR"

Is for sale by the following merchants in Clarion and vicinity.

E. T. Kahle & Son,	Clarion, Pa.
W. A. Brinkley,	Clarion
C. A. Rankin & Son	Clarion
John W. Knapp,	Clarion
Joseph A. Herman,	Clarion
Mrs. E. E. Capron,	Clarion
J. W. Barnes,	Clarion
Ed. L. Fox,	Clarion
J. L. Shumaker,	Clarion
Mrs. E. M. Page,	Clarion
Culmer & Cook,	Clarion
G. V. Phillips & Son,	Clarion
David Mintz,	Marienville, Pa.
A. J. Kirkwood,	Frampton
Ed. M. McEntire,	Frampton
J. M. & C. M. Buzard	Strattanville
J. F. C. Weiser	Strattanville
C. E. Walters	Strattanville
J. M. McMillen	Strattanville
J. J. S. Moore	Corsica
H. F. Guthrie	Summerville
Slicker Bros.	Summerville
E E. Truitt	Summerville
Flick & Hartle	Reidsburg
J. F. McLain	Miola
Samuel Mahle	Miola
G. J. Howe	Waterson
Grant Terwilliger	Fisher
T. R. Slaugenhaupt	Sligo
C. F. Craig	Sligo
J. B. Miller & Son	Sligo
Rimersburg Supply Co.	Rimersburg
F. Grubele	Rimersburg
Arner & Cook	Rimersburg
L. A. Randolph	Rimersburg
J. T. Lobaugh	Rimersburg
F. C. Shearer	Rimersburg
A. S. Thompson	Rimersburg
E. D. Mays	Callensburg
Curllsville Milling Co.	Curllsville
G. C. Goss,	Curllsville
John W. Doverspike	New Bethlehem
Fairmount Store Co.	New Bethlehem
C. E. Andrews Sons	New Bethlehem
Chas A Swartzfager	N. Bethlehem
J. C. Miller	New Bethlehem
J. D. Bailey	New Bethlehem
W. M. Moore	New Bethlehem
A. L. Tronzo	New Bethlehem
H. M. Walters & Son	N Bethlehem
J. C Hetrick	New Bethlehem
Conrad F. Fabra	New Bethlehem
Geo. M. Lawson	Lawsonham
T. T. Meredith	Widnoon
Widnoon Supply Co.	Widnoon
J A. Doverspike	Fairmount City
Fairmount Store Co.,	Fairmount City
Oak Ridge Store Co.	Oak Ridge
B. H. Putney	Putneyville
L. G. Schreckengost	Putneyville
Aaron Brocious	McWilliams
W. W. McEntire	Oakland
Geo. B. Doverspike	Oakland
A. M. Willison	Kellersburg
H. H. Shoemaker	Deanville
J. W. Whited	Hawthorn
S. J. Heffner	Hawthorn
W. O. B. Kaster	Hawthorn
J. B. Welsh	New Mayville
M. J. Hunter	New Athens
Mrs. S. A. Hanlon	Redbank
J. Rush	Templeton
Wolfgang Bros.	Heathville
Anderson Smith	Heathville
W. H. Baughman,	North Freedom
Chas. Stewart	Ringgold
E. A. Holden & Son,	Ringgold
A. H. Reitz	Ohl
J. B. Gilligan	Stanton
Small & Bruner	Knoxdale
Gayley & White	Richardsville
Geo. M. Gayley	Howe
Harry Truman	Sigel
J. M. Houpt	Brookville
W. P. Black	Brookville
Benj. G. Case	Brookville
Wm. F. Wanner	Brookville
Wm. Shield.	Brookville
Uriah Bendel	Brookville
H. H. Hughes	Brookville
J. H. Hughes	Brookville
Pigler Bros.	Brookville
B. M. Moore	Brookville
J. M. Canning	Brookville
L. A. Leathers Co.	Brookville

The housewife no longer asks "Are you a good cook?" She asks instead, "Do you use Big Loaf Flour?"

GEO. H. LUM, DuBois, Pa., Manufacturers Agent for Pennsylvania.

75 Years on Wood Street

WE BUY RAW FURS

Highest Cash Prices Paid

Paulson Brothers Co.
515 WOOD STREET
PITTSBURGH, PA.

It Is Good to be Sure
Better to be Insured
Best to be Insured by
F. M. MOHNEY, Clarion, Pa.
Who Represents the Following companies

	Assets		Assets
Aetna	$21,023,545	Royal	11,534,555
Hartford Fire	24,263,535	North British & Mercantile	6,296,559
German American	17,170,112	London & Lancashire	4,166,513
Fire Association	8,767,555	Hamburg-Bremen	3,[illegible]59
Firmers' Fire	1,090,649	American Central	[illegible]121
Delaware	3,227,945		$[illegible]4,696
St. Paul Fire & Marine	7,026,704	Royal Indemnity	$11,596,555
Westchester Fire	4,470,296	Title Guaranty & Surety Co	2,250,000
German Alliance	1,872,196	Penn Mutual	110,000,000
Northern Assurance	6,197,697	The Pittsburg Casualty Co	100,500
Michigan Commercial	1,112,949		
Granite State	1,158,7[illegible]		$122,225,053
Insurance Co of State of Pa.	8,719,952	Indiana & Ohio Live Stock Ins Co	
Fidelity-Phenix Fire	12,709,295	Clarion County Mutual Fire Ins. Co.	

A Share of Your Business Solicited
F. M. MOHNEY,
Masonic Hall, rear of Post Office. CLARION, PA

The Clarion County National Bank

ESTABLISHED 1876. KNOX, PA
Capital and Surplus $180,000.00
Resoures OVER Nine Hundred Thousand Dollars

OFFICERS

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C. E. CRAWFORD, Vice Prest. H. E. GIBSON, Cashier.
GEO. R. BERLIN, Asst. Cashier.

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G. M. CUSHING, H. J. CRAWFORD
C. E. CRAWFORD T. B. GREGORY
J. C. BERLIN D. O. WHITE
G. S. HAMM

The Officers and Directors of this Bank are conservative and successful men. All business entrusted in their care will receive prompt and proper attention.

4% Interest on Savings Accounts 4%

The John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS.
Completes a Half Century.

Fifty years ago, on April 21, 1862, John A. Andrew, the great war governor of Massachusetts, signed a legislative act of that Commonwealth incorporating the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Thus was the Company legally born amid the throes of the Civil War. The name was happily chosen, for as John Hancock had worked for the political independence of the Nation, so the Company was to work for the economic independence of the family. It was the child, the first born, under the non-forfeiture and the valuation laws, the latter making for stability, the former for completer justice. The first office rented by the Company was at 41 State St. in a quaint old granite building, and consisted of a single room, and so the Company was started on what was destined to be a notable career.

And now the Company has rounded out it's half century of existence with a creditable record of success in it's special line of endevor. Its growth during thel ast twenty years shows results testifying alike to popular appreciation of it's contracts the character and ability of its field force, and confidence in its management as follows:

Year	Assets	Liabilities	Unassigned Funds	Insurance in Force
1891	$4,381,591	$4,038,311	$343,130	$65,108,734
1911	82,269,171	74,873,381	7,395,790	613,469,276

This brief record may fitly be terminated with the following quotation from the Forty-ninth Annual Report of the Directors:

"Never in the Company's history have the field and home office organizations been working as a more harmonious whole, and this factor together with the record of constant progression which has resulted in present condition, justifies a confident xpectation of future accomplishments along most approvedl ines."

The polices issured by this Company are ideal examples of liberal, sound and progressive life insurance contracts. The whole contract, including the application which forms a part, is clearly set forth in the policy of the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company.

S. S. LAUGHLIN, District Agent.
SUITE 1, CAMPBELL BLOCK. CLARION, PENN

Special Inducements at Clarion Music House
4000 Edison Records
at Wholesale Price
Special Inducement on Pianos and All My Goods During the Holidays.
LOUIS POULAIN, Clarion, Pa.

REV. IRL R. HICKS 1913 ALMANAC.

The Irl R. Hicks Almanac for 1913 is now ready. It is the most splendid number of his popular Year Book ever printed. Its value has been more than ever proven by fulfillments of its storm weather and earth-quake forecasts this year. Professor Hicks justly merits the confidence and support of all the people. Don't fail to send 35c for his 1913 Almanac, or only one dollar for his splendid Magazine and Almanac one year. The best one dollar investment possible in any home or business. Send to Wood and Works Publishing Company 3401 Franklin avenue, St. Louis Mo. or the Democrat, Clarion, Pa.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Redbank Telephone Co. will be held in the Court House, Brookville Pa. on

Tuesday. January 21, 1912.

at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. It is the desire of the management that a full attendance of the stockholders be present.

F. A. HAMILTON, President
J. A. BYERLY, Secretary and General Manager.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Citizens Trust Co. of Clarion will be held Tuesday January 21, 1913, at 3:30 P. M. at banking rooms for the purpose of electing directors and voting on changes in By-Laws.

JOHN GIBSON, Sec.

The Purpose of an Advertisement

is to serve your needs. It will help sell your goods—talk to the people you want to reach. An *advertisement in this paper* is a reference guide to those whose wants are worth supplying.

C. C. Fox
INSURANCE
REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENT
Campbell Block Room 7 Leatherwood Hdtr
CLARION, PA.

The housewife no longer asks "Are you a good cook?" "She asks instead, "Do you use Big Loaf Flour?"

GOVERNOR GOLDSBOROUGH SUGGESTS STATE FARMS

His Speech at Frederick Contains Valuable Information for Adams County Farmers.

FARM FOR EACH COUNTY

FREDERICK, Feb. 6.

Governor Goldsborough delivered an address on the "back to the farm" movement before an audience of 600 persons in the City Opera House here last week one afternoon.

The meeting was held in connection with a farmers' institute, which began a two days' session in the Young Men's Christian Association auditorium. The audience which gathered to hear the governor was too large to be accommodated in the auditorium, and the meeting was hurriedly adjourned to the Opera House.

Wants State To Conduct Farms.

In the course of his address the Governor suggested the organization of farmers' associations in every county of the State, with branches in every district, and said he favored the establishment of an agricultural experiment farm in each county.

"My plan would be," he said, "to let the cost of conducting such a farm rest with the State. In this way specialists could be secured to do the work. The State could rent a farm and let the owner live upon it, but have it conducted by the specialist, and apply the surplus, after deducting the cost of maintenance, to the State."

Urges Interest in Politics.

The Governor urged the farmers to look after their interests in the Legislature.

"Do not leave to politics and politicians what you are concerned about," he said. "It is time for an awakening along this line. It is up to the farmers to send to the Legislature men who will get an appropriation for the establishment of an experimental farm in this county and look after other needs of the community. Politicians generally look out for themselves. It is time for the farmer to take the hint and look to his interests."

Farmers Entitled to Autos.

He said he regretted the failure of the Legislature to make an appropriation to cover the cost of an inquiry into rural conditions by the Country Life Commission, which he recently appointed.

"The time has come," he said, "when every farmer should have a home with all the improvements enjoyed by his city brothers. He should have an automobile for the pleasure of himself and family and good roads to travel over."

Touching upon the high cost of living, he said its solution was with the farmer and could be brought about when agriculturists made their land yield twice as much as it does now.

"Frederick county farmers should grow four blades of grass where one is grown at the present time," he declared. He told how the farmers of Dorchester county had cleared $600,000 on their tomato crop last year, and asked: "Can Frederick county, with its magnificent soil and rich natural resources, boast of a single crop that turned in this amount?"

The Governor said he found that the city people are becoming more interested in the increased production of the farm than the farmer himself.

"This," he said, "is because they realize that an increase of farm products will lower the cost of living. If you can raise a greater amount of produce on the same space of ground it is reasonable that your receipts will be larger. If the great centers of population are becoming interested in agricultural questions, it is time that farmers should be showing interest in new methods of agriculture that have been worked out on scientific principles. The main trouble is that farmers are unwilling to change from the old methods that come down from generation to generation."

DEATH OF MRS. A. DEARDORFF.

The Lady Dies in Gettysburg at the Home of Mrs. Annie Wilson.

Gettysburg, Feb. 6.—Mrs. Lovina Deardorff, wife of Anthony Deardorff died at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon of last week at the home of Mrs. Annie Wilson, on Chambersburg St., aged about 63 years.

Mr. and Mrs. Deardorff were residents of York Springs until the latter part of December when they came to Gettysburg and have been here ever since. She leaves her husband and the following brothers and sisters: Hon. Geo. H. Trostel, of York Springs; Hiram Trostel, of Arendtsville; Mrs. Adam Deardorff, of Cashtown; Mrs. David Deardorff, of Mc-Knightstown; and Mrs. Daniel Brown of East Berlin.

The funeral was held Monday morning, leaving the home of Mrs. Wilson at nine o'clock. Services in the Lutheran church at York Springs, where interment was made.

Methodist Minister Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Rev. James A. Lewis, Milaca, Minn. writes: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been a needed and welcome guest in our home for a number of years. I highly recommend it to my fellows as being a medicine worthy of trial in cases of colds, coughs and croup." Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a trial and we are confident you will find it very effectual and continue to use it as occasion requires for years to come, as many others have done. For sale by All Dealers. Adv't.

HOW AN INDIANA GIRL

Got Strong and Well Again at Small Cost.

Miss Alta Abel, of West Baden, Ind., says: "I was a complete wreck, always tired, worn out and nervous. I had to spend about one-third of my time in bed and my life was not worth living. Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, was recommended, and it has done me more good than all the medicine I ever took in my life. That nervous and tired feeling is all gone. I have gained in health, flesh and strength, until I feel like another person."

Vinol is the most efficient strength-creator for such women. It is the medicinal elements of the cods' livers contained in Vinol, aided by the blood-making and strengthening properties of tonic iron, which makes it so far superior to all other tonics to build up health and strength for weak, tired, ailing women. It contains no oil and has a delicious taste.

We give back your money if Vinol does not do all that we claim,
H. A. STONESIFER, Littlestown, Pa.
Advertisement.

A Sick Man

S. B. Hartman, M. D.

Writes Dr. Hartman About Kidney Disease.

Agent teaman writes me: "I was greatly interested in your article describing the Kauffman case of serious disease of the kidneys. The description of his case exactly outlines my condition. I am sure if Peruna cured him as you say, it would cure me also. I am losing flesh rapidly and the doctors say I have every symptom of Bright's disease of the kidneys. If you think I would be benefited by Peruna I will certainly try some as the doctors have practically given me up, the same as they did him."

In reply I wish to say, first, that I never make any promises as to what Peruna will cure. No physician can make positive statements of that sort. I can say this much, however, if I were in your place I should certainly give Peruna a trial. I know of no other remedy that would be so likely to be of use to you in your present condition as Peruna. Take a tablespoonful before each meal and at bedtime. Continue this for two or three weeks and then if there is anything you wish to ask me further write me and I will give your letter prompt attention.

If I find that the Peruna is not helping you I will be perfectly frank and tell you so, for I would not have you take Peruna unless it was really helping you. But it has rescued so many cases of kidney disease that I am quite confident you will find it exactly suited to your case.

Kidney disease begins with catarrh of the kidneys. Peruna is a catarrh remedy. Unless the destruction of the kidneys is already too great Peruna relieves the catarrh and the cause of the kidney disease is removed.

I shall anxiously await a report of your case. Remember, all letters are sacredly confidential. I never use any one's name or address without his written consent. My correspondence is absolutely private. PERUNA IS FOR SALE AT ALL DRUG STORES.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Many persons are making inquiries for the old time Peruna. To such would say, as the formula is now put out under the name of KA-TAR-NO, manufactured by KA-TAR-NO Company, Columbus, Ohio. Write them and they will be pleased to send you a free booklet.

Advertisement

AND THE WANDERING JEW DISAGREES WITH THEM

He Declares There is a Hell, But That It is Known as the Grave.

WHAT DR. ELLIOTT SAYS

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The statement in Isa. 28:18, "Your agreement with hell shall not stand," has had a curious fulfilment. Of course, if hell is any such place as our parents taught us, it would disagree with everybody, but the disagreement has come in another way.

A Boston paper presents a symposium by eleven prominent clergymen of that city on the statement of President Eliot of Harvard University, that, "There is no hell, there never was any, and there never will be any."

Three of the learned gentlemen agree with Doctor Eliot, two appear to consider it a place of mental suffering, two evade the question by expressing a belief in "future retribution," without specifying what they mean, one states that he does not emphasize it, one refused to talk, one intimates that "hell is here and now," and one, the Colonel of the Salvation Army, says that he believes in a real hell.

The symposium is illustrated by a naked man, enveloped in flames, being pitchforked about by one of six horned devils who seem to be devoting their entire attention to him. The illustration is said to have been taken from a standard theological work in general use a century ago.

Such mere guessing by clergymen, who have financial reasons for being prejudiced, is no more reliable than that of the layman. Manifestly we must go to the Scriptures and to them alone to find anything reasonable, tangible or logical on this subject. Speculation is unnecessary where facts are on hand.

In the margain of Psa. 55:15, 86: 13, Isa. 14:9, it is explained by the translators of our common version that the word "hell" means "grave." This seems confirmed by the statement in Ezek. 32:27 that certain warriors "Are gone down to hell with their weapons of war"—an illusion to the ancient custom of burying a warrior's weapons in the same grave with his body.

Hell means, therefore, a place of silence, a condition of dreamless sleep. "The dead know not anything" (Eccl. 9:15) until the awakening in the resurrection morning.

THE WANDERING JEW.

Don't You Believe It.

Some say that chronic constipation cannot be cured. Don't you believe it. Chamberlain's Tablets have cured others—why not you. Give them a trial. They only a quarter. For sale by All Dealers. Adv't.

WOMEN TO INCORPORATE.

Westminster Civic League Laying Plans For Work.

Westminster, Md., Feb. 6.—The newly organized Women's Civic League of Westminster is to be incorporated. At a meeting of the organization held the other day the following committee was appointed to arrange for its incorporation.

Mrs. James A. C. Bond, Mrs. John H. Cunningham, Mrs. Ivan L. Hoff, Mrs. Samuel L. Little, Mrs. Claude C. Douglas, Miss Edna Erb, Mrs. Harry Dittman, Mrs. Chas. Billingslea, Mrs. Thomas H. Lewis, Miss Lizzie Herr and Mrs. John T. Anders.

Mrs. George K. Mather was elected treasurer in place of Mrs. B. P. Northrop, who resigned.

A fund for the employment of an instructor in civic work was started with a contribution of $10 by Dr. H. M. Pitchugh.

The Best Cough Medicine.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since I have been keeping house," says L. C. Hames, of Marbury, Ala. "I consider it one of the best remedies I ever used. My children have all taken it and it works like a charm. For colds and whooping cough it is excellent." For sale by All Dealers. Adv't.

THE LAST WORD ON THE IDEAL HOME

When You Build Use Brick

If you think best to patronize a local industry, we should be pleased to serve you.

If we do not make the kind of Brick you desire, let us know and we will secure it for you.

We are in close touch with a score of the best factories in the country.

But whether you buy of us or not, USE BRICK.

Brick is Fire Proof
Brick is Weather Proof
Brick is Moisture Proof
Brick is Acid Proof
Brick is Frost Proof
Brick is Tornado Proof
Brick is Repair Proof
Brick is Rat Proof
Brick is Loss Proof

In a word Brick is the ideal economical building material for the Modern Permanent Fire Proof House.

When You Build Use Brick

ALWINE BROS.,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

Free booklet mailed you upon request.

It is a pleasure to wear shirts and collars laundered by us. We also do flat work in first-class style, and give prompt service in collecting and delivery.

Give us a trial through our agent, Mr. Geo. Z. Gitt, the Jeweler, of Littlestown.

STAR LAUNDRY, York, Pa.

GETTYSBURG'S BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. W. WEAVER & SON
The Leaders.
Dry Goods, Carpets, Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Goods, Etc.

H. B. BENDER
The Home Furnisher.
—ALSO—
Funeral Director.

SPANGLER'S MUSIC HOUSE,
High Grade Pianos and Musical Instruments.
Old Instruments Taken In Exchange.

W. A. HENNIG'S BAKERY
Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Pretzels, Etc.
No. 25 York St. Phone No. 183 L

CHAS. S. MUMPER & CO.
Furniture & Stoves.
Repairing Furniture & Upholstering a Specialty.

PENROSE MYERS
Watchmaker and Jeweler
Is again personally conducting his old stand and will personally repair all Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc.

GETTYSBURG DEPT. STORE
Groceries and Hardware.
Farming Implements
Victor and Edison Talking Machines.

"MUMPER'S STUDIO"
MUMPER
THE
PHOTOGRAPHER
41 Balto. St. Gettysburg, Pa.

W. H. TIPTON
Photographing in all Its Branches.
Picture Framing, Battlefield Souvenirs and Post Cards.

W. H. DINKLE
Graduate of Optics
will be at Penrose Myers' Jewelry Store, Gettysburg, every Tuesday.
Home Office:—
29 E. Pomfret St., Carlisle, Pa.

PEOPLES DRUG STORE
Drugs, Stationery, Etc.
Soda Water, Sundaes

J. O. BLOCHER
All Kinds of
Coal, Wood, Lumber, Terra Cotta Tiling, Edison Cement, Slate.
Corner Carlisle and Railroad Sts.
Telephone No. 283

ECKERT'S STORE
"On the Square"
Men's Furnishings.
Men's, Women's, Children's Footwear

FUNKHOUSER & SACHS
Dealers in Ladies' and Gent's Clothing and Furnishings.
"The Home of Fine Clothes."

Rowan's

YORK'S ONLY EXCLUSIVE WOMAN'S STORE

Littlestown's Business Directory

D. E. BUCKEY & SON,
Dealers in
Grain, Flour, Feed, Salt, Seeds, Etc.
Highest Market Price Paid for Your Grain. We Never Blow Your Wheat.

MAYERS HARDWARE CO.
Genl. Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Wire Fencing, Builders' Supplies.
Watches and Clocks Repaired. All Work Guaranteed.

H. W. MARTIN
Choice Confectionery, Fruits, Green Groceries, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.
POOL ROOM ATTACHED

THE LITTLESTOWN SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
Deposits $440,000
Capital $25,000
Surplus $60,000.

GEO. Z. GITT
The Jeweler
Special Agent for Queen City Rings. Every Ring sold with an actual Guarantee. Ring must be seen to be appreciated.

H. A. SPALDING
Propr. of
Littlestown Sale & Exchange Stables.
Choice Stock Always on Hand.

JNO. A. MAYERS,
Shoes, Gents' Furnishings, Hosiery, Notions, Etc.

WM. L. SNEERINGER
Manufacturer of
The Very Best Make of Brooms.
To Broom Corn Growers.—Have your brooms made at my factory by the very latest improved machinery.

Before making your selecttion of a Marble or Granite Monument call on
W. D. NAU
Large Stock to Select From.
Superior Workmanship Materials Guaranteed.

HARRIS BROS. & COHEN
Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.
Shoes a Specialty.
Drop in and look over our Spring Samples for Tailored Suits and Overcoats. Tailor-made Suits from $10 up, from Chicago and New York Companies.

HARVEY A. STONESIFER
Manufacturer of
Best Bread, Cakes and Pretzels
Our Home-Made Bread is Made from Potato Yeast.

BASEHOAR & MEHRING.
Hardware, Paints, Cement, Harness, Pumps, Windmills and Gasoline Engines.
One Price to Everybody.

C. C. CROUSE
Ice Cream & Oysters in Season.
Choice Confectionery, Fruits, Etc.
All Kinds of Lumber.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF JUNK
Rags, Gum, Iron, Bones, All Kinds of Metals, Newspapers and Periodicals. Hides of all kinds.
HEYMAN I. SCHARFMANN,
Hanover Street, Littlestown, Pa.

LITTLESTOWN MILLING CO.,
Hydrated Lime for all crops.
Feed, Coal, Fertiliser, Salt, Etc.

Hanover's Business Directory

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Repairing a specialty. Give us a call and examine our immense stock.

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Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets and Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes.

A. B. NACE, SON & CO.
Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps,
Educator Shoes.

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Dry Goods, Notions and Carpets.
Ladies Ready-to-wear Goods.

SWORDS BROS. & WHITE
Photography in all its Branches
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STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES
Proprietor of
TEH HANOVER STEAM BAKERY
FANCY CAKES A SPECIALTY.
No. 126 High St. Both Phones.

E. J. CONRAD,
Shoes, Rubber Goods, and Hosiery.
Try the "Buster Brown"

STOVER, THE TAILOR,
Up-to-the-Minute Suits
Perfect Fits Or No Sale.
Baltimore St., Near the Square.

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General line of Fine and Substantial Furniture and Mattresses
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Dry Goods and Notions.
Carpet Dep't. on 1st Floor. Carpets, Rugs and Linoleum.
Always a Good Assortment.

BAUGHMAN'S DRUG STORE
Pure Drugs, Sundries, Etc. Toilet Articles, Post Cards.
SODA FOUNTAIN.

SMITH'S DRUG STORE
100 Broadway.
The leading Drug Store in Hanover. Only the Highest Grade of Drugs and Medicines at this store.

We are now showing the advance styles in Men's, Women's, Children's Shoes and Hosiery. See window.
HOFFACKER'S,
On the Square

THE TIME TO ACT IS NOW,
For new forms of Policies and Rates of the Mutual Life, address, with age, or call in person at the office of
G. MILTON BAIR,

F. E. CREMER,
Choice Cut Flowers for all purposes at all times.
A general line of plants in their season.
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Repairing of all Kinds.
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203 Abbottstown St.
PIANOS, MUSIC, VICTOR RECORDS
Instruments of all kinds.

NEW INCUBATOR CATALOG FREE POULTRY SUPPLY CATALOG FREE

EGGS $1.00 PER DOZEN

That's the Price predicted for this Winter

Bolgiano's "Square Deal" Scratch Food

Produces Eggs like this: Mr. John Baer, Raspeburg, Md., had 100 chickens he was feeding whole corn and was getting 23 eggs a week, after feeding "Square Deal" Scratch Food one week he got 72 eggs, the second week he got 172 eggs, the third week he got 204 eggs and the increase continued until he was getting 350 eggs per week.

DON'T BE FOOLED

There's a difference. If your local merchant does not sell Bolgiano's Genuine "Square-Deal" Poultry and Chick Foods, and "Square-Deal Poultry Mash, drop us a postal, we will tell you who does.

YOU CAN HAVE BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS to brighten your home all Winter, Thanksgiving Time, Christmas Time, Easter Time, also in your Lawns and Flower Beds at the first opening of Spring Time If you plant Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, Lillies, Iris and Crocus Bulbs now.

Fall Bulb Catalog

with beautiful pictures and all about how to grow them sent free if you will drop us a postal.
PALMS & FERNS CHEAP

J. Bolgiano & Son
Seed Growers Almost 100 Years
BALTIMORE, MD.

DR. H. A. Underwood
YORK SPRINGS, PA.
Makes a specialty of the treatment of all chronic diseases.
Cancer, Consumption and Asthma cured or no pay. Fits (epilepsy) cured. Also all growths removed without pain.
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REAL ESTATE BROKERS
HANOVER, PA.
Stocks, Bonds, Insurance & Loans

21 acre farm, 3 miles from Hanover. Buildings in first-class condition, $1800.

Farm containing 77 acres, located 3 miles from Pleasant Hill, along public road. 20 acres of timberland. Running water. Lots of fruit. First class buildings.

55 acre farm 8 miles from Hanover.

Farm containing 52 acres, located near Pleasant Hill. 10 acres of timber land, running water; lots of fruit; good buildings.

50 acre farm, Mt. Joy Twp. First-class improvements.

112 acre farm, 4 miles from Hanover. Running water.

150 acre farm 1½ mile from Pleasant Hill.

23 acre farm near Sell's Station
H. C. Miller's store stand, Melrose.

Store, property and 9 acres land, New Chester.

7 acre farm 1 mile from Hanover. New buildings.

4¾ acre farm ½ mile from Hanover. First-class improvements.

148 acre farm 5 miles Hanover.

126 Church St., McSherrystown.

80-acre farm 3 miles from Littlestown.

12 acre farm, Conowago Twp., 2 miles from Hanover. New buildings.

10 acre fruit and truck farm; 1000 fruit trees; 4 miles from Hanover.

206 acre farm, Huntington Twp. Great bargain.

86 acre farm, Jackson Twp., 6 miles from Hanover.

11 acre farm 2 miles from Hanover.

203 acre farm Straban Twp.

16 acre farm 5 miles Hanover.

60 acre farm Straban Twp.

Frame dwelling, White Hall.

Store stand and 2 acres of land 2 miles from Hanover.

Large new brick dwelling and business stand No. 108 Baltimore street, Hanover.

Houck's mill and 22 acre farm, in West Manheim Twp.

Double frame house, Lumber St., Littlestown.

Frame house close to Hanover. Price $525.

Tract of land corner Main St., McSherrystown, and 'pike.

152 acre farm 9 miles from York.

12 acre farm 2 miles Abbottstown.

Brick yard sewr, none better in state, containing 45 acres and located between P. R. R. and W. M. R. R., close to Hanover.

Frame house, Littlestown.

Frame house with ¾ acre of land in Midway.

Frame house North St., Ext., McSherrystown.

Good paying business in Hanover. Small capital required.

Dwelling and blacksmith stand, near Marburg.

Tract of land containing 5½ acres with first-class improvements, on South Street, Midway.

Ute's storestand and 42 acre farm, West Manheim Twp.

Frame house, South street, Midway.

Corner lot in Midway, Madison Avenue and 'pike.

New frame house, Midway; bargain.

Many residences, with and without conveniences, for sale and rent. Also building lots of all kinds for sale.

Rooms 2 and 3, Sheppard & Myers Building, Over Talbot Store.

ASK ANY HORSE

Eureka Harness Oil

Mica Axle Grease

Sold by dealers everywhere
The Atlantic Refining Company

Glasses Scientifically Fitted

without the use of drugs.

F. PROCTOR DONAHEY
Optometrist.
Cor. Market & Beaver Streets,
YORK, PA.

JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRAT

Volume 36 No. 8 | BROOKVILLE, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1913 | Whole Number 1780

SAVING THREE MILLION DOLLARS.

Three million dollars is to be the saving to the people of the country as the result of the fact that Ben Johnson of Kentucky, is chairman of the House Committee on the District of Columbia. He discovered that the people of the states were paying one half of the taxes for those who reside in the District of Columbia and until he began to make a fight in congress they did not know it. Even some of the members of congress did not know it.

The practice of the government s anding one half of the taxes for residents of the District of Columbia is an old one. It has been going on for years. Custom is a hard thing to break down. But there is really no more reason why the people of the states should bear half of the expense for maintaining the District of Columbia than there is why they should pay half of the taxes of the residents of the capitals of the states. The old policy of the government to stand one half of the taxes makes Washington a fine place for tax dodging millionaires to build their palaces. It might only be expected that when Mr. Johnson began his fight pressure would be brought to bear on him to force him to abandon it. It was. The great newspapers of Washington flayed him and ridiculed him; the Senate set itself up against him, he was opposed on the floor of the House; and he had to fight, and fight hard, for every inch of headway he made.

But he took the position that he was sent to congress to serve the best interests of all the people, and not for the purpose of perpetuating soft snaps for the wealthy of the District of Columbia. After a hard fight he succeeded in striking more than three million dollars out of the last appropriation bill for the District of Columbia.

"The people back in the states are taxed to carry on their local, city, county, and state governments, and in addition are taxed to pay one half of all the municipal expenses of the City of Washington," declared Mr. Johnson. "Congress quarrels and fights with itself over the question of whether one or two battleships shall be built, and without batting an eye or asking a question votes the price of a dreadnaught to Washington each congress. Widows of the old soldiers are compelled to fight and scramble for a twelve dollar a month pension, but the widow of a Washington policeman is paid a pension of fifty dollars a month and no questions asked, while the twelve dollar pensioned widow back in the states is taxed to help pay it. The same may be said of the old soldier.

"The county school teacher bears her part of the tax burden in order to pay the school teacher in Washington City $1,800 for teaching 230 hours in the Washington schools. The school child in the states bears its proportion of taxes at home for school books, and then pays a tax to buy school books for the child of the millionaire who lives in Washington. The farmer on the rural route in the states must carry a lantern on his road or travel in the dark, while he pays his proportion of the cost of putting electric lights along the rural routes which lead out of Washington City to the limits of the seventy square miles which constitute the District of Columbia.

"The school child back in the states is given desk room in its humble school at a cost of a dollar or two, while that child bears its proportion of the tax imposed on the American people to give desk room costing twelve hundred and ten dollars for each child that has entered the school age during the last five years in the City of Washington."

ADVERTISING THE AMENDMENTS.

Mr. North, representative from Jefferson county, introduced a bill in the lower house of the state legislature last week, to appropriate $215,000 to pay for advertising the constitutional amendments last year. A list of the papers the amendments were published in, shows how lavishly the state's money was distributed among the "faithful" by the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The amendments were published in an average of five papers in each county. About all the machine papess in the state got the job. Some of the prices were very, very high. Congressman Ben. Focht's paper, with a claimed circulation of 3,500 sends in a bill of $1,248, more than was charged by the Pittsburgh dailies. One good paper, in a city of less than 15,000, publishing a daily and weekly edition, was given two order, and sent in two bills. "Cracks," a paper in Philadelphia, claiming a circulation of 4,000, sends in a bill of $1,495. Thirteen papers in Schuylkill county got the advertising, and 15 in Lancaster got it, while Luzerne county, with twice the population had it in only 7 papers. Berks county, with more population than Lancaster, had the amendment in less than half as many papers. Allegheny county with six times the population of Lancaster county had the amendments in less papers. Cameron county with 7,600 population, had the amendments in 3 papers, while Carbon county with 52,000, Butler with 72,000, Beaver with 78,000, and Lehigh with 118,000 had the advertising in 3 papers each. Bradford county with 54,000 people, and Venango with 56,000 had it only two papers each. Elk county with 35,000 population had it in 5 papers. and Snyder with 16,000 of a population had it in 4 papers. In Jefferson county the democratic paper was entirely ignored. The doings of the machine are wonderful.

Binding Kings With Chains.

Do we realize that the work of binding kings with chains is going on before our very eyes today? Perhaps we have not noticed it, but the newspapers record the facts from day to day and from year to year. There is not much more of the work to be done. In a little while the kings will have been securely chained in every corner of the earth.

Not that the chains are literal chains. O no! The chains that are binding the kings are far more effective than merely iron chains. When David wrote that the Messiah would "Bind their kings with chains and their nobles with fetters of iron" (Psa. 149: 8), he meant that with the establishment of His reign would come the end of man's tyranny over man. With the passing of copper cooking utensils passed the coppersmith, with the passing of the horse will go the blacksmith, and with the passing of Satan's permission "to scatter the power of the holy people" (Daniel 12: 7) will pass the king.

The United States, France, Portugal, China, Switzerland, Cuba, Mexico, the Philippines, Hawaii, and all the Central and South American nations have done with kings, and in the last ten years every absolute monarchy in the world has passed out of existence. The kings are taking it hard. Press dispatches say the Ex Empress of China weeps ceaselessly, that she lives in the old palace of the Forbidden City, absolutely deserted by all relatives and former court attendants, except a few servants, who spend much of their time robbing the palace of all the valuables it holds.

The Psalmist says further (Psalm 110: 5, 6) "The Lord (Adonai, the Messiah) at thy right hand (Jehovah's right hand) shall strike through kings in the day of His wrath . . . He shall wound the heads over many countries." If we see the kings being stricken, and if we see them being wounded, is it not an indication that Messiah's kingdom is nigh? Is is not an indication that He is exercising His long promised power?

THE WANDERING JEW.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 22 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE Address, A. S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

For a mild, easy action of the bowels try Doan's Regulets, a modern laxative. 25c at all stores.

ADJOINING COUNTIES.

There were 30 births and 3 deaths in St. Marys in January.

Elk county sent two men to the penitentiary at its last term of court.

The study of agriculture is being taken up in all the township schools of Elk county.

Four robberies were committed in St. Marys on Saturday night, February 8th, by men entering dwellings. But the sums stolen were not large.

License court will be held in Clarion on March 4. There are 47 applications for wholesale and retail licenses, 3 for distiller's license, and one for brewer's license.

Tionesta had its first baptism of fire in several years last Thursday morning, when the palatial home of G. F. Rodda, located on the river bank at the upper end of town, was totally destroyed.—Vindicator.

It is said that fifty crews are being organized to start grading the new line of Lake Shore from DuBois to Clearfield, via Home Camp and connecting with N. Y. C. at mouth of Wolf Run. The road is to be completed in a year. —Raftsmen's Journal.

On Saturday evening between nine and ten o'clock, what is known as the old school house at Kellettville, was discovered to be on fire, and although prompt efforts were made to save the burning building it was soon reduced to ashes.—Vindicator.

Two brothers of St. Marys have rigged up a portable saw mill outfit, run by a gasoline engine, which they are successfully using in sawing up a large amount of lumber scattered over Benzinger township. It is said the mill can be taken down and set up in one hour.

A petition is being circulated throughout Clarion and is being signed by people of all parties requesting the Governor of the State to appoint Winfield Scott Smathers, Jr., to be Sheriff of the county to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of his father.—Clarion Democrat.

Word was received here yesterday by the parents of Gilbert Craft, who live in the Fourth ward, that he was killed Wednesday while at work on the B. & O. R. R. near New Castle, Pa. Another brother was killed on the same railroad a couple of years ago. —Clearfield Republican.

Captain Charles C. McClain of Co. F. has received official notice to have his command in readiness to proceed to Washington, D. C., to participate in the inauguration ceremonies of President Elect Woodrow Wilson. The orders are issued by Adjutant-General Thomas J. Stewart.—Indiana Democrat.

Drs. A. M Hoover, of Parker, and R A Walker, of West Monterey, were here Monday as guests of Dr. R S Wallace, who on that day reached the 51st milestone in life's journey. The venerable doctor has been confined to the house for the past two years and a half, his locomotive powers being impaired.—East Brady Review.

Lives Without Heart.

We have heard of people living without any heart in the purpose of their lives. If you lack snap and ginger in your worldly pursuits, it may quickly be supplied by using Sexine Pills, the tonic that cures all forms of nerve weakness. No matter what your weakness is, if it is at all of a nervous nature, it can be cured by Sexine Pills. If they fail, the coupons in the boxes are good for the return of your money. Price, $1 a box, 6 boxes $5, with full guarantee. Address or call on Sandt Drug Co., Brookville, where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute.

Unclaimed Letters.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the Brookville postoffice, February 15, 1913:

John Bonnet, Isaac Flannigan, O. H. Hosterman, C. O. Wisherst, Mrs. Kate Barnett, Mrs. Millie Cline, Miss Jessie Ezis, Miss Gladys Farenz, Mrs. Harry Little, Mrs. Jennie McCormick, Miss Mame Vandervert, Miss Myrtle Whan.

Say advertised and give date, when calling for letters. Will be sent to Dead Letter Office if not called for in two weeks. J. B. MEANS, P. M.

HOT BISCUIT,

hot cakes, made with ROYAL Baking Powder are delicious, healthful and easily made.

DEEDS FILED FOR RECORD

In Jefferson County for the Week Ending Saturday, February 15.

G. Magliarditi to P. Sena et al, property in McCalmont; $800.

Thomas Sandt et ux to R. Patrone, lot in McCalmont; $10.

D. P. Bell et ux to Joe Wargo, 3 lots in Knox; $1.

John C. Grier, by executor, to S. Bertha Hall, lot in Punxsutawney; $1.

D. F. Rinn et ux to W. C. Smith, 72 acres in Bell; $4,000.

Mary Z. Henry et al to W. S. Henry, lot in Punxsutawney; $1.

F. O. Snyder et ux to J. G. McCrovy & Co., property in Pumxsutawney; $35,000.

George I. Davis et al to Mary S. Greene, one-half interest in 81 acres in Henderson; $1,666.67.

M. G. Broslus et al to William Divler, 105 acres in Eldred; $1,600.

Daniel Shaffer et ux to Sam'l Byerly, 61 acres in Beaver; $2,500.

O. Battaglia to Tony Battaglia et al, 5 acres in Winslow; $1.

J. W. Sutter to Ed. Suchman, property in Punxsutawney; $1,655.

Jacob Dickey et al to George Hadden, 3 lots in Henderson; $175.

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses issued by Register and Recorder Perry A. Hunter since our last report:

John Moore.....Falls Creek
Ida Z. A. Henry.....Falls Creek
John R. Hirst.....Beaver Twp
Evalyn C. Jocox.....Summerville
Clyde C. Bullers.....Brookville
Eva M. Yount.....Summerville
H. B. Little.....Winslow Twp
Bertha Sprague.....Henderson Twp

A 15 Jeweled Waltham complete watch for Gents for $6.50, at Loves.

FARMERS!

We want your live chickens and offer you 11c per pound for both old hens and last year's chickens. We also want 25 nicely dressed last year's chickens each Friday and Saturday, for which we will pay 17c per pound for those weighing less than 4 pound, over this amount will only pay 15c per pound.

We also want 5 bushels parsnips and 5 bushels turnips.

Seed.

Last Saturday we were kept on the move filling Seed orders. We received orders from Brockwayville, Summerville, Falls Creek, New Bethlehem and Clarion. We quote this week.

Extra Fancy Clover, $13 50 per bu.
Extra Choice Clover, $12.50 per bu.
Extra Fancy Alsike, $15.00 per bu.
Extra Fancy Alfalfa, $12.00 per bu.
Extra Fancy Timothy, $2.50 per bu.

We want you to drop in and inspect our seeds. If there is anything in the line we do not carry in stock we will be glad to order it for you.

Evaporated Fruits

Have the call these days. We offer:
4 pound large Raisins for 25c
2 pound fancy Muir Peaches for 25c
2 pound extra large Prunes for 25c
3 pound good sized Prunes for 25c
3 pound stewed Figs for 25c

Fish

Lenten season is on and you will need fish. We offer:
6 small Mackerel for 25c
3 good sized Irish Mackerel for 25c
3 pound loose Herring for 25c
Large Red Salmon 15c per pound
8 pound pail Lake Herring 65c
10 pound pail Lake Herring 75c
8 pound pail White Fish 75c
10 pound pail Mackerel $1.25

Commencing next week we will offer fresh fish each week during the remainder of the Lenten season.

Baked Beans

In cans are always acceptable, especially to a home where there are boys. When you don't know what to cook open a can of beans, they only cost 10c per can and will serve from 3 to 4 people. We offer a new one this week—a 5c can put up by VanCamp's very suitable for packing luncheons.

The L. A. Leathers Co.
DEPARTMENT STORE
BROOKVILLE, PA.

A BEAUTIFUL FACE
Send name for Particulars and Testimonials of the remedy that clears the Complexion, Removes Skin Imperfections, Makes New Blood and Improves Health. If you take
BEAUTYSKIN
Beautiful results are guaranteed or money refunded.
CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.,
Madison Place. Philadelphia, Pa.

For your Typewriter Paper
For your Carbon Paper
For your Typewriter Ribbons
Call at the Democrat office

WINTER

Copyrighted 1912 A. B. KIRSCHBAUM & CO.

Has been a long time coming, and with the absence of it we still have a few Overcoats and heavy Suits for Men and Boys in exceptionally good values, which we are going to sell at a

LARGE REDUCTION FROM FORMER PRICES

We have also a fine line of Top Coats and Rain Coats, carefully made and rightly tailored in popular style and colors, guaranteed to give service and all around wearing satisfaction at a

VERY LOW PRICE.

In our Shoe department we have shoes of service, style and worth at economical prices, for men, women and children.

When in town call and be convinced.

Means Brothers
"RELIABLE CLOTHIERS"
Opposite American Hotel — *BROOKVILLE, PA.*

Brookville Title and Trust Company.

Capital $125,000 — Surplus $125,000

If You Would--To-Morrow?

SUPPOSE, to-morrow, you were to die, would your estate be in orderly condition; or would the tangle of affairs be a many years' burden of expense and worry to your family?

Be thoughtful of the future. Write your will NOW, and let your estate escape unnecessary care and expense.

When named as executor, testamentary, guardian or trustee, this institution will write your will for you without cost; keeping it safely sealed and producing it when occasion requiees.

Commercial, Savings and Trust Departments

Oriental Designed Rugs give an air of luxury to an apartment that nothing else can give, and they permit a variety of arrangement that prevents monotony. We are showing a splendid assortment in rich and artistic designs in American weave. The wise housekeeper will do well to take advantage of our low prices. We furnish rugs in any size and coloring effect made.

REITZ FURNITURE COMPANY,
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

The Independent

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY BY
D. B. ALLEMAN
Editor and Publisher.

The County circulation of The Independent is acknowledged to be equal to the combined circulation of any two Adams County Newspapers.

Sixty County News Correspondents.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

One year's subscription $1.50
Six month's subscription ..... .75
Three months subscription ..... .40
One year, (strictly in advance) 1.00
Out-of-county subscriptions 1.50

☞ No deduction from the $1.50 rate will be made on half or quarter year subscriptions.

When subscribers wish to discontinue it is necessary to notify us by 'phone or postal. We will not be responsible for notices left at post-offices which may fail to reach us.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business Locals, Want Locals, For Sale, Festivals, etc., per word, (one time) ..... .02
Each additional insertion (per word) .01

Money must accompany order to insure insertion.

Administrators' Notice 2.50
Executors' Notice 2.50
(Yearly Rate Card on Application.)

Advertisers should remember that THE ADAMS COUNTY INDEPENDENT is the only paper in the county with a sworn circulation.
All correspondence with this office should be addressed

ADAMS COUNTY INDEPENDENT,
Littlestown, Pa.

NOTICE.

A few of our subscribers have gained the impression that The Independent subscription price is $1.00 per year. This is not so and never has been. The price of The Independent is $1.50 per year; but, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, we deduct one-third the price, or 50 cts. for such cash payment—that being the saving represented in arrearage postage.

POSTMASTER "LOUIE" SELL.

Well, we've been standing as it were on a high-chair looking over the shoulders of the Hon. D. F. Lafean to see how that gentleman would play the hand of cards dealt him by the public last Fall.

While we are no prophet, nor the son of a prophet, yet our prophecy of the 7th instant, to the effect that Congressman Lafean would endorse the application of Squire L. D. Sell as postmaster at Hanover, seems to have come true, the Squire's appointment now being before the Senate for confirmation.

Mr. Lafean had a poor hand from which to extract pleasing results, but that he has played it well goes without saying. He knew the other side held the winning cards and that he could not draw to a Republican appointment for Hanover, so he did the next best thing and selected a Democratic friend—one whom the Hanoverians themselves have been periodically endorsing for a quarter of a century. It was a master-stroke in political ledgerdemain.

In his endorsement of Squire Sell our congressman has simply repaid certain evidences of political debt which he was under because of the Squire's friendship for him, and at the same time impressing the Hanover people with the understanding that he was doing for them what he believed was best—the endorsement of a man as their postmaster who has had four years enjoyed a home endorsement of unusual loyalt-

What Mr. Brodbeck will do in the matter is of course problamatical. It is very questionable, indeed, whether he can afford to "jump the game" and play the coward simply because he did not hold the winning card. Mr. Brodbeck gets along very well with Squire Sell in home enterprises and private business transactions, why shouldn't they succeed in politics? With the Squire as postmaster he would become almost a nonentity in politics, with Mr. Brodbeck's opposition to confirmation Squire Sell could not be anything else than a confirmed opponent to Mr. Brodbeck's successful political ventures.

We shall await developments with no little interest.

BLESSINGS FROM THE SOIL.

Farm Press, a live Chicago paper, reminds its readers of some of the blessings for which this country is indebted to the farmers. The yield of the soil has been so abundant that there are not freight cars enough in the country to move it. There are, we are told, 3,169,137,000 bushels of corn stacked up; 720 333,000 bushels of wheat, 1,417,172,000 bushels of oats, 224,619,000 bushels of barley, 414,289,000 bushels of potatoes. Not counting the rye, flax, hay and forty odd what-nots that the farmers have produced this year, there is a total excess over last year's production of over one and one-half billion bushels which is an increase of about 20 per cent over the record of the year previous, and an increase of 11 per cent over the best bumper year in history. It would require a bank check of about ten billions of dollars ($10,000,000,000, count it!) to compensate the American farmer for the entire produce of his fields, orchards and dairies, in this banner year of 1912.

But the material benefits are not the only ones. Many of the big men of the Nation, who are directing the foreign and home affairs of the country, are forming public opinion, are men reared in rural surroundings. The moral vision and purposes which guide us as a Nation are given more often under the unobscured, star-lit sky, than in the smoke-polluted atmosphere of the big centers of population.

We accept with gratitude the material blessings referred to. They should lead us to acknowledge the hand of Providence. The Patriarch of old, in the days of his prosperity, exclaimed:

"I am not worthy of all the mercies and of all the truth which Thou hast shown unto thy servant; for with my staff (only) I passed over this Jordan, and now I am become two bands."

This is the right spirit. Many people are eagerly calling upon the all-merciful Father in the day of adversity, but they forget Him when all is well.

The Pioneers of this State were, like the founders of the Nation, God-fearing men and women. In the beginning they fought hardships of every imaginable kind. But in those days prayers ascended from every home. Today there is prosperity. All is well. It should be a time of reflection. Israel was commanded: "Thou shalt remember the Eternal, thy God, that He it is that giveth the power to get wealth. * * " (Deuteronomy 8:17-18.) And that commandment is as important today as it was anciently.

"Suffragette" is a perfectly harm less word in itself. Technically it is the diminutive of Suffragist and means simply "little Suffragist." Within recent years the term "Suffragette" has been adopted by the militant group of English Suffragists and has thus come to indicate those who use wild and lawless tactcs. The Pennsylvania Suffragists naturally object to being caleld "Suffragettes," because the women of this State disclaim all connection with violent and sensational methods. Our women realize the fine intelligence and fairness of the men of Pennsylvania and do not have to resort to such kinds of proceedure.

Whatever the methods of Suffragists are in other States or Countries, Pennsylvania has reason to congratulate itself upon the conduct of its women. They have conducted the movement in Pennsylvania in an unfailingly dignified manner and their intelligent, effective methods have won the esteem of all fair minded citizens. Though they have been active they have relied upon reason and argument and their campaign in the future will doubtless be planned along similarly earnest, educational lines.

One can pretty surely determine upon the circulation and popularity of a newspaper by examination of its advertising columns. The Star and Sentinel publishes this week the advertisements of 13 public sales. The Compiler has 10 and The Independent over 40. Quite a contrast, isn't it?

BINDING KINGS WITH CHAINS.

Do we realize that the work of binding kings with chains is going on before our very eyes today? Perhaps we have not noticed it, but the newspapers record the facts from year to year. There is not much more of the work to be done. In a little while the kings will have been securely chained in every corner of the earth.

Not that the chains are literal chains, O, No! The chains that are binding the kings are far more effective than iron chains. When David wrote that the Messiah would "Bind their kings with chains and their nobles with fetters of iron" (Psa 149:8), he meant that with the establishment of His reign would come the end of man's tyranny over man. With the passing of copper-cooking utensils passed the coppersmith, with the passing of the horse will go the blacksmith and with the passing of Satan's permission "to scatter the power of the holy people" (Daniel 12:7) will pass the king.

The United States, France, Portugal, China, Switzerland, Cuba, Mexico, the Philippines, Hawaii, and all the Central and South American nations have done with kings, and in the last ten years every absolute monarchy in the world has passed out of existence. The kings are taking it hard. Press dispatches say the Ex-Empress of China "never ceases," that she lives in the old palace of the Forbidden City, absolutely deserted by all relatives and former court attendants, except a few servants, who spend much of their time robbing the palace of all the valuables it holds.

The Psalmist says further (Psalms 110:5,6) "The Lord (Adonai, the Messiah) at thy right hand (Jehovah's right hand) shall strike through kings in the day of His wrath * * * He shall wound the heads over many countries." If we see the kings being stricken, and if we see them being wounded, is not an indication that Messiah's kingdom is nigh? Is it not an indication that He is exercising His long-promised power?

THE WANDERING JEW.

MAN, 29, ASKS TO WED UNDIVORCED WOMAN, 68

License Refused Because She Had Only Partial Decree of Annulment.

HAS TO WAIT 10 MONTHS

FREDERICK, Md., Feb. 20.

Howard F. Kremer, of near Thurmont, 29 years old, applied for a license to marry Mrs. Anna M. Shank 68 years old, of Fairfield, Adams county, Pa. The application was refused because Mrs. Shank had obtained only a partial divorce.

Mrs. Shank, in her application for divorce, filed June 11, 1911, said that her husband deserted her in December, 1910. She could not secure an absolute divorce because only one year's separation has existed for three or more years can an absolute divorce be obtained in Maryland on the grounds of desertion.

Mrs. Shank cannot secure an absolute divorce from her husband when the necessary three years will have expired. Then an application for divorce could be based upon her former bill and upon her declaration that she has not had martial relations with her husband that time, she may secure an absolute divorce allowing her to marry again.

Don't Get All Run Down,

Weak and miserable. If you have kidney or bladder trouble, headache, pains in the back, and feel tired all over and want a pleasant herb remedy, try Mother Gray's AROMATIC-LEAF. As a tonic laxative it has no equal. All Druggists, 50c. Ask today. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 2,14,4t. Advt.

Birthday Dinner.

Orrtanna, Feb. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. James M. Boyd gave a birthday dinner in honor of their daughter, Mae and granddaughter, Dora Wolford. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. James Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. B. I. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Hauger, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Bushey, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Slonaker, Mr. and Mrs. Clement Wolford; Misses Mae Boyd, Alma Slonaker, Ruth Boyd, Dora Wolford, Messrs. Ross Boyd, Wilbur Hankey, Charles Slonaker, Robert Boyd, all of Orrtanna.

HOT BISCUIT,

hot cakes, made with
ROYAL Baking Powder
are delicious, health-
ful and easily made.

TWO ADAMS COUNTIANS HOLD DUAL POSITIONS

Both Gettysburg Gentlemen, and Strong With the Penrose Crowd.

MAKE ROOM FOR OTHERS

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20.

The Progressive Republicans and Democrats in the House have been scaring the life out of the Penrose clique here on the Hill. Last Monday night an investigation by a house committee of the State's dual salary system, by which administration favorites are provided with much pay for little work, was ordered.

The resolution, presented by Frederick E. Geiser, of Northampton county, was one of the series that have harassed the Toner administration. It relates that there are persons holding more than one position whose duties are nominal and whose combined salaries are greatly in excess of those due for services rendered and authorizes the naming of a committee of five by the speaker, two of them to be Democrats, to inquire into the facts and report in thirty days.

Geiser read the following list of those who, he said, are reported as multiple jobholders.

First and on the list is Geo. D. Thorn, of Adams county, chief clerk in the office of secretary of the commonwealth, salary $2500; secretary board of pardons, salary $1000, and, besides, receives perquisites for counting the state vote.

Next on the list is John L. Kendlebart, also of Adams county, $1400 clerk to the secretary of commonwealth; filling a clerkship at $1200 for the board of pardons and the fees of a notary public.

John F. Whitworth, corporation clerk at $2250 and secretary of the underground railroad commission at $750, which has issued only one charter since it was established by Gov. Stone.

James V. Murray, corporation clerk auditor general's department, salary $3000, also gets $300 as clerk to the board of accounts.

Christian Meyers, county clerk at $2250, receives $1000 as secretary to the board of revenue commissioners.

H. D. Jones, cashier in the state treasury at $5000 annually, secretary of the state building fund at $1000.

James Craig, deputy secretary of internal affairs, salary $3000; also secretary of the board of property at $3000.

Harry McDevitt, assistant controller, $1800, and secretary of the board of public grounds and buildings, $600

Thomas J. Lynch, assistant executive clerk, at $1800, and water commissioner at $3000.

Benjamin Demming, adjutant general's chief clerk, at $1800; recorder of the state military board, $300; secretary of the state armory board, $300.

Geiser characterized the double-job system as a bad custom that has existed for several years. The resolution was passed without a rollcall.

The Best Cough Medicine.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since I have been keeping house," says L. C. Hames, of Asbury, Ala. "I consider it one of the best remedies I ever found. My children have all taken it and it works like a charm. For colds and whooping cough it is excellent." For sale by All Dealers. Advt.

Death of Mrs. Benton Fidler.

Aspers, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Benton Fidler died on Tuesday of last week at Dr. Hartman's Hospital in Harrisburg. She had undergone an operation at the institution on the Saturday preceding and was supposed to be getting along nicely so that the news of her death was a great shock to relatives and friends.

Mrs. Fidler lived midway between Bendersville and Aspers and is survived by her husband, W. Benton Fidler, and two children.

Funeral was held on Thursday, meeting at the house. Services and interment at Flohr's Church.

BAPTIZED IN ICE-COLD SPRING.

Fifty Person Immersed at Lancaster. Two at Bloomsburg.

Lancaster, Feb. 20.—Fifty persons ranging in age from 12 to 70 years, were immersed in another day in the cold spring, at Springville, the ceremony being watched by at least 5,000 persons. Those immersed were converts at a series of special meetings held during the last three weeks in the Middle Creek district of the Brethren Church, one of the plain sects that has a tremendous following in Lancaster county. Five ministers officiated, and it took nearly four hours to baptize all the converts.

So dense was the crowd around the spring that hundreds could not get a glimpse of the service.

Two Immersed Through Ice.

Bloomsburg, Feb. 20.—Following revival services in the Benton Christian Church, a hole was cut through the Fishing creek ice at Benton and two converts were immersed in four feet of water. Fourteen others were immersed in the church baptistry the day following.

A Cure For Poison.

A very simple and effective cure for poisoning from sumac, poison ivy, or poison oak is obtained from Boracic acid. Bring a solution of the acid to the boiling point. Wring woolen cloths out of it and lay upon the affected part as hot as can be borne, covering with another woolen cloth to keep in the heat. When cool, repeat. Keep this up for twenty minutes; then, wait two hours and repeat again. This helped a very severe case when everything else had failed, and the second day was used only three times. It does not burn, as might be expected, but stops both the burning and the itching and is very soothing.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla is the medicine for impure blood, eruptions, weakness and general debility—It positively and absolutely CURES.

An Exciting Escape.

Prince Kropotkin, the Russian revolutionist, once made an exciting escape from a fortress prison in St. Petersburg. After two years in the prison he had been removed to the jail hospital, where plans were matured by his friends for his flight. He was allowed to walk for an hour each afternoon, guarded by armed sentries, in the grounds. A line of spies outside maintained a system of signals to notify the prince when the adjoining streets should be clear. When all was well a friend in a kiosk opposite the gate played upon a violin. After one or two false starts the violinist burst into a mad melody, and the prisoner, flinging off an outer garment, leaped for it. Sentries tried to stab him with their bayonets; others hesitated to shoot, believing that they could catch him. A carriage with a racing horse in the shafts was waiting. Into it he sprang, and they left at a gallop. His beard was cut off, his clothes changed, and he spent the first hours of his hiding in the best cafe in St. Petersburg.

Toss those aggravating rocks from the wagon track before the freeze-up or you may just count on jolting over them all winter long.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, MARCH 7th, 1913.

The undersigned, having rented the farm, will sell at public sale on the same, situate in Germany township, Adams county, Pa., ½ mile south-west of Littlestown, on the Augustus Crouse place, formerly the Whitrode farm, close to St. John's Church and joining the McSherry farms, the following described personal property, to-wit:—

6 Head of Horses and Mules,

consisting of the following: One pair of black mules rising 7 years old and weighing about 2,400; one works in the lead and anywhere else hooked, the other a good off-side worker, safe and gentle and fearless of all road objects; one sell more to years old, supposed to be with foal, good worker and has been worked in lead; one sorrel horse 15 years old, works wherever hitched and fearless of all road objects; one sorrel horse 14 years old, will work in lead, perfectly safe; one mare 7 years old, supposed to be with foal, worked in some and would make a fine leader; one fine young pony coming 2 years old and weighing 475 lbs., is perfectly safe and the making of a fine, safe roadster for young man or children.

1 Jersey Cow; 6 Fine Shoats.

The cow is of the best and the shoats weigh about 60 lbs. each; one Berkshire stock; 1 sow, entitled to registry, will have pigs in April.

Farming Implements.

My stock of farming implements consist of the following: One narrow-tread wagon and bed with a 2½-ton capacity; spring wagon, set hay carriages 16 ft. long, corn sheller, McCormick binder 5 ft. cut, Deering mower 5 ft. cut, in good working order; one corn worker, good as new, four shovels to the side; one practically new weeder, one new A. Anthony Smith make land roller, 2 No. 97 Roland Chilled plows, a few single corn workers, new superior grain drill, used to drill about 50 acres; single, double, triple and four-horse trees; spring-tooth Osborn lever harrow, 1 hay rake, grain harvester, Smaltzer corn planter, disc and pitch forks, 1 cutter sleigh, HARNESS.—2 sets front gears good as new, set breechbands, 3 bridles, 3 collars, etc.

Sale will begin promptly at 12 o'clock. TERMS:—All sums under $5 cash; on sums of $5 and upwards a credit of 9 months will be given on note with approved security, notes not to bear interest, 5 per cent off for cash.

S. L. MOUDY.

Jno. B. Basehoar, Auct.
Jas. Kelly, Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 11th, 1913.

The undersigned, intending to move on a smaller farm, will sell at public sale at his residence in Mt. Joy township, Adams County, Pa., along the road leading from Yoost's store to St. Luke's church, about 2 miles from the latter place, on the S. Schreiber farm, the following personal property:

5 Head of Horses,

consisting of a dark sorrel mare, rising 6 years old, works wherever hitched and a good driver, safe for any woman to drive; brown mare, 10 years old, will work anywhere, an excellent leader and with foal to Robert's Jack; bay horse, rising 11 years, a good off-side worker and has been worked in the lead; safe for any woman to drive; bay colt, rising 3 years old, broke single or double, safe for any woman to drive; brown mare colt, rising 2 years old, has been handled some. These horses are all fearless of all road objects.

8 Head of Cattle,

Two milk cows, 1 will be fresh by day of sale and 1 in April; 3 heifers, 1 will be fresh in May, 1 in October and the other 2 are younger; fine bull, BROOD SOW, will have pigs by sale.

Farming Implements,

consisting of Milwaukee corn binder, good as new, only used 2 seasons; Deering mower, 5-ft. cut, good as new, only used 1 season, Hench & Dromgold double row corn planter, with fertilizer attachment, 16-tooth wood frame spring harrow, 4-in. tread wagon, for 4 or 6 horses; set hay ladders, 2 in all; 2 sets of breechbands and other articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock sharp. TERMS:—A credit of 9 months will be given on all sums of $5.00 and over to purchasers with approved security, 5 per cent off for cash.

JESSE E. MILLHIMES.

I. N. Lichtner, Auctioneer.
Collins and Snyder, Clerks.

ECZEMA

CAN BE CURED

I Will Prove It to You Free

You who are suffering the tortures of Eczema, Itch, Salt Rheum or other skin diseases—you whose days are miserable, whose nights are made sleepless by the terrible itching, burning pains, let me send you a trial of a scientific healing treatment which has cured hundreds, which I believe will cure you. I will send it free, postage paid, without any obligation on your part. Just fill the coupon below and mail it to me, or write me, giving your name, age and address. I will send the treatment free of cost to you.

J. C. Hutzell, R. P.

CUT AND MAIL TO DAY

J. C. HUTZELL, 115 West Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Please send without cost or obligation to me your Free Proof Treatment.

Name.....Age.....

Post Office.....

State.....Street and No.....

SALE REGISTER

FEBRUARY.

21—David Swartz, Mt. Joy Twp.
22—Henry Menges, Germany Twp.
22—W. P. Stoner, Conewago Twp.
22—D. E. Swartz, Mt. Joy Twp.
24—Jos. Klunk, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
25—Lawyer Bros., Union Twp.
25—Jno. H. Markle, Mt. Pleasant Twp
26—M. A. Miller, Mt. Joy Twp.
27—W. A. Smith, Germany Twp.
27—Jos H. Sheely, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
27—Calvin Good, Union Twp.
28—Joseph Strine, Union Twp.

MARCH.

1—Amos Hofe, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
1—Mrs. Dr. Gettier, Littlestown Bor.
1—W. C. Carl, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
3—Harry G. Myers, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
3—John Myers, Myers' Dist., Md.
3—William Arendt, Mt. Joy Twp.
4—Noah Fleet, Union Twp.
4—W. S. Rittase, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
4—John A. Dell, Myers' Dist., Carroll County, Md.
5—Russel Sunnamaker, Mt Joy Twp.
5—Mrs. Wm. Staub, Germany Twp.
5—Jno. L. Wintrode, Germany Twp.
5—W. H. Crouse, Conewago Twp.
6—Jacob Wentz, Union Twp.
6—Newton Orndorff, Bonneauville.
6—Jno. W. Benner, Mt. Joy Twp.
7—Abram Senft, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
7—S. L. Moudy, Germany Twp.
7—John Tate, Tyrone Twp.
7—Geo. Schott, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
7—J. L. Williams, Assignee, Conewago Twp.
8—J. L. Williams, Assignee, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
8—Lincoln Trostle, Germany Twp.
8—Roy Walker, Mt. Joy Twp.
8—Charles Hull, Mt. Joy Twp.
10—Samuel Baschoar, Union Twp.
11—J. A. Harman, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
12—John P. Rahn, Conewago Twp.
12—E. E. Freed, Straban Twp.
12—Wm. Lemmon, Myers' Dist., Carroll Co., Md.
13—Calvin S. Wintrode, Union Twp.
13—Rupp & Eisenhart, Tyrone Twp.
13—Jesse Millhimes, Mt. Joy Twp.
14—A. P. Lippy, Union Twp.
14—E. H. Benner, Mt. Joy Twp.
15—Ellis Gladhill, Germany Twp.
15—Edward Kuhn, Germany Twp.
15—C. E. Bitzer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
17—E. A. Baughman, Germany Twp.
17—Samuel Klinefelter, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
18—E. W. Bollinger, Union Twp.
18—John E. Bemiller, near Union Mills, Md.
18—Henry Buddy, Mt. Joy Twp.
18—Walter Bankert, Mt. Pleasant Twp
19—Robt. Sneeringer, Conewago Twp.
20—Jno. D. Mummert, Germany Twp
20—Wm. O'Welsh, Tyrone Twp.
21—Mrs. Joe Hartman, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
21—Mrs. C. Markle, Germany Twp.
21—J. L. Williams, Assignee, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
22—J. L. Williams, Assignee, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
22—Pius H. Harner, Mt. Joy Twp.
22—Mrs. John Rebert, Union Twp.
22—John Weaver, Conewago Twp.
22—Edw. Fisher, Littlestown, Pa.
24—U. L. Hahn, Germany Twp.
25—Gitt & Delone, Union Twp.
25—Chas. Millhimes, Straban Twp.
26—Wm. S. Shearer, Mt. Pleasant Twp
27—Gitt & Delone, Conewago Twp.
27—Gitt & Delone, Conewago Twp.
27—W. H. Bringman, Straban Twp.
28—R. S. Sponseller, Straban Twp.
28—Chas. Crawford, Conewago Twp.
29—Chas. E. Grimes, Conewago Twp.
29—O. I. M. Houck, Reading Twp.

For Coupons Out of the Duke's Mixture Sack

Many men are getting untold pleasure out of the *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture sack. One 5c package holds many pipefuls of pure, mild smoking — or, if you please, it will make *many* cigarettes of the good old-fashioned kind that you roll yourself.

Liggett & Myers
Duke's Mixture

Duke's Mixture, made by the *Liggett & Myers* Tobacco Co. at Durham, N. C., is the favorite with cigarette smokers. It's the tobacco that makes "rolling" popular with men who want the true taste of pure, mild, selected tobacco.

We're making this brand the leader of its kind. Pay what you will, you cannot get better granulated tobacco than Duke's Mixture.

You still get the same big one *and a half* ounce sack—enough to make *many* cigarettes—for 5c. And with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers and a present coupon, FREE.

Save the Present Coupons

With the coupons you can get many handsome, desirable presents — articles suitable for men, women, boys and girls. Something for every member of the household.

Special offer for February and March only—

Our new illustrated catalogue of presents will be sent *Free* to anyone who sends us their name and address.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER'S TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES *(10c tin, finely cut)*, PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CRIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Premium Dept.
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
St. Louis, Mo.

Stavely's Store News

Next Wednesday, February 26th

will be Red Letter Day at my store, and a dollar's worth of S. H. Green Trading Stamps will be given away FREE to each customer. Don't miss this opportunity. Remember the date—Wednesday, Feb. 26.

Store open every evening.
Bell Telephone connection.

F. R. STAVELY
(Successor to A. Smucker & Son)
SOUTH QUEEN ST. LITTLESTOWN, PA.

Large New Seed Catalogue Free---Send a Postal For It.

Good Seeds For 1913

"MY MARYLAND" TOMATO

"It may interest you to know "My Maryland" Tomato Seed purchased from you last season produced 400 bushels to the acre, notwithstanding heavy losses by persistent rainy weather. It was the size that counted. Please send me three pounds new crop seed." Written us by Mr. P. L. Hopper, of Harford Co., Md.

Price Prepaid to Your Address:
Ounce, 25c; ¼-lb., 75c; ½-lb., $1.25; Pound, $2.50.

"GREATER BALTIMORE" TOMATO

The Best "Canner" That Grows

"This is to inform you that we have planted 200 acres at Newfolk, Va., of Bolgiano's "Great Baltimore" Tomato Seed obtained from you, and the wonderful production of this finest quality of Canning Tomatoes produced by this variety is a great amazement to all Truck Growers in that section. We never seen a variety of Tomato that produced such enormous quantities, at the same time such perfect Canning Tomatoes. We are very grateful to you for supplying us with such good seed and the "Greater Baltimore" Tomato is without doubt the greatest yielder and the best variety Tomato that grows for canning purposes." Written us by Lorch Bros., Philadelphia, Pa.

Price Prepaid to Your Address:
Ounce, 25c; ¼-lb., 75c; 12-lb., $1.25; Pound, $2.50.

Your local merchant can secure Bolgiano's Highest Quality Pedigree Tomato Seed from us. Under no circumstances accept a substitute. If he cannot supply you we will tell you where you can secure it.

J. BOLGIANO & SON.
Growers of Pedigree Tomato Seed.
Almost 100 Yrs. Established Trade
BALTIMORE, MD.

Bowers' Store News

Our Line of Breakfast Foods is unsurpassed. We are introducing Uncle Sam's Anti-dyspeptic Food, "a pure, healthful product--25c a pack. We also have Puffed Wheat, Puffed Rice, Jersey Corn Flakes, Kellogg's Corn Flakes, Washington Crisps and a variety of other brands.

We would also call your attention to our special line of Dinner Sets, both fine and common.

To our young friends who intend to begin housekeeping in the Spring we would especially invite their inspection of this stock. Prices right. We give Yellow Trading Stamps on every 10c cash purchase.

H. E. Bowers

BELL 'PHONE
Baltimore St. LITTLESTOWN, PA.

The Markets

LITTLESTOWN MARKETS.

Littlestown, Pa., Feb. 20, 1913.

Wheat	1 00
Rye	70
Oats	35@40
Corn, new ear	50

Poultry, Eggs and Calves.

Chickens	12
Roosters	5@
Eggs	20
Ducks	13
Squabs	25
Good Calves	8 50

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 20th, 1913.

Wheat	1 07
Corn	54
Oats	38
Rye	60

Hay and Straw.

Timothy	18 00
Mixed	14 00
Clover	12 00
Straight Rye	12 00
Wheat	8 00

Cattle Market.

Steers	6 00
Calves	9 00
Sheep	3 00
Lambs	07

Live Poultry.

Chickens	15
Ducks	14
Roosters	10

Butter, Eggs and Lard.

Eggs	20
Fancy Creamery, per lb	36
Prime to choice, per lb	32
Country rolls, per lb	22
Lard, best refined, per lb	13

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Crabbs, Late of Germany Twp., Adams County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the last will and testament of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.

WM. A. CRABBS,
Executor.
1,31,6t

Glasses Scientifically Fitted
without the use of drops.

F. PROCTOR DONAHEY
Optometrist.
Cor. Market & Beaver Streets,
YORK, PA.

People's Column

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

WHEN IS A MAN DEAD?

Editor, Altoona Times:—Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, has startled the medical world by transferring a cat's heart, stomach and kidneys to his laboratory, and keeping them alive for 104 days. At last report the heart was still beating, the stomach digesting and the kidneys performing their functions as well as ever. If this may be done with a cat's organs, why not with a man's? If so, when would it be proper to consider a man dead? What is a man, anyway?

Thomas A. Edison says: "A man's intelligence is the aggregate intelligence of the innumerable cells which form him, just as the intelligence of a community is the aggregate intelligence of the men and women who constitute it. If you cut your hand it bleeds, thus you lose cells. That is as if a city had lost some of its inhabitants.

Mr. Edison's terms seem appropriate. Human skill is related to human intelligence. The man who has lost his hands has less intelligence less opportunity and less skill than previously. A whole village of people devoid of the senses of hearing, taste, smell and touch, would be a very unintelligent community. If one loses a few drops of blood it makes no perceptible impression upon his intelligence; if he lose a quart, faintness, stupor may be expected. This proves that the loss of even a few dro s is a a loss of vital power and hence of intelligence in some degree.

The Scriptural definition of man is found in Genesis 2:7, "The Lord God formed man (all his innumerel cells) of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life. (Hebceiyah, lives—the same kind of breath that sustains the lives of all other breathing creatures) and (as a result of this union of properly formed cells, with the animating principle or power of 'spirit' of lives) man became, (he does not say man received) a living soul, (Nephesh, sentiment being—the same word rendered "Living creature" in Genesis 1:24. It follows, logically, that a man is not dead i. e., the soul is not dead (Ezekiel 18:4, 20; Isaiah 53:10, 12) until the last cell of the man has ceased to be animated. The period from thence to his resurrection is figuratively styled sleep. Daniel 12:2.

THE WANDERING JEW

QUAKER CITY MAYOR VETOES 80 CENT GAS

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—The ordinances providing for 80 cent gas to the consumers in this city passed three weeks ago by councils, were vetoed today by Mayor Blankenburg, after councils had refused his request that they be recalled. The failure of councils to provide other revenue for the city in place of that which would be lost by the reduction in the price of gas among the reasons given for the idea.

The ordinances previous to their passage were advocated by the mayor, who, however, suggested other methods of taxation which were not adopted by councils.

FEMALE PHYSICIAN DIES

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 20.—Dr. Edith Barton, one of the most widely known female physicians in Pennsylvania, dropped dead of heart disease at her home here this evening. She was preparing at the time to go to a banquet of the homeopathic doctors.

If you want your friends to know as much as you know tell them to read the Times.

The Boyd Glenn Co. Store will be closed all day, Feb. 22, Washington's Birthday.

VISIT THE ELECTRIC EXCEPTIONS PENN CENTRAL DAILY 2:30 to 6 7 to 9:30 P. M.

Inauguration
REDUCED FARES TO
WASHINGTON
March 1, 2, 3 and 4, 1913
Tickets sold from stations within 250 miles of Washington on above dates, good returning until March 8, inclusive.
CONSULT TICKET AGENTS
Pennsylvania R. R.

THE DEATH RECORD

MILLER—Charles Miller, formerly of this city and Hollidaysburg, died at the Memorial hospital, Johnstown, on Friday, after a short illness. He had been residing in Johnstown and when taken ill was removed to the institution. His father was notified of his death, took charge of the remains and had them interred in Johnstown.

ELLIOTT—John G. Elliott, for many years a prominent resident and insurance man of Sharon, Pa., died at his home in that place Tuesday night aged 58. He is survived by two children, William Elliott, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Bessie Lowe, of Altoona.

STONE—Mrs. Lena Stone, owner of the DeLena apartments on Chestnut avenue, and one of the oldest residents of this city, died at 2 o'clock yesterday morning at her home, 100 Chestnut avenue, after an illness lasting less than four adys.

Mrs. Stone was taken suddenly ill late Sunday night and Dr. L. E. McKee was summoned, he pronouncing her to be suffering from an attack of acute gastritis, attended by a slight stroke of apoplexy. On Tuesday she suffered a second stroke and sank rapidly from then until her death ensued yesterday morning.

Mrs. Stone, whose maiden name was Lena Levy, was born in Baden, Germany, 74 years ago, coming to America when a child and residing in Altoona for over forty years. She was first married to Samuel Rogger, who died a number of years ago, being again married, about seven years ago to Percy Stone, a brother of the famous comedian of that name, who in turn died three years ago. Besides owning the DeLena apartments, which were built by her second husband just before his death, she was also the owner of considerable other real estate in the city and was widely known. She was the last surviving member of her own family and her nearest living relatives are several nephews, nieces and cousins. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

The funeral of Mrs. Lena Stone will be held from her home at 1000 Chestnut avenue, on Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made in the Hebrew Reformed cemetery. The body can be viewed between the hours of 2 and 4 and 7 and 9, today and tomorrow.

DELL—Mrs. Martha Mae Dell died at midnight Tuesday at her home in Duncansville of peritonitis and pneumonia. She was a daughter of William and Elizabeth Hughes, of Henrietta, and was born near Henrietta on Aug. 15, 1884. She was reared in that town, and on Nov. 22, 1905, she was married to Elinas M. Dell, of Cross Keys. She was converted in the great revival of January-February, 1909, in the Duncansville Methodist Episcopal church, and joined in full membership on Aug. 14, 1910. Surviving are her parents, William and Elizabeth Hughes; one brother, William, and one sister, Mrs. Charles Ayres, both of Seattle, Wash.; her husband, and three children, Hazel, aged 8 years; Margaret, aged 2 years, and Lloyd, 4 weeks old. The funeral will take place this morning at 10 o'clock, in the Methodist Episcopal church. The friends will meet at the home of Mrs. Reuben E. Harris, sister of Mr. Dell, where the remains may be viewed, at 9.30 o'clock. The service will be held in charge of the pastor, the Rev. F. Grant Sleep. Interment in Cedar Valley. The family is very grateful to the neighbors and friends for their sympathy and proffered help, and also for beautiful floral tributes.

GUNNETT—Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Gunnett, widow of George W. Gunnett, died at 6.20 o'clock yesterday morning, of a complication of diseases, after a long illness, at the home of her son, B. I. Gunnett, 404 Tenth Street. She was born at Springfield Furnace, Feb. 23, 1843, and was married on March 1, 1863, to George W. Gunnett, who died eight years ago. Following his death she came to this city and had since made her home with the son mentioned. She is survived by the following children, W. L. and Mrs. W. J. Treese, of Covedale, Mrs. A. M. Chamberlain, of Moyston, Mrs. Ida Yon, Mrs. J. R. Brubaker, B. I. and A. M., of Altoona. Also by two brothers, Mercer Gray, of Hollidaysburg, and Samuel Gray, of Tyrone, and by twenty-five grandchildren and five great grandchildren. She was a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church for a period of thirty-four years, was a kind and loving mother and a sincere friend to all who knew her.

SEIBERT—Harry Seibert, a brother of James P. Seibert, of Altoona, died at the home of his mother in McVeytown on Saturday morning. The young man had been in failing health for a long time with tuburcular trouble. All the means employed to stay the progress of the disease were unavailing. Harry had the good will and esteem of all his acquaintances. Deceased is survived by the mother, Mrs. Mary Seibert, and by five brothers, all married, viz: Frank, of Burnham; Edward and Percy, of Saxton; William, of Huntingdon; James, of Altoona, and one sister, Mrs. Bessie Hesser, of Philadelphia. The funeral was held Tuesday at 2 o'clock. The age of the deceased was 21 years, 7 months and 7 days, and he was a member of the McVeytown Methodist Episcopal church.

TIPTON—Levy Tipton died at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his home, near Claysburg, of disease incident to old age. He was born in the vicinity of Claysburg 73 years ago and had lived there all his life. He was a farmer by occupation. He leaves a widow, eight children, twenty-eight grandchildren and four great grandchildren. Two sisters also survive: Mrs. Eliza Exline, of Altoona, and Mrs. Elizabeth Dively, of Claysburg. The funeral will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock, in the Reformed church at Claysburg, of which the deceased was a member. Interment in the cemetery adjoining the church. Mr. Tipton was a road supervisor and assessor of Greenfield township and a highly respected and esteemed resident.

FRY—Mrs. Elizabeth Fry, wife of Gilds Fry, died at her home, two miles west of East Freedom, on Monday morning, of tuberculosis, after a long illness, aged 58 years. Mrs. Fry's maiden name was Bunket, and she was born and reared to womanhood at Claysburg. She lived on the farm where she died for the past thirty years. Mrs. Fry was a woman of many lovable traits of character and had many friends who will learn of her demise with profound sorrow. She was a member of the Roaring Spring Reformed church. She is survived by her husband and five children, as follows; Mrs. Annie Cullison, of Altoona; Grace, Florence, Ethel and William, all at home. Her aged mother, Mrs. Lavina Burket, one brother, John R. Burket, and two sisters, Mrs. Mary Dively and Miss Annie Burket, all of Claysburg, also survive. The funeral services were held in the Claysburg Reformed church yesterday morning at 10 o'clock; interment in the adjoining cemetery.

FUNERAL NOTICES

The funeral of John Crawford will be held from his home in the Blumenthal apartments at Eighth avenue and Ninth street, on Sunday afternoon. Interment in Rose Hill cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Ann Jane Rev will be held at 10 o'clock this morning at the home, 1516 Twentieth avenue, Rev. Clayton Grinnell, pastor of the First Baptist church, will conduct the services. The remains will be taken to Harrisburg at 11.35 for interment.

The funeral of Henry H. Kyper will be held at 2.30 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of 2 o'clock as was previously announced. The services will be held at the Kyper home and will be in charge of the Rev. Clayton Grinnell. Interment will be made in Rose Hill cemetery.

RECENT WEDDINGS

MICHAELS—ZEIGLER

James L. Michaels, of Bernard-White, and Miss Cora Zeigler, of Altoona, were united in marriage Wednesday afternoon at the Methodist parsonage on Wayne street, Hollidaysburg, by the Rev. George Franklin Boggs. After a trip to eastern cities they will make their home in Hollidaysburg.

CROUSE—BENNETT

Leon Francis Crouse and Bertha Mae Bennett, both of Hollwood, Indiana county, were married on Monday, Feb. 17, at the parsonage of the Hollidaysburg Methodist Episcopal church, on Wayne street, by the Rev. George Franklin Boggs.

RHODES—SHIFFLER.

Mr. John R. Rhodes, of Hollidaysburg, an engineer in the Pittsburgh division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Miss Anna Shiffler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Shiffler, of 219 Howard avenue, this city, were united in marriage last evening at the parsonage of the First United Presbyterian church by the Rev. David R. Turnbull, pastor. Both of the young people are well known in this city and their many friends wish them a happy journey through life. They will make their home at Hollidaysburg.

HELSEL—HUFFORD.

Miss Olive Hufford, of 1919 First avenue, daughter of Mr. Espey Hufford, a signal carpenter on the Pennsy lines, and Mr. Paul Helsel, of 2824 Broad avenue, a Pennsy employe, stole a march on their friends last evening when they left on the afternoon train for Cumberland where they were married last evening. Mr. Helsel has only been in the city for a few months, coming here from Hopewell. His father conducted a meat market at 2824 Broad avenue. After a short trip the young couple will make their home in this city.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

John A. Rhodes, of Hollidaysburg, and Anna Shiffler, of Altoona.

BRIEF NEWS OF THE CITY

There is a movement on foot among the liverymen to combine and establish a special rate for transporting persons to and from social gatherings in the city. This rate is to compete with the present taxicab service, and when the liverymen organize, the rate will be $2.00 single trip, or $4.00 a round trip for four or more persons.

James Hook, an employe at the P. R. R. freight station, and residing at 610 Ninth street, was brought before Alderman Irwin last evening, on charges preferred by his wife, Mrs. Ida Hook, for non-support of herself and three small children. In default of $300 bail he was committed to jail.

Several days ago Frank Ansparger went to the boarding house where Emery Brumbaugh resides and accused him of being intimate with his wife. He struck Brumbaugh on the face and broke his jaw. The injured man made information before Alderman Shuff, charging the defendant with aggravated assault and battery. The hearing will be held Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

The body of Ray Livingston, who died in Kamploo, British Columbia about two weeks ago, was shipped to Petersburg, Huntingdon county, for burial, and arrived there Wednesday morning.

Paul Moore has secured a position with the Penn Central Light and Power company as confidential clerk for the purchasing agent, Howard A. Crownover.

Edward Fox, residing at 1217 Fifteenth avenue, and employed by the Altoona Gas company, while holding an iron pipe yesterday for a fellow workman, was struck on the right hand with a heavy hammer and is compelled to carry the injured member in a sling.

Store Open All Day On Saturday.

GABLE & CO.

The Store Closes at 6 O'clock. Saturday at 9.

Store Open All Day On Saturday.

Special Mill and Factory Sale Bargains For Friday Only!

Visitors to the store today, will have the opportunity to take advantage of many special Mill and Factory Sale bargains that will be offered at prices which will be in force for only the one day. These Friday sales afford our patrons fine opportunities for money saving, and hundreds of people take advantage of them each week. As you can judge from the price comparisons, every purchase made is a good investment. We invite you to come today and share in the good values, some of which we tell of below:

Men's Underwear
$1.50 Value for $1.19.
This is natural wool underwear and is, without doubt, the best value ever offered at our regular price of $1.50 each, and is therefore remarkable value at our Friday price of **$1.19**
The sizes are broken, but you will find practically all sizes in the lot as a whole. At this big reduction, it will pay a man to buy next season's supply of underwear, today.
First Floor, East. Our Exclusive Men's Wear Store.

Women's Hose
25c Value for 12½c.
One lot of women's tan silk boot hose, such as are made to sell at 25c. Today they will be on sale at **12½c**
First Floor, Center.

Petticoats
At Special Prices.
One small lot of petticoats made of black sateen and cotton messaline, with tailored flounce, in several different styles.
Formerly $2.50 and $2.98—save $1 today, as our special Friday prices will be only **$1.50 and $1.98.**
Second Floor, West.

69c Foulard Silks for 29c
One lot of foulard silks, 23 inches wide, in black and brown grounds, with white dots. Regular 69c value, special for today, per yard **29c**
First Floor, West.

Furniture Specials Continued.
All of the different lots of Furniture advertised yesterday, with the exception of the Thursday specials, will be on sale today and tomorrow.
If you were unable to get here yesterday, try and come today and see what splendid values we are offering during our February Furniture sale.

$4 Rockers for $3.02.
As a Friday special, we offer oak rockers made in weathered finish, the seat and back upholstered in imitation leather at the special one day price of **$3.02**
These are regular $4 value.
Third Floor. Take Elevator.

Men's $1.25 and $1.75 Trousers for 95c.
We sell large quantities of men's shop trousers, because men appreciate the good values we give at our different prices.
This special Friday bargain includes several hundred pairs in dark and medium shades and sizes 32 to 42. Usual $1.25 to $1.75 values, special for today..... **95c**
Second Floor, East. Our Exclusive Men's Wear Store.

Children's and Misses' Shoes
$2.25 to $3 Values for $1.69.
This is a lot of patent colt and dull leather shoes, in high top and regular height, sizes 8½ to 2.
They were formerly $2.25 to $3— choice of the lot at our special Friday price of **$1.69**
First floor, centre.

Crash
Worth 8½c for 7c.
One lot of all white crash, part linen, 16 inches wide and worth 8½c per yard. Special for today **7c**
First Floor, West.

Flouncings
39c Value for 25c.
This is a lot of embroidered flouncings, 27 inches wide. They are all new goods and, of course the patterns are new. Short lengths left from the past week's selling and are worth 39c per yard. Take your choice today at, per yard, ... **25c**
First Floor, West.

Rugs
At Special Prices.
Seamless Tapestry Brussels rugs, in Oriental effects and small Persian, allover designs. These are good wearing rugs and represent remarkable value at these special Friday prices:
Size 6x9 feet, $10 value. Special at $5.98.
Size 8.3x10.6, $14.98 value. Special at $9.98.
Size 9x12 feet, $19.98 value. Special at $12.98.
Third Floor, Take Elevator.

Glass Butter Boxes.
These are crystal glass Sanitary Butter Boxes that form an ideal receptacle for keeping butter in the refrigerator.
They are just large enough to hold a one pound print and the butter can be cut without removing it from the box. Usual 25c value special for today, ... **19c**
West basement.

Men' Hose
at 4 pairs for 2 c.
These are black cotton hose, in medium weight, made with double heel and toe. They are manufacturer's seconds of 15c hose, but will give as good service as though they were perfect goods. All sizes from 9½ to 12, at our special Friday price of **4 pairs for 25c.**
First Floor, East. Our Exclusive Men's Wear Store.

Pillow Casing
14c Value for 11c.
This is bleached pillow casing, 42 inches wide, medium weight per yd, and free of dressing, worth 14c. Special for today **11c**
West basement.

Sheeting
30c Value for 26c.
Unbleached sheeting, 10-4 width, medium weight and free of black spots. Worth 30c per yard, special for today,..... **26c**
West Basement.

Silk Waists
$1.50 and $2.00 Values for 98c.
One lot of silk waists in shirt style, regular $1.50 and $2 Special for today, ... **98c**
Second Floor.

Friday Soap Specials.
Swift's Naptha Soap, 8 good laundry soap, in regular 5c cakes. Special for today, 7 cakes for 29c.
Lenox Laundry Soap, special for today, 8 cakes for 25c.
Basement.

"People Whom You Know

SOCIALS

BOWLERS TO DANCE.

The members of the Young Ladies' Bowling society of the Frohsium Singing society will hold a dance in the hall this evening. Miss Cora Hoover's orchestra has been engaged for the function and the young ladies have arranged an excellent program.

• • •

ENTERTAINS BIBLE CLASS

Miss June Chaney, of 1031 Fifth avenue, delightfully entertained Mrs. Walter McEldowney's Sunday school class yesterday afternoon at her home. The afternoon was most pleasantly spent and the members of the class look forward to many other such afternoons.

• • •

KNIGHTS TO ENTERTAIN

The Knights of King Arthur, of the First Presbyterian church, will give an entertainment at 7:45 this evening.

There will be a number of special features, including instrumental selections and recitations, together with a discussion of the question, "Why Should Altoona Have a City Y. M. C. A.?"

The public is cordially invited. No admission will be charged, but the boys will take a collection at the close of the exercises.

• • •

BOWLERS ENTERTAIN.

The ladies bowling club of the Frohsinn Singing society will give a dance in the Frohsinn hall, Ninth avenue near Twelfth street, this evening. The dance being especially for the men of the club. All members of the organization are invited to be present and visiting members and their friends. Dancing from 9 until 2 o'clock. Vetter's orchestra will render the music.

• • •

BEACON LIGHT DANCE.

[illegible] season at the Beacon Light club rooms was enjoyed last evening when over fifty couples occupied the perfect floor, in costumes that were marvelous creations of present day styles. The dance was under the management of the new social committee composed of Messrs. Edward Engle, Isaac Stutzker, and Joseph Blumenthal. There will be many more pleasant social events presented under the direction of the new committee.

• • •

ENJOYABLE EVENING

Miss Josephine Dougherty entertained a number of her friends last evening at her home, 122 Sixth avenue. A musical program was rendered, as well as other pleasant features. A lunch was also served. Those present were: Inex Buchanan, Annette Musser, Grace McKee, Margaret Morgan, Leona Gearhart, Mr. and Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Elizabeth Dougherty, Messrs. Duane Cadle and Frank Buchanan.

• • •

EUCHRE FOR FIREMEN

The members of the Volunteer Firemen's association will hold a euchre and ice cream and cake social this evening in their beautiful rooms in the McCrory building. The euchre will be for the benefit of the association and everyone in the city is invited to be present. Charles Filer has had charge of the function, which alone insures its success. With him are associated James McMurray, E. J. Wall, John McCullough and Howard Walters. The tables will be open at 8.45 o'clock and it is expected that there will be over twenty-five, when the playing starts.

• • •

COLONIAL TEA

All members and friends of the Young Women's Christian association are invited to a Colonial Tea, to be given by the members of the social committee in the association parlors this evening at 8 o'clock. George Washington's cherry tree will be there, the hatchet also will be in evidence as a souvenir, entertaining games will be played and last but not least, delicious tea and cakes will be served in true colonial style. Come in costume if you wish but at all events come prepared to have a good time. You and your friends are cordially invited.

VISITORS HERE

Mrs. Jose Chaney, of Huntingdon county, who has been spending several weeks with relatives in Pittsburgh, is stopping off in Altoona for a few days while enroute to her home near Franklinville.

Mr. M. F. Meyers, of Baltimore, was in the city yesterday visiting his many friends.

OUT OF TOWN

Thomas J. Daloy, a Pennsylvania Railroad engineer residing at 2724 Broad avenue, left last evening for Philadelphia where he will have his left hand amputated, the member being afflicted with a cancerous growth.

Mr. C. M. Banks, employed in the general office of the P. R. R. will leave this morning for New York where he will visit friends and relatives. He will spend several days in the Metropolis.

Mr. William McMurray, of this city, is visiting his cousin, Harry Wilson, of Philipsburg.

IN THE SICK ROOM

Mr. George W. Buck, of 810 Third avenue, a retired war veteran who has been confined to his home for some time past, is convalescing and will be able to be about again in a few days.

Patrolman Frank Knott is able to be about on the streets again after having been confined to his home for several weeks with a fractured collar bone.

Harry Miller, clerk at the Colonial hotel, has been laid up for the past few days with a sore throat. It is expected that he will be on duty in a short time.

Mr. G. W. Smith, the Thirteenth street restaurateur, was operated up, on yesterday at his home, 3906 Fifth avenue, and the last evening his condition was most favorable.

INAUGURAL PARADE TO HAVE NO DONKEYS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—There are to be no Democratic or other donkeys in the inaugural parade on March 4. Thus was decided today at a meeting of the inaugural committee when it was asked to pass upon the request of a Washington man who desired to lead a donkey garnished with the horns of a bull moose and the tucks of an elephant.

Further, the committee decided there should be no other animals in the parade aside from horses. This order was occasioned by the request of an organization that proposed to bring a one-eyed elephant dressed in a ridiculous fashion. The committee felt that it would be beneath the dignity of the occasion to permit burlesques of this character.

KURTZ BESTS McCARRON

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Dave Kurtz, of Newark, slightly outpointed Jack McCarron, of Allentown, Pa., in a fast ten round bout here tonight at the Forty-fourth street sporting club. McCarron led in the first two rounds and held his own until the end of the eighth when Kurtz forged ahead and won the popular decision by a small margin.

JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRAT

Volume 36 No. 9 | BROOKVILLE, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1913 | Whole Number 1781

THAT REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

Another revolution has been accomplished in Mexico. A regularly constituted government has been overthrown and a military government has been installed in its place. The men who are at the head of this last revolution are a bad set, a cruel, treacherous lot. We fear that little of good can be expected from them. The following editorial article from the Philadelphia Press gives a fair and correct statement of the situation:

The new regime in Mexico has begun with assassination. If Felix Diaz gave the order to shoot Gustavo Madero, no pretense of the iniquitous 'fugitive' law can absolve him of the crime of murder. President Madero's overthrow was accomplished by the most abominable kind of treachery—the treason of a commanding general to the head of the government who also happened to be one who had earned the personal gratitude of the traitor. It is just as well to look this Mexican revolution in the face and see how ugly and despicable it is, because the problem of the United States goverment is far from being ended. In fact the reasons for suspicious vigilance are greater than ever before.

This revolution, managed by a couple of traitorous generals, with the aid of a relatively small body of regular troops, has brought to the provisional presidency a man who is known to be of notoriously dissolute morals.

There can be little real confidence in such a man as General Huerta, either in Mexico or the United States. As the members of the revolutionary junta in the North expressed it, Huerta 'would turn the national palace into a saloon, and Chapultepec into a haven for abandoned women.'

Huerta's bombastic telegram to President Taft announcing the success of his treachery, is a document without a parallel in diplomatic history. "I have the honor to inform you that I have overthrown this government. The forces are with me, and from now on peace and prosperity will reign," he says. So might Julius Caesar have announced to the world when he seized the supreme power in Rome. Napoleon made no such boast when he displaced the directory, and had himself nominated First Consul. General Huerta has had the honor to overthrow a constitutional government and set up a military dictatorship, which begins business with an assassination.

WOULD TRY GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

The United States government is operating a little railroad down on the Panama canal so successfully that it is contemplating the construction of another road of its own up in Alaska.

President Taft is not in favor of municipal ownership of anything himself, but he recently submitted a special message to congress on Alaskan railroads, and quoted the Alaskan railroad commission as concluding that government construction of Alaskan railroads is the only possible solution of the problem of the development of Alaska's resources. This commission cannot be accused of radicalism, as it was appointed by President Taft, and is made up of Jay J. Morrow, of the Army Engineer Corps; Alfred H. Brooks, of the Geological Survey; Leonard M. Cox, of the Navy, and Collin M. Ingersoll, consulting railroad engineer of New York City.

The reason given by the commission for favoring government construction is interesting. It finds that if private capital were used to build the road, the government would have to pay profits, whereas the government can do the work at actual cost.

The commission finds that if the road is constructed by private capital it will be forced by the necessity of earning 6 percent. on its indebtedness to make a passenger rate of at least 7 cents a mile, and an average freight rate of 8 cents a ton per mile, which would be so high as to be almost or entirely prohibitive. But the government would not have to earn interest, profits, etc., and could operate very nicely for 5 cents for freight and 6 cents for passenger traffic.

NEXT Tuesday will be inauguration day at Washington, and every democrat is hoping for good weather, so the big parade will show off to good advantage. Why is it, that now when so many things are being done, that inauguration day isn't changed to the first of May.

WHEN IS A MAN DEAD?

Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, has startled the medical world by transferring a cat's heart, stomach and kidneys to his laboratory, and keeping them alive for 104 days. At last report the heart was still beating, the stomach digesting and the kidneys performing their functions as well as ever. If this may be done with a cat's organs, why not with a man's? If so, when would it be proper to consider the man dead? What is a man, anyway?

Thomas A. Edison says: "A man's intelligence is the aggregate intelligence of the innumerable cells which form him, just as the intelligence of a community is the aggregate intelligence of the men and women who constitute it. If you cut your hand it bleeds, thus you loose cells. That is as if a city had lost some of its inhabitants."

Mr. Edison's terms seem appropriate. Human skill is related to human intelligence. The man who has lost his hands has less intelligence, less opportunity and less skill than previously. A whole village of people devoid of the senses of hearing, taste, smell and touch, would be a very unintelligent community. If one loses a few drops of blood it makes no perceptible impression upon his intelligence; if he lose a quart, faintness, stupor may be expected. This proves that the loss of even a few drops is really a loss of vital power and hence intelligence in some degree.

The Scriptural definition of man is found in Genesis 2:7: "The Lord God formed man (all of his innumerable cells) of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life (Heb. caiyah, lives—the same kind of breath that sustains the lives of all other breathing creatures) and (as a result of this union of properly formed cells, with the animating principle of power or "spirit" of lives) man became (it does not say man received) a living soul. (Nephesh, sentient being—the same word rendered "Living creature" in Genises 1:24) It follows, logically, that a man is not dead, i e., the soul is not dead (Ezekiel 18:4, 20; Isaiah 53:10, 12) until the last cell of the man has ceased to be animated. The period from thence to his resurrection is figuratively styled sleep. Daniel 12:2

THE WANDERING JEW.

THE ex President of Mexico, Francisco I Madero and the late Vice President, Jose Pino Saurez, were shot and killed on Sunday of this week when they were being taken in an automobile to the penitentiary in the City af Mexico. The dispatch sent from Mexico City says they were killed while an attempt was being made to rescue them from the government guards. This is an important occurrence, and will tend to further complicate matters in Mexico. A few hour sbefore this assassination President Taft had interposed to save Madero's life. It behooves the men now in control of the Mexican government to show by very convincing proof that their hands are entirely clear of Madero's blood.

THE local option measure was defeated in the lower house at Harrisburg, on Tuesday of this week, by the vote of 83 for to 221 against. Brosius voted for the bill and North against it.

DEEDS FILED FOR RECORD

In Jefferson County for the Week Ending Saturday, February 22.

Jacob Zimmerman, et ux. to A. Zimmerman, 1-4 interest in 160 acres in Gaskill; $5,000.

S. P. Hallowell to J. E. Hallowell, 2 acres in Winslow; $100.

H. H. Brosius, et ux. to Mary Ederline, 43 acres in Pinecreek; $650.

B. E. Hoover, et al. to A. Z. Snyder, property in Reynoldsville; $6,321.

John Ernst, et ux. to Myra Warden, 1-2 interest in lot in Punxy; $175.

H. H. Heitzenrater, et ux. to J. L. Wolf, lot in Punxy; $1,200.

Geo. Reiter, et ux. to John A. Reiter, lot in Sykesville; $400.

S. C. Reed, et ux. to Catherine Bialo, lot in Sykesville; $275.

Margaret Pandell, et al. to Henry Lewis, 2 lots in Young; $1.

John G. Ernst, et ux. to B. B. Brumbaugh, guardian, lot in Punxy; $1.

S. R. Crawford, et ux. to Wm. Cooper, 57 acres in Washington; $450.

Edith Winkleblock, et al. to D. E. Stewart, 1-6 interest in coal in 50 acres in Snyder; $1.

Jas. O. Lucas, to Myrtle V. Johnson, 100 acres in Clover; $3,500.

P. J. Slemmer, et ux. to H. Downey, et ux. lot in Bell; $1.

P. H. Curry, to Elizabeth Curry, lot in Punxy; $1,700.

Electric Manufacturing Co. to F. L. Olmstead, trustee, 1 3-4 acres in Brockwayville; $4,000.

Annie E. Haggerty, et al. H. Wallace, lot in Sigel; $1

S. C. Bond, et ux. to Patsy Neto, lot in Brockwayville; $1,

Melissa Chilcott, to J. M. Covert, 2 1-2 acres in Snyder; $1.

Harvey Crawford et ux to H. M. Park, property in Eldred; $1,250.

Jacob L. Shaffer et al to J. R. Swab, property in Sykesville; $700.

C. E. Kirker et ux to Kyle Water Co., 10 acres in Washington; $700.

John Stewart et ux to George Thompson, 3 1-3 acres in Ringgold; $200.

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses issued by Register and Recorder Perry A. Hunter since our last report:

James Nielson.....Eleanora
Anna Smith.....Adrian
Grover C. Haag.....Young Tp
Verda Siverling.....Oliver Tp
Peter Colson.....Ridgway
Lavina Emmett.....Warsaw Tp
James F. Powell.....Dora
Lida M. Wampler.....Timblin
Chas A. Hannah.....Rathmel
Annie Devens.....Rathmel
Frank M. Schreckengost.....Fairmount
Alice E. Myers.....Summerville
J. H. Ferman.....Brockwayville
Eleanora Wharton.....Crenshaw
Geo. D. Thompson.....Ringgold
Mabel E. Snyder.....North Point

Woodsman Found Frozen to Death.

Robert Cyfert, a woodsman, aged about 45 years, was found frozen to death outside his shanty near Loleta last Friday. He lived alone and on last Tuesday he quit his work and went to Marienville, returning to his home on Thursday evening. He removed his shoes and left them in the shanty, and when found just outside the door he was in his stocking feet. What caused him to leave his place of abode and meet his death in this strange manner will probably never be known. A bottle containing carbolic acid was found in the shanty, but it is not believed he had taken any. His father resides in Brookville where the body was taken for burial.—Tionesta Vindicator.

For a mild, easy action of the bowels try Doan's Regulets, a modern laxative 25c at all stores.

FARMERS!

We want your live chickens and offer you 11c per pound for both old hens and last year's chickens. We also want 25 nicely dressed last year's chickens each Friday and Saturday, for which we will pay 17c per pound for those weighing less than 4 pound, over this amount will only pay 15c per pound.

We also want 5 bushels parsnips and 5 bushels turnips.

Seed.

We quote this week.
Extra Fancy Clover, $13 50 per bu.
Extra Choice Clover, $12.50 per bu.
Extra Fancy Alsike, $15.00 per bu.
Extra Fancy Alfalfa, $12.00 per bu.
Extra Fancy Timothy, $2.50 per bu.
We want you to drop in and inspect our seeds. If there is anything in the line we do not carry in stock we will be glad to order it for you.

Evaporated Fruits

Have the call these days. We offer:
4 pound large Raisins for 25c
2 pound fancy Muir Peaches for 25c
2 pound extra large Prunes for 25c
3 pound good sized Prunes for 25c
3 pound stewed Figs for 25c

Fish

Lenten season is on and you will need fish. We offer:
6 small Mackerel for 25c
3 good sized Irish Mackerel for 25c
3 pound loose Herring for 25c
Large Red Salmon 15c per pound
8 pound pail Lake Herring 65c
10 pound pail Lake Herring 75c
8 pound pail White Fish 75c
10 pound pail Mackerel $1.25
Commencing next week we will offer fresh fish each week during the remainder of the Lenten season.

Flour.

There may be something better than "Kelly's Famous", yet we doubt it. $1.50 per sack or $5.75 per barrel.

Dry Goods.

In this department of our store new goods are arriving daily. "I'm surprised at your nice and tasty line of dry goods" is a remark we hear almost every day. If you are not already patronizing this department of our store you will have no idea of the many nice things awaiting your inspection. Just received a nice assortment of tub silks at 85c per yard that make up most beautifully. French foulards at 35c per yard. Ratine at 25c and 50c per yard. Ratynettes at 20c per yard. Linen, crashes and percales in profusion of colors, and very pretty patterns in dress ginghams are a few of the pretty things on display this week.

Our line of neckwear, laces and embroideries are exceptionally inviting, and will please the most fastidious.

The L. A. Leathers Co.
DEPARTMENT STORE
BROOKVILLE, PA.

Abraham Lincoln

Insured his home in the Hartford Fire Insurance Company in '61, just before he left Springfield, Illinois, for his first inauguration as President of the United States.

The Hartford is far stronger to-day than in Lincoln's time, and a policy which was good enough for Lincoln is good enough for anybody.

Reed & Shannon
Agents
Brookville, Pa.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Tuesday, the 11th day of March, 1913, by Hannibal J. Hutchins, of the Borough of Falls Creek, County of Jefferson and State of Pennsylvania, Mathew W. Davison, Gustavus Knapp and Charles Maris, of the township of Ringgold, county and State aforesaid, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of Certain Corporations", approved the 29th day of April, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a Charter for an intended corporation to be called the Eagle Valley Coal Company. The character and object whereof is mining, buying selling and dealing in coal and preparing the same for market, with the right to purchase, lease and operate coal mines and own coal and coal rights and mining privileges, and manufacture and prepare said coal for market and ship and transport the same, and to have and to hold all the rights given to manufacturing corporations as now authorized by law and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

CARNALT & STRONG,
Feb. 14th, 1913. Solicitors.

WINTER

Copyrighted 1913 A. B. KIRSCHBAUM & CO.

Has been a long time coming, and with the absence of it we still have a few Overcoats and heavy Suits for Men and Boys in exceptionally good values, which we are going to sell at a

LARGE REDUCTION FROM FORMER PRICES

We have also a fine line of Top Coats and Rain Coats, carefully made and rightly tailored in popular style and colors, guaranteed to give service and all around wearing satisfaction at a

VERY LOW PRICE.

In our Shoe department we have shoes of service, style and worth at economical prices, for men, women and children.

When in town call and be convinced.

Means Brothers
"RELIABLE CLOTHIERS"
Opposite American Hotel *BROOKVILLE, PA.*

Brookville Title and Trust Company.

Capital $125,000 Surplus $125,000

"A. B. A." Checke

WHEN you travel, wherever you go, carry your expense money in American Bankers Association Travelers Checks.

They are cashable in all parts of the world with fixed rates of exchange; can be obtained in ten, twenty, fifty and one hundred dollar denominations and entitle the holder to special privileges in the way of cipher codes and mailing addresses.

Our Commercial Department handles them—it is but a small part of the convenient and helpful service it offers YOU at all times.

Commercial, Savings and Trust Departments

ROYAL Baking Powder

is the greatest of modern-time helps to perfect cake and biscuit making. Makes home baking pleasant and profitable. It renders the food more digestible and guarantees it safe from alum and all adulterants.

THE COSY CORNER

of a comfortable home is where all furnishings combine to form a harmless effect that will please the eye and rest the body. To produce this sensation of satisfaction attractive furniture of artistic design must be displayed. For this reason we desire to call your attention to the remarkable stock which we are now offering. It is attractive in price, in finish, in design and the best made and most durable we ever handled. Make your selection while you have a wide choice. You'll never regret it.

REITZ FURNITURE COMPANY,
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

Scoop, the Cub Reporter

Scoop Can't Draw the Inside and the Outside at the Same Time

By Frank W. Hopkins.

THE WANDERING JEW DEFINES A MAN

Man Became, and Did Not Receive, a Living Soul. Edison's Opinion.

SCIENCE AND THEOLOGY

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.

Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, has startled the medical world by transferring a cat's heart, stomach and kidneys to his laboratory, and keeping them alive for 104 days. At last report, the heart was still beating, the stomach digesting and the kidneys performing their functions as well as ever. If this may be done with a cat's organs, why not with a man's? If so, when would it be proper to consider the man dead? What is a man, anyway?

Thomas A. Edison says, "A man's intelligence is the aggregate intelligence of the innumerable cells which form him, just as the intelligence of a community is the aggregate intelligence of the men and women who constitute it. If you cut your hand it bleeds, thus you lose cells. That is as if a city had lost some of its inhabitants."

Mr. Edison's terms seem appropriate. Human skill is related to human intelligence. The man who has lost his hands has lost intelligence, less opportunity and less skill than previously. A whole village of people devoid of the senses of hearing, taste, smell and touch, would be a very unintelligent community. If one loses a few drops of blood it makes no perceptible impression upon his intelligence; if he lose a quart, faintness, stupor must be expected. This proves that the loss of even a few drops is really a loss of vital power and hence of intelligence in some degree.

The Scriptural definition of man is formed man (all of his innumerable cells) of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life (Heb. ruach—the same kind of breath that sustains the lives of all other breathing creatures) and man became (it does not say man received) a living soul (Nephesh, sentient being—the same word rendered "living creature" in Genesis 1:24.) It follows, logically, that a man is not dead, i. e., the soul is not dead (Ezekiel 18:4, 20; Isaiah 53:10, 12) until the last cell of the man has ceased to be animated. The period from thence to his resurrection is figuratively styled sleep. Daniel 12:2.

THE WANDERING JEW.

Will Pitch in South.

York Springs, Feb. 27.—James Myers, of this place, will be on the pitching staff of the Raleigh, N. C., base ball team this coming season. Earl Mack, son of the great Connie, is the manager of the southern team and it was decided that Myers should spend his first season with the Raleigh club which is a training school for the Athletics. Myers will leave on March 20th for the southern city.

Carroll Orphans' Court.

Westminster, Md., Feb. 27.—Tempest Menchey, executor of Leonard Kreitzer, deceased, reported sale of personal property and leasehold property.

Minnie V. Haines, administratrix of Ephraim A. Haines, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and current money and received order to sell personal property.

John H. Stansbury, executor of Geo. C. Stansbury, deceased, returned inventories of personal property, debts and money.

Letters of administration on the estate of George E. Reese, late of Carroll county dec'd., were granted to Denton Reese.

Letters of administration on the estate of Anna Mary Tasto, late of Carroll county dec'd., were granted to Edward H. Tasto. who received warrant to appraise and order to notify creditors.

Letters of administration d. b. n. c. t. a. on the estate of Harman Tasto, deceased, were granted to Edward H. Tasto, who received order to notify creditors.

Westminster Deposit and Trust Co guardian for Herman T. Myers ward, settled its first and final account.

Sophia E. and Jeremiah D. Shoemaker administrators w. a., of Susan Lynn, deceased, settled second and final account.

The last will and testament of Leanna Englar, late of Carroll county, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereon were granted to the Union Bridge Banking and Trust Company, which received warrant to appraise and order to notify creditors; also order to sell real estate.

Ella Simpson, executrix of Shadrach Simpson, deceased, reported sale of stocks and settled her first and final account.

Francis J. Barnes, received order to draw funds.

Union Bridge Banking and Trust Company, executor of Jacob Stoner, deceased, received order to sell grain and personal property.

Denton Reese, administrator of George E. Reese, deceased, returned inventory of debts.

Lanie E. Shaw, executrix of Marshall G. Shaw, deceased, settled her first and final account.

John W. Crowl, executor of David Crowl, deceased, returned inventory of debts.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 22 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 2,14,4t Adv.

NAILL—WALKER.

Pretty Wedding in Mount Joy Township at Noon Thursday.

Two Taverns, Feb. 27.—A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Walker, of Mt. Joy township, on Thursday noon of last week, when their only daughter, Ruby A. Walker, was married to Clarence B. Naill, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Naill, of Taneytown, in the presence of their immediate relatives. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. Stockslager, pastor of the bride, assisted by Rev. L. B. Hafer, pastor of groom. The bride was one of Mt. Joy township's most successful school teachers for a number of years.

They were attended by Miss Elsie Smith, of Mt. Joy township, and Carroll Hess, of Taneytown. The bride was attired in canary mesaline.

The color scheme throughout was canary and white. Miss Edith Hess played the Lohengrin wedding march.

The bride received many valuable presents. After dinner the bride and groom in the midst of a shower of rice and a well decorated buggy left for a two weeks' trip to Ohio.

After their return they will live on a farm near the bride's home on the Taneytown road. Their many friends wish them happiness.

Methodist Minister Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Rev. James A. Lewis, Milaca, Minn. writes: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been a needed and welcome guest in our home for a number of years. I highly recommend it to my fellows as being a medicine worthy of trial in cases of colds, coughs and croup." Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a trial and we are confident you will find it very effectual and continue to use it as occasion requires for years to come, as many others have done. For sale by All Dealers. Advt.

Death of a Young Man.

Hanover, Feb. 27.—Earl Bucher Eckert, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Eckert, on East Middle street, died Wednesday of last week from tuberculosis, after an illness of about eight months. He was aged 17 years, 4 months and 12 days.

The young man was the only son of his parents, the family moving to Hanover last Spring, from New Oxford. He secured employment at the Hauck bakery, High street, and after working for about four weeks, met with an accident, resulting in a severe injury to his right hand. After the accident he suffered a nervous breakdown, which led to his fatal illness.

Funeral Monday, brief services at the house, after which the body was taken to Gettysburg where further services were held in St. James Lutheran church, Rev. A. M. Hellman officiating. Interment in Evergreen cemetery, that place.

BODY FOUND IN DEEP RUN

Wanderer Seized With Epilepsy, Fell In Stream and Was Drowned.

Union Mills, Feb. 27.—Wednesday morning, Feb. 19, as one of the children of Nelson Zepp was on the way to school, the dead body of Bernice Wampler, aged about twenty years, was discovered in the little stream of Deep Run, in Mr. Zepp's meadow, about three miles east of here.

The young man lived with his stepfather, Theodore Treisch. It is thought that he died in a fit of epilepsy, to which disease he was subject, or having a spasm, fell into the stream and was drowned. He wandered from home Monday, which was the last time he was seen until his body was found in the water.

Justice of the Peace Edward H. Brown and Sheriff Davis were notified of the death, and after viewing the remains and hearing the circumstances of the case, deemed the holding of an inquest unnecessary.

The funeral took place at Sherman's church Thursday.

Deceased is survived by his mother, Mrs. Theodore Treisch, and several brothers and sisters.

Death of Mrs. Cyrus G. Focht.

Bendersville, Feb. 27.—Mrs. Lesille (Taylor) Focht, widow of Rev. Cyrus G. Focht, died Wednesday evening of last week at the home of her father, A. D. Taylor, in Menallen township from peritonitis. Rev. Mr. Focht died 19 years ago.

Mrs. Focht leaves her father and step-mother; and the following brothers and sisters, David Taylor, of Topeka, Kansas; Calvin Taylor, of near Arendtsville; Miss Bertha Taylor, at home; Mrs. Nellie Bushey, of Arendtsville. She also leaves a step-sister and two step-brothers, Mrs. Carrie Weaver, of near Arendtsville; Curtis W. Steinour, of Twin Falls, Idaho; and J. E. Steinour, of Murtaugh, Idaho.

The funeral was held on Saturday morning. Services in the Lutheran church at Arendtsville.

Men's Hats at Bargain Prices.

Men's $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 Hats at $1.50 each. Special this week only.

G. B. NACE, SONS & CO.,
it Hanover, Pa.

Lightning Kills Three Horses.

York, Pa., Feb. 27.—During the storm that swept York county last Saturday, three horses in the stable of D. P. Keeport, at Lucky, were struck by lightning and killed. Each one of the animals was tied with a chain halter. Raymond Keeport, who was near the barn, was stunned by a lightning bolt. The barn was not damaged.

The dead horses were not discovered until Sunday. Another horse in the stable not tied, was unharmed.

A CHANCE FOR INDEPENDENT READERS

Coupon Worth 25c if Presented at Howard A. Stonesifer's Store.

In order to test the Adams County Independent's great circulation and its superior advertising value, we have made arrangements with Dr. Howard A. Stonesifer, the popular druggist, to offer one of his best selling medicines at half price to anyone who will cut out the following coupon and present it at his store:

COUPON

This coupon entitles the holder to one 50c package of Dr. Howard's remedy for constipation and dyspepsia at half price, 25c. I will refund the money to anyone dissatisfied.

H. A. STONESIFER.

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

If you cannot call at his store, cut out the coupon and mail it, with 25 cents, and a 50-cent box of the remedy will be sent you by mail, charges paid. Do not put it off. "One to-day is worth two to-morrows."

TRY SOLACE AT OUR EXPENSE
Money Back for any case of RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA OR HEAD ACHE THAT SOLACE FAILS TO REMOVE.

Solace Remedy is a recent medical discovery of three German Scientists that dissolves Uric Acid Crystals and Purifies the Blood. It is easy to take, and will not effect the weakest stomach. It is guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drugs Law to be absolutely free from opiates or harmful druds of any description.

Solace is a pure specific in every way, and has been proved beyond question to be the surest and quickest remedy for Uric Acid Troubles known to medical science, no matter how long standing. It reaches and removes the root of the trouble (Uric Acid) and purifies the blood.

The Solace Co. of Battle Creek are the Sole U. S. Axents and have thousands of voluntary testimonial letters which have been received from grateful people Solace has restored to health. Testimonial letters, literature and Free Box sent upon request.

R. Lee Morris, President of the First National bank of Chico, Texas, wrote the Solace Company as follows:

"I want you to send a box of Solace to my father in Memphis, Tenn., for which I enclose $1. This remedy has been used by some friends of mine here and I must say its action was wonderful. "(Signed) R. L. Morris."

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes.

It's mighty fine to be well and you can soon be so by taking Solace, "No Special Treatment Schemes or Fees." Just Solace Alone does the work. Write today for the free box.

SOLACE REMEDY CO., Battle Creek Mich.

Advertisement

Large New Seed Catalogue Free---Send a Postal For It.

Good Seeds For 1913

"MY MARYLAND" TOMATO

"It may interest you to know "My Maryland" Tomato Seed purchased from you last season produced 400 bushels to the acre, notwithstanding heavy losses by persistent rainy weather. It was the size that counted. Please send me three pounds new crop seed." Written us by Mr. P. L. Hopper, of Harford Co., Md.

Price Prepaid to Your Address: Ounce, 25c; ¼-lb., 75c; ½-lb., $1.25; Pound, $2.50.

"GREATER BALTIMORE" TOMATO

The Best "Canner" That Grows

"This is to inform you that we have planted out 200 acres at Norfolk, Va., of Bolgiano's "Greater Baltimore" Tomato Seed obtained from you, and the wonderful production of this finest quality of Canning Tomatoes produced by this variety is a great amazement to all Truck Growers in that section, who have never seen a variety of Tomato that produced such enormous quantities, at the same time such superior Canning Tomatoes. We are very grateful to you for supplying us with such good seed and the "Greater Baltimore" Tomato is without doubt the greatest yielder and the best variety Tomato that grows for canning purposes." Written us by Lorch Bros., Philadelphia, Pa.

Price Prepaid to Your Address: Ounce, 25c; ¼-lb., 75c; 12-lb., $1.25; Pound, $2.50.

Your local merchant can secure Bolgiano's High Bred Natural Saved Tomato Seed from us. Under no circumstances accept a substitute. If he cannot supply you we will tell you where you can secure it.

J. BOLGIANO & SON.
Growers of Pedigree Tomato Seed.
Almost 100 Yrs. Established Trade
BALTIMORE, MD.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

Weak Sickly Ailing Women

What more *can* we do to convince you that you positively can find perfect health and relief from your suffering by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? All the world knows of the wonderful cures which have been made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, yet some women do not yet realize that all that is claimed for it is true.

If suffering women could be *made to believe* that this grand old medicine will do all that is claimed for it, how quickly their suffering would end!

We have published in the newspapers of the United States more genuine testimonial letters than have ever been published in the interest of any other medicine for women in the world—and every year we publish many new testimonials, all genuine and true.

Read What These Women Say!

Bluffton, Ohio.—"I wish to thank you for the good I received from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound sometime ago. I suffered each month such agony that I could scarcely endure, and after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was entirely cured.

"Then I had an attack of organic inflammation and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am cured. I thank you for what your remedies have done for me and should anything bother me again, I shall use it again, for I have great faith in your remedies. You may use my testimonial and welcome. I tell every one what your remedies have done for me."—Mrs Rhoda Wingate, Box 395, Bluffton, Ohio.

Pentwater, Mich.—"A year ago I was very weak and the doctor said I had a serious displacement. I had backache and bearing down pains so bad that I could not sit in a chair or walk across the floor and I was in severe pain all the time. I felt discouraged as I had taken everything I could think of and was no better. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I am strong and healthy."—Mrs. Alice Darling, R. F. D. No. 2, Box 77, Pentwater, Mich.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (CONFIDENTIAL) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

1/2 Price Sale of Overcoats

Now for a sweeping "Clean-Up"---we can't give too great publicity or throw too much light upon this, our sweeping offer---what investment could you make that would yield as quick and big a return---300 overcoats in the lot.

Run your eye along down this list of items offered and see if you can afford to stay away.

Overcoats that were	$ 7.50,	now	$ 3.50
Overcoats that were	$10.00,	now	$ 5.00
Overcoats that were	$12.00,	now	$ 6.00
Overcoats that were	$15.00,	now	$ 7.50
Overcoats that were	$20.00,	now	$10.00
Overcoats that were	$25.00,	now	$12.50

Fur Overcoats at Almost 1-2 price.

ALL SUITS GREATLY REDUCED.

About 50 boys Overcoats, sizes 7 to 16 years---formerly $5 to $10, now $1.50.

Big bargains in hats, shirts, underwear, neckwear ---come early while the assortment is large.

Your Money Back for Any Unsatisfactory Purchase

H. S. SCHMIDT & CO.
YORK, PENNA.

Glasses Scientifically Fitted
without the use of drugs.
F. PROCTOR DONAHEY
Optometrist.
Cor. Market & Beaver Streets,
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MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.
A SAFE, CERTAIN RELIEF FOR SUPPRESSED MENSTRUATION. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free. Dialect on getting the genuine, accept no substitute. If your druggist does not have them send your orders to the
UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, Lancaster, Pa.
Sold in Littlestown by H. A. Stonesifer, in Gettysburg by The Peoples Drug Store, in Hanover by Emlet & Jenkins

FOR SORE-THROAT AND BRONCHITIS USE DR. T. S. McNEIL'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR.
THE CURE COMES QUICKLY
TRIAL BOTTLE 10c
For Sale by H. A. Stonesifer.

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The Leaders.
Dry Goods, Carpets, Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Goods, Etc.

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The Home Furnisher.
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High Grade Pianos and Musical Instruments.
Old Instruments Taken In Exchange.

W. A. HENNIG'S BAKERY
Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Pretsels, Etc.
No. 35 York St. Phone No. 183 L

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Furniture & Stoves.
Repairing Furniture & Upholstering a Specialty.

PENROSE MYERS
Watchmaker and Jeweler
Is again personally conducting his old stand and will personally repair all Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc.

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will be at Penrose Myers' Jewelry Store, Gettysburg, every Tuesday.
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19 E. Pomfret St., Carlisle, Pa.

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Drugs, Stationery, Etc.
Soda Water, Sundaes.

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All Kinds of
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Men's Furnishings.
Men's, Women's, Children's Footwear

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MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 3.

LEGAL PHASES OF GAS MUDDLE

THE DISCUSSION of the legal phases by counsel for the city and the Altoona Gas and Fuel company, before the councilmanic committee which is considering an ordinance amending the franchise of the People's Natural Gas company, developed several facts that have not been generally known, and which unquestionably will have an important influence in the determination of the proposed legislation.

The belief has obtained that the franchise of the People's Gas company gave the city control of the perpetual franchise of the Altoona Gas, Light and Fuel company, by making it amenable to certain restrictions governing tenure, cost of service and method of operation, in the event that it accepted the rights of the natural gas company and attempts to distribute gas thereunder. But this belief is without foundation, if the opinion of two eminent legal authorities is well founded, and on this point there is no room for doubt.

The law under which the existing gas company is incorporated limits its function to the manufacture and distribution of artifical gas. The law under which the People's Natural Gas company is incorporated limits its function to the distribution of natural gas. A severe penal clause is provided for a violation of these restrictions.

This is the law as expounded by City Solicitor Hare. It is readily appreciated, therefore, that the existing gas company cannot lawfully take over the rights of the natural gas company, and, therefore, it cannot be bound by the restrictions of the latter's contract with the city. This definitely puts an end to the talk of eventually destroying the perpetual franchise of the Altoona Gas, Light and Fuel company.

If councils reject the amending ordinance now before them, the People's company will be compelled to introduce a distributing system throughout the entire city. The existing mains of the local company cannot lawfully be used for the distribution of natural gas.

If the People's company is compelled to install pipes in all thoroughfares, the realization of cheaper fuel and light will be deferred for several years. The ordinance under which it must operate provides that not more than three squares can be opened at one time for the introduction of gas mains, and if this legislation is enforced, it will be several years before the entire city is piped for the distribution of gas.

The exposition of the legal points of this controversy doubtless was a revelation to councilmen, as it is to a majority of the citizens of Altoona. Many of them had fondly believed that a way had been found to curtail a perpetual ranchise, but the statute law intervenes to prevent a combination of circumstances that would make this possible.

Councilmen can now more intelligently consider the merits of the amending ordinance. They know definitely the results of certain action. If they reject the overtures of the gas company, it will be notice to the People's Natural Gas company to lay mains and distribute its product on its own account. And this will mean, as we have heretofore stated, that the people of Altoona will not enjoy the benefits of cheaper light and fuel for a long time to come.

MORGAN NO BUSINESS MAN

THE GYPSY QUEEN who, without knowing the identity of the man she was dealing with, read the palm of J. Pierpont Morgan and declared that he has great psychic power but no business capacity, is standing by her decision in the face of the seemingly crushing refutation that is furnished by Morgan's record.

And why should she not stand by it?

Whether her palm-reading is guesswork or not, she has come mighty near the truth.

The psychic power of the great financier is amazing to the common mind. His easy and confident grasp of situations utterly baffling to ordinary men seems sometimes almost supernatural. It is impossible that one mind should fully comprehend in all the vitally important detail all the conditions that he so skillfully turns to his own advantage. That his mind is illuminated by flashes of inspiration of some sort is not to be questioned. By some mysterious intuition he feels where runs the full current of the great industrial, commercial and financial flood and it sweeps him onward, knowing no more of its sources or its deeps and being no more a part of the forces that move it than is any other man.

Business ability is a different quality altogether. The two are not even allied, but are opposite.

The methodical business man proceeds only upon such ventures as he can see through to the end. He touches only that which he understands. His main capital is caution.

There is nothing in Morgan's career to indicate that he has capabilities for success in ordinary business.

The psychic temperament that makes him a quiescent quality, fitting itself into harmony with conditions, rather than a positive force, striving to make conditions conform to its own purposes, utterly unfits him for control of any business where success depends upon certain knowledge of the constantly changing wants and tastes of the public.

We can imagine Morgan cutting a sorry figure trying to run a corner grocery, or a great department store, or attempting the direct management of a railroad.

He would find that there are qualities necessary in ordinary business that are utterly unknown to him.

The failure of the Taft veto of the Webb bill, which prohibits the transportation of intoxicating liquors into states where prohibitation regulations exist, indicates the tremendous influence of popular sentiment upon congress. Truly, times have changed, when the house, and particularly the senate, can be forced to adopt action that is certain to affect the political fortunes of many lawmakers.

The new "nickels" won't go into the slot machines. But there are lots of other ways of losing 'em.

Events As Viewed by Pennsylvania Editors

WINS, WEDS AND DIES.

(Johnstown Democrat-)

Fiction is generally pretty feeble when compared with fact. Out in Los Angeles a woman who was 105 years old established her right to marry the man who had been her sweetheart for fifty years after fighting the case in the courts for months. Marcellina Leon was a spinster. Because of her age a guardian was appointed for her. Marcellina decided one day that a courtship that had run fifty years had traveled quite far enough and she therefore determined to wed. The man of her choice was only 88. A bit young, it is true, but quite steady and sedate enough to suit Marcellina. But the guardian interfered with this dream of love. Then into the courts sails Marcellina. She established her age as a matter of record; she established her mental competency as a matter of evidence; she affirmed her love as a reason why; she licked the whole crowd that opposed her. And then in proper fashion she married the man who had wooed her for fifty years. She was a bride five days and then collapsed and died. Her last words were to the general effect that while the fight had killed her she had won it and her relatives were welcome to get all the satisfaction they could out of the fact that a woman 105 years old had whiped the whole gang of them. There is no moral to this story. It simply shows that when a woman starts out to have her way she generally gets it.

AFRAID OF THE CARTOON.

(Pittsburgh Post.)

The Indiana Senate, following the action of the house, has passed a bill which makes it a crime for a newspaper to publish "any article or cartoon" tending to hold any person up to ridicule or contempt. From this we infer there are some lawmakers in Indiana whose lines are too thin to withstand the shafts of truth. The new law is aimed at the cartoon, which in so many instances "speaks louder than words." It is the terror of corrupt politicians and is feared by officials whose conduct is questionable. The value of the cartoon has long been established, and fear always troubleth those who are vulnerable.

Indiana, like the other states, has a statute providing a penalty for libel, and the existing law ought to be sufficient to protect citizens (including lawmakers) from false and malicious publications. There is no reason why the cartoon should be singled out as an object of special attack, and if we mistake not the passage of the Indiana law will react to the discomfiture of the legislators.

The cartoon has come to stay, and it cannot be side-tracked by freak laws.

A SOCIALIST VINDICATION.

(Pittsburgh Dispatch.)

The Socialist party has by a referendum of its voters relieved itself of one burden. William D. Haywood, one of the seven members of the National Executive Committee of the Socialist organization, has been a bold and defiant exponent of the "direct action" of the Industrial Workers of the World and a hardly concealed contemner of the principle of pacific political action which is the avowed program of the Socialist party. He and his supporters have claimed that while Haywood's support of destructive and criminal methods was opposed by the Socialist leaders, the rank and file of that element supported him.

This issue was forced to a test by Haywood himself in a speech after the acquittal of Ettor and Giovannetti so radical that there was no explaining it away. The Raders of the pacific Socialists moved to have him removed from the executive committee, and the popular vote by two to one ordered his removal.

By this result, whatever force was given to Haywood's teachings of industrial anarchy by his official representation of Socialism is eliminated. The Socialists on their part have vindicated themselves from the charge of supporting methods which not only stand for the destruction or injury of property, but a peculiarly cowardly sort of destruction.

PEDAGOGUES DISSATISFIED.

(Philadelphia Record.)

If a layman may be presumed to pass judgment upon the numerous experts in pedagogy who have been airing their views in this city for the past week, we would venture the opinion that the present status of public school education is not unlike that of contemporary politics. There are progressives and reactionaries of the most pronounced type in the field, and the former seem to be especially abundant in the state of the great and gaborious west. President Hibben, of Princeton, who has expressed a preference for the old ideals of education and who does not believe in turning all boys and girls into machines fashioned after one universal standard, is evidently a reactionary of the most hopeless type. The numerous conferences have made at least one fact clear: A great many teachers are very much dissatisfied with the results of present-day education. And that, after all, is a very much better and more promising state of mind than entire complacence over the work of the schools.

VICTORY FOR THE WOMEN.

(Harrisburg Patriot.)

Woman suffragists have scored another great victory for their cause in New Jersey, where the lower house of the legislature on Wednesday passed by an overwhelming vote, 46 to 5, the senate concurrent resolution providing for an amendment to the state constitution to give women the right of suffrage.

The resolution must also be passed by the legislature next yedr betore it can be submitted to the people. This action by the Jersey legislature which is only fair to the people, should be promtly followed by the adoption of the similar resolution, by the senate of Pennsylvania, which sometime ago was overwhelmingly passed by the house of representatives.

This has become a question so vitally important to the people of the state that the legislature is in duty bound to give them the right to pass upon it at the polls.

People's Column

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

THE GAS ORDINANCE

Protest Made Against Extending Rights of the Altoona Gas Company.

Editor Altoona Times:—Councils are again to be asked to save for the old gas company its perpetual franchise, about to be lost by the introduction of natural gas into the city.

The matter was up several months ago. It was then sought by certain councilmen, to quietly preserve the franchise, in perpetuity, for the old company, by amending the natural gas ordinance, but the tax-payers taking notice, they withdrew.

As it is now again to come up, in a different form, but with the same object, let us see what it means to the taxpayer and property owner.

The old gas company, some forty years ago, was given a perpetual franchise permitting it, at all times, to use our streets and avenues for its mains and pipes; with the further right to dig and tear them up as it saw fit.

For this privilege and use it has never paid anything. Neither has it, during all these years, paid a cent of tax into the city treasury on any of its real estate, assessed at over a hundred thousand dollars.

For almost a half century it has thus used our streets, rent free, as a place of business. Never during any of this time has it paid towards their up-keep. They have been graded, paved and curbed, as likewise lighted and police patrolled, through taxes paid by the workingman, although he never has occasion to use them, except when riding on the street cars, and then paying for the privilege.

Here we see the workingman heavily taxed on his little home he is trying to pay for, to keep up the streets and avenues thus used by this corporation with its large holdings, and for which it pays nothing.

The workingman paying for the privilege of living in his own home, used as a shelter for himself and family, and on which he realizes no profits; whilst this big corporation, with its large holdings, and large profits is going free.

But not only does this corporation pay nothing towards the up-keep of our streets, which it has capitalized for its use at the property owners' expense, but it has furthermore exploited him, in the price of its gas, by exacting, at all times, the highest possible rate because without competition, and the property owner at its mercy, and without redress.

And is this not the same company that bought up this stock in 1901, for $450,000, and at once bonded it at $750,000; thus making $300,000.00 by one transaction; and later borrowing more on notes, secured by the bonds? Thus realizing three hundred and some thousand dollars by one turn of the wheel.

But where did it get this three hundred and some thousand dollars? Surely not out of the air. Where does the leech gets its blood? From its victim. So likewise here. Is it strange then that this company does not wish to let go?

But if a man has you by the throat, and you are about to force him to let loose, and he asks you to let him take a new hold, will you do so? And if your representative, your member of council, in whom you have entrusted your welfare, helps fasten the grip again upon you, has he not betrayed you?

Not a dollar of the stock of this company is owned by any of our own people. Then why should councils be so solicitous about its welfare? Is it not sufficient that we have been at the mercy of these outsiders for all these years? Why allow them to continue their hand upon our necks, by a renewal of their franchise, when about to be released from this bondage?

We were told, as a reason for granting the forty-year franchise to the new company, that it would terminate the perpetual franchise of the old company. That the latter, unable to compete with natural gas, would cease doing business and thereby loose its franchise.

Now we are told by some of our "soft-hearted" councilmen that this would be a hardship on the old company. That there may also be some widows and orphans holding stock in this company, that we should take care of.

But how about our own widows and orphans, who have been so sorely taxed, on their homes, to help earn large profits for this company? And is it really the "widows and orphans," that may hold stock in this company, that so appeals to these councilmen, or is it something more substantial?

They further tell us that if we save the franchise for this old company and allow it to deliver the natural gas through its pipes (which it claims it cannot afford to do, unless its franchise is perpetuated), we will avoid tearing up the streets.

Who does not know that the pipes of the old company are so worn-out and honey-combed with leaks, through long usage, that they could, in no event, be used for natural gas? Are they not daily digging up our streets, in all parts of the city, hunting leaks to be repaired, because of worn-out pipes? What sight is more familiar, throughout every part of the city during the entire year than seeing men driving down an iron bar to locate the point of leakage of escaping gas, impregnating the air of the neighborhood?

Does any one believe that if this ordinance was passed, and the perpetual franchise of the old company preserved, and the natural gas turned into its system of piping, as is asked, that our streets would not be daily torn up, until the entire system of old pipage was renewed? And is this whole project not a mere pretext and excuse to again perpetuate the old franchise?

The natural gas ordinance provides that all pipes and mains shall be laid along alleys, and not along paved streets and avenues, as was done by the old company. Alleys can be "torn up, when necessary, to make repairs with less inconvenience than streets and avenues; and are they not, therefore, the proper location for all pipes and mains, with house connections at the rear?

The natural gas company has obligated itself to furnish us with natural gas at a certain fixed price. To lay its mains and pipes along alleys and unpaved streets. Should it not do as it has agreed? Let the city engineer and the board of public works see that it complies with its contract.

An entire system of new piping along our alleys, as agreed in the ordinance will assure us many times less inconvenience in tearing up, than any attempt to use an old worn-out system, under our paved streets and avenues.

But we are asked to save the old company. Let us ask what do we owe this old company? No more than the victim owes the one that has waylaid him on the highway.

The councilman that will favor this measure should be branded as a traitor and never again entrusted with office. One that will betray his fellow-citizens into the hands of an outside corporation to be exploited and robbed, is no better than one who betrays his country into the hands of an enemy. And as a traitor is the most despised of all men, let the mark be placed upon him that he may be known and shunned forever after.

E. H. FLICK.

March 3, 1913.

THE NASHVILLE MASTODON

Editor Altoona Times:—Some years ago, in far northern Siberia, an antelope was found embedded in solid ice, with green grass in its stomach. A mastodon was also found with food between its teeth. Now we have a report from Nashville, January 30th, that workmen have found the skeleton of a mastodon thirty feet under ground.

A learned professor says this mastodon lived 100,000 years ago. A little experience I once had shows just how he figures. After an architect had finished building a house for me, we found the lawn sloped six inches less from house to street than had been agreed upon in the specifications. My regrets were at once silenced by the argument that the dust from the street would blow over the lawn and soon raise it to the desired grade. In the case of the mastodon the dust evidently blew over him at the rate of four inches every 1,111 years.

But did it take thousands of years for the ice to blow over the Siberian antelope and masodon, and bury them with food still undigested in their mouths and stomach? It is probable that all of these animals perished in

(Continued to page 7.)

For Winter Reading

During the long evenings, we advise strongly a pair of reading glasses to suit your range of vision.

There's no easier way of avoiding eyache and headache than by preventing either, by the use of proper glasses, supplied by us.

W. F. SELLERS & CO.
Optometrists and Opticians,
1408 11th Ave., Altoona, Pa.

Matinee Daily at 2.30 — Mumer & Vincent's Orpheum — Evening 7:30 and 9:00

Fifth Glorious Anniversary

DEWAR'S COMEDY CIRCUS

A RIOT OF FUN FOR YOUNG FOLKS AND OLD, SEE THE LAFFY BUCKING MULE

LATEST EVENTS IN PHOTOLIFE

CAL DEAN & LETTA PRICE

IN THEIR ORIGINAL COLLEGE SKIT A STUDENT'S APARTMENT

CHAS. WEBER

COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAM THURSDAY

CYCLONIC JUGGLING COMEDIAN

GET IN FOR THE BIG BIRTHDAY PARTIES

RAE ELINOR BALL

AMERICAN'S PREMIER VIOLINISTE

MISHLER THEATRE

TONIGHT "ROBIN HOOD" BESSIE ABOTT and Wonderful Cast

PRICES: Orchestra, $2 and $2.50; First Balcony: $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00; Family Circle, 75c and $1.00. Gallery, 50c. PLENTY OF SEATS.

BARGAIN MATINEE 25c, 35c, 50c, TUESDAY, MARCH 4
Evening Prices, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, and $1.00
Matinee and Night
Bud Fisher's Original Laughing Creation,

MUTT and JEFF

45 PEOPLE—CARLOAD OF SCENERY

"NO MORE OF YOUR BABY TRICKS FOR ME."

FROM SCENE "BABY MINE" MATINEE & NIGHT WED., MARCH 5
SPECIAL LADIES' MATINEE BALCONY ALL SEATS 25c LOWER FLOOR 50c NO HIGHER

Evening Prices- -25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

SEATS NOW ON SALE

250,000 POUNDS SEIZED.

Federal prosecution for illegal adulteration of butter is expected to follow the seizure of 250,000 pounds found in storage warehouses in Chicago. It is alleged by government chemists who tested the butter that it contained 16 per cent water.

The deluxe of stationery, either business or private, is the product of the Times job printing department.

Gold Medal, London, 1911
Largest Sale HIGH GRADE Tea in World.
If you attended a 5 o'clock tea at Sherrys, Fifth Avenue, N. Y., within the past 50 years, you found them serving, exclusively,
Ridgways Tea
You can have in your own home the same tea as used by Queen Victoria for 45 years and served by Sherrys for 50 years.
Ridgways "His Majesty's Blend"
All High-Class Grocers
½ lb. 90c. ¼ lb.
In Sealed Air-Tight Tins.
Order Trial Package TO-DAY!
(370)
Ridgways TEA

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

(Continued from page 6.)

the great catastrophe of the flood, 4,324 years ago last fall.

The earth, once gaseous, was subsequently encircled with rings of vapor and mineral substance, similar to those now enveloping Saturn and Jupiter. Being deposited, one by one, the heavier substances first, in the Scriptures, are termed Days—First Day, Second Day, etc., in the sense in which we use the expressions Day of Creation (Genesis 2:4), Napoleon's Day or Lincoln's Day.

By centrifugal law, the lighter ring of water fell last. Before Noah's time it had never rained. "For the Lord God had not caused it to rain upon the earth; but there went up a mist from the earth, and watered the whole face of the ground." (Genesis 2:5,6.) The continuous fall of snow at the poles buried the antelope and mastodon in ice, and the rush of waters in the temperate zone buried the Nashville mastodon with alluvial deposits.

There are scientists who claim that the earth still has one ring about it, an electrical one, which will fall in a few years, destroying fermentation, microbes and parasites. In other words, Messiah's kingdom is imminent, when fermented liquor will be impossible of manufacture, and pests will cease.

THE WANDERING JEW.

New York, Mar. 1.

THE DEATH RECORD

LEAMER—Mrs. Coilla Grace Leamer, wife of David Leamer of Lakemont Terrace, died at the Altoona hospital at 6:22 Friday evening of pneumonia, she having been admitted to the institution on Feb. 20. Mrs. Leamer was born in Williamsburg, June 23, 1888, being a daughter of Henry S. and Leah E. Lecrone, both deceased. She was married in July, 1904, to David Leamer, who survives, with three children: Earl, Cathleen and Ralph, all at home. Two children, Thelma and Arthur, are deceased. She is also survived by these brothers and sisters: Curtis, Harvey and Edgar of Eldorado, Elmer of Hollidaysburg, Henry of Altoona and Mrs. Carrie McJunkin of Sharon, Pa. The funeral will take place from the house, leaving the home in Lakemont Terrace at 2 o'clock and proceeding to the Hollidaysburg Presbyterian church, of which the deceased was a consistent member. Services will be held at the church at 3 o'clock and interment will be made in the Presbyterian cemetery at Hollidaysburg.

PEARSON—Mr. James Pearson, of 302 Walnut avenue, Saturday received a message from Manchester, England, stating that his brother, Robert, of that place had died. There were no other particulars in the cablegram.

ISENBERG—Mrs. Mary Isenberg, who died shortly before midnight Friday, in her home at 437½ Bedford street, Johnstown, was born in New Jersey, 74 years ago and had been a resident of Cambria county for nearly half a century. Her husband died in Ebensburg in 1875. She leaves the following children: George M., of Altoona, William, of Ebensburg; Mrs. Sara Jones, of Conemaugh; Mrs. Lulu Homer, of Pittsburg, and Joseph and Edward J., at home.

MORROW—Miss Margaret Morrow died at her home in Monango, N. D., after a short illness, on Wednesday morning. Her body has been brought to the home of her sister in Sinking Valley, where the funeral will be held today at 10 a. m. Services conducted at the home by Rev. L. M. Lewis.

DEATHS OF CHILDREN.

Harry, son of Harry and Sarah Wingard, died at the family home, 2311 Union avenue, Friday morning at 10:30. He was aged one day. Interment will be made at Geesetyown cemetery.

Frances Charles, son of Frank and Gertrude Yeager, of 1419 Seventeenth street, died at 8.10 o'clock Saturday evening of pneumonia. He was born March 9, 1912. Interment today at 2.30 o'clock in Calvary cemetery.

CARD OF THANKS.

The family of Mrs. Martha Calaugh, of Roaring Spring, desires to thank the friends and neighbors that so kindly came to their assistance during their late bereavement.

H. C. SUTER.

RECENT WEDDINGS

OVES—HOLLAND

Henry Buehler Oves and Sara Jacobs Holland were married on Saturday evening at 6 o'clock, at St. Luke's Episcopal church, by the Rev. G. R. Bishop. The groom was formerly of Waverly, N. Y., but is now located in Tulsa, Okla., where he holds a responsible position with the firm of McEwen & Co. The bride is a resident of Hollidaysburg, where she has been a leader in the county capital's society world. The wedding was a quiet affair, only the immediate friends being present. The beautiful ring ceremony of the Protestant Episcopal church was used. The bride was attired in a traveling suit and immediately after the ceremony, the couple left on Pennsylvania Limited for their new home in Tulsa.

KOCH—DAVIS

Miss Alta M. Davis and Mr. Charles C. Koch were married at the home of her parents in Mt. Union, on Feb. 12 by the Rev. James B. McClure, pastor of the Shippensburg Baptist church. Miss Laura Davis, sister of the bride, and Christ Swonger, the latter of Altoona, were the attendants. The young couple, who spent their honeymoon in Pittsburgh and Buffalo, will reside in this city.

FLECK—PERCHY

At the office of Alderman J. L. Hafley, at high noon Saturday, Watson Fleck, mail-carrier from Alberta, was married to Miss Mary Stella Peachy, also of Alberta. Mr. Fleck has been carrying the mail at Alberta for several years. His bride was formerly his housekeeper.

WOODS—FISH

Frank A. Woods an electric crane runner and Miss Floda F. Fish, a most possessing young woman, both of Akron, O., were happily married this morning, by Justice of the Peace M. Calvin Lewis, in his office on Allegheny street, Hollidaysburg.

MARRIAGE LICENSE RECORD

Guiseppe Buttiglire and Richetta Battistero both of 810 Seventh street, Altoona.

Frank A. Woods and Floda F. Fish, both of Akron, Ohio.

Samuel H. Markley and Ella M. Miller, both of Bellwood.

VISITORS HERE

Mrs. Mollie Aurandt, of New York, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Rollins, Thirteenth street and Fourteenth avenue. She will attend the funeral of Harry Rollins, which will take place today.

* * *

Miss Josie Ulerick, of Brooklyn, is spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Piper, 509 Willow avenue.

* * *

Messrs. J. A. Hyle and C. E. Wensel, of Chicago stopped off for a visit with friends in Altoona yesterday, while en route to Washington to attend the inauguration.

* * *

The Misses Della and Edna Rocky of Bellefonte are visiting among relatives in this city.

* * *

Miss Statie Vaughn, a fashionable hat trimmer, has arrived in this city to take charge of Mrs. Ella Black's millinery store.

OUT OF TOWN

Messrs. C. D. Kaylor, H. R. Fluke and Monte Burley left last evening on train 24 for Washington where they will witness the inauguration of President Wilson.

* * *

Mr. George R. Moore left last evening for Philadelphia. Today he will go to Washington to witness the inauguration.

* * *

Mr. Hayden Myers, of 802 Sixth avenue, has gone to Washington for the inauguration.

* * *

Mr. P. Kreunpointner has gone to New York to deliver an address at Teachers' College, Columbia university, and to Trenton, N. J., to address some schools in that city.

* * *

Mr. Frank Barnicle and daughter, Miss Catherine, of 1203 Fourteenth street, have left for Washington to attend the inauguration.

* * *

Mr. J. P. Jacobs and son, Chilton, left Sunday on train No. 36 for Washington, D. C., where they will remain for the inauguration of President Wilson.

* * *

Mrs. William R. Ramsey and Miss Wilhelm of Fourteenth avenue and 10th-tenth street left Saturday morning for Washington to spend the inauguration week in that city.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Taylor, who have been well known residents of this city for several years, have moved to Pittsburgh, where Mr. Taylor will enter business and where they will make their future home.

* * *

Mr. James Fleck, of 813 Seventh ave., the well known contractor and his wife, who have been spending several days in Jacksonville, Fla., will arrive in Washington today and will attend the inauguration ceremonies tomorrow. Later in the week they will visit Baltimore and will then leave for home.

* * *

Dr. Homer H. Hill, resident physician at the Altoona hospital, spent the week-end at his home in New Florence.

* * *

Miss Anne O'Donnell, a nurse on the Altoona hospital staff, spent Sunday at her home in Newry, visiting her brother, the Rev. Father Roger O'Donnell.

* * *

Messrs. J. W. Fagan and Harry Mock, employes of No. 1 erecting shop, left yesterday for Washington where they will witness the inauguration of Woodrow Wilson.

* * *

Mayor S. M. Hoyer will leave this morning for Washington to take in the inauguration.

* * *

Mr. John Gibbons, proprietor of the Hulton house, left last evening for the Mecca of the "faithful" at Washington.

NEW MILLINERY HEAD AT MEYER JONASSONS

The management of the millinery department of the Meyer Jonasson store, on Eleventh avenue, has been assumed by R. M. Long, lately with the Siegel & Cooper company, of Chicago. Mr. Long has had wide experience in millinery, having been identified with the Chicago firm, one of the leading mercantile establishments of the country, for a period of five years. He comes to Altoona, with knowledge that will be of material benefit to the Meyer Jonasson store and its patrons.

Under the new management the millinery department of the Meyer Jonasson store will offer a complete line of popular merchandise at popular prices. Mr. Long declares that it will be his purpose to meet the demands of all classes of people, and to do so the assortments of his department will be wide and embracive. Various innovations will be inaugurated, to the end that the establishment with which he has become identified will be in keeping with similar establishments in large cities.

In addition to being a competent merchandiser, Mr. Long is an affable gentleman, and will be an important addition to the business circles of this city. He has advanced and progressive ideas, and hopes to make his department one of the most popular in the city.

FACIAL BLOTCHES GONE AFTER USING POSLAM

Only a day or two ago, face broken out with pimples and red spots. Today face clear and fair. This is the way Poslam acts, quickly, surely and easily driving away unsightly skin affections.

All skin diseases, including eczema, acne, tetter, salt rheum, itch, etc., are quickly eradicated by Poslam. Itching is stopped at once. Common troubles such as pimples, red noses, rashes, etc., respond so readily that overnight treatment is often sufficient.

POSLAM SOAP, used daily for toilet and bath will keep the skin in healthy condition, and improve its color and texture. Purifies the scalp; brings health to hair.

All druggists sell Poslam (price, 50 cents) and Poslam Soap (price, 25 cents). For free samples, write to the Emergency Laboratories, 32 West 25th street, New York City.

TWO DEATHS IN ONE HOUSE IN FEW HOURS

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 2.—William Stoddard, aged 72, died at his home here today of general debility. He was founder and president of the William Stoddard Wholesale Grocery company, also a charter member of the board of directors of the Anthracite Savings Bank, of the original gas company of this city, later taken over by the Wilkes-Barre Gas and Electric company, now called the Wilkes-Barre company.

Mrs. Sarah Stoddard, aged 88, his aunt, also of this city, followed him in death by only a few hours.

ONE DOSE MAKES INDIGESTION GO

All Stomach Distress Quickly Ended with "Pape's Diapepsin"

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it with drastic drugs.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its certain unfailing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs. Its millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach trouble has made it famous the world over.

Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large fifty-cent case from any drug store and then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat lays like lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache dizziness and nausea; if the gases of acid and undigested food—remember as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. Its promptness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.

7 NEW APPLICANTS FOR LIQUOR LICENSE

There are seventy-three applications for retail liquor license in Blair county this year—just nine less than in 1912. Of this number 66 hold license at the present time. The seven new applicants are: Germania hotel, Third avenue and Seventh street, this city, Charles E. Ehret, proprietor; Keystone hotel, Eleventh avenue and Twenty-second street, John Pearson, proprietor; Globe hotel (formerly Penn Traffic) Ninth avenue and Nineteenth street, David T. Cahill, proprietor; Fair City hotel, Juniata borough, Elmer Brancher, proprietor; Hotel Majestic, Juniata, Frank Molley, proprietor; Central hotel, Martinsburg, G. W. Wallace, proprietor, and Hotel Williamsburg, Williamsburg, Joseph Wilt, proprietor.

There are three breweries, all in this city, applying for license. The hotels are distributed over the county as follows: Altoona, 21; Juniata, 5; Bellwood 2; Logan township, 1; Hollidaysburg, 2; Gaysport, 2; Duncansville, 2; Allegheny township, 1; Tyrone, 6; Williamsburg, 1; Martinsburg, 1. License court convenes on Monday, March 24. Remonstrants have until March 15, inclusive, to file remonstrances; applicants have until 10 a. m. March 24 to file rebuttal petitions. The decision of the court will be handed down and licenses lifted on Monday, March 31.

SUFFRAGETTES ROUSE ANGER OF BRITISHERS

LONDON, March 2.—The public temper is rising against the suffragettes. Wild scenes were witnessed in Hyde Park this afternoon when a mob of several thousand broke up a suffragette meeting held under the leadership of "General" Mrs. Flora Drummond.

Several free fights occurred and masses of turf torn from the ground were hurled at the speakers. It required a strong body of police to protect the suffragettes and escort them to a place of safety.

Similar scenes marked a meeting at Wimbledon common. In both cases women were knocked down and bruised.

The Times job department caters to the men and women who are exacting. Prices are only commensurate with the quality of printing we furnish.

GARDEN SAGE DARKENS GRAY HAIR SO NATURALLY NOBODY CAN TELL

RESTORES ITS LUSTRE, PREVENTS SCALP ITCHING; DANDRUFF AND FALLING HAIR.

That beautiful, even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. While it is a mussy, tedious task it well repays those whose hair is turning gray, faded and streaked.

Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Don't bother to prepare the tonic; you can get from any drug store a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," ready to use. This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color and lustre of your hair and is the best thing known to remove dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair.

Everybody chooses "Wyeth's" Sage and Sulphur because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time which requires but a few moments. Do this at night and by morning the gray hair has disappeared and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy, lustrous and abundant. It certainly helps folks look years younger and is twice as attractive, says a well-known down town druggist. H. W. Turner, agent.

$1 Long Cloth for 79c. One lot of long cloth, made with a soft finish and put up in pieces containing 10 yards. Regularly worth $1 for the 10-yard piece—Anniversary Sale price. **79c** First Floor, West.

GABLE AND CO.

The Store Remains Open This Evening Until 9.

$1.50 Bedspreads, $1.29 These are large size, white bedspreads, made with a soft finish and woven in assorted patterns. Regularly worth $1.50, Anniversary Sale Price..... **$1.29** First floor, west.

Many Good Values
For the 2nd Day of the 29th Anniversary Sale.

This 29th Anniversary Sale is going to be continued for two weeks and *every day will be bargain day.* People who come to take advatage of the splendid values we have provided, are going to secure some of the baragins they ever had in merchandice of reliable quality. We publish some of the bargains in our daily store news, but we urge all to come to our store and investigate for their own satisfaction. As with all events of this kind, some of the best values are among goods that are never advertised.

For Today Only 8 Cakes of Soap for 29c. This is the regular Octagon soap, which we will sell special for Today only at 8 cakes for 29c. Basement.

Brooms Special, 19c. These are 4 sewed brooms, made of a good quality of broom corn and regularly worth 25c. Today only we will sell them special at the one day price of..... **19c** Basement

Household Linens
In the Anniversary Sale.

In this department you will find some of the best bargains of the entire sale and housekeepers are glad of the opportunity to secure such fine values in goods that they are in need of every day.

Huck Towels, 18x36 inches in size, worth 10c each. Anniversary Sale Price, 4 for 29c.

Bleached Turkish Towels, worth 37½c each. Anniversary Sale price **29c**

Mercerized cotton Table Damask, worth 37½c per yard. Anniversary Sale Price..... **29c**

All linen **Huck Towels,** with hemmed ends, worth 16c each. Anniversary Sale Price **12½c**

Large size, double thread **Turkish Towels, worth 16c each.** Anniversary Sale Price .. **12½c**

Austrian or Silver Crash, worth 14c per yard. Anniversary Sale Price..... **12½c**

Beautiful, double satin Damask Table Linen, 2 yards wide and worth $1.65 per yard. Anniversary Sale Price..... **$1.29**

Double satin Damask **Napkins,** worth $5 per dozen. Anniversary Sale Price **$3.95**

First floor, west.

Anniversary Sale of Aluminum Ware.

One of our best manufacturers made a special price concession on several lots of aluminum ware, enabling us to give our customers some splendid values in this sanitary kitchen ware. People who have used aluminum ware find it to be more satisfactory than other kinds and more than worth the difference in price. The lot includes:

Preserving Kettles, worth 98c. Anniversary Sale Price.. **59c**

Berlin Kettles:
4 quart size, $1.59 value for 98c.
5 quart size, $1.69 value for $1.19.
6 quart size, $1.85 value for $1.30.
8-quart size, $1.95 value for $1.59.

Rice Boilers:
2 quart size, $1.59 value for $1.10.
3 quart size, $1.95 value for $1.39.

Coffee Pots:
2 quart size, $1.75 value for $1.33.
3 quart size, $1.95 value for $1.49.
Basement.

$1 Handbags Special at 75c.

This is a lot of all leather handbags made in round or bellows bottom style, with leather covered frame and fitted with a purse.

They are such bags as would sell regularly at $1, but our Anniversary Sale Price is only **75c**

One lot of **Women's Patent Leather Belts,** 2 inches wide, in black only. Worth 25c. Anniversary Sale Price.. **10c** First floor, center.

White Goods 25c Voile for 18c.

One lot of plain white **Voile,** 40 inches wide and fine quality, worth 25c per yard. Anniversary Sale Price.... **18c**

One lot of sheer **White Goods,** in patterns of stripes and checks, worth 80 per yard. Anniversary Sale Price.... **5½c** First floor, west.

Men's $3 and $4 Shoes
Anniversary Sale Price, $2.35.

This is a good opportunity for men to buy a pair of dress shoes at a good saving. They are in tan and dull leathers, button model, also in patent colt blucher model. Some few sizes are missing, but you will find a good assortment in the lot as a whole, as the following table of sizes will show:

Width	5	5½	6	6½	7	7½	8	8½	9	9½	10	10½	11
A					2	1		1					
B			2	2	3	1	1		4	2	1		
C	1	4	2	5	1	1	2	1	1			1	
D	4	1	6	3	1	2		1	1	1	2	3	1
E			1		1				1		1	1	1

First floor, east. Our Exclusive Men's Wear Store.

Women's Tailored Suits
Regular $15 Value for $12.50.

This is a special lot of women's tailored suits made of strictly all wool materials and nicely lined with silk or satin.

They are in the new spring styles and are suits that would sell regularly at $15. Our special Anniversary Sale Price is only **$12.50** Second floor.

Women's Dress Skirts
At Anniversary Sale Prices.

Dress skirts made of all wool serge in colors of navy and black. They are in the new Spring styles and may be had in assorted sizes. We bought them especially for this sale, hence these low prices:

Skirts that are worth $3 are marked at **$1.98**

Skirts that are worth $4 are marked at **$2.98**

Skirts made of all wool serge, in extra sizes, 30 to 35-inch waist measure. They are made good and full and may be had in colors of navy and black. Regular $5 value—Anniversary Sale Price..... **$3.98** Second floor.

Men's $1 Dress Shirts Anniversary Sale Price 79c

These dress shirts are made of genuine Harmony percale, such as is used in regular $1 dress shirts. There is a good assortment of plain and broken stripes in black and colors and all sizes from 14 to 17.

The shirts are in the popular coat style with attached cuffs and are hand laundered. Splendid value at our Anniversary Sale Price of **79c**

First floor, east. Our Exclusive Men's Wear Store.

GABLE AND CO.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Scoop, the Cub Reporter

By Frank W. Hopkins.

BLACKSMITH SUICIDE FROM A HORSE'S KICK

Solomon Shearer, of Near Abbottstown, Made Melancholy by Injury to Head.

HANGED HIMSELF IN BARN

ABBOTTSTOWN, March 6. injury sustained about seven ago, when kicked by a horse was from which he still suffered, was partly responsible for the suicide Wednesday of last week of Solomon Sheare, 47 years old, a well known blacksmith residing near here.

Eighteen months ago the blacksmith had an operation performed at Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore, in the hope of recovering from the injury causes by being kicked. The operation, however, was not successful and this, it is said, caused Mr. Shearer to become melancholy. Three months ago his actions became so queer that his family and friends decided to keep a watch on him, fearing that he might make an effort to end his life.

His action Wednesday seemed more normal and this vigilance was relaxed. Mr. Shearer worked about his blacksmith shop, fixing a bolt on a wagon brought there by a customer, and talked to his helper, Frank Myers, until 9:30 a. m. Then he went into the house to take some medicine. From the house, instead of going back to the shop, he proceeded to the stable, situated across the road.

Myers, becoming uneasy at his employer's absence, made nquiry at the house and not finding him there, instituted a search. He was aided by J. . Kreidler, proprietor of the nearby mill.

Going into the stable, they found Shearer's dead body suspended from a beam, his toes barely touching the floor. He had used a sash cord, which he doubled and formed into a loop. Then standing on a rail of the stall he had jumped.

The suicide's wife, Mrs. Maggie Shearer, and eleven children, survive him. The children are: Addison, married, York; Meda, Frederick, Blanche, Ellen, Mazie, Ruth, Grace, Myrtle, Elsie and Florence, at home.

The funeral was held Sunday. Rev. Dr. Adam Stumpf, pastor of Salem Lutheran church, officiating.

HELP WANTED IN LITTLESTOWN

And Furnished By the Help of Littlestown People.

Those who suffer with kidney backache, urinary ills or any little kidney or bladder disorder, want kidney help. Who can better advise than some Littlestown resident, who has also suffered, but has had relief. Littlestown people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. Here's one case and there are many others.

Willis A. Staley, cigar manufacturer, Littlestown, Pa., says: "We have used Doan's Kidney Pills in our family for several years and the results have been satisfactory. A member of the family suffered from sharp pains across his loins and when I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I got a supply from Dr. Stonesifer's Drug Store. They did a great deal of good and soon corrected the trouble. I can recommend this remedy highly."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.—Advertisement.

Death of Mrs. Frederick Kretz.

Hanover, March 6.—After a brief illness from acute indigestion, Mrs. Elizabeth Kretz, wife of Frederick Kretz, died at her home, near Schelvert's school house, Union township, last Friday, aged 55 years.

The deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Gotwalt, late of Union township, and is survived by her husband and one sister, Mrs. Joseph Weaver, residing in McSherrystown.

Funeral was held Tuesday, requiem high mass in St. Joseph's Catholic church, this place, Rev. James Huber officiating. Interment in St. Joseph's cemetery.

Good Things to Eat

will hold no joys for you if you have indigestion or any STOMACH, LIVER or KIDNEY trouble. You need not pay big doctor's bills, but if you suffer from any of these ailments just step into your nearest druggist and get a 50 cent bottle of SEVEN BARKS, the great household remedy, the finest tonic and blood purifier known. If your system is run down and you want to regain your youthful energy, SEVEN BARKS will accomplish it, make your food digest and give you new life. Money refunded if dissatisfied. Try it and enjoy your meals. Address LYMAN BROWN, 65 Murray St., New York, N.Y.

WHEN FERMENTATION AND OTHER PESTS DISAPPEAR

The Wandering Jew Cites Interesting Scientific Observation.

STRENUOUS FIGURING

NEW YORK, March 6.

Some years ago, in far northern Siberia, an antelope was found imbedded in solid ice, with green grass in its stomach. A mastodon was also found with food between its teeth. Now we have a report from Nashville, January 30th, that workmen have found the skeleton of a mastodon thirty feet under ground.

A learned professor says this mastodon lived 100,000 years ago. A little experience I once had shows just how he figures. After an architect had finished building a house for me, we found the lawn sloped six inches less from house to street than had been agreed upon in the specifications. My regrets were at once silenced by the argument that the dust from the street would blow over the lawn and soon raise it to the desired grade. In the case of the mastodon the dust evidently blew over him at the rate of four inches every 1,111 years.

But did it take thousands of years for the ice to blow over the Siberian antelope and mastodon, and bury them with food still undigested in their mouths and stomachs? It is probable that all of these animals perished in the great catastrophe of the flood, 4324 years ago last Fall.

The earth, once gaseous, was subsequently encircled with rings of vapor and mineral substance, similar to those now enveloping Saturn and Jupiter. Being deposited one by one, the heavier substances first, the ring contents formed the strata of the various geological Epochs or Eras which, in the Scriptures, are termed Days—First Day, Second Day, etc., in the sense in which we use the expressions Day of Creation (Genesis 2:4), Napolon's Day or Lincoln's Day.

By centrifugal law, the lighter ring of water fell last. Before Noah's time it had never rained. "For the Lord God had not caused it to rain upon the earth; but there went up a mist from the earth, and watered the whole face of the ground." (Genesis 2:5,6.) The continuous fall of water at the poles buried the antelope and mastodon in ice, and the rush of waters in the temperate zone buried the Nashville mastodon with alluvial deposits.

There are scientists who claim that the earth still has one ring about it, an electrical one, which will fall in a few years, destroying fermentation, microbes and parasites. In other words, Messiah's kingdom is imminent, when fermented liquor will be impossible of manufacture, and pests will cease.

THE WANDERING JEW.

The Forty Year Test.

An article must have exceptional merit to survive for a period of forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was first offered to the public in 1872. From a small beginning it has grown in favor and popularity until it has attained a world wide reputation. You will find nothing better for a cough or cold. Try it and you will understand why it is a favorite after a period of more than forty years. It not only gives relief—it cures. For sale by All Dealers. Adv't.

Carroll Orphans' Court.

Westminster, Md., March 6.—Arthur N. Becraft, acting executor of Millard L. Becraft, deceased, returned inventory of personal property and debts due, and received order to sell personal property, reported sale of personal property and received order to sell real estate.

Lewis H. Wisner and Jacob F. Wisner, administrators of Peter J. Wisner, deceased, settled their second and final account.

Letters of administration on the estate of Christiana Bankert, deceased, were granted to David H. Brock, who received warrant to appraise and order to notify creditors.

Union Bridge Banking and Trust Company, executor of Jacob Stonesifer, deceased, reported sale of personal property and received additional order to sell personal property.

Union Bridge Banking and Trust Company, executor of Leanna Englar, deceased, returned inventories of personal property, money and debts due, and received orders to sell personal property and stocks.

John H. Smith, administrator of Charles W. Smith, deceased, returned additional inventory of debts due; reported sale of personal property and settled his first and final account.

Elias N. Davis and Willie E. Davis, executors of William H. Davis, deceased, received order to invest funds of the infant children of Mary E. Stockdale, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Henrietta Nusbaum, deceased, were granted to Charles Edgar Nusbaum, who received order to appraise and order to notify creditors.

Ira E. Whitehill, administrator of Elizabeth M. Smith, deceased, received order to transfer stocks

Chamberlain's Tablets for Constipation.

For constipation, Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. Easy to take, mild and gentle in effect. Give them a trial. For sale by All Dealers. Adv.

FARM LABORER LEAVES COUSIN SMALL FORTUNE

Chambersburg Motorman Is Surprised by Bequest of $8000 as Sole Heir

HE GOT MEAGER WAGES

CHAMBERSBURG, March 6.

When George W. Sowers, 58 years old, a bachelor, died at Fayetteville a few days ago, after a brief illness of pneumonia, no one thought he had saved anything. His will, probated here, gave his property to Charles O. Clugston, a motorman on the Chambersburg and Gettysburg Electric R. R. The property, real and personal, is valued at $8000.

The lucky motorman is a cousin of the dead man and although he is survived by other cousins none but Clugston is remembered in the will. A year ago Sowers loaned $500 at interest to the United Brethren Orphanage at Quincy. By the will he relieves the orphanage of the debt.

Sowers began life an orphan and worked for many years for farmers often for his board and less than $200 a year.

Death of Mrs. Sarah McKinney.

Hanover, March 6.—After an illness of ten days from heart trouble, Mrs. Sarah McKinney, widow of the late Alfred McKinney, died at the home of her son, John I. McKinney, Jr., proprietor of the American Hotel, Thursday of last week, being in her 78th year.

Since the death of her husband, June 3, 1910, the deceased lived alone at her residence, No. 236 Baltimore street. She became ill about 10 days ago and on Tuesday was removed to the home of her son, and placed under the care of a trained nurse, Mrs. Jessie Doyle, of Philadelphia.

The deceased is survived by one son, John I. McKinney; one sister, Mrs. Linda Bair, of Astoria, Illinois; and three brothers—George Myers, of Littlestown; Emanuel Myers, of Philadelphia, and Daniel Myers, of Vermont, Illinois.

The funeral took place Monday from St. Joseph's church, where a high requiem mass was solemnized by the rector, Rev. Joseph A. Huber. Interment in St. Joseph's cemetery.

Martin—Funt.

Heidlersburg, March 6.—Miss Bessie E. Funt and James L. Martin were married at the home of the bride's father, Frank C. Funt, on Thursday evening, February 27th, by Rev. E. E. Dietrich.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Funt, of this place. She was dressed in white satin trimmed with duchess lace. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Martin, of this place. Mary J. Funt, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid, and Charles C. Pittenturf was best man. After the ceremony the party were entertained at supper.

The following guests were present: Mr. Frank and wife, Edward Martin and wife, Ambrose Martin, Mr. Bishop and wife, Mr. Dearick and wife, Miss Mary J Funt, Sadie Bishop, Viola Stremmel, Verna Martin, Roy Martin. The bride received a number of handsome and useful presents.

HUSBAND TIRED OF SEEING HER SUFFER

Procured Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which made His Wife a Well Woman.

Middletown, Pa.—"I had headache, backache and such awful bearing down pains that I could not be on my feet at times and I had organic inflammation so badly that I was not able to do my work. I could not get a good meal for my husband and one child. My neighbors said they thought my suffering was terrible.

"My husband got tired of seeing me suffer and one night went to the drug store and got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me I must take it. I can't tell you all I suffered and I can't tell you all that my medicine has done for me. I was greatly benefited from the first and it has made me a well woman. I can do all my housework and even helped some of my friends as well. I think it is a wonderful help to all suffering women. I have got several to take it after seeing what it has done for me."—Mrs. EMMA ESPENSHADE, 219 East Main St., Middletown, Pa.

The Pinkham record is a proud and honorable one. It is a record of constant victory over the obstinate ills of women—ills that deal out despair. It is an established fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored health to thousands of such suffering women. Why don't you try it if you need such a medicine?

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Alcohol In Pe-ru-na--An Unjust Criticism

S. B. HARTMAN, M. D.

Having a little business in one of the federal offices of the city, after it was finished I fell in conversation with the official in charge concerning Peruna. I mention his business to show that the conversation was conducted with a man of more than ordinary intelligence, being a employe of the government who had passed through several civil service examinations. He said to me, not knowing who I was:

"I think a great deal of this patent medicine business ought to be stopped. Especially such remedies as Peruna. Peruna, as you know, is a stimulant and contains eighteen or twenty per cent. of alcohol. People take it without knowing what it is, and such remedies ought to be prohibited by law. My own mother took Peruna once. She had a cough, night sweats, was growing emaciated and weak. Several doctors examined her. The opinion was expressed several times that she was going into consumption. One thought it was chronic bronchitis. At any rate, her condition was quite serious. She was unable to get any relief from the doctors she consulted, although she took their medicines faithfully for nearly a year. Some one told her about Peruna, and against my wish and against the wishes of our family, she began taking it. At once she improved, and in less than six months she apparently was well. We did all we could to discourage her in taking Peruna, but she persisted. It finally came out in the magazines that Peruna contained alcohol. Then we knew at once what it was that benefited my mother, it was simply the alcohol that Peruna contained. We had the laugh on mother. We have not ceased to make fun of her yet about her being cured with a dilution of alcohol. She seems to be embarrassed by our teasing her, but is very stubborn. She says that if she were to be sick in the same way again she would certainly get Peruna and take it, alcohol or no alcohol. So you see if people will persist in such foolishness there ought to be a law to prevent them."

I ventured to interpose a question. "You say the doctors could not cure her, and yet you say Peruna did cure her. What difference does it make to you whether it was alcohol or some other drug that effected the cure?"

"Well, I don't know that it makes any difference, but it is deceiving the people to give them alcohol even though it does cure them," he said.

I replied. "Why, I cannot exactly understand that. Alcohol is a drug, the same as quinine or morphin. If alcohol cures certain diseases where is the deception? I understand that the Peruna people print on the label of each bottle the per cent. of alcohol contained in Peruna. Each patient may read it, if he pleases. I cannot see where there is any deception."

"Well, I would not take Peruna," he persisted. "Now, I was sick, I had a stomach disease. A violent pain, that would come on about one hour or two after each meal. It grew worse and worse. I was also constipated. I consulted several doctors in our city about my health. I went to see a prominent specialist in New York City, paid out a great deal of money, but no help. One time I was having a bad spell on the train. The gentleman who occupied the next seat was a retired physician with whom I had been acquainted. He said to me, 'My friend, if you want to get well I would advise you to take a glass of lager beer before each meal. I think that will cure you.' Having followed the directions of several good physicians without any assistance, I thought I would try the beer. In a very short time I found it was helping me, and I got entirely well. My bowels became regular and I had no more pain. No more distress after meals. Now, if my mother had used some remedy like that it would be all right. But to persist in using some secret remedy like Peruna, I think it is outrageous."

Again I ventured to ask some questions. I asked: "What do you suppose it was in the lager beer that effected the cure?"

"Why, I presume it was the stimulant it contained. Yes, no doubt it was the stimulant."

"You know, of course, that the stimulant in beer is alcohol, the same as in wine or whiskey or any other alcoholic drink?"

"Yes, I have heard say that beer contains about five per cent. of alcohol.

"That is correct," I replied. "You took a bottle of beer before each meal, did you?"

"Yes."

"In doing so you were drinking a pint of a five per cent. solution of alcohol."

"Yes, I suppose so."

"Five per cent. would be one-twentieth. As each pint contains sixteen ounces you were then taking a little less than an ounce of alcohol before each meal."

"Yes."

"But you objected to your mother's taking alcohol in the Peruna, and yet she was taking far less alcohol than you were. As I understand it, the dose of Peruna is one tablespoonful. Supposing it to be twenty per cent. alcohol, there would be in each dose one-fifth of a tablespoonful of alcohol, which would be about half a teaspoonful, while you were taking at least four teaspoonfuls of alcohol in your bottle of beer. And yet you objected to your mother's taking Peruna on the ground that the Peruna contains alcohol. In my opinion it was the alcohol that cured both of you. Your mother evidently was cured of a very serious ailment. Peruna contains alcohol. It was undoubtedly the alcohol that cured her, or at least helped to. The other ingredients of Peruna might have assisted, no doubt did. In your case it was the alcohol in the beer that cured you of the stomach difficulty. Peruna has cured thousands of such cases."

"Well, I declare," he replied, "I never thought of it in that way before. There has been so much said about alcohol being poisonous that I suppose my mind has been prejudiced against it. But if as you say there is also alcohol in beer, the same kind of alcohol as is used in Peruna, I cannot see where the difference is myself."

"Well," I replied, "you have been doing exactly what the average man and woman is doing. You have allowed your mind to become prejudiced against Peruna on account of its containing alcohol. Without stopping to look into the matter at all you have assumed that there is something terribly disreputable about remedies containing alcohol. The fact is, however, that most all fluid medicines, whether prescribed by a doctor or put up as a patent medicine, contain a certain amount of alcohol. It was alcohol that cured your mother. It was alcohol that cured you. In my opinion, alcohol in some form or other is making more cures than all other drugs combined. This is not saying, however, that Peruna contains only alcohol, for it does contain excellent remedies besides alcohol. But I do contend that the alcohol in Peruna is not only not harmful to those who take it, but if taken in the doses prescribed on the bottle it will do a great deal of good and there is not the slightest danger of forming a drug habit." PERUNA IS FOR SALE AT ALL DRUG STORES.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Many persons are making inquiries for the old time Peruna. To such would say, this formula is now put out under the name of PE-TAR-NO, manufactured by KA-TAR-NO Company, Columbus, Ohio. Write them and they will be pleased to send you a free booklet.

TO POULTRY RAISERS

USE

PATTON'S POULTRY POWDER

An unfailing remedy for all disorders of the feathered tribe. Increases the egg output and keeps chickens in healthy condition. 6,8,1y

JOHN F. PATTON
MAKER
City Drug Store, YORK, PA.

MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.

A SAFE, CERTAIN RELIEF FOR SUPPRESSED MENSTRUATION. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free. Insist on getting the genuine, accept no substitute. If your druggist does not have them send your orders to the

UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, Lancaster, Pa.

Sold in Littlestown by H. A. Stonesifer, in Gettysburg by The Peoples Drug Store, in Hanover by Emlet & Jenkins

FOR GROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH USE DR. T. S. McNEIL'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR.

BATHE THE THROAT FREELY
10c
For Sale by H. A. Stonesifer.

Secure your Marriage License at The Independent Office. Advt

GETTYSBURG'S BUSINESS DIRECTORY

G. W. WEAVER & SON
THE LEADERS.
Dry Goods, Carpets, Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Goods. Etc.

H. B. BENDER
The Home Furnisher.
—ALSO—
Funeral Director.

SPANGLER'S MUSIC HOUSE
High Grade Pianos and Musical Instruments
Old Instruments Taken In Exchange.

W. A. HENNIG'S BAKERY
Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Pretzels, Etc.
No. 35 York St. Phone No. 183 L

CHAS. S. MUMPER & CO.
Furniture & Stoves.
Repairing Furniture & Upholstering a Specialty.

PENROSE MYERS
Watchmaker and Jeweler
Is again personally conducting his old stand and will personally repair all Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc.

GETTYSBURG DEPT. STORE
Groceries and Hardware.
Farming Implements.
Victor and Edison Talking Machines.

"MUMPER'S STUDIO"
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PHOTOGRAPHER
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W. H. TIPTON
Photographing in all Its Branches.
Picture Framing, Battlefield Souvenirs and Post Cards.

W. M. DINKLE
Graduate of Optics
will be at Penrose Myers' Jewelry Store, Gettysburg, every Tuesday.
Home Office:—
29 E. Pomfret St., Carlisle, Pa.

PEOPLES DRUG STORE
Drugs, Stationery, Etc.
Soda Water, Sundaes.

J. O. BLOCHER
All Kinds of
Coal, Wood, Lumber, Terra Cotta Tiling, Edison Cement, Slate.
Corner Carlisle and Railroad Sts.
Telephone No. 283

ECKERT'S STORE
"On the Square"
Men's Furnishings.
Men's, Women's, Children's Footwear

FUNKHOUSER & SACHS
Dealers in Ladies' and Gent's Clothing and Furnishings.
"The Home of Fine Clothes"

You'll want that new suit for Easter, and now is the time to place your order. Don't put it off until the last minute.

Our line of samples comprise all the much-wanted colors and weaves. The prices run about the same as ready-made goods, so why not have a comfortable and servicable suit by getting it tailor-made. Drop in and look over my line. Suits pressed and cleaned.

G. J. DICK
Littlestown, Pa.

Large New Seed Catalogue Free---Send a Postal For It.

Good Seeds For 1913

"MY MARYLAND" TOMATO

"It may interest you to know "My Maryland" Tomato Seed purchased from you last season produced 400 bushels to the acre, notwithstanding heavy loss by persistent rainy weather. It was the size that counted. Please send me three pounds new crop seed." Written us by Mr. P. L. Hopper, of Harford Co., Md.

Price Prepaid to Your Address: Ounce, 25c; ¼-lb., 75c; ½-lb., $1.25; Pound, $2.50.

"GREATER BALTIMORE" TOMATO

The Best "Canner" That Grows

"This is to inform you that we have planted out 200 acres at Norfolk, Va., of Bolgiano's "Greater Baltimore" Tomato Seed obtained from you, and the wonderful production of this finest quality of Canning Tomatoes produced by this variety is a great amazement to all Truck Growers in that section, who have never seen a variety of Tomato that produced such enormous quantities, at the same time such superior Canning Tomatoes. We are very grateful to you for supplying us with such good seed and the "Greater Baltimore" Tomato is without doubt the greatest yielder and the best variety Tomato that grows for canning purposes." Written us by Lorch Bros., Philadelphia, Pa.

Price Prepaid to Your Address: Ounce, 25c; ¼-lb., 75c; 12-lb., $1.25; Pound, $2.50.

Your local merchant can secure Bolgiano's High Bred Natural Saved Tomato Seed from us. Under no circumstances accept a substitute. If he cannot supply you we will tell you where you can secure it.

J. BOLGIANO & SON.
Growers of Pedigree Tomato Seed.
Almost 100 Yrs. Established Trade
BALTIMORE, MD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Ignatius Poist, late of the Borough of McSherrystown, Adams County, Pa.

Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.

HARRY E. POIST,
Administrator,
McSherrystown, Pa.
Ehrehart & Bange, Attorneys. 1,11,3t

The Altoona Times

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C. H. Kelley ..... General Manager

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MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Advertising Rates On Application.

Arthur W. Wolf, Western Representative, Security Building, Chicago. Marry C. Griffith, Eastern Representative, 225 Fifth Ave., New York.

Entered at Altoona, Pa., Postoffice as Second Class Mail Matter.

FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1913.

TAKE A LESSON FROM NATURE.

SPRING IS HERE. From different parts of the coutnry come reports of shooting buds and the chirp of the robin. The skeptic, shivering beneath his heavy overcoat, may doubt the accuracy of news of this kind which is received from various points. The man who is firing his furnace and watching it rapidly eat up the recently replenished supply of coal may believe that shooting buds and the robin's song exists only in the fancy of some idle dreamer. But spring is here!

The baseball game is on, and stories from the training camps of the big leaguers impress upon us forcibly that within a few weeks the merry swat of the bat will be heard throughout the broad land. The swat of the bat never comes until it is spring.

Spring should mean something more than the passing from basketball and pinochle to baseball and tennis. With the renewing foliage on the trees and bushes, with the shooting of the violet and arbutus, it might be well to take a lesson from nature.

Nature cleans up in the spring. The frost comes out of the ground and the warm rays of the sun quickly dry up the mud. The trees throw off their drear and desolate appearance and appear in new raiment!

Straighten the fence around your lot. Repair those holes in the walk. Fix up the leaking spout. Clean out that cellar and back yard. Make things around the place appear as though you hoped to rival nature. Arrange your property as though you were interested in the appearance of your city and the health of your neighbors.

In other words, do what you can to transform Altoona.

A SUGGESTION WORTH WHILE.

THE PROPOSITION of Supt. Baish to establish separate schools for the mentally indigent should be received with the hearty approval of all the citizens. According to the reports of the medical inspectors, there are students attending the public schools who are not able to keep pace with other members of their classes. In many instances it is due to no fault of their own. Heredity and disease may have placed a mark upon them which will last throughout their life. Mentally they lack the capabilities of their fellows. They should not, however, be handicapped in their manhood and womanhood, if proper teaching can remedy their condition.

For the boy or girl who is born weak mentally there is little hope of improvement. They may be taught to use their hands, and, according to the suggestion of Superintendent Baish, this is the purpose of the proposed school—to make the student self-supporting by teaching him to use his hands.

Some there will be to protest against additional expense in the operation of the public schools. Some there will be to decry the efforts of public instructors to aid the backward pupils in the schools. But there still remains the great majority who favor giving every boy and girl the best which can be offered through the public schools—the poor man's college—and this majority will gladly welcome any improvement offered in the system of today, provided it is shown to an improvement.

The New York state labor department in its investigation into conditions leading up to the strike of garment workers discovered some deplorable facts. For instance, it was found that half of the male workers received less than $9 per week, while the female workers received less than $7.50 per week. Fortunately Altoona does not know such wages. Men in the shops and on the road who are struggling with the present wage of more than double that found by the New York investigators will be able to appreciate the difficulties of the garment workers. More discoveries of this kind will add to the rapid growth of Socialism.

The president and congress have got together on the tariff proposition. Mr. Wilson announces that he will stick close to the senate and lower house, insisting all the while upon the carrying out of the party pledges. And just when he makes the announcement, the house ways and means committee recommends a duty of 15 per cent on wool. Schedule K, disturber of peace in the last administration, bobs up immediately to dispute the president's purpose to carry out the pledges of the Democrats.

American bankers interested in the Chinese loan have stated that their interest was only in aiding the Taft administration. Following the recent announcement of the present administration, they have lost interest in the loan. This may be a slap at the Taft administration or it may be a slap at Wilson and his followers. Look at it as you please. At the present time it appears that more people are interested in President Wilson and his administration than in J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and other dollar diplomacy adherents.

The present complicated and cumbersome system of municipal government has few adherents among those who visit city hall and witness the work of the councilmanic body in joint session assembled, as they pare down the expenses to meet the estimated revenue. If business men employed the same methods they would all be bankrupt.

Announcement is made that the members of the fire department will be sent out on a tour of inspection of the city, to familiarize themselves with conditions existing in the various buildings. There can be no mistake made in work of this character. It is rather surprising to learn that it was never done before this time.

The suffragettes have promised to parade once more over the streets of Washington. It is difficult to understand whether their purpose is to show that they do not fear the jeers and insults of the mob, or whether they simply desire to give the police of the capital another opportunity to show their willingness to protect the lady marchers.

Events As Viewed by Pennsylvania Editors

ENCOURAGING THE CROOKS.

(Harrisburg Star Independent)

"Chi," as the crooks call Chicago, has long been the Paradise of thieves and burglars and highwaymen. In that city it is said, more homicides have been committed by and upon these enemies of society than in any other city in the United States, and if recent decisions of the courts there have any effect whatsoever it will be to encourage the crooks and discourage honest folk. A woman has been fined $200 and costs for shooting at a burglar who was working at one of her widows, and a man was fined and severely censured when he admitted that he kept a revolver in the house for the protection of his wife and children. That is the story as told by the dispatches and if it is correct there is a very peculiar state of affairs in Chicago.

There must have been something wrong with the jury that convicted the woman, or with the dispatch as it is printed in the newspapers. It is the right of every American to defend his of her home against intrusion. The Chicago woman did nothing more, and should have been rewarded by the city instead of penalized. Wherever there is in force a foolish law against the ownership of deadly weapons the people are at the mercy of crooks who commit the various forms of robbery. Where the law denies the householder the right to protect himself and his property it notifies the crook that his particular form of lawbreaking has been made safe.

There is a vast difference between pistol toting and doing what one can to make his home secure against invaders. The one should be prevented but not the other. Where a man is by law or judicial decision debarred from protecting his home he is denied one of the most important rights of citizenship.

"BATTLING BOB" TO THE FRONT.

(Philadelphia Record)

The restoration of cordial relations between Senator LaFollette and the White House, which were broken off three years ago, suggests some interesting possibilities of future politics. The Senator, as is well known, has not left the ranks of the regular Republicans, despite his advanced views on legislation, and is supposed to have in mind the likelihood of a Presidential nomination in 1916 from a party which, chastened by defeat and eager to return to the flesh pots, will accept him as its leader, overlooking his radicalism in order to take advantage of his prestige as a champion of popular reforms.

If this is the Senator's program it will be interesting to watch its effects upon the present party line-up. Will a faction of the Progressives split off from the Colonel already practically in the field, to follow the Wisconsin radical? Will the thoroughly conservative element of the Republicans resent such leadership and place in nomination another candidate more in harmony with their ideas? Whatever the outcome it is bound to develop a very interesting situation and one which Democrats can observe with perfect equanimity. In the next three years "Battling Bob" will be very much in the limelight. His influence in 1916 is likely to prove more potent in many ways than it was in 1912.

A MISTAKEN MOB.

(Pittsburgh Dispatch)

That mob at Salem, Ill., which, frustrated in its attempt to lynch the assailant of a young girl, found expression for its sentiment in hanging an effigy of the Mayor placarded: "Our Mayor; the root of the evil," made the usual mob mistake. Its anger against the Mayor was because of the belief that the attack on the child was the direct result of lawless condition permitted by his administration. If that can be proved the indictment must, of course, include the Mayor, but it is absurd to term him the root of the evil. That is to be found among the people themselves who elected that kind of a Mayor to office and who tolerated his continuance in that capacity. The responsibility cannot be confined to the official representative. He is but selected by those who selected him as their representative.

If Salem has an administration that fosters conditions that produce evils that infuriate the people to mob violence it is because the citizens in the first place were guilty of just as deplorable laxity of civic duty by failing to select fit representatives to govern the town. Their readiness to resort to mob anarchy when aroused is characteristic. Those who neglect to give proper consideration to the selection of their representatives are usually the most clamorous and excited in criticism and abuse. If this Salem mob had been better informed it would have hung itself in effigy as the really responsible root of the evil and as a warning of the perils of civic indifference.

HUMAN LIFE TOO CHEAP.

(Williamsport Sun and News)

For the fifth time within a year Williamsport has been startled and shocked by a shooting affray. The ever handy firearm has been pressed too much to settle the difference arising from personal quarrels, or to visit punishment upon those who, in the minds of the shooters, were violators of the law of the land. That this law was not called upon opens the question as to its enforcement. Pennsylvania newspapers are everywhere urging the treatment of crime as a disease; juries are more and more moved to compassion by skillful appeals of able lawyers, and the conviction of murderers is becoming so infrequent as to be conspicuous. New York is struggling with amendments to a law that was created for the purpose of taking firearms away from the criminally inclined; other states are pondering over the abolishment of capital punishment, and yet the shootings continue and human life is held very lightly by too many of our citizens. A few more hangings and electrocutions might be beneficial.

VEGETABLE CANDY SECRET DIES WITH AGED WOMAN

HONESDALE, Pa., March 20.—After a short illness, Mrs. Ella Gillon, famed as a maker of vegetable candy, died in her home aged 72.

Potatoes, carrots, parsnips and even onions furnished Mrs. Gillon her ingredients, which she shipped to all parts of the United States.

She kept the process secret, and, as far as known, it will be buried with her.

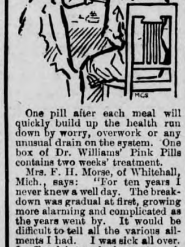
TWO SERVICES FOR LUTHERANS ON GOOD FRIDAY

Good Friday will be observed by two services at the First Lutheran church—Marion Justus Kline, D. D., pastor. The worship will partake of the solemn and sacred character of the day and will be most impressive. The first service will be held in the church auditorium at 2 o'clock. Miss Helen E. Brehman, assistant organist at the First church, will have charge of the music and Miss Helen Lafferty, the soprano soloist of the church, will sing. The hymn which will be used, "Seple inVoces," is based on the "Seven Words" which our Savior uttered whilst He hung on the cross. The order of worship for the 2 o'clock service is as follows:

Organ Prelude, "Berceuse in G" (H. A. Wheldon)
Miss Helen E. Brehman
Responsive Reading—Psalm 22
Holy Gospel for Good Friday, First Lesson
Hymn, "Septem Voces".....Part 2
The Prayer by Mr. Raymond L. Markley, Gettysburg Theological Seminary
Hymn, "Septem Voces".....Part 3
Solo, "There Is a Green Hill Far Aawy" (Gounod)
Miss Helen Lafferty
Holy Gospel for Good Friday Second Lesson
Hymn, "Septem Voces".....Part 4
Good Friday Meditation, "The Crucifixion".....The Pastor
"The Message of the Window"—after a painting of the Renaissance Period.
Hymn, "Septem Voces".....Part 7
The Lord's Prayer.
The Benediction.
Silent Prayer.
Organ Postlude, "Postlude".....(Stern)
Miss Helen E. Brehman.

The second Good Friday service will be held in the church auditorium at 7.45. At this service, under the direction of Professor H. F. Faber, the organist and choirmaster of the First church, a solemn and impressive service of stately music entitled "The Burden of the Cross" by Reed, will be sung by the church quartette. At this service large number of new members will be received into the fellowship and communion of the church. These members will be received by adult baptism, confirmation, renewal of profession and letter of dismissal from other churches. The service will conclude with the service preparatory to the holy communion. It is hoped that it will be possible to arrange to repeat "The Burden of the Cross" at a subsequent Sunday evening service. The pastor and church council very earnestly urge all members of the church to be present. The order of worship for this service is as follows:

Organ Introductory... Prof. H. F. Faber
Quartette, "Take Up Thy Cross" Church Quartet
Soprano Solo, Recitative and Air—
"And They Took Jesus" Miss Helen Lafferty
Tenor Solo, "And They Passed By" Mr. F. G. Pearce
Baritone Solo, "My God! My God! Why Hast Thou Forsaken Me" Mr. A. W. Weidner
Quartet, "O Savior of the World" Church Quartet
Baritone Solo, Recitative, "And It Was About the Sixth Hour" Mr. A. W. Weidner
Quartet "Lord of My Heart" Church Quartet
The Scriptures and the Sermon, "The Entombment of Christ"
Organ, "Offertore".....Prof. H. F. Faber
The Worship of Offering
Hymn 236, "Lord Jesus by Thy Passion".....(Littledale)
Reception of New Members into the Communion of the Church.
The Service Preparatory to the Holy Communion.
The Benediction
Silent Prayer
Organ Postlude, "Benediction" (Guilmant)
Professor H. F. Faber



One pill after each meal will quickly build up the health run down by worry, overwork or any unusual drain on the system. One box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contains two weeks' treatment.

Mrs. F. H. Morse, of Whitehall, Mich., says: "For ten years I never knew a well day. The breakdown was gradual at first, growing more alarming and complicated as the years went by. It would be difficult to tell all the various ailments I had. I was sick all over. I suffered intensely from stomach and intestinal trouble. My entire nervous system was completely prostrated. Natural sleep I did not know for years, existing only on the sleep procured by drugs. I was thin and exhausted and the doctors pronounced me incurable. There was a full feeling in my stomach and food distressed me. I seemed to get no benefit from the food that I ate. I had a weak heart which fluttered badly. I also had headaches. I was so weak that I could hardly help myself. One day I decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial. I took the pills faithfully three times a day, also being careful to eat only good, nourishing food, exercise in the open air and to go to bed regularly. At the end of three months I had gained surprisingly and at the end of six months I was well. I could sleep naturally and my stomach and head felt in a normal condition again."

The booklet, "Building Up the Blood" is free upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold at all druggists for 50 cents per box; six boxes, $2.50, or direct by mail, postpaid, by the

Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

The new project, that of building a Y. M. C. A. building in this city is in my opinion one of the best things ever started by the citizens. This would be a wonderful benefit to the community, and would be heartily appreciated.

The part that appeals to me is the construction of a first class bath-house, while the benefits derived from the gymnasium and reading room would be beneficial intellectually, physically and otherwise.—Mont Burley.

It would be a hard matter, and still it could be done, that of giving protection to the sincere hotel man, who is everyday confronted by people who ask for rooms for themselves and wives. We all try to keep down the notoriety of having the name of running a house of ill-fame, but at the same time can we ask every man and woman who applies to us for lodging, and who register as man and wife to display their marriage certificate?—A. G. Bradley Lafayette Hotel.

I believe that the season fast approaching will be one of the best ever in the ice cream business. Agents who are handling ice cream supplies tell me that the manufacturers of this delicacy all over the country are buying material in large quantities in anticipation of a big business.—R. S. Westbrook.

You may talk as you please about persons getting better goods and later styles in woman's wearing apparel in the larger cities, but I have just returned from Philadelphia where I did quite a little shopping and can say that our own stores in this city will compare favorably with any of the stores of Philadelphia in regard to style, fit, finish and a willingness on the part of the salespeople to serve customers.—Miss Elizabeth Clark.

I am heartily in favor of a plan to furnish playgrounds for the children of Altoona. Throughout the East all the cities have playgrounds where all manner of sports may be indulged in. It keeps the children off the streets and gives them the best kind of exercise.—Select Councilman J. E. McAleer.

The annual report of the department of health, printed by the Times, this year, is the neatest job we have ever received. All the officials of the health department are highly pleased with the work on the book.— Health Officer Thomas G. Herbert.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

MARCH 21, 1893.

The Door of Hope society of New York had representatives in Altoona to arrange to open a home for fallen girls, here.

Samuel C. Walker and Miss Carrie Keesberry were united in marriage at the First Presbyterian church.

Announcement was made at the store of Quandt & Cherry, that their property at Green avenue and Ninth street would be put up at public sale.

The Central Pennsylvania Methodist conference, in session at Bellfonte, returned Rev. Dr. D. S. Monroe to the First church, this city. Rev. J. Ellis Bell, Williamsport, was sent to the Eighth avenue church and the Rev. Moses was returned to the Fifth avenue church.

A party of Pennsylvania Railroad officials headed by Vice President Pugh came to Altoona to inspect the shops here.

L. R. Earlenbaugh, for many years a clerk at the Altoona postoffice, resigned his job to go to farming below Bellwood.

CHESTER, TOO, HAS TROUBLE.

CHESTER, Pa., March 20.—In a sharp letter to Mayor William Ward, of this city, Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, Commissioner of the Department of Health of the State of Pennsylvania, criticises the tardy manner in which this city has gone along with sewer improvements and says that "Chester is most delinquent." Dr. Dixon's letter calling attention to the fact that the permit for sewerage issued to the city February 28, 1910, expired on March 1, 1913, with the provision that it may be extended at the discretion of the governor, Attorney General and Commissioner of Health but such provision is strictly conditioned upon the city's having complied with the other stipulations of the permit. "In this line," said Dr. Dixon, "it appears that Chester has been most derelict."

According to Dr. Dixon's claim the city has utterly failed to meet important requirements as provided for under the laws relative to the Health Department.

POSLAM BRINGS FREEDOM FROM SKIN DISTRESS

Poslam stops itching, cools, soothes and comforts as soon as applied, rapidly cures eczema (even in two weeks), acne, tetter, all forms of itch, and clears red noses or inflamed skin overnight.

Day by day this work is repeated by Poslam with uniform success, and this positive merit is alone responsible for the magnitude and consistent increase of its sales. Its users have found that in actual accomplishment all claims made for Poslam are greatly exceeded.

POSLAM SOAP is so pure that it may be used in the mouth for cleansing teeth and gums. It is especially adapted for use on tender skin—soothing and delightful. Best for baby's bath.

All druggists sell Poslam (price, 50 cents) and Poslam Soap, (price, 25 cents). For free samples, write to the Emergency Laboratories, 32 West 25th street, New York City.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I wish to notify all merchants and private persons in Blair and Cambria counties not to sell any merchandise or any kind to any person or persons representing me, without my written permission, as I will not be responsible in any way for the payment of same. HARRY COGAN, Ambry, Cambria county, Pa.

MISHLER THEATRE
TONIGHT and TOMORROW
MATINEE and NIGHT
THE AMERICAN PLAY COMPANY Presents
WITHIN THE LAW
BY BAYARD VEILLER
Same brilliant cast that appeared here in January.
Prices—Matinee 25c to $1.00; Nights, 25c to $1.50. Seats Now.

MATINEE DAILY AT 2:30
Orpheum
EVENING 7:30 AND 9:00
LINES WORKING FINE
7 BOYS AND GIRLS OF AVENUE B.
"FUN IN A TELEGRAPH OFFICE"
FOUR BALDWINS---KITTY DONER
Gladys Alexandria & Co.
IN "BROADWAY LOVE"
WATCH US NEXT WEEK

People's Column

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinion. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

"BARGAINS" IN HUMAN BLOOD

Editor Altoona Times:—It is characteristic of fallen humanity to try to get as much as possible for as little outlay as possible. That is why people once kept slaves. Today we dislike the word "slavery," nevertheless we cherish the institution as highly as ever. We show this by our eagerness for "bargains," which are the result of paying certain workers next to nothing and getting out of them every atom of strength they possess.

When Colonel Roosevelt investigated the conditions of the garment workers, he was indignant to find a girl, the sole support of a mother and three young children, compelled to make thirty-six kimonas a day in order to earn $6.00 a week. To do this, she toiled desperately from 7.30 in the morning to 8 o'clock at night. Reader, you and I are to blame for this. The merchant, to meet our demand for bargains, arranges for goods that can be sold at a low price, and still yield a profit. The contractor, or middleman, after taking out his own profit, goes to the sweatshop and offers the remainder to those who must work or starve.

A few years ago a boss sweater gave out the following as what he received for making the articles named: Overcoats, 75c to $2.50; business coats 25c to $1.50; trousers, 25c to 75c, vests, 8c to 25c, knee pants 4c to 6c, cotton shirts 2 1-2c to 4c. The wages to workers, expense of carting, and boss sweater's profit, are all included in these figures.

"Alas that gold should be so dear,
And flesh and blood so cheap."

There are a thousand sweatshops in New York, a thousand in Chicago, and hundreds in every other large American city, where the workers are worse off than the Hebrews were in Egypt. God will yet raise up the Promised One, like unto Moses, the Messiah, to establish absolute justice and righteousness in the heart and deliver mankind from all their oppressors forever.—Deuteronomy 18:15-19. The morn is near.

THE WANDERING JEW.

DOCKERY WEARS BOOTS.

Kind That Reach to the Knees—Trouser Legs Outside.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The new Third Assistant Postmaster-General, Alexander Monroe Dockery of Missouri, wears boots, real oldfashioned boots, the kind that reach to the knees. He wears them winter and summer and he wears his trousers on the outside.

Mr. Dockery has two hobbies—high boots and holding office. It is said that he has never been without an office since he became of voting age. If he can get a remunerative position he takes it, but he often works for the public with no hope of reward. After serving as Governor of Missouri and in congress he held a job as Road Overseer in Missouri.

To secure a large rate of interest many widows risk and lose the money left them, because the income therefrom is inadequate for the support of the family.

An Equitable Monthly "Life" Income requires no investment, is not subject to care or taxes, and is certain, fixed, and for life.

Write us for particulars.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
Strongest in the World.
THE EDWARD A. WOODS AGENCY,
Frick Building, Pittsburgh.
Represented by P. H. Kelly, Altoona Trust Building, Altoona.

FOR RENT

After April 1, 1913, suit of 3 rooms, now occupied by Dr. J. D. Hogue, in Seller's building, 1410 11th avenue. Steam heat; hot and cold water. Apply to W. F. Sellers & Co.

MISHLER THEATRE MARCH 24th Monday Evening
A trip to the home of the
National Cash Register Co.
KINEMACOLOR MOTION PICTURES
(moving pictures in natural colors)
BEAUTIFUL STEREOPTICAN VIEWS
Civic Improvement, Welfare Work, Improved Machinery, Development of the Boy, Business and Human Efficiency. 400 Colored Views, 4 Reels, 4400 ft. of Film.
150,000 people in the United States and England have enjoyed this entertainment.
Admission Free All Invited
Children must be accompanied by adults

Jeffersonian Democrat
BROOKVILLE, PA.

Thursday, March 27, 1913

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

JOHN McMURRAY & SONS,
Publishers and Proprietors.
John McMurray, Editor.
John McMurray, Harry and A. J. McMurray
Entered in Brookville P. O. as Second Class Mail Matter.

FIREWORKS BONDS

The city of New York once put out long-term bonds to pay for fireworks; the city of Newark has issued twenty-year bonds to pay the cost of maintaining the public schools for a year; the city of Elizabeth has issued thirty year bonds for wooden block paving that disappears entirely in six years, and New York State has issued 50-year bonds to pay for $100,000,000 improvements made in roads. No material has yet been discovered that will make country roads last ten years; automobiles tear them to pieces in two years. Why tax the future to pay present running expenses?

Civilization is already staggering under the load of interest which this method of financiering has thrust upon it. How much longer can it cope with the growing prices of life's necessities, in order that these interest charges may be met.

Charles D. Hilles, former secretary to President Taft, says "There are many who believe in twenty-year cycle period and quote 1873 and 1893 as proof of the theory that twenty years marks the range of disaster and prosperity, of the coming to a stage of action of a new and younger generation of business men, who, unmindful of the lessons of history, overreach in their ambitions." Does this mean a panic in 1913? And is our fiscal system prepared to meet it if it comes?

Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, says the administration of the United States Treasury is "As unscientific as any other part of our unreasoned and unscientific banking and currency system," and, "There never is a time when there is a long look ahead, except when we are in the midst of a panic, when there is a long look of disaster ahead."

J. Pierrepont Morgan says the control of the present financial situation is beyond the reach of any living man. Is it not evident, more than all else, that we need the reign of the Messiah to straighten out our tangled affairs? We do not know how to handle them, now do we? THE WANDERING JEW.

U. S. Loses $36,600,923 By Not Charging Interest On Deposits.

The failure of the Government to charge interest on deposits in national banks has lost to the Treasury $36,600,923 in the past 26 years, according to figures carried in a report to be presented to the House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department. The committee has held hearings on the Goeke bill requiring the Government to charge 2 per cent interest on its deposits.

The committee will, report that $25,000,000 is sufficient as a "working balance" in the treaury and that the handling of the general surplus fund by the Treasury Department is "crude, unbusiness like, unprofitable and discriminatory."

It is held by the committee that the Government may increase its revenue $2,000,000 annually by charging interest on government funds deposited at various banks, and that large sums of money have been retained in the treasury, "aggregating at times $100,000,000."

In a Storm on the Mississippi.

Only a few days ago I wrote you of encountering a storm on the Ohio river, which forced us to take shelter. To-night, on the Mississippi above Vicksburg, an electric storm is raging, the force and fury of which I never saw before. It came up rather suddenly, and before we could seek a place of safety the boat shook and creaked in a manner quite alarming. We are now at shore, protected somewhat by an island covered with a dense growth of willows, to remain perhaps for the night or until the storm has spent its force. The whole heaven is every few moments brilliantly illuminated by lightning, and the fitful rains come as if from cloud bursts. Now at shore, all are expressing words of praise for the captain for his quick caution. We are now fourteen hours late through head winds and storms. Morning has come, the sun has risen, and is sending its rays over the vast extent of waters, whose surface gleams as a sheet of glass. ALFRED TRUMAN.

Grove City College.

The Sping and Summer terms will begin March 25 and June 17. Teachers and prospective college students will do well to write for the College Bulletins, giving full information on courses of study, expenses, etc. Address the president, Isaac C. Ketler, Grove City, Pa.

Mrs. Mary J. Stahlman, Deceased.

Mary Josephine, beloved wife of Amos Stahlman, of Bemis, West Virginia, died on the morning of March 18th, 1913, of pleuro-pneumonia.

Mrs. Stahlman was the daughter of David and Elizabeth Cook Groce, was born on December 12, 1869, and grew to young womanhood in Barnett township, Jefferson county, and was in the 44th year of her life. She was united in marriage with Amos Stahlman, a son of Noah and Melissa Geer Stahlman, on the 14th day of January, 1888.

She was the mother of thirteen children, ten of whom survive her. Three of these are married, Carrie, now Mrs. Mervin Caldwell of Parnassus; Leslie and Francis of Bemis, West Va., and Coral, Lewis, George, Mauna, Cecil, Genevieve and Minnie, who with their father reside near Bemis, West Va..

Mrs. Stahlman was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a firm and staunch believer in its doctrines. She attended the means of Grace as often as her health would permit. For the last three years of her life she was a great and constant sufferer, and many times longed for the time to come when she would change this earthly tabernacle for the heavenly, for, as she expresed herself to the writer, she fully realized that outside of the religion of Jesus and a hope of heaven, this life was not worth the living. She was a good mother and wife, a kind and obliging neighbor. Also surviving her is her aged father, David Groce, four brothers, William, John, Smila and Eugene, and four sisters. Mrs. Minnie McMillen of Corsica, Mrs. Lizzie Burkett of Clarington, Mrs. Mellie Dunn of Tidioute, and Miss Bertha Groce, of Bemis, West Va.

Pomona Grange Meeting.

The spring meeting of Jefferson county Pomona Grange was held in the K. of P. Hall in Brookville, on Wednesday, March 13th. There was a good attendance of members. Meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock, a. m., by the Worthy Master, J. M. Chitister. Address of welcome by Dr. W. J. McKnight, of Brookville, and response by Brother T. Miller, of Clover township.

The following topics were taken up and discussed at some length: Indication of progress during the last score of years: improvent in farm crops and animals: improvement in laws and public matters. Song, "The Farmer Feeds Them All," sung by Grange 175. Adjourned for dinner.

Called to order at 1:30. Reports were heard from subordinate granges. All reported save one. All reported an increase in membership. The question, "How can our public schools furnish to our boys and girls a more practical education, and what can the Grange do to assist in that direction," was interestingly discussed in an address by County Superintendent Jones. "How to prepare ground for raising potatoes," was discussed by qutte a number of patrons. Recitation by Earl Mohney, of Roseville. "Is the distribution of free seeds by our Congressmen a species of graft," was discussed by a large number. On motion of brother Millen it was rerolved that this Pomona Grange is opposed to the free distribution of seeds. An invitation to hold the next meeting of Pomona with Horamtown Grange was accepted. The meeting will be on June 5th, and the Fifth Degree will be conferred. Adjourned.

K. B. DEEMER, Sec'y.

Sanitary Workshops

In a certain factory a number of employees were found to be suffering from tuberculosis. The homes of the men were in good condition. The disease evidently did not originate there. An expert was asked to solve the problem. He visited the factory. This was what he found — careless spitting, few cuspidors, no disinfecting of cuspidors, the common drinking cup, dust in the air, closed windows, no hot water for washing, a trough which was filled with water from which all the men washed, no recreation room. The men were obligod to eat by their machines.

Is it a surprise that tuberculosis thrived here? Matters were remedied by moving to another building, and latest roports show a healthy force. It was not necessary to move, however. The introduction of drinking fountains, more cuspidors, properly cleaned and disinfected; more fresh air, hot as well as cold water, wash basins, a recreation room, together with the fumigation of lockers and thorough scrubbing of the floors would have solved the problem.

Employers and employees should insist upon good working conditions. The place where a man spends at least eight hours of every day should be pleasant and healthful. Many employers have their employees put through a physical examination periodically. This is an excellent plan. A healthy workman in a healthy shop will by working harder and better more than repay the money spent in making the shop sanitary.—Sec'y. Pennsylvania Society for Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Does This Mean You?

Indigestion, sour stomach, constipation—then headache, backache and a general miserable feeling. Do you know that the pleasant herb tea, Lane's Family Medicine will remove all these troubles almost immediately? If you do not know it, get a package today at any druggists or dealers, 25 cents, and you will be glad we told you.

THE INSPIRATION OF THE NEW GOODS.

Fresh merchandise at the beginning of a new season is an inspiring theme. There are the styles to exploit, the qualities to emphasize, and the price reasonableness to impress upon you.

Winter is gone so far as this store and its merchandise is concerned, and every section begins to reflect the brightness of Spring.

Cold type cannot tell about the styles, the qualities and the low prices of the new goods; it takes more than the mere telling—it takes the inspiration of the goods themselves.

You are therefore invited to call and examine them at first opportunity; you will not be asked to buy, for we realize that these goods must sell themselves.

FRESH MODELS IN TAILOR MADE SUITS.

The first showing of New Spring Suits in exclusive styles, you should not miss. You'll find them to the minute in style. Not only are they the latest word in fashionable apparel, but they are the best values as well. The Spring Suits start in price at $10.00, and stop at $25.00

NEW DRESS GOODS
Handsome weaves, harmdnious blending of colors; all fresh from the world's great fashion centers. They are waiting for your inspection. Come and see the advance lots we're showing.

NEWEST COATS IN THREE-QUARTER LENGTH.

So many modals to pick from that choosing should be easy. But whether your choice is in the new three-quarter length or the more staple full length, we are sure to have just what you want. We are showing some excellent values in new Coats at $7.50 to $22.50

New Wool Dresses.

Becoming Dresses in newest modes are now opened up awaiting your inspection. They come in serges mostly, and the colors are navy, copenhagan, brown, tan and black. They are the very best values we have ever had. The prices range from $6.00 to $12.50

Messaline Petticoats.

New numbers of the latest colors just now opened up. The much desired Kelly Green and American Beauty shades are in evidence, as are all the other new shades. Messaline Petticoats of correct width and style, specially priced at $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

The Quality Store

Burton & Cooley
BROOKVILLE, PA.

The Style Store

Mrs. W. E. Lucas Winner.

Recently the Punxsutawney Spirit offered a prize of a year's subscription to that paper, for the best poem, not exceeding eight lines, on "Woman's Rights." Thirty-four specimens of verse were submitted for consideration. The judges were Rev. J. B. Eakin, Dr. J. H. Murray, W. B. Adams, Esq., Mrs. B. M. Clark and Mrs. Charles A. Clark. Mrs. Will E. Lucas, of Brookville, won in the contest, her poem being considered the best by a majority of the judges. The prize poem reads as follows:

Gutter snipe and gambling tout, bar-
room dolt and bum;
Gather 'em up and vote 'em, each and
every one.
Pay 'em the price and tag 'em—open
the portals high—
They are the saviors of country—even
as you and I.
But never a vote for mother—she ought
to be at home—
And never a vote for sister—maids
ought never to roam—
They are the creatures of impulse—for
love do they gladly die—
But we are the hope of the country—
you and the bum, and I.

COFFEE!

Good Loose Coffee 20c per lb. or 5 lb. for 95c.

Onion Sets 10c per quart or 3 qt. for 25c. Buy your onion sets now while they are cheap. No doubt by April 1 they will be worth 15c per quart.

Navy Beans 5¢ per lb.
25lb. granulated sugar $1.25
Good canned corn 85c and 90c doz.
Standard tomatoes 10c per can or $1.15 per doz.
Evaporated milk $1.15 per doz.
One-half gallon syrup 20c.
Quart jar mustard 15c.
Canned salmon, 2 cans for 25c.
25c package rolled oats for 20c.
4lb. good loose raisins 25c.
Brooms 25c to 50c.

Come in and get our prices on flour and other groceries.

Come here to buy your **Talking Machine Records.** Double Disc Records at 65c each, 10c cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere. Some very good selections to choose from.

J. M. HOUPT
GROCER
South End Pickering St. Bridge,
BROOKVILLE, PA.

GROCERIES

House cleaning and garden making time is almost here. We have a complete line of things that you may need.

Good Brooms at 25c, 30c. 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 65c		25 lb. granulated sugar	$1.25
Scrub Brushes	10c	GOLDEN LINK SPRING WHEAT FLOUR, per sack	$1.45
O-Cedar Mops	$1.50	Big Loaf Flour, per sack	1.30
Mop Sticks	10c	4 lb. good loose Raisins	25c
Tubs	75c and 85c	3 lb. best rice	.25
Wash Boards	25c and 35c	3 cans corn	25c
Wash Boilers	$1.00 to $1.50	Lake Herring fish, per pail	60c and 75c
Carpet Beaters	10c.	Matches, per gross	50c
Dustdown, per can	25c		
10 cakes good soap	25c		
3 good Gas Mantels	25c		
Clothes Lines	10c and 25c		
3 quart Onion sets	25c		

Ask for Home Made Maple Sugar and Syrup.

SODA CRACKEERS BY THE BOX PER POUND 7c

PLYLER BROS.
Main Street, Brookville, Pa.

ICE CREAM and CONFECTIONS

We wish to call special attention to our stock of candies—guaranteed pure and fresh—we make them ourselves, and have them at prices to suit everyone. We manufacture Ice Cream daily, and will make prompt delivery of your orders in any quantity. If you have never tried our Ice Cream it is time you would get the habit.

A. & G. Batastini
Ice Cream Factory
134 Main Street Brookville

C. A. MOORE'S

PRICES THIS WEEK

Gold Medal Flour	$1.35
Pillsbury Flour	1.35
Diamond Flour	1.35
Daily Bread Flour	1.25
25 pound sack Sugar	1.25
8 Cakes Family Soap	25c
8 Cakes Silver Gloss Soap	25c
7 Cakes Lenox Soap	25c
7 pounds Rolled Oats	25c
7 pounds Lump Starch	25c
Gallon Can Syrup	40c
Good Loose Coffee, per lb.	23c
Navy Beans, per lb.	5½c

Bran, Middlings, Red Dog and all other goods at low prices.

The Racket Store

Headquarters for House Cleaning Artiicles
Brooms, Brushes,
Mops, Beaters,
Soaps, Pails,
and those handy little articles around the house.

Saturday Special
A Pot Cover Rack and 6 Assortek Covers
P. L. ROMER.

KANE SUPPLY CO.

OIL and GAS WELL Supplies Boilers, Engines, Pipe, Fittings, Drilling Tools, Cordage, etc.

Kane, Penna.

Think of
Insurance; Fire, Life or Accident,
REED & SHANNON, Brookville, Pa.

The Altoona Times

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FRIDAY, MORNING, MARCH 28.

PRACTICAL VALUE OF BIRTH-REGISTRATION.

THE PRACTICAL value of a birth-certificate has often been commented on. A recent criminal trial in North Carolina shows the importance of such records. In the case of the state versus Goodlake, the question of the guilt or innocence of Goodlake depended on whether a girl was or was not 14 years old. It was admitted that she was over 13, but it was claimed that she was not yet 14.

How was this point proved? In a state which had had modern birth-registration for fourteen years, this would have been easy. The court would have called for a certified copy of the girl's birth-record. But in North Carolina there has been no birth registration. How could the court ascertain the facts? An old family Bible was found with a record of the child's birth; the monthly report cards of her school teacher were introduced, and the teacher identified her records, and an old negro nurse testified as to the age of the child. Family Bible records are known to be loosely kept, entries often being months or even years after the events. The school teacher's records were only corroborative, while the "black mammy's" recollections after thirteen years were practically worthless. But the jury decided that the girl was 14 years old and sent Goodlake to the penitentiary for eight years.

The Journal of the American Medical association, commenting in this case, says: "We know nothing of the merits of the case, of the guilt or innocence of the accused, or of the justice or injustice of the verdict. But for a modern, civilized state to have to resort in court to such methods to prove the age of one of its wards is supremely absurd." Evidently the people of North Carolina have come to the same conclusion, as the state legislature has just passed the model bill for the registration of births and deaths. After this law is once fairly in working order, such occurrences as those which marked the Goodlake trial will be impossible. Illinois, Iowa and Tennessee have the same measure before their legislature, and it is hoped it will become a law in each of these states.

INSULTED THE WRONG WOMAN.

IT HAPPENED in an Indiana town, but might have happened anywhere. A herd of degenerate youngsters—this breed always goes in herds—made a custom of rounding up at a certain corner of the town. These young loafers—you know the type—made a pastime of smoking cigarettes and aiming ribald jests at women pedestrians who were compelled to pass that way.

One evening these fellows made a mistake. One of them fired an insult at the wrong woman.

She was athletic. You could tell that by the way her shoulders were set. She walked with the air of one who knows her exercises. It was this woman of the gymnasium who became the target of the indecent observation. Whereat—

There was something doing.

She grasped the particular downy youth of the foul tongue by the throat. She took him as your rat terrier would shake a rodent. And then she gave him such a beating as his father was never able, in his palmiest prime, to administer. The program was not long but it was lively right from the opening number.

The sequel? The herd gathers occasionally. It ventures cigarettes. There are no more scintillations of coarseness. If need were, any woman could stampede the entire common herd by saying "Scat!"

Good for the athletic woman: May her tribe increase.

RELIEF URGENTLY NEEDED.

THE HORROR of the flood situation in the middle west increases as the full extent of the havoc is reported. In addition to thousands of lives lost, the destruction of property is incalculable. When the complete record of this catastrophe is made up it will probably rank as one of the most tragic upheavals of nature.

Many thousands of people are already suffering keen distress and there is urgent and insistent demand for succor for the survivors that should evoke a prompt response. The people of Altoona, who are fortunately situated, doubtless will embrace the opportunity of expressing their gratitude for the blessingsg they enjoy by contributing generously to the relief of those who for some time will be compelled to depend upon the charitable-inclined for sustenance.

Those who are inclined to contribute should do so promptly, as the situation permits of no delay. The Red Cross and other organizations have undertaken the work of relief, but their success will be determined only by the extent of the assistance rendered by the American public.

WEALTH HONESTLY ACQUIRED.

A NUMBER OF newspapers are discussing the question, "Did Andrew Carnegie honestly acquire his vast fortune, with which he is endowing libraries and various other enterprises of questionable value to the present or future generations," It is the opinion of a majority of the writers that his fortune reeks with dishonesty; but a bold minority contends with animation that his title to millions is unassailable.

As great fortunes go, Mr. Carnegie's vast hoard is probably as honest as that of any of the small army of multi-millionaires who were spawned during the past twenty years. By manipulation, stock-gambling and inflation he created many millions of dollars upon which the people are now paying interest charges. He enjoyed the benefits of a robber tariff that taxed all the people for the benefit of a few.

There is a distinction between the methods employed by Carnegie and those of the safe-cracker, but the result is practically the same. Fifty years hence the historian will classify Carnegie and his tribe with Captain Kidd and other freebooters.

MATINEE DAILY AT 2:30 — Orpheum — EVENING 7:30 AND 9:00

THEY'RE HOME AGAIN!

WHO?

The Heim Children, of Course! and Some Class

Events As Viewed by Pennsylvania Editors

IMPREGNABLE TO PROGRESS.

(Pittsburgh Dispatch)

Hackensack, N. J., has a number of the Board of Health who is loyal to the traditions of the past. He scorns the medical talk of germs and bacilli, and when his medical colleagues demanded action to suppress the fly nuisance he fell back on the dictum that God made the flies and he is not going to be so rashly irreverant, as to prevent the divine purpose.

So also there used to be those who held that cholera or typhoid were decrees of the Creator. That, like Mr. Yearance, the Hackensack's reactionary's dogma, is really an impeachment of the divine beneficence. Science has performed a more religious service in proving that the Creator made pure air, unpolluted water and healthy products of the earth. It is the ignorance or selfishness of humanity that has turned these gifts of nature into vehicles of disease.

Of course, we must have people who decline to recognize the progress of the world. There are still those who virulently deny the benefit of vaccination against smallpox. Whether Mr. Yearance is one of them or not we do not know but deem it quite possible. Nevertheless science moves along with its great discoveries.

• • •

BILLBOARDS AND NEWSPAPERS.

(Lancaster Morning News)

About this time of year it was once customary for the merchant to send out a gang of painters to decorate the landscape with appeals to travellers to buy goods. Every mossy and lichen covered rock, charming in its suggestion of wild life, was turned into a billboard, and lovely old trees were made into commercialized sign posts.

As towns have grown more citified, people love country life more, and when they go walking or riding they keenly resent the intrusions of business.

Their impulses on seeing an advertising sign in the woods, is to tear it down. Whenever the law permits that, and often where the law doesn't, a host of people make it their joy and pride to wreck advertising signs that mar natural beauty.

So outdoor country advertising does not advertise at all, it merely creates resentment. Printers' ink, on the contrary, pleases and attracts, and it forces itself on the attention only when people are in a mood to consider its message.

• • •

MINIMUM WAGE BILLS IN SPOTS.

(Johnstown Leader.)

One phase of the proposition for a minimum wage for women has been brought into the circle of discussion by the visit of the Illinois commission to Harrisburg. Chairman O'Hara said to Gov. Tener:

"You can understand, governor, that to have Illinois merchants and manufacturers pay higher wages than were paid in competing states in similar trades would put our people out of business.

This is in one sense a selfish view of the situation, but in another way it is not. We should doubtless do right ourselves, regardless of what others may do. But at the same time if by attempting to do right, we really wrong more people than we help, if by attempting to improve conditions, we make them worse, our good intentions are not likely to go a very great ways toward mitigating the result of bad judgment.

Why wouldn't this be a good question, along with uniform divorce and a few other things, for the board of governors of the various states to consider? It is admittedly a question on which the national congress cannot legislate. But it is just as clearly a question on which the states cannot very well legislate separately without running the risk of killing off a great deal of their industry and forcing manufacturing establishments into other states which do not have similar laws. The problem is much more complex than appears at first sight. It is another of the cases where a little more centralization of government would apparently be a pretty good thing.

• • •

BOMB THROWING A PREVAILING CRIME.

(Philadelphia Press)

Fifty bomb outrages within three months is a startling record for New York City. Most of these crimes are collectively attributed to the Black Hand. There is abundant evidence, however, to show that aliens from the South of Europe are not the only bomb throwers. Nor is blackmail the only motive in resorting to dynamite or other high explosives to injure persons and property.

Private vengeance of persons native to New York has actuated some of the bomb throwing. It is an appalling state of affairs, a descent to barbarism and anarchy. Apparently the pistol has been superseded as a weapon by the more destructive bomb. The high explosive is mainly used against persons in private life, but it is not forgotten that a few months ago a murderous infernal machine was sent to Judge Rosalsky.

The step from personal revenge with a bomb to the use of infernal machines and high explosive against public men is not far. Bomb throwing cannot be practiced extensively in one city without the malignant poison expanding to other cities. Concerted action should be taken before an other appalling crime is perpetrated such as the historic Haymarket explosion in Chicago, in 1886. Society must protect itself against the bomb thrower and now is the time to take measures which will suppress this barbarous and cowardly crime.

ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

District Attorney Patterson is to be congratulated for censuring constables for placing lines across public highways with the object of trapping automobilists and motorcyclists. Overzealous officials in looking for fee graft, have been making themselves objectionable. One constable has accused me of speeding when I was miles away from his speed trap and in bed at the time. —Abe Cohen.

• • •

If the various states would expend money to reclaim the forest lands and would plant all the water sheds and barren wastes in trees, floods like are now raging through the middle west would be unknown. Where trees are planted, the ground acts as a big spring, and floods cannot occur.—Otto Pippart.

• • •

I know that it cannot be legally done, but if the law did not object, I think it would be a good idea to try starving the prisoners locked up at city hall. I mean, give them enough food, but not enough to satisfy the pangs of hunger. This would make the lock-up so undesirable that everyone would be good to keep from going there.—Common Councilman Parker.

• • •

A physician over the way was asked for a remedy for insomnia and he gave the somewhat laconic answer that the only cure for sleeplessness is to sleep. Many people cannot sleep because they try to go to sleep. The trying keeps them awake. Morpheus, the god of dreams, was represented as bringing shapes and forms before the sleeper. Perhaps it would be a good plan to invoke him to come with his shapes and forms to cause one to forget his worries and thus entice him into the land of dreams. Sometimes, however, the dreams are about as refreshing as to lie awake.—Rev. J. A. Sell, Leamersville.

ACQUIT GUARDS AT GLEN MILLS

MEDIA, Pa., March 27.—"Not guilty" was the verdict rendered by the jury today in the cases of George Strahn and Thomas B. Rees, guards at the Glen Mills School, who are charged with assault and battery on George Proud, Jr., an inmate, now paroled. The defendants are to pay the costs.

This finding was unsatisfactory to the board of managers and officials of the institution, as shown by the action of George M. Booth, a member of the board, who is also a member of the Deleware country bar, and who assisted A. M. Geary in the defense of the case.

Dr. Booth made a motion for a new trial and the bonds of Strahn and Rees were ordered renewed. Argument on the motion for the new trial will be heard within four days.

Judge Broomall, in charging the jury, stated that it was not unlawful for a master in an institution such as Glen Mills School to correct his pupil in a moderate degree.

"The master," he said, "has the same right as a parent, but must abstain from cruelty. If he indulges either in cruel or immoderate punishment then it is unlawful. The consideration of the State charity is none of yours. What influence your verdict will have on this institution does not concern you. Your minds are not to be affected by public clamor one way or another.

"If the newspapers have indulged in sentiments, either for the defendants or against them, it must be forgotten. The manner in which their articles are written may be for the purpose of exciting the public for their trade. You are sworn to render your verdict according to the evidence, and not by outside influences.

"Try the case according to the evidence. It's the right of the Commonwealth to have that done; it's the right of the chastised young lad for a trivial offense, the law will not justify. It is therefore important for you to know the nature of the offense for which the punishment was given.

"The Commonwealth has introduced rules of the Glen Mills School in which it is shown that keepers are forbidden to administer corporal punishment. These rules are not our rules. The law gives these defendants the right to chastise to a moderate extent. Have these defendants chastised moderately or have they chastised cruelly? This is what you have to determine.

"You have nothing to do with the fact that these defendants are acting under a rule except that it sets in some degree to show that the general practice of punishing boys in the institution is undesirable. The defense is that they did not punish George Proud at all. Whether you agree with them or not it is for you to decide whether the defendants punished moderately."

MISHLER THEATRE

TONIGHT AT 8:15 GREAT ALL STAR CAST
Robert Edeson, Wilton Lackaye, Max Figman, Rose Coghlan, Lolita Robertson, Amelia Summers, Helen Milton
IN "FINE FEATHERS"

Scene from "FINE FEATHERS." PRICES-25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50 & $2.

Matinee at 2.15 & Night at 8.15 SATURDAY, MARCH 29

"Tyrone Power's glorious voice and great figure made Brutus notable and imposing. Undoubtedly he is one of the greatest actors of the stage today."—ACTON DAVIES, N. Y. SUN.

A DRAMATIC ARTISTIC AND SPECTACULAR TRIUMPH

Mr. TYRONE POWER

(AS BRUTUS)

AND A LARGE DISTINGUISHED COMPANY IN SHAKESPEARE'S GREAT PLAY

JULIUS CAESAR

WITH A MASSIVE NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENIC PRODUCTION

SEATS NOW ON SALE

PRICES:—Matinee, 25, 35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.
Night, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50

MATINEE & NIGHT, MONDAY, MARCH 3,
The Sensational Dramatic Success,

"A GIRL OF THE UNDERWORLD"

By Jack Gorman

Prices: Mat., Adults 25c, Children, 15c. Night, 15, 25 ,35, & 50c.

A SCENE FROM

"Bought And Paid For,"

at the Mishler Theatre, Tuesday, April 1, Matinee and night. Seat sale open tomorrow. Prices; Mat, 25c to $1.00. night 25c to $1.50.

People's Column

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

EXPLORER SCOTT VINDICATES NOAH

Editor Altoona Times:— For a man to be disbelieved by his fellow-men while living and to be fully and abundantly vindicated 4,035 years after his death by a man who lost his life in the act, must be conceded to be a very unusual experience, but nothing less than this can be claimed for Noah.

The Bible shows that prior to the flood it had never rained: "The Lord God had not caused it to rain upon the earth, but there went up a mist from the earth and watered the whole face of the ground." (Genesis 2: 6,7). The earth was enveloped by a canopy similar to those which now form rings about the planet Saturn. This made the whole of earth's atmosphere like a hot-house, warm, moist, admirably suited to the development of plant life. Every part of the earth was covered with rank vegetation. Man was not created until the atmosphere became suited to human needs, but the canopy was still there, kept off by centrifugal forces, for centuries after man was upon the earth.

Little by little the centrifugal action of the earth, greatest at the equator, caused the canopy to gravitate toward the poles. Finally its weight at the poles became great enough to break through the atmosphere which upheld it, and the flood occurred. Noah, forewarned of the impending event, built the ark, and he and his family were saved. The rest of humanity, disbelieving Noah's warning perished miserably.

Now comes the news of Explorer Scott's sad death, but with it comes the announcement that in the regions about the South Pole he found coal, and relics of mammals and large land animals which prove that the region thereabouts was once covered with a heavy vegetation. Thus the Bible account is proved, and the disbelievers of Holy Writ are at their wit's end to find a theory other than the flood to account for the apparently impossible growth of vegetation in such a forbidding climate.

If Explorer Scott has thus proved Noah's truthfullness after so many years, is it unreasonable to expect that the God of the Bible will in His own due time, restore to man his lost dominion, as the Psalmist has so definitely assured us He will ultimately do? Read thoughtfully Psalm 8: 4-9.

THE WANDERING JEW.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

MARCH 28, 1893.

Undertaker J. P. Lafferty was able to be about, after having been confined to his home for several weeks with a severe cold.

Isaac B. Thomas, aged 21, a specie apprentice in the erecting shop was struck by a falling engine, and his foot was crushed and he sustained lacerations of the scalp and body.

A cow wandered from the home of William M. Dively, at 1814 Fourth avenue, and was run down by a Pennsy train at Nineteenth street.

A marriage license was granted to G. L. McFarlane and Anna M. Carver, both of this city.

John M. Reynolds, of Bedford, stopped in Altoona enroute to Washington, where it was said he was to take up the post of assistant secretary of the interior.

Foley Kidney Pills will reach your individual case if you have any form of kidney or bladder trouble, any backache, rheumatism, uric acid poisoning or irregular and painful kidney action. They are strengthening, tonic and curative, and contain no habit forming drugs.—Davis, Druggist Frank B. Stevens.

SAID OF WOMAN.

Women are a new race, re-created since the world received Christianity.—Henry Ward Becher.

A hat should never be set flat on the floor of its hat box. Place a little hat rest in the center, made of an inverted strawberry basket, padded.

"People Whom You Know"

SOCIALS

FAREWELL TO R. G. PETERS

To fittingly celebrate the departure of R. G. Peters, for a number of years bar clerk at the Richelieu hotel, who will shortly leave for the west, two score of his friends gathered at the Colonnade hotel, last evening, tendering him a complimentary banquet. The affair was arranged as a surprise to Mr. Peters, and a jolly time was enjoyed by all the party.

When on a day or two Mr. Peters will leave for Colorado Spring, where he will make his future home. The affair was held in the banquet hall of the hotel, and Mine Host William S. Shelley fairly outdid himself, in the manner in which he cared for his guests and attended to their physical wants.

When an elaborate menu had been discussed, Mr. A. C. Wickes, on behalf of those gathered about the boards, presented Mr. Peters with a handsome black Gairstring traveling bag, with gold trimmings, and containing a complete silver mounted traveling set. In a few well chosen remarks, Mr. Wickes spoke of the pleasant relations that were about to be severed, and ended by asking that Mr. Peters accept the token, not for its artistic value, but on account of the pleasant associations that would cling to it.

Mr. Peters replied, thanking his friends for the gift, and declaring that although he would soon leave this state, he would always cherish the same kindly feeling for his friends here.

Mr. Harry Albert, acting as toastmaster, then called upon a number of those present for speeches, and the party was entertained by songs and stories until after midnight.

Among those present were Paul Wible Jacob Smith, A. C. Wickes, M. E. Weaver, R. G. Peters, J. W. Wood, C. H. Compton, A. J. Miller, H. T. Hoffman H. E. Engle, J. Pollock, W. N. Bayles F. Holland, R. J. Davis, A. B. Reese, S. Jenkins, M. H. Glass, H. C. Cumingham, J. B. Young, R. F. Lang, C. W. Snyder, W. J. Lathero, C. O. Baker, J. B. Forsht, W. E. Forsht, H. C. Cherry, William Hicks, H. W. Miller, H. H. Wicks, W. S. Shelley, R. W. Powelly, J. M. Powell, M. R. Smith, C. G. Smith, C. G. Mouteh, Harry Alberty and E. A. Summers.

CURRENT EVENTS CLUB.

Mrs. H. M. Klepser, of 1406 Fifth avenue, yesterday afternoon entertained the Currents Events Club of the Sunshine Society, assisted by Mrs. Miles Keesy and Mrs. J. D. Hicks. The home news was given by Mrs. C. W. Hopkins; foreign news by Mrs. Chas. Lafferty, and Mrs. William Weil gave an instructive and entertaining talk on "Pensioning Mothers," after which a general discussion was held. Delicious refreshments were served. Among those present were Mrs. J. G. Dennison and Mrs. G. H. Stroup, of Hollidaysburg, guests of Mrs. Klepser, and Mr. Francis Hughes, an employe of Armour and Company, and his sister Mrs. Walter Caum.

* * *

SCOTS TO BANQUET

The members of the Robert Burns club, at a meeting held at the St. James Hotel last evening, decided to hold a banquet at the St. James, on next Saturday evening.

The club is composed of the leading residents of Scottish descent in this community, and the banquets are held every few months, as a means of getting the members together for a social evening.

Following the banquet a social hour will be spent by the diners. The committee in charge of Saturday evening's event is composed of the following gentlemen: Walter S. Irwin, John Marsh, James Donglass, Will Robison and John Steedman.

* * *

BIBLE CLASS ENTERTAINED

The pastor's Bible class of Trinity Reformed church held a meeting in the home of Mr. Otto Gilden, at 1312 Eighth avenue, last evening. This class has had a contest to see who could win the most new members, the men or the ladies. The ladies won, but the combined efforts of the whole class added 60 new members. They also had a report of the different committees of the class, and made plans for work in the church to be done by the class. After the business had been disposed of, a delightful program was given as follows: Piano solo, Miss Mary Forney; piano solo, Miss Madge Singer; piano duet, the Misses Cora Singer and Mabel Snively; vocal solo, Miss Stamm; recitation, Mrs. Brumbaugh, and short addresses by the new members, after which a dainty luncheon was served.

* * *

GRAND FRATERNITY BANQUET.

The members of the Grand Fraternity and their ladies, will hold their fifth annual banquet at the Logan House this evening. There will be covers laid for 190 persons, and a nice evening is anticipated. The social committee has arranged a few surprises for the banqueters and the program has not been announced. One of the leading men of the organization will be present and will speak, while in the musical program the banqueters will be served with a big surprise.

* * *

PYTHIAN BALL NIGHT.

Tonight is the night that the Uniform rank of the Knights of Pythias will hold their big dance in the Russell hall, 1125 Eleventh avenue. This will be an open affair, and everybody is invited to attend. The Sir Knights have taken this means to add to their treasury, which has become depleted on account of purchasing new uniforms for the rank recently.

* * *

LIBERTY DAUGHTERS TO ENTERTAIN.

The members of the Daughters of Liberty will hold a musical and entertainment in the Red Men's home, at Fourteenth avenue and Eleventh street, on Tuesday evening. The Daughters of Liberty is an organization composed of wives of the members of the P. O. S. of A., the Junior Order United American Mechanics and other patriotic orders.

There will be a number of literary and musical numbers and Attorney S. H. Hare will deliver an address.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

IS THE EARTH LARGE ENOUGH?

Editor, Altoona Times: If the earth is to hold the resurrected myriads of mankind, as the Scriptures declare (Ezekiel 16:55), the resurrection must take place soon, enough of mankind have now been born to nearly fill it. In 1815 its population was 667,000,000, based on estimates of Volney, 1804, 437,000,000, Prukerton, 1805, of 700,000,000, Malte-Brun, 1810, of $700,900,000, Morse, 1812, of 760,000,900, Grabeg von Hemso, 1813, of 680,000,000, Balbi, 1816, of 704,000,00 Balbi and, 1843, of 730,000,000. Within the past fifty years the population has doubled, due to few wars and improved methods of food production and medical skill in prolonging life.

Modern chronologists, taking their stand on the Bible figures, accept the present year 1913 as the man on the earth, 6941. Adam lived 930 years, so that from his death to the present time is 5111 years, or, counting three generations per century, 153 generations, ignoring the Deluge, and the great wars and pestilences which have often obliterated nations, and counting earth's population as a steadily growing number from Adam's day to ours, we have 153 generations of 353,500,000 each, or 54,025,500,000. The total number of human beings who have lived does not exceed half this number, or, say 25,812,750,000.

Will the earth hold these when they are resurrected, is an interesting question. Let us see. In a square mile there are 27,878,400 square feet. In a million square miles, therefore there are 27,878,400,000,000 square feet, or 1082 square feet for every man, woman and child that ever lived—2164 square feet for every pair. Australia, with 2,946,691 square miles, would provide for every pair of humankind a city lot 40 ft. wide by 160 ft. deep. Europe, with 3,850,000 square miles, would provide them a vegetable garden 40 by 200 ft. North America with 6,446,000 square miles, would provide a barnyard 40 by 350 ft. South America, with 6,887,000 square miles, would provide an orchard 40 by 300 ft. Africa, with 17,255 square miles would provide a grain lot 40 by 622, and Asia, with 17,255, 890 square miles would provide a pasture 40 by 934 ft. The islands would add another plot 40 by 200 ft., for other purposes.

The whole would make a plot 40 ft. wide by over half a mile deep, abundantly large enough, under perfect conditions of earth and climate, to support two people when "The earth shall yield her increase" (Ezekiel 34:27), "The desert shall rejoice and blossom as the rose", "In the wilderness shall waters break out" and "The parched ground shall become a pool" (Isaish 35, 1, 6, 7), when "The pastures of the wilderness do spring" and "The fig tree and the vine do yield their strength" (Joel 2:22), when "They shall sit every man under his vine and fig tree" (Micah 4:4), when "The desolate land shall be tilled," and "This land that was desolate shall become like the garden of Eden."—Ezekiel 36:34, 35.

THE WANDERING JEW

FOR RENT

After April 1, 1913, suit of 3 rooms, now occupied by Dr. J. D. Hogue, in Seller's building, 1410 11th avenue. Steam heat; hot and cold water. Apply to W. F. Sellers & Co.

IN THE SICK ROOM

Mrs. C. W. Kerlin, who was taken seriously ill at Easter with acute indigestion, is convalescing. She was able to be with her family downstairs yesterday.

* * *

Born—On Sunday, April 13, to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Jones, of Norwalk, Conn., a daughter. Mrs. Jones is a daughter of Mrs. J. J. Conrad, of this city.

* * *

Mrs. John R. Kelly, of 812 Fifth avenue, became suddenly ill last Saturday, and upon calling a physician it was discovered that she had developed a severe attack of pneumonia. Her condition was not improved last night.

* * *

Mrs. Margaret Stonebraker, of 808 Third avenue, is confined to her home with an attack of sciatic rheumatism.

* * *

Mr. I. C. Adams of 817 Twelfth avenue, is lying seriously ill at his home.

RECENT WEDDINGS

HIRSH—COHN.

A pretty wedding took place at 10:30 yesterday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Cohn, 1009 Twelfth avenue, when their daughter, Miss Leah Elizabeth, became the bride of Mr. Herman F. Hirsh, a son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Hirsh, of 2515 Broad avenue. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi Abels of the Hebrew Reformed congregation and was attended by the families of the bridal couple, there being some twenty-five persons present. The couple were attended by Mr. Harry Cohn, a brother of the bride, and Mrs. Norman A. Grauer of Bellwood, a sister of the groom, as matron-of-honor. The wedding was followed by a breakfast served at the Cohn home and Mr. and Mrs. Hirsh left on New York Day express for a week's trip to Philadelphia and New York. After May 1 they will be at home to their friends at 2515 Broad avenue. Mr. Hirsh is employed as assistant bookkeeper at the First National bank, and his bride is very popular among the younger social set of the city.

* * *

MARRIAGE LICENSE RECORD.

James Cole Delosier, of Blair county, and Agnes Tolen, of Huntingdon county.

Frederick L. Crawford, of Juniata, and Lida A. Diffit, of Altoona.

Jacob Brooks and Esther Berlin, both of Greenwood, Blair county.

THE DEATH RECORD

FOGLMAN.—Mrs. Bertha Foglman, daughter of Valentine B. and Cora V. Conner, died at the home of her parents, 1154 Second street, at 12 o'clock Sunday night, of a complication of diseases after an illness of nine months. She was born in Washington, D. C., June 11, 1885. Six weeks ago she was compelled to take her bed. She was a member of the Second United Brethren church. Her parents survive and also one brother and one sister: Mrs. Ada Wertz and Paul T., at home.

SAUKAL.—Mrs. Mary Saukal died Saturday morning at her home in Stafa, Switzerland, aged 34 years. A cable received Saturday by Mrs. Allina Toutz announced the death. Before marriage Mrs. Saukal was Miss Mary Trachsler and she was born in the United States, removing to Switzerland in infancy. She is survived by the following sisters and brothers in this country: Mrs. Allina Toutz, formerly of this city and now of Homer's Gap; Frieda and Bertha, of this city; Mrs. Rose Rausch of New York; Jacob Trachler of this city and Alfred of Wisconsin.

* * *

BRUBAKER.—Mrs. Christens, wife of Samuel Brubaker, a well known retired farmer residing in Loop, Frankstown township, died at her home on Sunday night at 10:30, of heart failure, after an illness of several days duration, aged 71 months and 23 days. She was feeling better than usual on Sunday, and spent the day at the home of her son Elinas, some distance from her own home, and after being stricken, lived only a few hours. Her maiden name was Berkey, and she was born in Somerset county. She was married to Mr. Brubaker, on December 8, 1839. To this union, eight children were born, seven of whom survive their mother, as follows: Mrs. Sarah Wilt, of Gallitzin; David, of Blairsville Intersection; John, of Carson Valley; Samuel of Eldorado; Aaron, of Hollidaysburg; Silas, of Altoona, and Elinas, of Loop. One brother, and two sisters also survive, namely, Aaron Berkey, of Pittsburgh; Miss Sallie Berkey, of Bennington, and Mrs. Caroline Zeigler, of Spring Meadow. She was a faithful and consistent member of the Carson Valley church of the Brethren. The funeral services will be held in the Carson Valley church on Wednesday forenoon at 10:30. Interment in the church cemetery adjoining.

* * *

BOYER.—Mrs. C. Black of 809 8th Ave., received notice yesterday of the death of her brother, J. P. Boyer, of Point Pleasant, W. Va., who died very suddenly Saturday night. He is survived by a wife and three children who live in Pittsburg; one brother J. D. Boyer, and four sisters, Mrs. J. L. Kinzer of Williamsburg, Mrs. Elizabeth Ayers of 2000 Eighth avenue, Altoona, Mrs. A. P. Fleck of Halifax, Dauphin Co., and Ms. C. Black of 809 Eighth avenue. He was born in Halifax, Dauphin Co., in October, 1865, and was a machinist by trade.

* * *

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of Grover R. Selwitz will be held at the Carson Valley church this morning at 10:30 o'clock. Interment will be made in Carson Valley cemetery.

VISITORS HERE

Mr. Robert Bathgate, of Pittsburgh, is spending several days with friends in this city.

* * *

Mrs. Virginia R. Johnson, of Cumberland, is visiting at the home of her parents, 1623 Third avenue.

OUT OF TOWN

J. R. Robinson, of Fourteenth street and Fifth avenue, is making an extensive trip to Washington, Baltimore and other eastern cities.

* * *

Messrs. Tom Perry and Ed. Shiffler, of this city, spent Saturday and Sunday in Pittsburgh, Duquesne and Johnstown.

* * *

Mr. John Reilly, of this city, left yesterday, for Spruce Creek, where he will spend several days.

* * *

Mr. Edward T. Davis and two sons, of 1401 Eleventh street, have gone to New Kensington to visit at the home of Mr. Davis' father.

* * *

Simon Ebersole, of the firm of W. R. Gamole and Co., left this city yesterday for Loysburg, Bedford county, where he will spend a few days in that vicinity fishing.

* * *

Mrs. A. Bookman, of 1303 Third avenue, is visiting her parents in Pittsburg.

* * *

Mr. J. W. Baker, of 423 Sixth avenue, left this city Saturday for an extended visit to the home of his parents at Allenville, Huntington county.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. D. Murphy, of 510 Third avenue, in company with her two daughters, Catherine and Edna, and Misses Louise Torrens, of 420 Fifth avenue, Edna Lowe, of 200 Sixth street, left this city yesterday for a visit among friends in Philadelphia.

RETURNED

Miss Anna Singeman returned to her home at 920 Seventeenth street, Sunday evening, after an extended visit to Washington, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

* * *

Mrs. W. A. Rice and daughter, Miss Gladys, of 1113 Seventh avenue, returned yesterday from visiting Mr. Rice in Ridgway, where he is constructing a mausoleum.

* * *

Mr. Robert McCurdy, of this city, has returned to Altoona, after spending a day or two with friends in Johnstown.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Smith, of 1709 Eleventh street, have returned home from Rome, N. Y., where Mr. Smith recently took treatment for cancer, Dr. S. N. Kingsley, one of the leading cancer specialists in the world, treated Mr. Smith, and without the aid of a knife removed a large cancer from the lower lip, the patient returning to Altoona entirely cured.

The Times goes into the homes of prospective buyers—who buy.

10c Dress Ginghams for 7c.

One lot of dress ginghams in patterns of checks and plaids, also seersucker stripes. Worth 10c per yard—Special Sale Price 7c

First floor, west.

GABLE —AND— CO.

The Store Closes At 6 O'clock. Saturday at 9.

"H. & H." for Cleaning Carpets

By using "H. & H." you can clean your carpets on the floor and make them as nice and bright as when new. It is also a good moth exterminator. Per cake 12½c

First floor, front.

Sale of Scrim Curtains At a Saving of One Third.

A special feature in the Drapery and Upholstery Section today, will be an offering of a big lot of scrim curtains, which we bought from a manufacturer who wanted to dispose of his broken lots.

There are 4 to 6 pairs of each pattern and every pair is new, being just as desirable as anything we show in our regular stock. Choice may be had of white Ivory or ecru colors.

The curtains are marked at *$1.25, $1.49, $1.98, $2.49, $2.98 and $3.50* a pair, *actually worth One Third More than the Prices named.*

Our large and complete stock of Spring Draperies embraces a splendid assortment of new and wanted goods, giving our patrons variety for choice that few stores can equal. We mention:

New Stenciled Scrims in fast colors, 38 inches wide, 10c and 12½c per yard. 40 inches wide, 19c, 25c and 30c per yard.

Barred Dimity and Voiles in fast colors, 40 inches wide; 30c, 35c and 49c per yard.

Imitation Linen for chair covers, 32 inches wide, 12½c per yard.

Upholsterer's Linen, washable, all fast colors. This is a material that is used for chair covers and is 60 inches wide. Excelent value at our price of 49c per yard.

New Tapestries for upholstering furniture, with guimps to match. 50 inches wide, 85c, 98c, $1.49 to $5.98 a yard.

Tapestries in lightweight, suited for draperies. Made with a silk finish and in fast colors. 50 inches wide, 98c to $2.98 per yard.

New Cretonnes for cushions and hangings to match wall papers. These are in new patterns and colorings that are fast; 25c and 98c per yard.

Cedar Chests.

Chests made of cedar in the beautiful antique finish and fitted with tray. Splendid for storage purposes or for brides-to-be chests. Prices are $15 to $23.50.

Cedar Chests in the natural finish, $15 to $18.

Shirtwaist Boxes.

We have a complete line of shirtwaist boxes, covered with matting and made on the inside with a smooth finish. These are sometimes called utility boxes, because they are useful for so many different purposes.

Trimmed with bamboo, $1.45 to $8.98 each.

Trimmed with oak, $5.98 to $10 each.

Trimmed with mahogany, $6.80 to $8.98 each.

Curtain Strips at 59c.

One lot of Irish Point and Brussels Net Curtain Strips, 3 yards long, just one of each pattern. These are samples of curtains that sell regularly at $5 to $10 a pair. Special for each strip 59c

35c Cretonne for 25c.

One lot of figured cretonne in fast colors, 36 inches wide and worth 35c per yard. Special at 25c

Third floor. Take Elevator.

An April Umbrella Sale!

1,000 Umbrellas Worth $1.50 & $2 To Be Sold for 98c.

April is a month in which there is a greater demand for umbrellas than at any other season of the year and an opportunity like this is sure to be appreciated by our patrons.

There are 1,000 umbrellas in the lot, made with a fast black, water proof, American taffeta cover of fine quality with wide tape edge, mounted on a close folding Paragon frame, with steel rod.

The manufacturer from whom we secured the umbrellas had a miscellaneous lot of handles, such as he usually puts on his regular $1.50 and $2 goods. They are all in up-to-date styles, including plain mission in Directoire shape, as well as mission with Sterling silver and gold trimmings and hand chased effects. Many full length gold handles with pearl posts, are among the ones in the size suited for women. All of the newer styles of mission handles, in plain or carved effects are included. In order to close out the odd lot of handles, he decided to sacrifice his profit and offer them mounted on umbrellas, to us at a big discount.

As umbrellas are valued largely by the style and quality of the handles, these are in the regular $1.50 and $2 class. The opportunity for giving our patrons such an unusual value was too good to pass by, so we took the lot and place them on sale today at the unusually low price of.. 98c

We expect many people to buy them in half dozen lots.

First floor, east.

Housecleaning Helps.

The Housefurnishings section of our big basement contains many things that are helpful during housecleaning time. We mention some of these different items, but, no doubt, a visit to this department will reveal other articles that are of equal interest to many housekeepers.

"I. X. L." Wall Paper Cleaner, 3 cans for 25c.

Electric Wall Paper Cleaner, special at 4 cans for 25c.

Household Paints, in all colors; Pint cans for 10c.
Quart cans, 40c.
Half gallon cans, 75c.
Gallon cans, $1.45.

Japanese Furniture Polish, 25c a bottle.

"Peerless" Furniture Polish, 35c a bottle.

O'Cedar Furniture Polish, 25c and 50c a bottle.

Ammonia, 5c per bottle.

Silver Cream 25c per jar.

Pitzer's "Fairy Jay" good for cleaning carpets on the floor and for other household work; 35c per jar.

Banner Lye, 3 cans for 25c.

Chloride of Lime, 3 cans for 25c.

Dust Brushes at 9c, 25c, 39c, 49c and 59c each.

Scrub Brushes, 5c, 9c, 10c and 15c each.

Paint Brushes, all sizes, 3c, 5c, 9c, 15c to $1 each.

Stove Brushes, 10c and 15c each.

Dustless Mops, 25c, 49c, 75c and $1.

La France Washing Tablets, 6 tablets for 25c.

Carpet Beaters, 10c and 19c each.

Brooms, 45c, 55c, 59c, 69c and 75c each.

Soaps.

Swift's Pride Soap, 8 cakes for 25c.

Swift's Naptha Soap, 6 cakes for 25c.

Proctor and Gamble Naptha Soap, 6 cakes for 25c.

Octagon Soap, 6 cakes for 25c, Basement.

Another Day of The Wash Goods Bargains

We bring to your attention some of the good values we are offering among the wash goods during this 10 day sale. This announcement is also a reminder that the sale will soon come to a close.

Dress Crash in the natural color, 28 inches wide and worth 10c per yard. 10 pieces in the lot to be sold today only at, per yard 10c

Ratine, one of the season's most wanted materials, shown in all of the best colors. 27 inches wide and worth 25c per yard—18 pieces to go at the special Tuesday price of.. 19c

Chiffon Voile in solid colors, the assortment including black; 44 inches wide and worth 59c per yard. Special for this sale 29c

Voile, silk and cotton mixed. A beautiful material made with dainty stripes. It is 27 inches wide and worth 59c per yard—special for this sale..... 39c

$12.50 Dress Patterns of Voile for $6.50

These patterns are of handsome French voile, in rich colors of blue, pink, heliotrope and old rose, embroidered in silk of self color. There are just 8 patterns in the lot, each one worth $12.50. Today we are going to sell them special at..... $6.50

First floor, west.

Grocery Specials

5 Pounds of Coffee for $1.20.

This is our regular Santos Coffee, which is a good drinking quality and sells regularly at 27c per pound. We are offering this lot special at 5 pounds for $1.20.

Hershey's Breakfast Cocoa, half pound cans, 25c value. Special at 15c a can or 2 cans for 29c.

California Canned Fruits.

White Cherries, Sliced Peaches and Sliced Apricots, "Lotus" brand, tall cans, 15c value. Special at 11c per can or, assorted as desired, at $1.25 per dozen.

White Cherries, "Yates" or "Glen Edyth" brands, number 2 cans, 20c value. Special at 14c a can or $1.60 per dozen.

California Asparagus Tips, large number 3 cans, 25c value. Special at 19c per can or $2.20 per dozen.

Choice Pears, "Riverhead" brand, large cans, 12½c value. Special at 3 cans for 25c or 9c per dozen cans.

Fancy Lemon Cling Table Peaches, "Iber" brand, Number 3 cans, 25c value. Special at 17c a can or $1.90 per dozen.

Unfermented Grape Juice, "World" brand:
25c pint size, special at 21c per bottle.
50c quart size, special at 39c per bottle.

Macaroni, special at 4 packages for 25c.

Basement.

Second Day of the "Onyx" Hosiery Sale.

Women who use "Onyx" hosiery know that it always gives satisfaction and will be glad of the opportunity to share in the special values we are offering during these "Onyx" Days.

Through special concessions made by the manufacturers we are able to offer our patrons four lots of this famous hosiery at reductions that will be in force only during these special "Onyx" Days. If you can make use of a new supply of hosiery, it will pay you to take advantage of this opportunity and "stock up" before the sale comes to a close.

Women's "Onyx" seamless Silk Lisle, black, white and tan; hand hooped; "Dub-l" top, high heel and "Doublex" sole. Made on same machines as the usual 35c value "Onyx" silks. Special at, per pair... 25c

Women's "Onyx" Silk Lisle in black only; finest gauge; seasonable weight; "Dub-l" top, high spliced heel and "Doublex" sole. 50c value, special at 3 pairs for $1.

Women's "Onyx" Pure Thread Silk, a fine medium weight, in black only with "Dub-l" garter top of silk or lisle, high spliced heel, "Doublex" sole of silk or lisle. Usual $1.25 and $1.50 values, special at, per pair $1

Women's "Onyx" Pure Thread Silk in black, white and tan, with lisle "Dub-l" top, high spliced heel and "Doublex" sole. 50c value, special at 3 pairs for $1.

First floor, center.

William E. Gable Co.

IN ONE MINUTE! CLOGGED NOSTRILS OPEN—COLDS AND CATARRH VANISH

Stops Nasty Discharge, Clears Stuffed Head, Heals Inflamed Air Passages and You Breathe Freely.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm."

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleaning, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake tonight struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear. H. W. Turner, agent.

Millinery Department

1313 Eleventh Ave. GOLDSTEIN'S STORE 1313 Eleventh Ave.

Only Six Special Items

For This Monday

But They are Good Ones!

The Season's Choicest Styles of Summer Hats at a Large Saving Price.

MONDAY HEMP HATS $1.88 — Choice of our stock white, black navy, burnt brown, etc. everything marked to sell up to $2.98.

MONDAY BLACK CHIPS 66c — The quality in all the latest styles for ladies and misses, worth $1.00 to $1.50.

MONDAY MILAN HATS 98c — White and black Milan hats. Newest shapes, regular $1.49 and $1.98 value.

MONDAY Velvet Faced Hats $2.22 — Hemp, crepe hemp and azure hair, in all the leading shapes, worth $3 to $3.50.

MONDAY Finest Milans $1.88 — This includes all our finest white Milan hats, worth $3.00 to $4.00 a piece.

MONDAY Velvet Bound Milans 88c — Several elegant shapes in pearledge Milan White with black Silk velvet binding, regular price $1.98.

Special prices on Flowers and Trimmings will enable you to buy your Summer Hat on this Monday cheap on our Free Trimming Plan.

CATS RAISE SQUIRRELS AND FOXES, HOGS RUN OVER BOYS AND OTHER EVENTS OCCUR IN MURPHYSBORO

MURPHYSBORO, Ill., April 27.—Two mother cats are raising baby foxes between them, one old cat is bringing up four young squirrels, a hog ran over a 16 year-old boy, maiming him for life, and a hen lays every day, an egg three inches long.

These are a few things that are interesting Murphysboro people.

The old cat that is furnishing food and motherly care to the squirrels is at the home of James Snider, on North Fifteenth street.

A farmer found the little squirrels in a tree he cut down and gave them to Snider, who had a cat with young kittens. He took away four of the five kittens and put the squirrels in their place.

That was three weeks ago. The mother cat accepted the foster children and has taken as much care of them as she has of the remaining kitten. The little squirrels are fat and frisky and are very fond of their adopted mother and the kitten.

The little foxes were found by John L. Davis and George Rost, who are farmers four miles north of Murphysboro. There were eight foxes and they were taken by Rost and Sherman Leichleiter, each of whom had an old cat. The babies have given the foxes all the motherly care and attention eats give to kittens, and the little fellows appear contented.

A three-legged calf is at the home of Fred C. Bierer, ex-city attorney. The calf has only one front leg and it is at the middle of the shoulders. It goes about just as well as a calf with four legs. It is 5 weeks old.

Ardell Smith, son of William Smith, who lives near here, was feeding hogs March 9, when one dashed upon him, knocked him down and caused a backward dislocation of the knee, which did not heal. This week the doctor "broke" the knee and reset it, but he fears the leg will be stiff during life.

R. L. Brown of rural free delivery route No. 1 Murphysboro, has a hen that has laid an egg three inches long every day for the last week.

MERRYMAKER USES GIG IN ARGUMENT

Rupert Miller, of 1600 First avenue, was cut on the head with a fish gig, at a late hour Saturday night. A party of friends were enjoying a party near Ant Hill, and during an argument one of the guests struck Miller on the head. A physician from Hollidaysburg attended the injured man, and as his condition looked very serious, he was put on a street car and a hurry-up trip was made to this city. An ambulance met the car and Miller was taken to the Altoona hospital.

At the hospital, it was found the injured man was suffering with a laceration of the scalp. The wound was dressed, and Miller was in condition to go to his home Sunday evening.

MRS. ANNIE HARKNESS BURIED YESTERDAY

In the death of Mrs. Annie C. Harkness, of 1215 Sixteenth avenue, the particulars which were noted in the Times, the residents of this neighborhood lose one of the most charitable and estimable resident of this city. A sad incident of the funeral services which were held yesterday, was that her son Chas., who resides in San Antonio, Texas, was unable to reach here in time to attend the last sad rites of his mother, who always referred to him as her favorite child. Rev. H. L. Bowlby, of the First Presbyterian church, at the services, paid the deceased a glowing tribute to the many excellent qualities of Mrs. Harkness.

"BANANA SLIDE" IS DANCE IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, April 27.—And now we have in our dancing the "Banana Slide," which was introduced in a Tango contest of the Ragged Edge Klub by Miss Stella Johnson and Albert English, both of San Francisco.

To do this slide properly the lady must be dressed as was Miss Johnson, in a tight fitting yellow skirt and white stockings. Whenever the lady slips her feet, up goes the yellow covering and out peeps the ladys white silk encased limbs, giving the peeled banana effect.

The glide brought repeated encores.

The Times goes into the homes of prospective buyers—who buy.

FOR RENT

After April 1, 1913, suit of 3 rooms, now occupied by Dr. J. D. Hogue, in Seller's building, 1410 11th avenue. Steam heat; hot and cold water. Apply to W.

NEWS FROM THE COUNTY SEAT

HOLLIDAYSBURG, April 27.—Civil War Veteran John Butler, of Taylor township, was a Saturday visitor in the county capital.

Contractor William C. Schilling has purchased a plot of valuable building lots lying between Hickory and Garber streets, west of Wayne. Having fallen into good hands, some improvements can be looked for in that section.

Some Frankstown youths are going to waken up some morning in a cell in the Blair county jail if they do not cease placing obstructions on the public highway, for the purpose of throwing motorcyclists. A few evenings ago a barbed wire was stretched across the road. Into its dangerous meshes probably a dozen motorcyclists ran, breaking several machines and injuring several riders.

MEETINGS THIS WEEK.

This week there will be a great many meetings of public import held in Hollidaysburg, chief among which are the following: Tonight, Progressive Encampment No. 104, I. O. O. F.; Tuesday night, Hollidaysburg Lodge No. 119, I. O. O. F.; Wednesday night, prayer meeting in all the Protestant churches; Thursday night, Gaysport borough council; Wanita Lodge No. 142 I. O. O. F.; Hah-Nee Tribe No. 469 Improved Order of Red Men; Universal Lodge No. 11 Daughters of Rebekah; Friday night, Siloam Commandery No. 419, Knights of Malta; Apalachian Encampment No. 69 I. O. O. F.

A session of motion and petition court will be held here this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

NOTICE—Now is the time to have your lawn mower sharpened. See Harvey Robinson, 507 Pine street.

Messrs. C. and E. Kimberling, Juniata Valley dairymen, who retail their product in Hollidaysburg, are serving their customers from a fine new wagon, of the latest improved type, being a model of beauty and utility.

PICNIC FOR NEWRY.

There has been an agitation for several years to have an old home picnic at Newry, to last for several days, but the interested parties for some reason have always waited until too late in the season to begin talking. This year it is proposed to start in time and make the affair a go. There will be no trouble about the patronage. Everybody must who ever heard of Newry will want to go. But an executive committee, to formulate plans of entertainment and amusement must get busy. A meeting of citizens may be called at an early date to start the ball a-rolling. Those having suggestions to make concerning "old home week" should address Joseph Conrad, Burgess of the borough.

JOHN RITZ DIES.

John Ritz, an aged and respected citizen and veteran of the Civil War, died at his residence on East Allegheny street at 5:45 o'clock Saturday evening, of infirmities of age. He was aged 84 years and 8 days. He was a shoemaker by trade and before becoming a resident of Hollidaysburg many years ago, resided at Frankstown. He is survived by his aged wife and one son, James Ritz of East Walnut street. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and the Grand Army post. The funeral services will be conducted at his late home this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock; interment in the Presbyterian cemetery.

Mrs. Mart Byers, of 312 Blair street, has been lying seriously ill with appendicitis for the last couple of weeks. Her many friends are wishing for her a speedy recovery.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

W. C. Green (by treasurer) to County Commissioners, Juniata Boro, $1.97.

County Commissioners to M. C. Green, Juniata Boro, $13.57.

M. C. Green and wife to W. L. Longenecker, Juniata Boro, $300.

W. L. Longenecker and wife to Lydia Green, Juniata Boro, $300.

R. Frank Green to Lydia J. Green, Logan township, $1,000.

James F. Martin and wife to Edward R. and Lucy E. Hunter, Juniata Boro, $2,050.

Margaret Sommers to Gustav Blocherer, Altoona, $2000.

D. M. Bare to Elizabeth Treesh, Roaring Spring, 1350.

H. A. Schade and wife to J. E. Elway, et al, Juniata Boro, $1.00.

H. A. Schade and wife to J. E. Elway, et al, Juniata Boro, $1.00.

Charles A. May and wife to Harry R. Shirk, Altoona, $3325.

Malinda Jones, executrix, to Samuel S. Webb, Gaysport Boro, $1955.

Peter G. Bell to Caroline Reese, Logan township, $180.

There are 70,000 people reading the Times, every morning. It is a moulder of public sentiment. Just as you read this ad, thousands will read the merits of your wares, if advertised in the TIMES.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

TEACHERS AND PUPILS.

Editor Altoona Times:—Judging from an editorial remark in the Tribune the writer is glad to notice somebody is vexed which is an indication of their being discussion somewhere, and that is just what the writer is after.

He only regrets that expressions of the kind help neither the teachers nor the pupils; the former to occupy that commanding social position which the body of our public school teachers ought to occupy, in the interest of the community, and the latter to get more out of the school, in general intelligence than they do now.

All this fine, sentimental talk about what the school and teachers have been to the country in the past will not give the people an understanding that what was good enough for them in their time, will not be good enough for their children, just as the steel which they are using nowadays in their tools is of a different quality than what it used to be.

That does not detract a particle from the estimation of the good qualities and from the value of the steel formerly used, and the amount of good work that was done with it.

Who depreciates the value to the North of the cars and locomotives and railroad management which took our soldiers to the seat of war during the Civil war? Yet is there any sane man today willing to say that the railroad equipment of those days, however valuable it was to the country then, would be adequate now to serve our present needs? Why then this hysterical plaint about destruction and revolution and ungratefulness to our schools and teachers when we talk of readjusting our educational equipment to the requirements of modern times? Was anybody afraid and talked of destruction of our country when locomotives and cars and rails and the quality of the steel and the habits and mode of living of the people was changed to what it is now?

If not, why then this irrelevant talk of destruction if an impassionate and businesslike attempt is made to explain the present relation and status of our schools and teachers to what is needed in the future for our children, trying to explain it to the people, just as an engineer makes a survey of the equipment he has and what he needs in the future.

As to the raise of the teachers pay this should be considered a simple act of justice. This ought to have been done at the time the pay of the teachers of the high school was raised in order to avoid the impression of partiality and favoritism. The high school teachers were not called upon to do any more work than before except medical inspection, and from the nature of the case this causes more work for the elementary teacher and principal than for the high school. Judging from the previous exclusive glorification of secondary and higher education the impression prevailed that the value of the sementary school was considered inferior to the needs of the community, and the writer shared this impression.

In order not to lose the confidence of the people and the teachers, the school board can do nothing better to rectify this impression than granting the increase.

But aside from this plain case of justice there is the fact that just as modern industry required a better and higher grade of tool steel to fashion the various new materials used nowadays, so a readjustment of our elementary schools is required in this industrial age to prepare and fashion the minds of the children for the diversities of life's duties they will have to perform. During the past five months the writer has attended four large teachers conventions. At each one the necessity of change and readjustment of our elementary schools was emphasized.

Most of the big speeches the writer listened to during these four conventions referred to this necessity in one way or another. This does not include the following discussions of the subjects presented. Now, does anyone believe this readjustment can be brought about and be made a success without changing the training of the teachers and their relation to the school and to the community?

At the ingating of the Pennsylvania State Association last December the Council of the association suggested the throwing out of three pages full of material of the elementary school course. Who else but the teachers will have to do that throwing out and rearrangement?

This is a business proposition pure and simple of how best to spend the taxpayers money for the benefit of the children. It is a simple question of efficiency of a public servant in the future and no amount of talk of the duty of home and church will furnish that professional efficiency needed for the future welfare of this community, the state and the nation.

In the next article the writer will bring documentary proof of the opposition by many teachers to the change, why they are opposed, that it is no ones fault that the teachers are thus opposed, but that it is some ones fault that the teachers are not better informed of the situation and, as the "Journal of Education", remarked of a recent teachers convention, "a lot of brilliant eggs were hatched out but no brooders provided."

PAUL KREUZPOINTNER

SOURCES OF SUPERHUMAN KNOWLEDGE.

Editor Altoona Times—The Ceylon branch of the Asiatic Royal Society at Colombo tells through the New York Times of a 16-year-old native of Ceylon named Arumogan, who gave correct answers in less than five seconds to each of the following problems: The square root of 853,776 is 924; the cube root of 2744.625 is 65; the product of 976 and 79 is 77,104; and the product of 982,347 and 231 is 226,972,175. The last answer came in two seconds. Problems in compound interest, discount and exchange were all answered correctly, using only mental calculations. The youth's abnormal mathematical powers were not obtained by education, because he had none. None but Bible students can explain the source of this young man's knowledge. He himself does not know, but attributes it to the heathen god, Subramana. If it were from the Almighty, would He bestow it in such a way that a heathen deity would be glorified by it, and not Himself?

The New York Telegram gives an account of 10-year-old Beulah Miller, of Warren, R. I., who reads words and figures by placing her hand upon a book or paper; identifies coins in the pocket of a person standing on the other side of the room; and recognizes people who are miles away. Although of these and hundreds of similar evidences of superhuman knowledge has been made before a notary public and filed with the town clerk at Warren, R. I. None but Bible students can explain the source of her knowledge. That it is not her own is self-evident. If it were from the Almighty, why should it manifest itself through a mere child and in such peculiar ways?

Reports in all the New York papers tell of Dr. James Neil being sued for a $6,000 mortgage from his daughter. He testified in court that the night after he gave the mortgage to his daughter a "sacred spirit" awakened him several times and told him he had been swindled. The old man felt sure his warnings had come from the Almighty, but if so, why warn him after the swindle when too late, or why warn him and fail to warn thousands of others just as worthy, who are being swindled every day in the year?

All this mysterious knowledge comes from evil spirits, fallen angles, who sinned prior to the flood (Genesis 6:1-4), when they abused their privilege of appearing in human form and married human wives. Since the flood they have been confined to the atmosphere of our earth, and are there now, seeking in various way to associate with mankind by impersonating the dead, by imparting superhuman knowledge to weak minds, etc. Until those who are interested in what they term "psychic phenomena" get this, the Bible explanation, they will never get the truth, nor any satisfactory explanation of the problems they seek to solve.

THE WANDERING JEW.

SUMMER RUGS.

Rugs are a problem, summer or winter, but particularly in the summer we long instinctively to get rid of those with a deep velvety surface. One of the best summer rugs made of wool, appropriate on that account for all seasons, is the homespun rug. The weave is flat, with not a nap, and the colors are very soft and cool looking. These rugs cost from three to three dollars and a half a yard, according to the color and quality.—Harper's Bazaar for April.

NEW CHORUSES WILL BE SUNG TONIGHT

In preparation for the concert which the Altoona ladies Chorus will give prior to its departure for the prize contest next July, two additional choruses has been received and will be sung tonight, for the first time, at the rehearsal in the Y. M. C. A.

Cadman's "Indian Mountain Song" and Bartlett's "The Fountain," are the competitive selections, and these are well in hand so far as the reading of the music is concerned. The new choruses for the concert are "Down in the Dell," by Smart, a light and fascinating number, and "Rock-a-Bye," by Heidinger, a pleasing adaption of the nursery rhyme, "Bye Baby Bunting, Papa's Gone a-Hunting."

Several new singers are expected tonight, and it is earnestly requested that the members be present at 7:30. The first altos are especially asked to be punctual, as their part will be rehearsed separately. Only those who are absolutely certain of going to the Pittsburgh Eisteddfod, are expected to sing with the chorus.

A committee will be appointed tonight to arrange for a permanent organization of the choir and officers will be elected at one of the succeeding rehearsals. Should the choir prove successful at Pittsburgh, the $300 will be divided among the members, the details of which will be arranged entirely by the executive committee. The director will have nothing to do with the disposition of the prize money. Several prominent citizens have volunteered to go on a guarantees' list, so that if the proceeds from the concert are not sufficient, the expenses of the members will be amply provided for.

BON TON'S NEW DELIVERY CAR

In keeping with the progressive policy of the Bon Ton, Louis Bergman, proprietor, has purchased a Krit delivery car of the latest model and it will be placed in service this morning. The car was ordered through the Lampe and Cramer agency, at the Eleventh avenue garage and is a perfect beauty in lines. It is 26-33 horse power and has a black body and black running gear. The name of the firm will appear on the side of the body in gold letters, shaded in royal blue. An expert driver has been employed to run the car, and a delivery boy will also accompany it on the trips around the city. Patrons of the popular Bon Ton will be able to receive their purchases more promptly than heretofore and in every way the service of the department store will be facilitated.

FOR THE INVESTOR

Who desires UNQUESTIONED SAFETY, a reasonable rate of interest and the advantage of turning his investment into CASH readily, the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Altoona issues CERTIFICATES of DEPOSIT

Being furnished in large or small denominations, they become an ideal form of investment for all classes of people.

THESE CERTIFICATES bear 3% interest from the day of deposit and they are secured by the

CAPITAL SURPLUS and PROFITS

of the bank amounting to

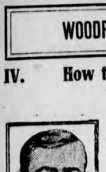
$550,000.00

They are always worth their full face value—can be placed as collateral if desired.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

WOODROW WILSON AND THE SHORT BALLOT.

IV. How the Short Ballot Aided Governor Wilson in New Jersey.



Woodrow Wilson

A few months after he had launched the Short Ballot campaign, Woodrow Wilson was elected Governor of New Jersey. In this position he had some excellent opportunities to put his theories to practical test.

One day the State "boss" of New Jersey left the executive offices at Trenton in a state of mental perturbation, all brought on by a polite "good afternoon" from Mr. Wilson. The incident is still fresh in everyone's mind. But how many realize what light it throws upon the system of government in New Jersey?

The fact is, Mr. Wilson knew, better than the "bosses," where their weakness lay and how they could be out-done. New Jersey, so far as its State administration is concerned, is built on the Short Ballot plan. The Governor is the only elective State officer, so that when the people have chosen him they have the key to the whole thing. Had there been a number of minor elective offices, each with his string of camp followers, in the Legislature and in the various offices up and down the State, it is questionable whether Governor Wilson could ever have put through his great program of constructive reform. Governor Hughes, in New York, had started out on the same road, but at every step he found himself blocked by elective subordinates whom he could not control.

But Woodrow Wilson struck the machine one sharp blow and it forthwith collapsed. He knew his own power and he accepted the responsibilities which went with it and became a real party leader. He purposed not only to execute the laws, but to take a leading part in fashioning them and getting them on the statute books in the first instance.

In acting with so much independence, the Governor was by no means trying to disrupt his party. He draws a sharp distinction, all too seldom made, between real parties and mere office-and-favor-seeking aggregations. "Parties are not only necessary," he says, "but desirable, in order that conviction upon great public questions may be organized and bodies of men of like opinion and purpose brought together in effective and habitual co-operation. Successful, orderly government is impossible without them. But the argument for our own particular organization of parties is quite another matter."

He goes on to show that because we have always insisted on electing so many officers, an organization has been necessary to do the work of filling the offices for, as he says, "The voter has not leisure, and therefore, has not the knowledge for the difficult and intricate business."

The inference is clear:—When we get the Short Ballot, party organizations, as we have known them, will be relegated to the scrap-heap, and real parties representing valid differences of opinion, will come to their own.

The Human Procession

Author of "Who's Who—and Why" is 45 Years Old Today

All that goes up must come down, according to the law of nature and Isaac Newton, but, as has often been observed, there are exceptions to all rules, and this one is often reversed when those who go down to the sea in ships encounter stormy and turbulent seas. This bit of information is suggested by the fact that the subject of this brief biological sketch recently made a tour abroad, interviewing the crowned monarchs of Europe and other personages, for the entertainment and instruction of over two million readers weekly. Whether or not he proved the exception to the rule above set forth, and paid tribute to Neptune, is not to be ascertained from the available sources of information. Anyway, it makes no difference. The sole purpose of these persiflagious remarks is to achieve a sprightly introduction, and to peeve the city editor, who insists that one blurt out the whole story in the first paragraph, so that he may blue pencil the remainder. Who first hurled defiance into the molars of a tyrant city editor by writing his copy in such a way that the salient facts were carefully concealed until the psychological point for their development was reached cannot be known. Some give the credit to Damon Runyan, the youthful star among baseball scribes, and it is certainly true that Mr. Runyan can accomplish wonders in hiding, concealing, covering, secreting and otherwise withholding the final score of a pastime. In all probability, however, the credit for foiling the city editor belongs to Samuel G. Blythe, of the editorial staff of the Saturday Evening Post, and the highest salaried of Washington correspondents. If Mr. Blythe ever disclosed the identity of his subject in the first paragraph of one of his "Who's Who—and Why" stories, it was an error, and he is sorry.

Quite incidentally, it may be mentioned that Samuel George Blythe is a native of Geneseo, N. Y., and will celebrate today the forty-fifth anniversary of his birth in that village. After a brief apprenticeship as a reporter, he became the managing editor of a metropolitan daily at the tender age of twenty-five, when he took the helm of the Buffalo Express. He was not yet thirty when he became editor-in-chief of the Buffalo Courier and Enquirer. For a short time in 1899 he was managing editor of the Cosmopolitan Magazine, and then went to Washington as correspondent of the New York World. He joined the Saturday Evening Post staff six years ago, and is now as indispensable to that journal as Ty Cobb is to the Detroit Tigers.

* * *

Mme. Nellie Melba, the Australian song bird, will be the recipient of birthday congratulations today. Mme. Melba was born in Melbourne, Australia, of a Scotch father and a Spanish mother, on the nineteenth of May, 1863, or 1865, or 1866—the authorities differ as to the year. Her father's name was Mitchell, and she was christened Helen Porter, but, on beginning her operatic career, she adopted the name of Melba in honor of her native city. In here present season at Covent Garden, Mme. Melba celebrates the twenty-fifth anniversary of her first appearance on the London stage.

* * *

Louis W. Hill, son of the great railroad builder, passes his forty-first milestone today, having been born in St. Paul on May 19, 1872. Mr. Hill is the able son of a distinguished father, and has played a large part in the development of the northwest.

A slight cold in a child or a grown person holds possibilities of a grave nature. Croup may come on suddenly, bronchitis or pneumonia may develop, severe catarrhal troubles and consumption are possible results. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound nips a cold at the outset, cures croup quickly, checks a deep-seated cough, and heals inflamed membranes. Davis, Frank B. Stevens, Druggists.

. . The Scrap Book . .

Great White Czar of All the Russians 45 Years Old Today

Russia's royal sons throughout the world will celebrate today the forty-fifth birthday of Nicholas II, the Great White Czar of all the Russias. As for the emperor himself, he will probably be perfectly satisfied is the celebration of his natal day passes without some festive nihilist casting a bomb in his direction. The Russian ruler was born May 6—which corresponds to the 19th of May, new style—1888, and was twenty-six when he succeeded to the throne on the death of his father, Alexander III. His mother was Princess Dagmar, daughter of Christian IX., of Denmark, and a sister of the late Frederick VIII., of Denmark, of the late King George of Greece, and a sister of Dowager Queen Alexandra of England. His wife, daughter of Ludwig IV., Grand Duke of Hesse, is a granddaughter of the late Queen Victoria. Despite his relationship to the British English, the Czar is popularly credited with entertaining a cordial hatred of the English, and especially of King George. Some years ago Count Rodinoff, a former bodyguard of the Russian ruler, published a magazine articles in which he quoted the Szar as saying:

"I believe that the future belongs to Russia, China and the United States—the three greatest countries, geographically speaking, in the world. The greatness of Great Britain is only nominal. Canada, Australia, India and the South African colonies are just as good as independent republics. Although, personally, I hate George, this is merely on account of his conceited attitude toward me. He has said to Prince Heinrich of Prussit that I am, with my religious faith and belief in the supernatural, a boy. He thinks I am uneducated as compared with him. I once asked him if he really thought that his creed of intellect solves every problem of human life, and he looked at me patronizingly and so hautily that I decided to ignore him entirely thereafter..... England has never been of use to Russia. It is a hypocritical, cunning country."

The alleged referrce of the Czar to his "religious faith and belief in the supernatural" gives to the statement an appearance of verisimilitude for the Russian emperor is pious to the point of blind incredulity. No other monarch of Europe approaches Nicholas in religious fervor. King George's "creed of intellect" is said to incline him toward the higher criticism. Alfonso of Spain, influenced by French rationalism, has often openly flouted the fair of his fathers. The Italian king has often been described as a free thinker. The German emperor, in his preachments, has given emphasis to the value of Christianity as a bulwark of the state against Socialism, rather than to its service in the salvation of souls.

Nicholas is by far the most religious of rulers, with the possible exception of Mehmod of Turkey, whose enthusiasm for Mohammedanism approaches fanaticism. Nicholas not only believes in miracles, but he holds that the day of divine interference with the natural order of events is not yet past, and that miracles occur as frequently now as in Biblical times. He surrounds himself with the self-styled "saints," whose crude logerdemain and fanatical mysticism are accepted by the Czar as manifestations of the grace of God. The mad monk of Tsaritsin, Ilidor the Saint, Germogen the Bigot, and other "saints" soothsayers and fortune tellers, have in turn imposed upon the credulity of the Czar and have now been succeeded by Rasputin, the "New Saviour."

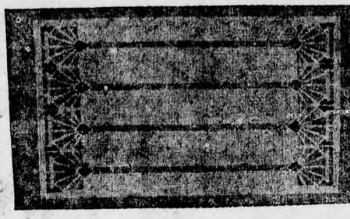
A man living at Auburn, New York, had a severe attack of kidney and bladder trouble. Being a working man, not wanting to lose time, he cured himself completely by using Foley Kidney Pills. A year later he says: "It is a pleasure to report that the cure was permanent." His name is J. A. Farmer. Davis, Frank B. Stevens, Druggists.

Who Buys at AARON'S, Buys Wisely

LIVING ON THE PORCH
A Summer Privilege

¶ One's porch is one's supreme resting place during the heated term, and each year greater effort is made toward its comfort and attractiveness. And each year this store keeps in touch with requirements and prepares for any demand in the way of porch requisites. Today your attention is called to floor covering and screens—the best of their kind, and moderately priced.

Grass Porch Rugs and Porch Runners



With a Waite Grass Rug you can make your porch attractive and comfortable looking. Because of their durability and fine finish, they are especially recommended for porch use. A large assortment in stock, in these sizes:

18 x 36	.45	6x 9	$ 5.00
27 x 54	$1.00	8x10	$ 8.00
30 x 60	$1.15	9x12	$10.00
36 x 72	$1.75	9x12	$12.00
4-6x7-6	$3.00	9x15	$15.00

Special for This Week at $5.75

China Matting Rugs, splendid wearing qualities, are shown in all sizes. Size 9x12, regular price $8.75—Special at $5.75.

CHINA MATTING, one yard wide.....20c to 40c yd
JAPANESE MATTING one yard wide.....30c to 90c yd
MATTING RUGS, 30x60, 40c; 36x72, 50c.
GRASS PORCH MATTING—One yard wide, 55c; one and one-half yard wide, 85c; two yards wide, $1.15.
Rubber and Zinc Ends to bind and prevent fraying out.

Carpet Sweepers

The Duntley Suction Carpet Sweeper, combination suction and brush cleaner, gets all the dirt in one operation. It is the most satisfactory hand-power suction sweeper on the market. Perhaps your neighbor has one. Ask her about it. Fully guaranteed.

Large Size
$12 Cash
$14 Credit

Small Size
$10 Cash
$12 Credit

Diamond Electric Suction Sweepers

$27, $28.50, $35 and $40

All the necessary at tachments for cleaning mattresses, upholstery and radiators.

Porch Screens

They are here in a variety of kinds and coloring—bamboo, slat and colored wood patterns—in four, five, six, eight and twelve-foot widths, at

$1.25 to $10 Each

W. S. Aaron
CASH---CREDIT
THE MERIT STORE, 1428 Eleventh Avenue

Track and Train

BLOCK SIGNAL AND TRAIN CONTROL BOARD

The Interstate Commerce Commission is forwarding to Congress the report of the so-called "Block-Signal and Train-Control Board, provided for in an Act of congress, composed of practical railroad men and officials of the Interstate Commerce Commission, appointed to inquire into the question of the best method of preventing accidents on railways in the United States. Their principal recommendations are comprised in the following five questions:—

"1. The compulsory adoption by all interstate railroads of the block system.

"2. The development of the automatic train stop has proceeded far enough to warrant the expectation that by its use greater safety can be secured in the operation of trains.

"3. Railroad tracks should be properly enclosed and the laws against trespassing thereon enforced. Grade separation should be encouraged and in certain localities required.

"4 The payment of pensions by the railroad companies to their superannuated employes would do much toward creating loyalty and stability in railroad organizations.

"5 There should be more complete cooperations of the State and Federal governments on the one hand and the railroad companies on the other in order to bring about more stable conditions throughout the entire country. Piecemeal legislation should be brought together and harmonized into general enactments comprehensive in character and based on the best standards of practice.

RAILROAD NOTES

The federal grand jury at Chicago has returned an indictment against the Illinois Central charging that the road permitted the shipment of cattle out of quarantined areas in Mississippi in 1912 without properly designating the character of the shipment, in violation of the rules of the Department of Agriculture.

* * *

The Lehigh Valley now has telephones in use for train despatching throughout the whole of its lines. The company expects to follow this improvement with the installation of telephone wires for messages where necessary, and the officers are looking forward to the time when telegraph instruments will be thrown out of use entirely.

* * *

Thirteen complaints alleging violations of the law regulating the transportation of livestock were filled in the United States district court at Chicago on May 6, against the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; three against the Chicago & North Western; one against the Illinois Central; three against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; one against the Pere Marquette; one against the Wabash; and three against the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.

* * *

The committee on territories of the Lower House of Congress is preparing to report a bill providing for the construction of government railroads in Alaska, in accordance with the general plan which was laid before Congress some months since by President Taft. The committee has held a number of hearings and has taken testimony of representatives of commercial interests in Alaska, both for and against the construction of railroads by the government.

* * *

The "Katy" Office Efficiency Association" is to be organized on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas at a meeting on May 22, for the purpose of studying and discussing subjects that pertain to the efficiency of office work in the system. Membership in the new organization will consist of the chief clerk, assistant chief clerk, accountants and timekeepers in the office of each division superintendent, the chief, assistant chief clerk, accountant and chief timekeeper in the office of the superintendent of motive power, assistant superintendent of motive power and master car builders, traveling and division storekeeper and chief clerk to the general storekeeper and chief clerks, assistant chief clerks and heads of all departments in the general office at Dallas, Denison, Parsons and St. Louis.

Employees Ask to Aid Company

Officers of the Illinois Central were greatly surprised last week to receive a communication signed by a large number of clerks, engineers, conductors and other employees, requesting that they be permitted to give one or more days' pay to aid the company in making repairs rendered necessary by the recent floods in the South. The employees also sought permission to solicit contributions from all employees on the payroll of the company by means of the following statement: "We feel as other employees that we should deeply deplore these unfortunate conditions, and to the end that the Illinois Central may have our assistance, co-operation and support in rebuilding and repairing its bridges, track and equipment, we hereby appeal to you to join us in the contribution of the equivalent of one or more days' pay to that end."

In declining the offer Vice-President W. L. Park said, in part: "In all my railroad experience, in the ranks and as an officer, I never have encountered so unselfish and loyal an offer. That these men should voluntarily tender their mite to assist their company (and I use the word "their" advisedly, for such men are really partners in the institution) is an evidence of such patriotic loyalty and self-abnegation that I am inclined to the belief that it is unparalleled in railroad history."

Substitute for the Blue Flag

The railway commissioners of Canada, following an investigation of certain complaints, have recommended to the railways of the Dominion that a metal or wooden disk be used as a signal for the protection of cars which are being repaired, instead of the flag, which is subject to the caprices of the wind. The commissioners recommend the use of a disk the shape of a semaphore arm, to be hung on the ladder at the end of a car and so fixed as to project 18 inches out beyond the side of the car. In this position it would be visible the length of an ordinary train. The horizontal arm would be fastened to a short vertical board, fitted with hooks by which it could be supported on the rounds of the ladder. At night a blue lantern could be hung from the projecting arm. The railways are requested to send to the commission their views on this suggestion.

TIME CLOCKS FOR TRACK WALKERS

The Pennsylvania Railroad has recently supplied the track walkers on certain districts with time clocks to insure that the required inspections of the track are being made. Previous to the installation of these time clocks a card system was generally used. While this was the most satisfactory method which had been developed up to that time, it was not entirely reliable, as it was necessary for the operators at the various stations to mark the track walker's cards and collusion between the track walker and operator sometimes resulted.

The time clock system can be so arranged that the track walker's beat may include the entire track foreman's subdivision or it may cover only a limited portion of it. Patrol boxes containing keys each having a different number or letter are located at points where it is desired to secure the records. The boxes are so equipped that they may be placed on telephone poles, mile posts, or any other permanent structure. Each patrolman carries a time or registering clock. As he makes his rounds he unlocks the metal patrol box with his master key and takes from the box the key for that station, which is attached to the box by a substantial chain. He operates the clock with this key, registering the time and the number or letter of the station on a paper dial in the clock. He then proceeds to the next box, where he repeats the operation. In this way he makes an accurate record of his patrol.

The keys are so made that it is impossible for the patrolman to substitute false keys. It is also impossible for him to remain at any one station and record for the entire patrol without detection, as the keys for the various stations are of different designs. When the track walker has completed his work he delivers his clock to the section foreman who removes the paper dial and sends it to the supervisor for permanent record.

QUICK WIT SAVED SOLDIER

Ready Answer Pleased Napoleon and Disarmed Indignation of Man Whose Name He Assumed.

In the French campaign in Italy, in which Napoleon I. first began to win the laurels which subsequently so abundantly crowned his career, a young Italian cavalry officer was taken prisoner. Having serious doubts about his safety, it occurred to him to pretend he was a great personage. So he promised rewards to his captors if they would insure his good treatment, adding confidentially that he was the duke of Modena. He was exceedingly well cared for, and early next morning was called before Napoleon, who was somewhat puzzled at finding two dukes of Modena among his prisoners, for the real duke was also a prisoner. The real duke angrily asked his counterfeit by what authority he had assumed the title of duke of Modena. The young officer answered:

"Your grace, the peril of my situation yesterday was such that had I known a more illustrious title I would not have assumed yours."

The reply so pleased both the duke and General Napoleon that he was forgiven his deceit.

Your sales falling off? Put an ad. in the Times and note the effect.

AN AGE OF MIRACLES.

The age of miracles of the past, which many are inclined to doubt, are being far surpassed by the wonders of the present. What, for instance would Moses and the Israelites who subsisted on manna, have thought of the feat of a Russian chemist in forming a bowl-egg from the atmosphere? What would Naaman who was healed of leprosy, have thought of the curing of those modern forms of leprosy, cancer and tuberculosis, by means of the marvel of marvels, radium, which constantly gives out light and heat without diminishing its initial supply? Joshua, who performed some prodigious feats of valor, would, doubtless, have been amazed if told that the time would come when people would fly through the air, as a crew of twenty-eight men did the other day in one of the German fleet of air-ships, flying a distance of sixteen hundred miles in twenty-nine hours. Or he would have been astounded to learn that it would be possible for individuals to communicate with one another to a distance of over four thousand miles by flashing messages through the air. Doubtless too, he would have turned pale at some of the possibilities of our modern appliances of warefare, such as the battle-ships from whose sides in a single dis ge tons of steel and iron would belch forth to a distance of from twelve to sixteen miles.

As to the visions which many of the of the ancient prophets were permitte to behold: what they have thought o the realistic arrangements of the syn charge tons of steel and iron would belc nograph? Scenes and incidents are log recorded which, after years, will b reproduced so vividly that the original could not have been more impressive. They will be more real than dreams or visions.

But, those prophets of ancient times clearly foretold the conditions of the present. Daniel stated that in the time of the end, many shall run to and fro and knowledge shall be increased. David 12:4. Also, the Prophet Nahum referring to "the day of his preparation", declares that " the chariots (automobiles, trolley cars, and railroad trains) shall be with flaming torches (headlights searchlights , etc.) . . . and shall jostle one another in the broadways: they shall seem like torches, they shall run like the lightnings ". Nahum 2:3,4.

Surely, the "preparations" for Messiah's kingdom are progressing rapidly.

THE WANDERING JEW.

Fences.

The time once was when no home was complete without its surrounding fence, or possibly hedge. The fence idea is an inheritance from the ancient days when each man's house was his fort and his fence was likely to be a three-foot stone wall, 20 feet high.

Times changed, and the battlemented walls were no longer needed, gradually giving way to more decorative and less expensive barriers. They were just as necessary as during the feudal times, however, because with peace came increasing crops and increasing cattle to molest them. The cattle ran at will and were just as fond of trespassing in a vegetable lot as they now are.

For this reason every home was fenced in, and the custom still prevails universally in England and some parts of the continent. It is hardly respectable not to be fenced in there.

This custom came to America, with the first settlers, the Virginia colonists using white picket fences largely, and the Puritans developing that most charming of all fences, the New England stone wall.

Westward they moved, taking their fences with them. Stone walls changed to rails and pickets to upended stumps, until the timberless, stoneless plains were reached. Here fences were needed most of all because this was an ideal cattle country and increasing numbers forbade their roaming at will. it naturally was an American who invented the barbed wire and woven fencing, and today there are more miles of fence in America than in all the rest of the world combined.

Of late years we have begun to awaken to the fact that there are advantages in not fencing in private yards that are free from objectionable neighbors. We do not need fences to protect our front lawns from cattle in our cities and suburbs, and their only value is a sentimental one. By removing the front yard fences from a block of surburban residences, we secure the effect of a street twice as wide and much more spacious grounds about each house.

If a front fence is desired, let it be in keeping with the character of the house and grounds. While a tall, ornamental iron fence is the ideal type for a formal city mansion, it is decidedly out of place in a suburban setting. Nothing is prettier than a white picket fence for a colonial dwelling, and a cut stone wall is very attractive for large estates.

Fences for the city and country yards are still very popular, and properly so. It is in the back yard that the garden grows, the children play and the clothes hang out to dry. Here is the waste paper barrel, the garbage can, the ash pile and the chicken yard. Let us have a little privacy, a place where we do not have to be presentable. Let us put a high board fence or a hedge or some other screen around the back yard, and do just as we please out there.

We can plant vines and fruit trees against the fence and hide it, besides making it bear tribute. A six-foot board fence will serve the purpose, or a lower one with a clump of high shrubs before it. Cement walls may be made as thin as three inches and as high as eight feet, if a more permanent fence is desired.

The Altoona Ti[mes]

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William Hahman.....Treasu.
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MONDAY MORNING, MAY 26.

AN INACCURATE STATEMENT

WE DO NOT BELIEVE that the esteemed Mirror wants to mislead its readers in its discussion of the natural gas controversy, hence we have attributed its departure from the facts as due to lack of knowledge of the subject. So much misinformation has been disseminated, and there are so many issues involved, that it is not surprising that a great many persons have formed conclusions on defective premises.

In an editorial published in a recent issue of our evening contemporary we find this statement:

> It (the Altoona Gas Company) does not even give the city the right to buy its plant at the expiration of forty years. It will dispose of its extensions—nothing more. And its franchise is not for sale.

There is really no excuse for this inaccuracy, since the ordinance which was recently introduced in councils is available. By its provisions the city is given the option of taking over the ENTIRE plant of the Altoona Gas company on the same terms and conditions that apply to the plant of the natural gas company.

The ordinance which President Irvin ruled out of common council accepted every provision of the natural gas franchise, including that relating to the purchase by the city of the pipes and mains of the distributing company, at the termination of the period for which a franchise is sought—forty years.

If the city takes up its option and assumes control of the physical property of the gas company, the Altoona Gas company will have remaining the charter granted to it by the commonwealth, but not a distributing system. If it relinquishes its property, it certainly will rest with the municipality to say whether it may install a new distributing system, in the event that it elects to continue in business—which at this time seems improbable.

To all practical purposes, its franchise will be worthless, and it would be useless to offer it for sale.

The city will own and operate the gas plant, and no private corporation will benefit by a franchise.

If our contemporary seeks to be fair, it will familiarize itself with the provisions of the ordinance which was ruled out of councils and then advise its readers that it was in error when it made the statement above quoted.

BEES THAT ARE BANDITS

A NEW JERSEY MAN is accused by his neighbors of keeping a species of bees that, instead of honestly making honey from flower and clover bloom, thievishly plunder the hives of all the working bees in the neighborhood.

It is asserted that this man, although he has not kept an honest bee in seven years, regularly sells more honey than any other bee man in the Delaware valley.

No doubt these allegations will surprise most people. The bee has been commonly looked upon as incorruptibly honest and as an unvarying model of industry. Indeed, it was from the bee that man first learned that industry and honesty go through this world hand in hand, that without honesty there would be little industry and without industry there could be no conception of honesty.

The man, or the bee, that won't work is bound to have unhealthy views and improper practices regarding the rights of property.

The degrading effects of idlness have long been observable in man. But it has been thought the bee is of a higher order.

If a story had come from New Jersey, or anywhere else, telling that a gang of men had been making their living, not by work, but by plundering the savings of industrious people, not the slightest surprise would have been excited. Men are a good deal given to that sort of thing everywhere.

But it appears that bees can suffer degradation as well as men. And, according to the charges made in this case, whisky entered into the degradation of the bees just as it does into that of men. It is claimed that the bees were fed on "doped" honey in order to make thieves of them.

The drunken bee becomes a bandit. Befuddled with booze he refuses to work and turns to riotous living.

We fondly claim great superiority for the human mind over the mind of the bee. Certainly, it is superior under normal conditions. But it seems that booze brings them to the same level so far as the more essential qualities are concerned.

MAY PROVE A COSTLY PRACTICE

NOT INFREQUENTLY the local newspapers record that aldermen and justices of the peace have remitted fines imposed upon offenders, this course being actuated by merciful impulses. If an opinion recently rendered by the controller of Cambria county, and the law offered in support of it, are tenable, those who temper justice after it has been administered by remission of fines are making themselves liable to serious consequences.

Cambria county justices have been advised that it is unlawful for them to remit fines after once imposed, and that they will be held responsible for all sums not fully accounted for in their returns to the county treasury. Those who do not keep a true and accurate docket of criminal litigation are warned that they are liable to severe fines, which will be invoked in case of infraction; and if the dockets disclose that all fines levied are not collected and turned into the treasury the offending magistrate will be held personally responsible for their payment.

The necessity of this regulation is apparent. It prevents the collection and retention of fines by alderman with the formal statement that they have been remitted in whole or in part. Magistrates apparently have no discretion after they once impose a fine, and those who have been doing so should investigate the opinion of the Cambria county official, since Blair county will soon have a controller and he may entertain the same view.

THE EARTH?

...has recently for-
...on the earth by a
great ... This brings up the
question ... our race has been
here. S... ns of thousands and
some eve... indreds of thousands
of years. The ... alone gives the facts,
and, as they are of interest to many,
we present the evidence.

From Adam's creation to Seth's birth was 130 years, to Enos' birth 105 years, to Cainan 90 years, to Mahalleel 70, to Jarad 65, to Enoch 162, to Methuselah 65 to Lamech 187, to Noah 182, to the flood 600; total 1656 years. (Genesis 5: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 25, 28; 7:6.)

From the flood to Asphaxad's birth was 2 years, to Salah 35, to Eber 30, to Peleg 34, to Reu, 30, to Serug 32, to Nahor 30, to Terah's death and the the covenant with Abraham 205; total 427 years. (Genesis 11:10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 32; 12: 1-4.)

From the covenant to Isaac's birth was 25 years, to the weaning and mockery by Ishmael was 5 years, to the end of the affliction in Egypt, 400 years; total sojourning of Abraham's posterity amidst unsatisfactory conditions, 430 years Genesis 12:4; 21:5, 8, 9; 15:13; Exodus 12:40-,51).

From the exodus to spying the land of Canaan was 1 year, to the division of the land 45 years, to the reign of Saul 450 years; total 496 years. (Numbers Joshua 14:7,10; and Paul the hebrew in Acts 13:19-21.

Saul reigned 40 years, David 40, Solomon 40, Rehoboam 17, Abijah 3 Asa 41, Jehosaphat 25, Jehoram 8, Ahaziah 1, Athaliah 6, Jehoash 40, Amaziah 29, Uzziah 52, Jotham 16, Ahaz 16, Hezekiah 29, Manasseh 55, Amon 2, Josiah 31, Jehoakim 11; Zedekiah 11, desolation to the first year of Cyrus 70 years; total 583 years. (Paul the Hebrew in Acts 13:21;, 1 Chronicles 29: 27; 2 Chronicles 9:30 12: 13; 13:2; 16:13; 20:31; 21:20; 22:2; 22:12; 24:1; 25:1; 26:1; 27:1 29:1; 33:1; 33:21; 34:1; 36:5; 36:11; 36:20-23.)

All histories agree that the first year of Cyrus was 536 B. C. and we are now in the year 1913 of the A. D. period. Adding together the totals of 1656 years, 427, 430, 496, 583, 563 and 1913, we find we are now in the year of man on earth 6041. Every available fact of history and nature corroborates the accuracy of these figures.

Earth's population now is 1,600,000,000. A century ago it was 800,000,000. Assuming that it has doubled every century, then five centuries ago it was but 50,000,000. Three centuries ago there were fewer people in the whole Western Hemisphere than there are now in the little state of Massachusetts. The idea that man has been long on the earth is all folderol, unproven and unprovable.

THE WANDERING JEW.

VALUE OF OUR INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL

Editor, Altoona Times:

Judging from the introductory remarks of the Editor of the Altoona Gazette to the writer's last article we may be led to conclude that the donation of that equipment to the high school by the railroad company, the issuing of a rule concerning acceptance of applicants for apprenticeship and the setting of a wage scale for apprentices determined the true relation of that equipment to the community on one hand, and to the company on the other hand. Now, while the writer appreciates the donation and the motive behind it, as it now stands taxpayers $25,000, he does not care a particle what value the company put upon that equipment by making a rule and establishing a wage scale. Rule and wage scale do not establish the efficiency of our industrial school of which the equipment is only a contributary part, hence, only by applying an efficiency scale to the output of our industrial school, thus determining its true value, do we arrive at the actual benefits derived by the community and by the company from the relation of that donation.

On the part of the company the standard, or measurement, of the efficiency of the school would be a maximum of attainable manual skill in the use of tools, plus enough of shop mathematics, drawing, knowledge of processes of production, an elementary knowledge of physical laws and economics and a mind so trained in reasoning power as general intelligence so as to enable the young men to easily adapt themselves to their work and to enable them to grasp a clear idea of their rights, their duties and responsibilities to themselves, their employer and their fellow citizens.

On the part of the community the standard of efficiency would be a sufficient degree of intelligence to easily grasp the duties and responsibilities of citizenship, of co-operation of public spirit and enough of technical knowledge and of economics to enable the young men and women to understand that modern municipal housekeeping is not a question of politics and favors, but of engineering problems of a high order, of sanitation and of social service and economics.

Now is anyone tells the writer that such a program is too ideal, that it cannot be carried out, that on the one hand then let us inquire why it is not done and let us be honest and stop exalting our industrial and high school and tell the people that more money and patience and co-operation are required to make our schools what they ought to be.

We cannot expect to get $110 worth of value from our school for $54, nor is the program higher than it ought to be to do justice to our young people. Such a program is being carried out in a number of similar schools in this country and in Germany, in Switzerland, in Belgium, and there is carried out in apprentice schools inferior to our high schools and costing not more than $23 per pupil. Is there any one willing to say that the American boy and girl are mentally and physically inferior to the German boy and girl and therefore unable to do work in our schools? The writer does not admit that our American boys and girls are mentally and physically inferior to the German boys and girls and if we do not admit such an inferiority then the writer would say to the higher educators, and has said so quite plainly to them, that it is up to them to readjust their schools to modern requirements and to tell their teachers, tell the people that our old system of education in the elementary and high schools has become inadequate to do the work, just as machinery and locomotives of thirty years ago would be inadequate today. And this is the reason why our industrial school and that equipment do not give the service they might give with the help of proper educational machinery. Our educational organization and machinery has become too light to do the work required to be done. We need more and different kinds of schools to do the different kinds of work expected of them.

To put an industrial school into an academic high school drives a lot of young people into the high school who are not talented enough to get the full benefit and who would be better taken care of in a cheaper continuation school. But they must be attended to and thus hold the others back.

Again, since the industrial school subjects should receive a different treatment from the treatment these same subjects are receiving in the traditional academic high school the efficiency of the other is impaired if, as is the case in our schools, the school people attempt to straddle two horses and try to prepare apprentices for the shops in a traditional college preparatory academic high school.

There is where we are lacking in adequate school machinery and organization. Our schools break down and the people growl and grumble and anathematize the school people because the old traditional school is too weak, and the old traditional preparation of the teachers is inadequate to carry the burden of all that heavy work which modern industry requires it to carry.

Why is a brass foundry not carried on on the same floor with the iron foundry? It is all molding, melting and casting metals, is it not? It is similar sand and cores and patterns, are they not? Yet, why are they carefully separated? The processes, the materials used and manner and method of work done is, to the outsider, apparently the same yet the nature of the result of the brass and iron foundries is so greatly different, the scope of the work has such different ends in view and the material produced serves such different uses that they must be carried on on separate floors.

In a similar way mixing out traditional academic college preparatory education with a modern shop apprentice education impairs the value of results of one or the other. Why and how will be explained further on.

PAUL KREUZPOINTNER.

THE CALL OF THE WILD

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will leave for Arizona in the near future to head a search for a lost tribe of Indians.

EVENTS AS VIEWED BY PENNSYLVANIA EDITORS

SLEEPING IN CHURCH.

(Harrisburg Telegraph.)

The perversion of human nature which will keep a man awake all night because he has swallowed a teaspoonful of coffee and send him sound asleep in church after a refreshing night's rest, and a bountiful breakfast, has long been a subject for speculation.

Church sleepers are not only annoying to others, but they are an embarrassment to themselves, and the Reformed Church Messenger performs a distinct service to the religious public in taking up the matter from the scientific point of view. Although its investigations may not be final, they constitute a step in the right direction, and it will doubtless result in a general diminution of church somnolence.

An instructor in one of the larger universities, who was asked for an explanation, threw new light on the evil when he said:

> How can a person listen to an address when the decorations of the church are inharmonious? When the curtains are pink, the cushions red, and the decorations are yellow and blue, the emotions of the audience are affected, and they become drowsy. What is needed is a system of colors that will not have a depressing effect.

This explanation is at least interesting, although it will not be entirely satisfactory to those who have seen and heard habitual church sleepers amid all sorts of color schemes—gaudy and somber, harmonious and inharmonious, attractive and repellant.

Still it may be that one sleeps more readily on a red cushion than on a bare board, and that pink curtains in conjunction with yellow and blue decorations fill one with a desire to lose oneself in slumber.

All these things will doubtless be brought out in due season, and the Telegraph will be glad to co-operate in any way, even to furnishing a few bent pins.

TRACKING THE DEAD-BEAT.

(Pittsburgh Dispatch.)

Landlords who have been beaten out of rents, merchandise and other creditors who have been left in the lurch by the disappearance of dishonest debtors will be likely to endorse heartily the suggestion offered by an ordinance now pending before the City Council of Baltimore designed to keep track of the not inconsiderable class which believes it is cheaper to move than to pay rent and other bills.

This ordinance would require a written report to be filed with the police department on the removal of all household goods or personal effects other than baggage, giving the old location and the place to which they are removed, whether in the city or elsewhere. The information must be supplied by the person or firm hauling the goods and if shipped out of town must show the station or wharf where they were left for shipment. The report must be made within three days and is to be on file at police headquarters for inspection by those who may be interested. A fine of $5 to $50 for each neglect is prescribed.

The measure has the endorsement of the Credit Men's Association of Baltimore. Doubtless there will be objection to it as an impertinent intrusion of the police power into personal affairs, but that, to the honest citizen, is a theoretical grievance, while the advantage offered to those creditors who have a very solid grievance, while the advantage offered to those creditors who have a very solid grievance against the "dead beat" is a matter of dollars and cents. The dodger of honest debts is not entitled to any more consideration than he gives to his creditors.

EUROPE'S NIGHTMARE.

(Pittsburgh Post.)

While the peace commissioners are preparing for the official close of the Turco-Balkan war, there is enough going on to keep up the ferment that is distracting the continent. It is reported that Servia and Greece have formed an alliance and will engage in war with Bulgaria immediately unless that country accepts a proposition for the arrangement of the boundaries of the acquired territory.

The intensity of feeling is reflected in the assassination yesterday of Essad Pasha, the defender of Scutari, who attempted the formation of a provisional government of Albania. The only explanation of the tragedy is that it was probably in revenge for the death of Hassan Riza Pash, whose friends blamed Essad.

The ending of the war does not always bring peace, and the opinion that Europe cannot extricate herself from the complications is being borne out.

A DIVERSION.

(Lancaster Intelligencer.)

The illness of the Mikado gives the Japanese people, who were fretting over the action of California, something else to think of that is a more legitimate cause of distress to them. They are a people unusually devoted to their ruling family, and may be supposed to be deeply distressed by the illness of the emperor. He is not personally as emperors, indeed, are not usually, a man of great consequence, in quality; but he is a great consequence to the Japs as their emperor, and, indeed, noth...g could interest them more than his personal well being. President Wilson, has got an idea, apparently, that they are a people who need to be treated carefully, not only with distinguished considerations, but with scrupulous care against giving them offense. The illness of the emperor will help his essay.

The Human Procession

Sir Walter Strickland, 62 Today, Is "Anarchist Baronet"

An extraordinary and unique character is Sir Walter Strickland, the "anarchist baronet," who was recently reported as missing from his accustomed haunts, but was later discovered in Cordova, Spain, where he said he had fled to escape the English government. Sir Walter, who is the ninth of his line, and whose title dates from 1641, was born sixty-two years ago today, and succeeded his father some four years since. A scholar and savant of wide repute, he is also called a gypsy and an anarchist, owing to his wandering habits and political theories. He was still a young man when the wanderlust seized him, and since then he has traveled all over the globe, studying the flora and fauna of the countries he visited, and nearly always getting into hot water with their governments. He has written many books and pamphlets violently attacking religion, the state, and the established order generally. He is a linguist of ability, versed in both ancient and modern languages, and won wide fame by his translations of Moliere and Horace. It is said that during his sixty-two years he has spent only a week at London.

Sir Walter declared that he had hidden himself in Spain because he had received a warning "from an absolutely reliable source" that powerful officials were plotting his assassination. In Vienna the Baronet was arrested because it was thought to be Ugo Schenck, a murderer. "This was a great compliment," commented the Baronet, "for Schenck was described as extremely handsome and aristocratic looking."

Upon succeeding to the title, Sir Walter announced his intention of "removing every scrap of property to the continent, and for the future to have as little as possible to do with England and its people.

In a recent letter to a London newspaper Sir Walter wrote: "The vulgar, ungentlemanly and indeed murderous persecution to which I have been subjected is exclusively British."

The "anarchist Baronet" comes of an ancient family that has its seat at Strickland in Westmoreland before the Conquest and one of Sir Walter's ancestors carried the banner of St. George at Agincourt. The Strickland who was the first baronet was a member of the bogus House of Lords during the great rebellion.

Robert William Chambers, the greatest living American novelist,—this statement is made on the authority of Elinor Glyn, who fairly dotes on "Rob"—will pass his forty-eighth milestone today Mr. Chambers was born in Brooklyn, and was an artist, and exhibited at the French Salon, before he took up the novel-writing trade. His first novel, "In the Quarter," was published twenty years ago, and has been followed by some thirty others, all highly successful from the financial viewpoint. Indeed, Mr. Chambers is said to have something like a million dollars safely invested, and every cent of it was derived from his something-awfully - naughty-and-shocking-is-just-about-to-happen-but - never-does brand of fiction.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

MAY 26, 1893.

C. Blythe Jones announced his candidacy for renomination for the office of county commissioner, on the Democratic ticket.

The Mountaineers took a fall out of the Danville nine of the State league, to the tune of 14-6. Handley did the heavy work for Altoona, being opposed by Setley.

The twenty-seventh anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Frank, of Fourth avenue and Twenty-ninth street, was celebrated at their home.

The Blair county undertakers met at the office of President McFarland, of the county capital. Elections for the various offices were held.

First Things

The first bank chartered by the United States was the Bank of North America, which was authorized by the Continental Congress 132 years ago today. The institution was planned by Robert Morris, then superintendent of finance. Morris perceived that under the new government, based on the articles of confederation, the Congress had no power to enforce taxation, independent of the several States. He then proposed the establishment of the Bank of North America, at Philadelphia, to supply the government with funds, with a capital of $400,000. The promissory notes of the bank were to be a legal tender currency, to be received in payment of all taxes, duties, and debts due the United States. Congress approved the scheme, and twelve directors were appointed to manage the affairs of the institution, which was officially entitled "The President, Directors, and Company of the Bank of North America." This scheme furnished adequate means for saving the continental army from disbanding. The Bank of North America, with the Bank of New York and the Bank of Massachusetts, held the entire banking capital of the country until 1793, when the Bank of the United States was organized.

COMMISSIONS FOR SAFETY.

(Wall Street Journal.)

Investors in public utilities securities, and there are no stocks or bonds more popular at the present time, feel gratified to observe that the old-time antagonism toward regulating commissions has abated. It seems to be realized that a commission, when correctly organized, is a safeguard to the investor, and is helpful to the utility. The owner of securities is protected and benefited by wise laws, wisely administered. His property is protected, and the risk of destructive and cut-throat competition is eliminated.

This was particularly indicated recently in a decision of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners of New Jersey. The board refused to grant the application of the Consumers Gas Co. of Millville, to begin business after that company had already secured a franchise from the city council. In this instance the commission pointedly stated that it refused to sanction the franchise because the existing company was performing, or could perform, the service, in a satisfactory manner. Disgruntled consumers were probably responsible for the organization of a competitive company, but the commissioners held that such competition was unfair to those who had invested, and was unnecessary.

In rendering this decision, the commission quoted a syllabus of a former decision, which is thoroughly reassuring to every investor. It holds:

> "1. Services afforded by public utilities tend eventually to be rendered under conditions of monopoly.
>
> "2. Competition is likely to be shortlived,
>
> "3. Where competing companies serving the same consumers finally unite, the unnecessary duplication of plant and appliances entails a permanent burden upon the public."

Upon such a platform there is as little risk to investment in utility securities as to any other kind. The man who puts his money into these is protected from ruinous competition. Regulation may arrange fair rates and prevent all the business in which he is interested, but it will also prevent any competitive war.

This common sense view taken by the commissioners of New Jersey is, fortunately, rapidly becoming the view of every regulative body. Resultant upon this policy will be the continued consolidation of utility companies, the continued growth, in size and efficiency, of plants, and the increase of dividend earning power, with reduced cost to the consumer.

WHO IS HE?

They are a good natured lot, those Pennsylvania statesmen who ride No. 43 at the week's end. As soon as the long bridge is crossed, there is a bunch of them in the smoking compartment. Cigars and cigarettes are alight and the shop talk begins. Over in the corner is a bright talker. The conversation soon centers about him. This is natural because he is strong of voice and clear in expression. But his face would indicate it, but you soon see that he is a leader among his fellow statesmen. His hair is shocky, and his head square. His face indicates strength of a rugged and superficial kind. Nothing Ciceronian about him. His eyes twinkle and his teeth are short. He is stout but not stocky. His wit, like many of the statesmen who ride 43, is of the falstaffian, stump-speech type. His arguments and conclusions are all enforced with a liberal handful of g's and h's and h's and h. with the other fellows. Necessary, of course, to fortify his impregnable positions and incontrovertable conclusions. He is discussing the Governor's "steam boundary, road-rolling, patent-gloss-finished Public Utilities Bill." How the attorney general winced when our friend of the smoking compartment leaned across the desk, in the house, and told him that in less than two years the "gang" would all be on their bellies, licking the dust, and seeking a place to "crawl in." What a glorious opportunity they all had to get under cover when the "eminent domain corporation clause amendment" was offered. And another chance when the "current expense capital" clause was to be nullified by the little "not," in the amender's mind. What a sight, to see the little town south of Philadelphia digging up Broad street to lay a pipe line, while the good mayor of Penn's town is helpless to interfere. What a play to the Corporations—to bring the capital stock up one day to bring it down the next down—down to ten per cent. And then, what a travesty on the good people of the state to foster such a method as the present plan of appropriations. What a fine place out from Philadelphia, that place for the detention of seafaring unfortunates. $400,000 appropriation and one spell with the mumps cared for since September. But the train has run into Pittsburgh, and the enlightening shop talk must end. Who is the statesman?

BANQUET TO PROF. OSBORNE.

Teachers of the Jefferson public school building, on last Friday evening tendered a banquet to Principal W. W. Osborne, the veteran instructor in the school, the affair being held in Caum's cafe. The occasion was greatly enjoyed by all participants.

Those present were: Misses Mabel J. Mallory, Katherine Garrecht, Jessie A. Mulberry, Catherine Shoup, Caumilius Coll, Nellie M. Grimminger, Laura B. Moore, Annie R. Irwin, E. Pearl Hess, Laura C. Kratzer, Carmen B. Roth, and Lillie B. Giser, all teachers of the school.

The Altoona Times

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FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 20.

AN ABSURD REGULATION.

ATTENTION IS directed anew to the existence of an absurd ordinance regulating electric signs by severe criticisms which have been published in the People's Column of this newspaper, and we trust, for the sake of the reputation of this city as a wide-awake, progressive community, that councils may be induced to enact legislation which is in accord with twentieth century ideas.

A few years ago an ordinance was adopted which forced several business men to remove valuable advertising devices worth many thousands of dollars, and the Altoona Times at that time expressed its opinion that no reasonable argument could be advanced in support of the proposition. It was declared that some of these signs might be unsafe and a menace to the safety of the public, but it was suggested that the saner course would be to provide for municipal inspection and control, that would encourage the erection of electrical signs in a substantial manner.

The local regulation, as interpreted, permits the erection of illuminating devices so long as they are not construed as advertising devices. This will appear to most people as an absurd splitting of hairs, since all illumination is intended to attract attention and is, therefore, in a certain sense a method of advertising. Not long since a prominent business institution sought to erect lights and was refused permission to do so because they were contrued as advertising devices and came under the inhibition of the foolish act of councils.

The rational policy for this city to pursue would be to permit the erection of electric signs conforming to certain specifications, and provide for inspection at specified intervals, the cost to be borne by citizens directly benefitted. The desire of business men to enhance the appearance of their stores should be encouraged, and to this end the laws should be as liberal as is consistent with public safety.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE LOBBYIST.

The congressional committee which is on the trail of lobbyists at Washington has apparently undertaken a task that its members will not live long enough to finish. The inquiry has gone far enough to establish the fact that nearly every citizen of this republic of any prominence has at some time in his career been guilty of attempting to influence lawmakers for or against propositions which he favored or opposed, as the case may be.

There is the sugar lobby, for instance. The beet sugar people have expended a great deal of money and energy in maintaining protective duties on the staple in which they were interested. On the other hand, jobbers have similarly expended large sums of money trying to convince congress and the people that free sugar is the situation. Both factions have liberally used the franking graft to promote their respective propagandas.

Tariff advocates and free traders alike have maintained bureaus for the promotion of publicity favorable to their causes. Every important law that has been before congress has been supported and opposed by interests which were variously affected by it.

What, then, is lobbying, in an opprobrious and objectionable sense? Is it an offense to endeavor to promote sentiment favorable to a cause in which one is interested? Is a suppliant for official favor who personally or through the medium of newspapers and other sources of publicity endeavors to advance his welfare to be denounced as an undesirable? Are all business men who seek to advance or retard the progress of intended legislation malefactors who should be summarily punished?

These are interesting questions that have been developed by the lobby investigation. There is little likelihood, however, that it will be satisfactorily answered.

If we are competent to form an opinion on the subject, we would say that any individual who endeavors to prevent the enactment of legislation which we favor, or to favor legislation which we oppose, is a lobbyist and should be suppressed.

Men who do not agree with the president are denounced as dangerous characters, while those who agree with everything he says and does are patriots.

The president, when he employs favorite mediums of publicity to direct attention to the opposition to tariff revision, is in a very definite sense justly chargeable with lobbying. The only difference between his course and that of his opponents is that they paid good money for their publicity while he gained his ends without price.

Today opponents of tariff revision are lobbyists; next year, if public sentiment changes, those who clamor for lower duties will be similarly denounced.

It is all very ridiculous, and just what is to be expected during the silly season. Until it is proven that unlawful and corrupt methods have been employed to influence legislation, the public will decline to be aroused.

EVENTS AS VIEWED BY PENNSYLVANIA EDITORS

WASSON TO RETIRE

(Harrisburg Telegraph)

One of the most gratifying bits of news that has cropped up for a long time is the announcement that Henry G. Wasson intends to resign as chairman of the Republican State committee.

Although Wasson has not confirmed the report, his comment on it is of such a nature as to be virtually an acknowledgment of its truth, and the fact that the proposed new state-wide primary law would incontinently rip him out of office if he did not resign, is further corroborative evidence.

Everything considered, there is good reason to hope that the Republican party, which Wasson still has the effrontery to call "my party," has about seen the last of this impudent interloper.

He was made Republican state chairman by a man who is no longer a Republican and it is said that he has remained state chairman against his own wishes to serve the purpose of this man, who is at present head of an opposition party.

Never in the history of Pennsylvania politics has there been such an outrageous instance of bossism as this temporary throttling of a whole party by a coterie of unscrupulous agitators who swore to kill it if they could not make it their abject slave.

It was only a question of time until a popular regard for common decency and propriety would have forced Wasson to align himself openly with those whom he has always served, but the long duration of the shocking farce in which he was the chief actor will continue to be one of the inexplicable features of a political muddle such as this state has not known before and will hardly know again.

The passing of Wasson is an indication that public intelligence is becoming clarified once more. All parties and factions are demanding that their men shall stand up and be counted. None will tolerate traitors and hypocrites.

SAVAGE REFRACTORINESS

(Pittsburgh Dispatch)

It is a curious example of the perversity of the savage races of the world that on two successive days last week we heard of the Moros killing Spanish and French troops who were trying to civilize them by military treatment, and of the Moros getting themselves killed by our soldiers in the same cause.

It looks like one of the inevitable prejudices of the savage or half-civilized mind that it does not like to be civilized—by the bayonet process. Rather than be converted into the good savage by that instrument, the untutored and aboriginal element will fight even when that means extinction. They have a rude logic to the effect that since it is extermination anyhow, they might as well be wiped out while extinguishing some of the extinguishers as to accept the elimination peacefully.

It may be remembered that we developed the existence of similar quality in our aborigines. Helen Hunt called the doing it "A Century of Dishonor." We should not use so harsh a phrase considering the national dislike for its record on that score, we find it difficult to understand why we must go to the other side of the world to challenge the inevitable conflict with a lot of Malay and Mohammedan polygamists, slaveholders and freebooters.

THE CRAZE FOR MAKING LAWS

(Harrisburg Star-Independent)

The other day Judge Kunkel spoke deprecatingly about the craze for making laws. It is a strange and mysterious craze, and might be called the true "dementia Americana." Moreover and in addition, it is remarkable.

For many years the people have declared against the enactment of too many laws, and denounced the introduction of too many bills, in the law making bodies from city councils to the federal congress. The sole result has been the introduction of more bills and the enactment of more laws. Bills are introduced by the thousand in the Pennsylvania legislature and by the ten thousand in the congress.

Necessarily only a very few of the bills are worthy of any consideration. But it is harder to separate the new representative of the people from his bill than a miser from his hoard. The condition has become such that he who introduces no bills is quite as good a representative as he who introduces the many.

It might be a good thing to close all the legislative mills for half a dozen years. It seems absurd that a people cannot govern themselves without incessant enactment of city ordinances, state laws and federal statutes. It seems absurd that the very people who subscribe to the doctrine that the best governed people are the least governed should govern themselves most, with a multitude of new laws and ordinances every year.

It has come to pass that the making of laws has become an industry, like making shoes or cultivating wheat, and pride is taken in the number turned out at every session of the lawmaking bodies. As the judge said, there is a craze for making laws. It might be well to restrain it and have a closed season for the lawmaking industry.

DEMOCRATIC LETHARGY.

(Williamsport Sun)

For some reason or other, many of the Democratic leaders in congress seem to be in no hurry, and are disposed to allow other matters to interfere with the tariff bill.

Senator Kerns, for instance, thinks that action on the tariff bill should be postponed until the West Virginia investigation is at an end.

The lobby inquiry has interfered, too, and other matters of minor importance when considered with the tariff have caused delay.

Even President Wilson doesn't seem to be pushing the bill with the energy one would expect him to exercise; and this, too, in the face of clamor from the Democratic newspapers for action, a clamor in which the Republicans are beginning to join, for the attitude of business men and manufacturers is that the sooner the bill is passed the better it will be, for then the uncertainty will be relieved.

The Human Procession

Mrs. Shepard, Former Helen Gould, Is 45 Today

Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, the former Helen Miller Gould, will celebrate her forty-fifth birthday today. In divulging this information no confidence is violated, for the family philanthropist has never sought to keep her age a secret "shrouded in mystery." A year ago, Miss Gould was described as the world's wealthiest spinster," and it is probable that no thought of marriage had entered her head. The watchful Cupid, who is as democratic as death in the distribution of his darts, at last found his opportunity—found it in the midst of wreck and darkness and disaster. Finley J. Shepard, a comparatively poor railroad man, and Miss Gould, fellow passengers on a West Shore train last October. A warm friendship existed between the pair, but that was all. The train was wrecked, and Mr. Shepard's first thought was for Miss Gould. Assured of her safety, he bent his energies toward saving other passengers whose lives were endangered. The coolness and bravery of the railroad man aroused Miss Gould's admiration, and Cupid, alert to opportunity, let fly two arrows that pierced two hearts, chuckled "At last," fluttered his wings joyously and soared away—perhaps to attend to the budding romance of some Patrick, policeman, and Norah, cook.

* * *

Hubert William Culling Carr-Gorm, who for seven years has been a Liberal member of the British Parliament, was born at Octacamond, South India, thirty-six years ago today. He recently brought suit for a divorce from his wife, naming as co-respondent another prominent Liberal member of Parliament, Eliot Crawshay Williams, parliamentary private secretary to Chancellor Lloyd-George. Despite his youth, Mr. Carr-Gorm is a leader in the councils of Liberalism. He sits for the Holmfirth division of Southwark, and was formerly assistant private secretary to Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. He is a graduate of Eton and Oxford and prominent in several leading clubs of London. It has been alleged by some of the London papers that he was offered a baronetcy to withdraw his suit. He married Kathleen, daughter of the late William Rome, a wealthy Liverpool man, in 1906, the same year he entered Parliament.

* * *

Francis Emroy Warren, of Wyoming, one of the wealthiest members of the United States Senate, was born at Hinsdale, Mass., sixty-nine years ago to-day. During the civil war he was a private and later an officer in the Forty-ninth Massachusetts Volunteers, and received a Congressional medal of honor for gallantry on battlefield at the seige of Port Hudson. Although the owner of millions, Senator Warren recently applied for a $16 a month pension, explaining that he did so in order to officially establish his army record. He went to Wyoming in 1868, and soon became prominent in Republican politics as mayor of Cheyenne, territorial governor, then governor of the State, and United States senator. Sheep were the source of his fortune, and he became one of the largest woolgrowers in the world. He has been subjected to many bitter attacks in the press, but he has been Wyoming's choice for senator since 1890. In a young state in Wyoming he was prominent in the campaign that resulted in the granting of suffrage to the ladies. That was in 1869, when Wyoming was a territory. Throughout his subsequent career "the shepherd king of America" has been a champion of the suffrage cause.

THE NEW LAWN SWING

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require the correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

SHOULD PALESTINE BE GIVEN TO THE JEWS?

Editor Altoona Times: Throughout the eighteen long centuries and more that have elapsed since the destruction of the city of Jerusalem, and the dispersion of the Jewish people among all the nations of the earth, the hope has burned in the hearts of all those worthy of the name of "The Children of Abraham," that the time would come when the blessings of the Lord would again be with His chosen people, and they would be restored to the land of promise from which they would never more be plucked up.—Jeremiah 31:27-34.

With this splendid hope in view, and in keeping with the spirit of the day—the spirit of organization and federation, there has been formed what is known as "The Zionist Movement," a distinctly Jewish organization whose avowed purpose is the returning of that people to their own land—the land of their fathers—and which the Lord promised to them for an everlasting possession. "Zionism" is gaining in numbers and influence among the ten millions of Israelites scattered over the whole known world.

Palestine, the Holy Land, by divine promise and by every moral right, belongs to the Jewish people. For almost 2300 years it has been under Gentile dominion, therefore, it is now about time for the nations and governments to return the land, now in possession of the Turks, to this enterprising and energetic people. Under their able administration the country would prosper, and Jerusalem would, doubtless, in time become one of the leading cities of the world, commercially, financially, and politically. As it is on the direct line of travel between the East and the West, it would become the gateway between the Occident and the Orient, the mart and meeting place for all the peoples of the earth.

Perhaps, as suggested in the ancient Jewish prophecies, the affairs of all nations would be arbitrated and administered at Jerusalem, and thus, in a natural way, the nucleus of a general government would be formed which would promote peace and prosperity among all people. For a beautiful word picture of these ideal conditions read the Prophet Isaiah's description as given in the second chapter and second to fifth verses of his book of writings.

THE WANDERING JEW.

MR. COOPER ISSUES STATEMENT

Editor, Altoona Times:—There has been some conjecture and considerable tommyrot in the papers lately about my action in regard to certain violators of the speed ordinance, discriminating in favor of some as against others. To set this at rest, I have withdrawn the information against the one discriminated against, and desire to say that in the future, I will make information against ALL speedy gentlemen whom I catch with the goods. I also wish it known that I have no relatives in Altoona, and am not in the employ of the mayor or any city official.

I shall exercise as I see fit, the right, and in fact business, of every citizen, to assist in safeguarding the public streets.

W. J. COOPER.

DETWILER FOR SHERIFF.

Editor Altoona Times: In your issue of the Times of last Saturday an article appeared in the interest of J. R. Detwiler, of Williamsburg, under the caption of "Seeking the Office of Sheriff on Merit." The article certainly speaks the truth in every particular. No one in the county is more trustworthy and deserving than Mr. Detwiler. The writer has known him for twenty odd years and can verify the truth as to his honor and integrity.

Mr. Detwiler's father died when the son was young and the management of the home and family fell upon him. He took up his responsibility and kept the family together many years. Mr. Detwiler is a Christian gentleman, charitable, and always ready to help others. He is affable, gentle, and kind hearted.

Mr. Detwiles has filled many offices of trust and is worthy of any that may be intrusted to him in the county. For public and private life he is unassuming, popular, and honest with all his followmen. To do business with him is to learn to like him.

It is the opinion of the writer that no better choice can be made for the office in the county. For his own town he will command the respect and get the support of all parties. Much could be said of his sterling qualities but enough know him to support him and give him a good majority for the office for which he aspires.

A FRIEND.

Greensburg, June 18, 1913.

Gossip and Review

KEEPING APPOINTMENTS.

"Few men realize the importance of being on time," remarked the insurance agent yesterday. "With two other gentlemen I waited for three hours today for an attorney to attend a meeting, but he failed to put in an appearance although only this morning he promised me to be present. And he failed to notify me by 'phone that he could not be on hand, while I was unable to reach him anywhere in the city."

Many men are like that. The really busy man is prompt. He realizes the value of time and is always on hand at an appointed hour. If he finds it impossible to fill an appointment, he notifies the other party, realizing that the time of the other fellow is also valuable. The man who merely thinks he is busy, has no accurate knowledge of what the minutes and hours are worth to himself, and therefore cannot know that the time is valuable to others.

How many times have you attended meetings, or had appointments, or an interview when you were busy, or busy, and could spend your hours to good advantage elsewhere? How many of those times have you waited and waited while other men took their time to arriving? Now by the time all are assembled, half hour or an hour after the appointed time everybody is present and the business is transacted in a few moments.

The man who is late apparently sees nothing wrong in his act. But let us see. Suppose twelve men on a board of directors agree to hold a meeting at three o'clock this afternoon. Suppose that at the appointed hour eleven are present, while the twelfth arrives at four. No business can be transacted until the full number is on hand. These men are busy men. We will assume that their average earning capacity is one dollar an hour. The man who was late has really robbed the other men of eleven dollars. Even though his own time be worth only ten or fifteen cents an hour, he has done the others wrong by stealing their time.

Men will learn to be prompt when they learn the value of not only their own time, but also the value of the time of others.

DOES A NEW POSITION APPEAL?

In The Telephone News of April 1, 1910, there is a reprint of an article from the Michigan Gazette titled "Which?" "Shall I work for a corporation,' says one paragraph, "or shall I go in business for myself?" The well-prepared introduction gives solid arguments for the former choice and drives home the point with: "Especially when we have spent the younger years of experience in the service of a corporation, great must be the inducement to warrant us in canceling its value and taking up a new business without knowledge of its detail or surety of our aptitude."

In considering the number of failures in business that are annually we can fairly say that all or even the majority are due to mediocrity on the part of the venturers. Misfortunes, which proverbially never come singly are, seldom with winning. Fire, unfavorable weather, financial depressions, illness, and lack of support from those on whom reliance is placed, —and all may prove disastrous to a business lacking capital. Further, a man may work with untiring zeal and with loyal assistants, but without that "going value" that well-established business possess his efforts may be in vain.

The disappointments that we "know not of" are numerous in the early histories of starting businesses. Many failures, due to the keenest competition, are never mentioned by those who have had to bear them. Sometimes, in desperation, rates for goods and services are quoted that cool deliberation would recognize as fore telling failure. After a varying period of severe struggling, appeals for backing and repeated losses, the presidents, treasurers and other officers give up the own-business "ghost' and seek any other lines where early experience has made their services useful.

Occasionally in some businesses, and always in others, the nature of those lines have brought so many and such rapid changes that the former employee, who returns for re-employment, finds it difficult to adapt himself. Then he drifts into other lines—making his former experience of still less value through lapse of time—or is glad to accept a much less desirable place in the solid, "going" industry.

Not only does the rolling stone gather no moss, but the businesses and even the professions are heavy losers because of the tendency of these stones to keep rolling. As the seasons change, the desire for other surroundings and conditions is sure to arise. The reliable worker who is content with his firm's treatment is nearly, if not always, the one who attains his desires. He can afford to be dissatisfied only with his own grade of work.

First Things

The first vessel fitted with steam engines to cross the Atlantic was the Savannah, which reached Liverpool ninety-four years ago today. The Savannah, a ship of 350 tons, had sailed from the Georgia city for which it was named on May 24, the passage requiring nearly twenty-seven days. Most of the voyage was made under sail, coal supply having been exhausted after ten days at sea. Six years later the steamship Enterprise went from Falmouth, England, to the East Indies, the first voyage of the kind ever made. Thomas Paine was the first to propose steam navigation in America, in 1778, according to Haydn. Regular navigation of the ocean between Europe and America was commenced in June, 1838, when the steamship Great Western crossed the Atlantic in eighteen days. In the meantime, however, there had been several occasional passages, the steamboat Royal William crossing the ocean from Quebec in 1831. The Cunard line's first Steamer, the Brittania, a side-wheeler, began service to Halifax and Boston in 1840.

..The Scrap Book..

West Virginians Celebrate "Secession From Secession"

West Virginia will celebrate its fiftieth birthday today. It was just half a century ago, on June 20, 1863, that the "secession from secession" of the people of the western part of the Old Dominion culminated in the inauguration of a new State government at Wheeling, and the addition of a new star to the flag of the Union. Wheeling the first capital, will be the scene of the birthday celebration today. The "stogie city" will be the host to many distinguished men, and oratory and grape juice will flow freely at the great state banquet, while the populace will be entertained by parades, pageants and concerts.

The "secession from secession" movement, the alliance of [illegible] West Virginia mountaineers with the [illegible]vn cause, and the admission of West [illegible]ia to statehood, had a profound [illegible]on the fortunes of the Confeder[illegible] and the success of the plan fo[illegible]ward invasion to Lake Erie, [illegible]ubering the North by separat[illegible] from the West.

Eastern and weste[illegible]e at war with each other [illegible]e before the outbreak o[illegible] tween North and S[illegible]ginia was settled la[illegible] of the higher cla[illegible] politics, and adhere[illegible] England. Western [illegible] sturdy pioneers of [illegible] democratic and radi[illegible] dencies, and non-co[illegible] The civil war only s[illegible] differences to a crisi[illegible]

Fifty-two years a[illegible] ional State governm[illegible] West Virginia, and a[illegible] for admission to t[illegible] two years later the [illegible]ment went into powe[illegible] was a day of great ju[illegible] tle city on the Ohio. [illegible]erywhere, and vivid cre[illegible] cheer the outgoing pro[illegible]nor, Pierpont, and the n[illegible] Arthur I. Boreman, a Scot[illegible] who was formally inaugura[illegible] was the Mountain State laun[illegible] its career as the thirty-fifth [illegible] Union, with the motto, "Montani Semper Liberi"—"Mountaineers are always free."

Fifty years after that auspicious event, civil war still smolders in parts of West Virginia. Paint Creek, Beaver Creek, New River—these names are associated with recent battles almost as sanguinary as some of those conflicts of fifty years ago. For several years, with only an occasional truce, capital and labor have been at war in the Kanawha county coal fields. Martial law, the "bull-pen," dynamite and dum-dum bullets, armored trains, military courts, the suppression of newspapers, the spectre of negro troops, the streets through muddy streets of dingy towns by khaki-clad soldiers, gatling guns frowning from extemporized forts, churches transformed into barracks, armed miners lurking in ambush to "pot" a "scab," armed guards attacking the defenseless, women and children subsisting on the verge of starvation—these are features of a problem that West Virginia will seek to forget today.

"Montani Semper Liberi' say the miners, contending for "the right to organize."

"Montani Semper Liberi" respond the mine-owners, asserting their right to "conduct their business in their own way."

CATHOLICS AGAINST NEW BIBLE VERSION

NEW YORK, June 19.—Catholic sentiment is against the adoption of the late Father C. A. Martin's translation of the Bible in place of the one which has been in use by the church for the past 260 years. The Rev. D. D. Kennedy of Washington, said at Father Spencer's funeral on Saturday in Washington that a canonical counsel would soon effect such a substitution on the ground that the present Douay version is Latinized, literal and in places very crude. Father Spencer devoted 20 years to his work. "The present Bible is hard to read well," said Father Meyers, of the Church of the Sacred Heart, yesterday, "because the sentences are abrupt and the phrases very jumbled. It is so familiar to our priests that I should imagine a breaking away from it would be hard. It would be touching something holy. The old Bible has been approved by the church as the only authentic translation into English."

Dr. Gregory Martin prepared the old version in 1568 at the College of Douay, in Flanders. Mgr. Bernard Ward, president of St. Edmund's College, at Ware, England, says of it in the Catholic Encyclopedia: "The version is cumbersome and the English so full of Latinisms as to be in places hardly readable but withal it is scholarly and accurate."

SEEKS DIVORCE TO RENEW FRIENDSHIP

LOS ANGELES, June 19.—"I hope to restore though divorce the beautiful friendship which my husband and I lost in marriage. That is why I am suing him now."

This is the explanation given by Mrs. Joseph Pender Eastland, society leader in San Francisco and wife of the millionaire Venezuelan Consul in that city, for her suit for divorce and $500,000 alimony.

Mr. and Mrs. Eastland were married two years ago in Chicago, going at once to Paris to live. Last October they returned to California and she to Coronado. After writing since October for any signs of the "beautiful friendship," Mrs. Eastland decided to try the experiment, of a divorce.

"I am suing on the grounds of incompatibility," she said. "Isn't that sad when marriage that was the best word that could have applied to us? We have been such good friends for so many years that marriage seemed the ideal outcome. Well, we married and found that love does not spring from friendship, that we were only friends and not sweethearts. I think two persons might marry for love and develop friendship, but I now believe they cannot reverse the order with success."

Clothes do not make the man, but a good appearance will often carry off the pacon. Stationery turned out of the Times job department has a distinctive class, that all connoisseurs appreciate.

JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRAT

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WHAT THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY ACCOMPLISHED AT HARRISBURG.

Political parties were established to enable a body of citizens who believed in the same principles and policies of government, by the co-operation incident to united action, to more effectively promote and advance the principles and policies which they all favored. I, therefore, use the term Democratic Party as applying only to those who believe in and advocate the policies enunciated in the Democratic State and National Platform. This, for the reason that that which makes a Democrat is his faith and belief in the policies which the Democratic Party represents, and not the mere claim to the name. In the legislature there are some who, while professing to be Democrats, have absolutely no sympathy with the fundamental principles and purposes of the Democratic Party, but whose claim to affiliation with the party is prompted solely by desire to gain some political or personal advancement, and inasmuch as that selfish advantage can be best furthered by forming an alliance with the dominant political machine, we find them on all occasions aiding that machine in its ulterior purposes, in order that it, in return, may use its power and influence to gratify the selfish purposes and ambitions of its accessories.

At the opening of this legislative session, the Democratic Party undertook to make itself an effective agency to merit the confidence of the public who had so recently entrusted it with power in the nation by doing its utmost to redeem its platform pledges, and to further all legislation having for its purpose the betterment of existing social, moral and political conditions. It felt that the first step toward the accomplishment of these purposes was to restore to the membership of the legislature, the absolute control of its own committees. To that end, we offered in the house, a code of rules, the adoption of which would have accomplished this purpose. The result was, however, a compromise, but in the end, our rules were vindicated, and on the recommendation of the Committee on Committees, adopted almost exactly as proposed by us, with the provision, however, that the most important provisions should not apply during the session of 1913.

Five of the policies to which the party was committed have been realized. They are: The passage through the House and Senate of the resolution to submit to a referendum vote a constitutional amendment for Woman's Suffrage; the Ratification of the amendment to the Federal Constitution for an Income tax; the Ratification of the amendment to the Federal Constitution for the Direct election of United States Senators, the State Wide Primary Bill, which, while not perfect, will materially aid in eliminating party raiding. From the first we have recognized the fact that it would be impossible to secure the enactment of our own election bills, inasmuch as we were in the minority. While we introduced numerous bills on this subject which had for their purpose the carrying into effect of Democratic pledges, our greatest energy has been directed toward securing such necessary, proper and reasonable amendments to the bills introduced by the Independent element of the Republican Party as would make those bills an improvement over the existing law, and restore as far as possible the control of the government to the people. Our efforts in this direction were not in vain, and in co-operation with the Independent members of the House, we secured the passage through that body of an excellent State-wide Primary Bill, a drastic Corrupt Practices Act, and an Act regulating the assistance to be given voters, which would minimize corruption at the polls.

The Democratic Party is entitled also to the confidence of the labor interests of this State, for it has played no small part in securing the passage through the House of the Workingmen's Compensation Bill, the Woman's and Child's labor Bills, the Two Weeks Pay Bill, and the Employers' Liability Bill, together with several other measures in which the labor interests of the State were especially interested. The hearty cooperation of the Democrats in behalf of the State Civil Service Bill made possible its passage through the House. In an effort to redeem the Party Platform we secured the passage through the House of an Initiation and Referendum Bill for cities, and a Constitutional amendment for the Initiative and Referendum as applied in State Legislation.

During the session of the legislature the Democratic party proved itself to be a consecutive party; it presented to the Legislature what is admitted generally to have been the best Public Utilities Bill presented, but was compelled to abandon its own bill and devote itself to attempting to so amend the Administration Bill on the same subject as to make it as effective as possible, and had it not been for the mailed fist of the administration resting upon the House, we would have succeeded in our effort to put the teeth into this bill that are so essential to the successful control and regulation of public utilities. For years the Democratic Party has contended on an equalization of taxation, and in this session it presented a constructive policy and secured its passage through the House which would equalize the burden of taxation. The Auditor General's reports show that the corporations of the State pay an average of less than 3 mills, while the real estate pays an average rate of more than 20 mills, so the need of tax equalization is apparent. For years the Democrats of the State have recognized the iniquity of the present system of making appropriations to charitable institutions of the State. This system has been used for years to threaten and coerce members of the legislature, and through it charitable institutions of the State have been subjected to political domination and influence. No constructive legislation that has been presented this session would, if enacted, do more to break the power of the political machine in the State and restore to absolute independence to represent their constituents honestly and faithfully, than would the destruction of the appropriation club which is now held over them. By the plan which we presented, State aid would be furnished to hospitals of the State automatically on the basis of the free or charitable service which they rendered. From the first day of the session the Democratic party has labored industriously for economy and efficiency in the public services; it has opposed the creation of political sinecures, and favored the abolishment of useless jobs, and, while being in the minority, it has been unable to secure results, it has furnished to the public much food for thought.

I believe, therefore, that as a result of this session the Democratic Party has proven to the voters of the State that it has thoroughly rehabilitated itself in Pennsylvania and that if the functions of State Government are to be restored to the people of the State, they must, in the next gubernatorial election, look to the Democratic Party.

E. LOWRY HUMES,
Democratic Floor Leader, House of Representatives.

HOPEFUL SIGNS IN WASHINGTON.

The Democratic Senators in Congress are fulfilling the best expectations of the people in consideration of the tariff bill. Instead of destroying it they are vastly improving it. The House schedules have not been increased in any instance. They have been materially reduced in some cases and at points where the reductions are improvements. The main purpose of the new tariff legislation is to reduce the cost of living. Chairman Underwood and his Democrat associates in the House addressed themselves to this purpose with intelligence and determination. But the Democrat Senators have done better. They have put additional food stuffs on the free list.

It is true that the danger points have not all been passed, at this writing, in the consideration of the bill by Democratic Senators in caucus. The wool and sugar schedules have not been reached and those are the points upon which the burden of the attacked is contemplated. But the spirit of harmony is so conspicuous and the evidence of unselfishness so obvious, that we are encouraged to hope confidently, for a united party, with the exception of the Louisiana Senators, when the vote is taken. That will be of itself a cause for felicitation. It will prove not only that the party is influenced by patriotism but that it is guided by wisdom. Such a party is certain to endure.

It is reasonably certain that the bill would pass the Senate if the three or four Senators in doubt had betray their party obligations. Among the Progressive Republicans are enough who favor tariff reform to make up any possible losses from Democratic recreancy. But we prefer a victory achieved by Democrats alone than one which depended on outside help. Not that we deprecate the aid of Progressive Republicans for we most cordially welcome them to the support of Democratic principals. But the people have commissioned the Democratic party to make this great improvement in our economic legislation and we want to feel that obligaton has been met.—Bellefonte Watchman.

WORSE THAN THE LOBBY.

The investigation of the lobby at Washington has revealed something worse than a lobby. It has shown that there are members of the United States Senate who are financially interested in the pending Tariff bill. It has shown that they intend to speak and vote upon the subject.

Whatever else may be said against a lobbyist, he cannot be accused of betraying a public trust. He does not promote the greed of individuals who profess to serve the people. He is precisely what he appears to be, an agent of self-seekers, and those whom he addresses secretly or openly may accept his arguments or reject them, as they please.

A Senator who has a pecuniary stake in the legislation that he is forwarding is like a Judge who should try a case involving his own fame or fortune.

He is like a juror who should assume to pass upon the guilt or innocence of a relative or partner. He is like an arbiter or referee who should undertake the adjustment of a controversy to which he was a party.

One distinguished Senator who admits that he is a tariff beneficiary gives this explanation of his mental and moral process:

"I would not vote for any amendments to the Tariff bill affecting my interests. I would, however, vote for a Tariff bill as a whole in case such amendments were incorporated in the measure without my assistance."

Striking as recent changes in the Senate have been, there are still enough members like the one here quoted to make honest tariff legislation a matter of doubt and difficulty. If every Senator who by reason of his private business affairs is in honor estopped from voting upon this issue in any of its phases were decently to withdraw from the scene, as Judges do in like circumstances a true tariff reform measure would pass the Senate by a big majoity and quickly.

It is well to drive the lobby out of Washington, but Senators who represent only their own bank accounts should accompany it.—World.

SHOULD PALESTINE BE GIVEN TO THE JEWS?

Throughout the eighteen long centuries and more that have elapsed since the destruction of the city of Jerusalem, and the dispersion of the Jewish people among all the nations of the earth, the hope has burned in the hearts of all those worthy of the name of "Children of Abraham", that the time would come when the blessings of the Lord would again be with his chosen people, and they would be restored to the land of promise from which they would never more be plucked.—Jer. 31:27 34.

With this splendid hope in view, and in keeping with the spirit of the day—the spirit of organization and federation, there has been formed what is known as "The Zionist Movement", a distinctly Jewish organization whose avowed purpose is the returning of that people to their own land—the land of their fathers—and which the Lord promised them as an everlasting possession. Zionism is gaining in numbers and influence among the ten million of Israelites scattered over the whole known world.

Palestine, the Holy Land, by divine and by every moral right, belongs to the Jewish people. For almost 2520 years it has been under Gentile dominion, therefore, it is now about time for the nations and governments to return the land, now in the possession of the Turks, to this enterprising and energetic people. Under their able administration the country would prosper, and Jerusalem would, doubtless, in time become one of the leading cities of the world, commercially, financially, and politically. As it is on the direct line of travel between the East and the West, it would become the gateway between the Occident and the Orient, the mart and meeting place of all the peoples of the earth.

Perhaps, as suggested in the ancient Jewish prophecies, the affairs of all nations would be arbitrated and administrated at Jerusalem, and thus, in a natural way, the nucleus of a general government would be formed which would promote peace and prosperity among all people. For a beautiful word picture of these ideal conditions read the Prophet Isaiah's description as given in the second chapter and second to fifth verses of his book of writings.

THE WANDERING JEW.

Makes Home Baking Easy

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

NO ALUM, NO LIME PHOSPHATE

Notice to Paving Contractors.

Up until Wednesday, July 18, 1913, at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., sealed bids will be received at the office of the undersigned for the curbing, guttering and paving of West Main street from the end of the paving near the Union Hotel to the property of L. V. Deemer, of Water street from the end of the present paving near the property of J. C. Lucas to its intersection with West Main street, of Pine street from Walnut street to Valley street, and Weimer way from Pickering street to Hiram street.

All bids must be for each street separately and may also be for all the streets, but in any case must be for the work on such street or streets complete, except the brick, which will be furnished by the Borough, F. O. B. cars, Brookville, Pa., and be made upon the plans and specifications on file in said office.

Sealed bids will also be received up to the said date and time for the furnishing of the paving brick or block F. O. B. cars Brookville siding, P. R. R., necessary to complete 3630 square yards of paving.

Sealed bids will further be received up to said date and time for the relaying of the paving on East Main street from Richards street to the watering trough in accordance with the specifications therefor on file in said office.

Ull bids must be accompanied by a certified check of at least 10 per cent. of the bid, conditioned upon its faithful performance.

The Town Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to accept any bid which may be filed without regard to the others.

ARTHUR B. STEWART,
Brookville, Pa. Clerk of Council.

The Devil

By Dare Devil, 2:09, Ch. Show Horse. Dam, Lady Jane, record 2:30 at 12 years of age; she by St. Vincent, 2:18¾. Will make the season for $30.00 service fee, standing at Shaffer's Livery, Sam Arthurs, Owner. Roy Shaffer, Manager.

YOU CAN'T MATCH IT ANYWHERE

for the price you pay here. Even our lowest priced carpets are exqisite in design and harmonious colorings. Elegant display in our store now. Finest stock of floor covering ever shown in Brookville. Great variety to select from. Unprecedented carpet values. Beautiful rugs, art squares, etc. All sizes to fit your room and priced exceedingly low. A bonanza for the bargain hunter.

REITZ FURNITURE COMPANY,
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE OF SUMMER GOODS

July is the month to clean up Summer goods, so at present, after an extremely good spring trade, we are badly broken in Men's and Boys' light weight suits, which we are going to sell at a price to fit everyone's pocket book.

We have odds and ends in all departments of our store, at great reductions, especially in the Shoe department, as all our Oxfords must go at a price to clean them up.

You will do well to call and look onr stock over before buying as we do not add 20 per cent. to our goods in order to make a reduction of 10.

Means Brothers
"RELIABLE CLOTHIERS"
Opposite American Hotel *BROOKVILLE, PA.*

Brookville Title and Trust Company.

Capital $125,000 Surplus $125,000

Multiplying Prosperity

THE loanable funds of a bank depend largely upon the amounts of deposits held. Business welfare suffers if there is not sufficient deposits to make loans to manufacturers, merchants, farmers and others.

As well as being inconvenient to the holder, money out of bank hinders prosperity. And it is the many small accounts which make up this loanable capital rather than the few large ones.

Keep your funds in bank; serve your community and benefit yourself.

This strong bank shall be pleased to serve you.

Commercial, Savings and Trust Departments

GOLDEN LINK FLOUR!

Buy a sack of Golden Link Flour: if after using the entire sack you think it does not make the best bread you ever had, return the empty sack to us and we will give you your money back.

Golden Link Flour, per sack, $1.45

Try a loaf of our Home Made Bread, made out of Golden Link Flour.

PLYLER BROS.

Main Street, Brookville, Pa.

Jeffersonian Democrat
BROOKVILLE, PA.

Thursday, July 17, 1913

"Do You Choose Your Children?"

Under this heading, one of the leading periodicals published in the United States, sets forth the findings of several prominent scientists who have been making investigations along the line of eugenics. These eminent men found that there are more than four million (4,000,000) children in this country that are deficient mentally and physically. Thirty per cent of the children in some of the public schools are below the normal standards of mental development. There are 200,000 individuals in the United States that rank as imbeciles. And (the article adds) "with rarest exception the cause of imbecility is heredity—and heredity alone!" Scientists on both sides of the Atlantic are gravely admitting that within three centuries at the present rate of the increase of insanity, the world would be one vast insane asylum.

It was found that by proper mating, blemishes and diseases would work out in three or four generations, while by improper mating, and continued violation of the laws of morality, the conditions would be accentuated in the succeeding generations. Every man and woman should give serious heed to the discoveries of these renowned scientists, as heavy responsibilities respecting the coming generation are resting upon them, and their own future happiness as well as that of their offspring is involved.

How remarkably these latest conclusions prove the inspiration of the ancient Hebrew Scriptures and vindicate the wisdom of the prophets and the servants of the Lord! Moses, in that wonderful code of laws given to the Israelites, declared that "the sins of the fathers would be visited upon the children unto the third and fourth generation".—Exodus 20:5.

The Prophet Ezekiel, speaking as the mouthpiece of the Lord says—"The fathers have eaten sour grapes (have sinned), and the children's teeth are set on edge (have suffered the consequences)". Ezekiel 18:2. But the Prophet Jeremiah adds: "In those days they shall say no more, The fathers have eaten a sour grape and the children's teeth are set on edge, but every one shall die for his own iniquity; every man that eateth the sour grape his teeth shall be set on edge." The prophet then proceeds to explain that in the new dispensation when the New Covenant is in force and when the law of heredity is no longer in operation, the Lord will write his perfect law (impress the principles of justice and love) upon every human heart.—Jeremiah 31:29-34.

In the meantime, all should strive to conform their lives to the laws of morality as expressed in the divine Scriptures that their days may be long in the land and filled with blessings and true happiness, and that their children may be born with a heritage of health and strength —— a sound mind in a sound body. None should ever lose sight of this tremendously important fact that the laws governing the moral realm are as absolutely rigid and inflexible as those governing the material universe. Every deviation from these laws must bring the inevitable consequences. Cause and effect are indissolubly related. THE WANDERING JEW.

Pekin.

Harvest Season is here, and the farmers are busy.——Anna Ewing has gone to Cooksburg to spend the summer.——Byrle Yount has gone to work on the Oak Grove dairy farm.——Stacy Riggs and Harry Yount are at home helping with hay harvest.——Malinda Stephens spent the week end in Pekin.——Nellie Riggs is visiting relatives at Dayton.——Mrs. Annie Riggs called on Fanny Yount recently.——Henry Bracious of Stanton was seen passing through our town on Monday of this week.——Mrs. D. W. Stahlman has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. James Wyant at Punxy.——Mr. Wilson Keys of Wilkensburg was calling here last week among old friends.——The North Western coal company has a crew of men at work testing for coal on the property of A. W. Riggs on the creek bank, just across from where the Pekin mill stood.——Milton Craven of Parkdale, Oregon, came on from the Soldiers' reunion at Gettysburg and spent last week visiting among relatives and friends in this section. While here he stopped with his sister, Mrs. Nancy Bartlett.——David Stahlman is seriously crippled with rheumatism.——Nett Carrier and family of New Kensington were visiting among friends here last week.——Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Pearsall and daughter Hazel were callers at the home of Judd Rhines Sunday afternoon.——Milton Craven and Mrs. E. A. Bartlett spent Thursday afternoon at the home of Perry Smith. SUNSHINE.

It Cures While You Walk.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease, the anticeptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It instantly takes the sting out of corns, itching feet, ingrowing nails, and bunions. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Ladies can wear shoes one size smaller after using. It is a certain relief for sweating, callous and swollen feet, tender, aching feet. Try it to day. Sold everywhere, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

ODD LAPSES OF MIND

SCHOLARS AND OTHERS NOTED FOR ECCENTRICITY.

Forgetfulness One of the "Strong Points" of Many Able and Accomplished Men—Sometimes the Result of Self-Hypnotism.

Some years ago I had to speak at a Work." "Have you any fads?" inquired my host. "The last parson we had here refused to sleep in a bed. When every one had retired to rest the whole house was roused by a hammering on the wall of our visitor's bedroom. Come and see!"

I entered the bedroom.

"See those excavations?" He pointed out two large holes in the wall, where the paper had been torn away and the plaster disturbed. "Well, the parson we had here last hammered two huge hooked nails into those walls to support a hammock."

I had the qualified pleasure of meeting this eccentric at dinner some years after. "Can I serve you some soup?" inquired our hostess. "Never take soup," was the reply. Then, later: "You will take some fish?" The cleric simply shook his head. So he declined dish after dish.

"But what will you have?" inquired the now desperate hostess.

"I should like five raisins, one apple, a few nuts and some oil."

By this time every one was uncomfortable. A whisper went around that there were no raisins in the house. I suggested that he should go on with the oil and the apple. His face assumed a look of eloquent resignation. The next moment he sprang to his feet and rushed from the room.

The intelligent under-footman had brought in bicycle oil!

A delightful old clergyman, professor of Greek at my own university, had a habit of forgetting to put on his clothes. Once he walked into college chapel in an old-fashioned nightshirt. It was a misty morning early in February. An undergraduate was reading the first lesson, when this silent, ghost-like figure moved along in the him dawn which crept in through the stained-glass windows. One of the dons took his arm and led him out.

On another occasion it was his turn to preach in the cathedral. Instead of stepping into the pulpit, he walked out altogether, and things came to a standstill.

Another old college don was a dreamer. One day he met me in the town. "My boy," he said, "I came out to go somewhere, but it's gone—gone! Can you tell me where I meant to go? I suggested that he should go back to his college. What is more, I saw him safely there.

Later in the evening he sent for me. There was the light of a great discovery in his eyes. "My boy," he said, "it has all come back to me in a flash. I never meant to go anywhere at all. I wanted to write a letter, and I must have missed my way to my library. You will have a glass of wine?" But he forgot to ring the bell. Presently he said: "Do have some more. Now, what have I done with the decanter?"

Many men's eccentricities are the result of self-hypnotism. I remember once seeing a well-known clergyman walking calmly along during a downpour of rain, holding his walking stick up, under the impression it was an umbrella.

Absentmindedness is responsible for much amusement. An elderly clergyman, on arrival in Rome, was positive that he had lost some of his luggage, and gave notice at the office; but he was unable to say what the package was like, or even what it was.

It transpired, in the course of next day, that it was his wife he had lost. I shall not forget the interview between husband and wife.—Exchange.

Wireless Sketches in Warfare.

Surprising results are being obtained by means of the new invention of an Italian youth, Francesco di Bernocchi, called the wireless iconograph, which has recently been tested between Milan and Turin. His apparatus is far in advance of anything of the kind yet recorded. Besides ordinary messages, it also transmits autographs, shorthand characters and all sorts of designs. So simple is the arrangement that the transmitter and receiver of this instrument may be applied with ease to any ordinary wireless telegraph plant. General Spingardi, the Italian minister of war, is so much impressed by the enormous advantages of the wireless iconograph for transmitting orders and conveying sketches in time of war with the utmost secrecy that steps were immediately taken to secure for the Italian government exclusive possession of the patent.

Tickets No Good.

Mrs. Brown-Jones (which isn't her name at all, nor nothing like it) has a new parlor maid. Last Thursday was Mrs. B.-J.'s day at home. Six callers were at the door, and each proffered her card.

Hilda looked the cards over carefully one by one.

"Youse ladies is all wronk!" she decided finally. "One of your tickets iss fer Mrs. Choseph Thompson, one iss fer Mrs. Miller, one iss fer Miss Chenks and Miss Mabel Chenks—and den dere's t'ree odders, all wronk names, yet. Try next door; goodby."

Then she went back to her mistress. "None of 'em vanted to see you," she beamed. "Deir tickets vas fer odder houses. I guess maybe dey ain't lifted here long."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

AND THEN EVERYBODY SMILED

Young Man Seized Opportunity for Display of Gallantry, but Fortune Was in Fickle Mood.

She was young and fair. Her neat, trim figure, with its natty coat, the corners of which the March breezes sportively tored with, glided down Broadway. Many admiring glances followed her. His eyes followed her, never loosing sight of her for a block. A longing possessed him to know and be known by the fleeting beauty. Would fate grant him this boon?

While he was thinking this the beauty reached a pavement which looked suspiciously wet and slippery. She uncertainly picked her way over it. She had not gone many steps before she gracefully balanced herself for an instant, then suddenly slipped and sat down on the pavement.

Here was the chance of a lifetime for him. He pressed forward rapidly and reached the young woman, who was struggling to rise to her feet. With all the courtesy of which he was capable, he leaned forward, saying:

"Permit me," making a movement of tending his services to help her to her feet.

That moment, while being rewarded with a smile from the lips of the beauty, an uncertainty came over him as to the hold he had upon earth. First one foot flew up in the air, while he balanced himself on the other; then he reversed the position.

Just as the beauty glided on her way he lost his balance and sat down on the same spot she had vacated, while the witnesses commented with an audible "Ah."

MODERN INDUSTRY AND DEATH

Statistics Show That the Two Are Closely Allied, in Spite of Advance of Science.

Some time ago statistics were made public in this country showing that industry is making men old at forty. Now, France goes the United States one better. In that country statistics show old age is totally denied to a great portion of the population.

Dr. Jacques Bertillon of the Paris municipal statistical department has just made public figures which show the terrific effects that industry, with its diseases and accidents, exercises over a large part of the working people of France. The number of workingmen who live to "a good old age" in that country is growing fewer year by year. Industrial diseases break most toilers in their prime.

These wholesale sacrifices can no longer be excused on the ground that they are the inevitable risks of industry. A generation or two ago death and disease might still have been claimed as intrinsic accessories to industrial progress. But not today. Science has shown the way to combat many industrial diseases and insure reasonable safety even in dangerous occupations. A host of technical safeguards have been put out to prevent killing and maiming by machinery.

What is needed to deprive the shop, the factory and mine of its death-dealing attributes is a closer union between science and government, between laboratory and legislative hall.

Giving Them a Chance.

Ben Johnson, representative from Kentucky, is a resourceful person. While he was presiding over a long and spirited congressional investigation not long ago two of the attorneys involved began to call each other liars in parliamentary language. Finally one of them went almost to the limit by saying:

"That statement you made was false and you made it knowingly."

Every one looked for a fight, while a peaceably inclined congressman suggested that the matter be stricken from the record.

"I suggest," said Representative Johnson, standing up to his full height, which is over six feet, "that the committee take a short recess so that the gentlemen involved will not be bound by parliamentary laws in their manner of settling their differences."

There was no more calling of names during that hearing. — Washington Star.

Hector MacDonald Tradition.

"Sir Hector MacDonald, famous as the only man, I think, who rose from the ranks in the British army to the rank of a general officer, did not die by his own hand, but is still alive, I firmly believe," said Col. W. H. Brill of St. Paul.

"I became convinced of this while in China, where I went to observe the maneuvers of the then new Chinese army following the Russo-Japanese War. An incident that occurred on our march into the interior made me believe this. It was simply the recognition of MacDonald by one of the party, who declared that he could not be mistaken. I believe that at that time Hector MacDonald was at the head of the Chinese army and that he still occupies that position. Unless I am mistaken, I saw MacDonald myself in that country."

Foxy Old Kaiser.

Kaiser Wilhelm decided that the new war automobiles that his army is going to use should be so constructed that if one of them broke down the dispatch the war lord might be sending to one of his generals could be delivered promptly instead of waiting until the old buzz wagon would go again. So he had them built with big pockets on the side, and in each of these a motorcycle will be carried. Then, if something goes wrong with the motorcar the motorcycles can be used to deliver the message.

Bakes Bread to Perfection

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Smokeless *Odorless*
Oil Cook-stove

Cleaner than coal or wood. Cheaper than gas.

Dealers everywhere; or write for descriptive circular to

The Atlantic Refining Company

Philadelphia Pittsburgh

A Message from the Sea

Get a whiff of salt air! Take a bath in the ocean spray! There is tonic and invigoration. A sail on the deep blue sea is a delight to mind and body.

The Forty Beaches of New Jersey

bid you come. Make a choice between Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Point Pleasant, Seaside Park, or Beach Haven on the "Upper Coast."

Splendid train service from Broad Street Station or Market Street Wharf, Philadelphia.

The "Lower Coast" offers Atlantic City, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Stone Harbor, Wildwood, and Cape May. All in two hours or less from Philadelphia.

Manifold attractions; good hotel accommodations to suit all purses; endless variety of entertainment; surf bathing, finest and safest in the world; sailing; deep sea fishing; crabbing and angling in the creeks and bays.

A trip to any of these resorts is an ideal holiday.

Accommodating tickets for the vacation period on sale at all ticket offices at attractive rates.

Ask Ticket Agents for time tables and excursion fares, or address C. A. B. Cooper, District Passenger Solicitor, 301 Marine National Bank Building, Erie, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad

Prose Poem in Harvest Time.

It's harvest time, and o'er the land the reaper's music rises. Cavorts the gentle harvest hand in daily exercises. While yet the mantle of the night upon the country hovers, and everyone is sleeping tight (although not under covers), the farmer rises to invoke the goddess Cere's blessings, and urge upon the women folk to hurry with their dressing. He gives the team their breakfast grain before the sun has risen, and hastens back again to put the hooks to his's. Indeed while luna's shining still, with weaker light but kinder, he prances down the dewey hill and hitches to the binder. And then, before the sickle's wrath submitting mute and tragic, the proud wheat falls, and in its path the shocks arise like magic. The sun mounts high; the horses bow their heads, but never fal- on Plenty's alter. The long, hot oven ter; the living sacrifices now they are of the day in endless fury blazes; it crackles, blisters, boils away, demoralizes, dazes. Ah, what a toil of ache and sweat each broiling, baking minute, I sing the harvest field, you bet, but you won't catch me in it.—Kansas City Journal.

Three highest grade flours in the world: Gold Medal, Pillsbury Best and Diamond. Sold by C. A. MOORE.

The Altoona Times

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FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 18.

A FATAL OMISSION.

THE OTHER DAY a number of workingmen held a meeting and organized what is to be known as the Workingman's League. Its primary object is said to be the selection of suitable candidates for the office of city councilmen.

The promoters of this movement made a fatal mistake at the very outset—they failed to secure from the officers of the Fifteenth Street Office Grabbers' association permission to interfere in politics, and particularly the business of selecting officeholders.

The official organ of the Office Grabbers' association, the Gazette, sharply criticizes these workingmen for their presumption, and very plainly tells them that they are incompetent to manage such affairs, while broadly insinuating that they are unworthy of public confidence.

It assures them that they are pulling "other people's chestnuts"—that certain selfish interests are planning to secure through them control of the government. Workingmen, in the opinion of the Gazette, lack character and integrity, and if one of them should happen to be elected he would be under the domination of stronger minds.

It will probably develop that the Office Grabbers' association has its own slate, and it naturally resents any movement that might be calculated to interfere with it. It is strictly opposed to having shopmen endanger its plans of grabbing off a few choice offices, which for years have been regarded as the sole property of this organization.

It matters not that workingmen may be just as well qualified for public position as the crib-fed members of the Office Grabbers' association. It matters not that the men who create the wealth of this community are good citizens, pay taxes and are keenly interested in the development of the city. The Gazette, as official organ of the association, starts right in to defame them by declaring that they are "tools", that they are puppets to be pulled by the interests which pull the string, and that the Workingman's League is simply a scheme to despoil the city.

How ridiculous, and how transparent! The solicitude of our contemporary is not for the city, but rather for the members of the Office Grabbers' association. If by any chance the plans of the Workingman's League should prevail, the Office Grabbers would be forced to go to work, and they have no desire to be classed as workingmen.

They find it more genteel and more profitable to hold the fat offices and draw the fat salaries.

They have been public charges so long and so profitably that they have no patience with the suggestion that they relinquish their place at the public crib.

This is the animus of the Gazette's attack upon the workingmen of Altoona.

"SEEING IT FIRST IN THE TIMES."

THE ALTOONA TIMES this week announced exclusively the formation of the Workingman's League, whereupon our esteemed contemporary, the Gazette, declares that this newspaper was "tipped off" that a meeting for this purpose was to be held. But our contemporary, as usual, is wrong. This publication should occasion no more surprise than the exclusive publication in the Times of other stories.

Altoona people are accustomed to "seeing it first in the Timse." When the Times publishes an exclusive story, despite the remarks of the Gazette, it proves nothing except an alert reportorial staff.

The reporter for the Times received no more invitation to the meeting called for last Tuesday evening than did reporters for other papers. He is, however, paid for learning what is happening in the city, and he was at the meeting of shopmen in his official capacity of news-gatherer.

As a workingman he was invited to join the league, and if the league intends to upset the plans of the Fifteenth Street Office Grabbers' association we shall insist that he join.

In the meantime, our columns will report events as they transpire in the Workingman's League, the same as other events. Our views on this subject, as on other subjects, will be indicated in the editorial column.

LET TH ETRUTH BE KNOWN.

ANOTHER COUNCILMANIC investigation has been started. This time the methods of the People's Natural Gas company will be probed. Claim is made that natural gas can be furnished more promptly and that the natural gas company is wilfully and maliciously delaying the installation of its system of pipes, preventing thousands of families from enjoying the benefits of cheap fuel. Incidentally one of the members of the investigating committee states that two-thirds of the citizens do not desire natural gas. If this be true, why search for the cause of delay?

We trust that the investigation of the councilmanic committee will be prompt and thorough. If the natural gas company is intentionally delaying the supplying of gas to all who wish it, punishment should be meted out in such manner as is possible.

If councilmen who prevented the immediate supplying of natural gas are endeavoring to shift responsibility and wish to blame others because the people of Altoona are still paying $1.10 when they should be paying 35 cents per thousand feet, we should know it quickly.

"Uncle Sam's most recent reply to Japanese protests over the California anti-alien land bill are believed at Washington to be the last word in the long-drawn-out dispute. And thus another war scare bubble is burst.

The New Haven road has issued a rule that hereafter engineers must be experienced. It is rather surprising to know that modern railroads were placing inexperienced men in charge of locomotives hauling their trains.

FINIS!

Had I one wish
I'd wish
A dish
Of ice cream one mile high!
I'd wish, old top, that I
Could hide
My fried
...d waxed, roasted frame
Within that very same
Til froze
Suppose
That I (or even you)
Could really dig into
That heap of cream—
'Twould be a dream
Of bliss,
I wis!
We'd bore inside
And there we'd hide
Within that mass;
I've wished, I pass!
—Johnstown Democrat

Could I but get
It wet,
I'd fret
For just one glass, right by
My side, and six feet high
And filled
With chilled
And sparkling, bubbling beer,
To bring to me good cheer,
Why not!
It's hot.
And while I would not shirk
A moment of my work,
I'd stop this little rhyme
And steal the time
To drink
Just think—
Glass six feet high
And standing nigh!
Oh, rapture! Joy!
You're next, my boy.
—Altoona Times.

You say I'm next?
I'm vexed!
The text
Of your two wishes seem—
Your glass, your mile of cream—
To hold
All told
All things of which men think
When they're dead for a drink,
Or hot.
Now what
Can I wish more than that
Here where I'm settin' at,
That heap of cream
That drinkish dream?
I guess,
Unless
It is against the game,
I'd wish about the same!
Wish for just such,
And twice as much!
—Houston Post.

* * *

They say three state senators in the penitentiary for bribery are to be paroled. Could anything be more natural?

* * *

The tailor isn't making the weather seem any colder when he sends in another bill for last winter's overcoat.

* * *

According to the latest statistics, fewer married men than bachelors are arrested. Fewer of them dare to be.

* * *

And doesn't it seem funny when councilmen declare there is not enough natural gas?

* * *

Vesuvius is having another eruption. But thank goodness, Governor Blease, of South Carolina has quieted down.

* * *

Washington doesn't seem to understand how inseparably attached the secretary of state and the chatauqua are to each other.

* * *

The Toledo man who shot a woman three times in the head and himself once in the hat must believe in a double standard of morality.

* * *

Then again it may be that Secretary Bryan is only getting ready to call a general strike of peerless leaders.

* * *

Another slight addition to the long list of things that shouldn't worry us is Anna Held's $5,000 stockings.

* * *

It is about time the Ananias Club was preparing special doings for the initiation of Messrs. Lamar and Mulhall.

* * *

ISN'T IT THE TRUTH?

Of all the insidious
Temptations so invidious
Contrived by the Devil for pulling man down,
There is none more delusive,
Seductive, abusive,
Than the snare to a man with his
Wife out of town!

He feels such delightfulness,
Stay-out-all-night-fulness,
Sure-to-get-tight-fulness,
'Tis one without pain,
A bachelor rakishness,
"What-will-you-take" ishness,
None can explain.

His wife may be beautiful,
Tender and dutiful,
'Tis not that her absence would cause
him delight,
But the dam'd opportunity,
Handed immunity,
Scatters his scruples as day scatters
night.
—Johnstown Democrat.

* * *

We quote the above for a special reason. The good wife leaves today on a vacation,—her's, she thinks—and the quotation may be accepted by her as a sort of apology when she returns.

* * *

"Give me freedom or kill me," cries Mrs. Pankhurst. Yet many of us never thought for a minute that Patrick Henry was crazy.

* * *

As an author, Ambassador Page will not be so much interested in the royalties he meets as those he receives.

* * *

If congress doesn't adjourn pretty soon, Senator LaFollette may come to the front again with that threat of a week-long speech.

* * *

A Pennsylvania man committed suicide while his wife was shopping. We can see an immediate increase in the number of shoppers.

* * *

A hydraulic method of storing gasoline has been invented. But that doesn't account for the water in the carburetor.

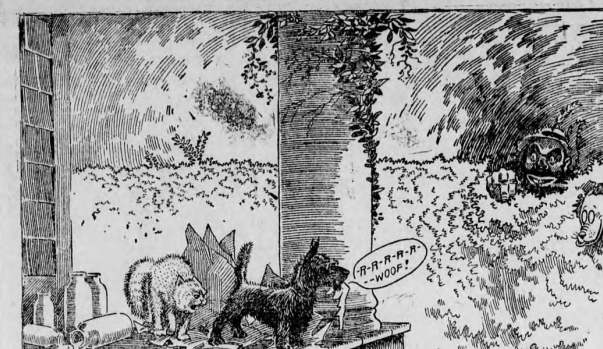
* * *

Has President Wilson no "tut, tut" for the secretary of state who insists upon going upon the lecture platform?

* * *

Of course we don't blame Bryan much.

CHARGES D'AFFAIRES



ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

I used to come to Altoona frequently, when I was on the road selling supplies to funeral directors, but until my visit today, I have not been in Altoona during the past twenty years. I must say that the city has shown a wonderful growth, far beyond my expectations, and I believe the growth is entirely due to the progressiveness of the citizens.—Mayor Royal of Harrisburg.

When I took a petition around to my neighbors, asking them if they wanted natural gas, I found that two-thirds of the citizens did not want the cheaper fuel. I believe, however, that after the cheaper fuel is introduced, that most of the people will see its advantages and will wish it in their homes.—Dr. George Ickes.

* * *

If I had lots of money, believe me I would live along a river or some other body of water, where the fishing is good. To my mind there is no sport that compares with fishing.—Greeg Cockerille.

* * *

I believe there is on other ward in this city as peaceful and harmonious as the Sixth ward. Occasionly there comes to me a man or a woman with a petty case which would not be considered in any court. Over and above this there are very few cases worthy of notice. But it is nearly as quiet all over the city, and I think Altoona is as peaceful a city as can be found anywhere.—Alderman Miller.

* * *

I know of no other city where the people in general are so industrious. Altoona has its many industries, which offer means whereby the inhabitants earn the daily bread. But unlike other cities, its people are all workers. No one can live here and be a drone. Altoona may be likened unto a hive of bees. In this hive ther are many thousands of bees and every single bee labors all day long. If there are any drones in the hive they are soon exterminated. So it is with Altoona, one of the most industrious cities in the United States.—G. A. Williams.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

JULY 18, 1893.

The Mountaineers dropped another game to Harrisburg, 10 to 4. Scheible hurled for Altoona, and Gogan for Harrisburg. The local team was badly crippled, many regular players being off the lineup.

* * *

R. S. Westbrook's ice cream plant is working at a fast rate these days. He is 2,405 gallons ahead of last year's orders.

* * *

Water Superintendent Gailey has given permission to consumers to use the hose.

* * *

Harry C. Yon, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania railroad died of consumption.

* * *

C. B. Kean, foreman of the Times composing room, was struck on the back by a plank which fell from the roof of his outhouse in his yard. Mr. Kean was knocked unconscious for two hours after.

* * *

Our $1,000 per month salary just about keeps us out of the poor house, and we don't have to live in Washington and run an automobile.

* * *

Then we don't have to purchase grape juice in car-load lots, either.

* * *

The truly wise man doesn't necessarily refrain from sprinkling his lawn just because the weather forecast says "fair."

* * *

The various gentlemen who have "white hope" aspirations can now calm themselves and go to work. Jack Johnson sends word from Europe that he won't come back.

* * *

The hoopskirt recently made its appearance at a golden wedding anniversary. But so long as it wasn't imported from Paris there is no immediate danger.

* * *

And we could clip some others, but the shears are getting dull.

EVENTS AS VIEWED BY PENNSYLVANIA EDITORS

ROAD BOND ISSUE

(Pitsburg Post)

Governor Tener has declared it to be his purpose to appeal directly to the people of the state in behalf of the unconstitutional amendment for a $50,000,000 bond issue for road improvement. The governor is justified in doing this. The people of the state have been strongly in support of the movement for a great public road system, but lotely attempts have been made to deceive and lead them from their course. In view of this situation it is the governor's right to correct, if possible, any wrong impression that may have gone abroad.

A matter so important to the people of the state should not be imperiled by factional bickerings. It makes no difference whether the governor is th father of the proposed bond issue or not, if the faction that opposes him is so indifferent to the welfare of the state as to attempt the defeat of the comprehensive plan of state highways, it would be deserving of the contempt of the voters of every party. Those who oppose progress for purposes of factional revenge should be set down at the very start.

Pennsylvania is making remarkable advancement in the development of her highways. The people have come to know the value of good roads, and we doubt if disappointed politicians can convince them that they are wrong. We are satisfied that the governor will receive a fair hearing at the hands of the people of the state during the progress of his campaign, and we are satisfied also that the object he has in view will be achieved.

* * *

POLITICS GONE WRONG

(Harrisburg Patriot.)

Chief significance of the decision of the State Supreme Court declaring unconstitutional the so-called five-judges act of Philadelphia is the rebuke administered to the politicians which fathered the measure and forced it through to final passage.

Unquestionably with an increase of honest and able judges, justice could be speeded in Philadelphia, but the politicians have never denied that the five-judges bill was a political measure, pure and simple, framed and enacted to be used as a political asset.

Of course, the high bench would not forget itself so far as to be so plain about it, but the fact is that the Philadelphia gang, which has disregarded the people so long, will have to find another medium for playing the game.

As for the short-term judges, they may join in that familiar Latin swan song: "Sic transit gloria."

* * *

ARGENTINA AWAKES

(York Gazette)

That Argentina is now fully awake to the danger of having saddled upon her the American meat trust, with all that it implies in the way of stifling competition, is evidenced by the debate that is going on in the chamber of deputies on the subject. It is openly declared that the meat houses which had been bought by Americans now belonged to the world combine which had been established in the United States and that 50 per cent of the meat consumed in Buenos Ayres was supplied by the trust.

From Argentina we of the United States expected some measure of relief from the extortionate prices of beef. But it will prove to be a vain hope if our trusts get its clutches upon the supply to the south. For her sake and ours Argentina should cut the tentacles of the monopoly before they get any stronger.

First Things

The first daily overland mail coach arrived at St. Joseph, Mo., fifty-two years ago today, seventeen days from Sacramento. The overland stage was the successor of the pony express that had been established between St. Joseph and Sacramento the preceding year, and which provided a through mail line from New York to the Pacific coast. Between the Missouri river, the western terminus of the railroad, and Sacramento the distance was traversed by fleet horsemen, each of whom went sixty miles. The riders were paid $1,200 a month, but the danger from hostile Indians was great. The building of a telegraph line to the Pacific put the pany express out of commission, and the completion in 1869 of a continuous line of railway across the continent ended the usefulness of the picturesque but comparatively slow overland stage coach system. As a feeder to the railroad, however, the stage continued to have a wide sphere of usefulness for many years, and has not yet entirely disappeared.

. . The Scrap Book . .

All Aboard—for Uruguay—Where We Celebrate Today

Three cheers for the banner with the blue and white stripes. Hurrah for liberty, freedom, independence, and the constitution! Why all this enthusiasm? Because today is the festival of the ratification of the constitution, the great patriotic holiday of that glorious nation—

Uruguay.

It was eighty-three years ago today that the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, or Banda Orientale, promulgated its constitution, which, with a few minor changes, continues in force to this day. The anniversary has ever since been celebrated, and Montevideo and the smaller cities are blazes of color and aflame with patriotism on each Eighteenth of July.

Since the discovery of the country just four centuries ago, six flags have waved over its capital. For over two hundred years Spain and Portugal over the country, which was successively occupied and evacuated by their troops. In 1877 the territory was definitely ceded to Spain. In 1907 the British flag was raised over Montevideo, but the occupation continued only a few months, and the city then reverted to Spain. The spirit of revolution was then in the air, however, and in 1811 the Spanish forces were routed by the Uruguayan general, Jose Artigas, the great popular hero of Uruguay. For a time Uruguay was a part of Argentina, then called the United Provinces of Rio de la Plata, but this claim was disputed by Brazil, and the emperor of that country sent troops to occupy the country, which he incorporated with Brazil as the Cisplatine State. The patriots, assisted by the Argentines, defeated the Brazilians in 1825. After a war between Brazil and Argentina, both countries agreed to the independence of Uruguay.

Following the ratification of the constitution on July 18, 1830, Gen. Jose Rivera was elected as the first president of the republic. Although the smallest of the independent states of South America, Uruguay is now one of the most prosperous and stable.

Uruguay's population is now about a million and a quarter, over a fourth living in the capital city, Montevideo. Although overshadowed to some extent by its giant neighbor, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo is a modern and beautiful city. In size it compares with Washington and New Orleans, and is larger than Montreal or Minneapolis. Its situation at the mouth of La Plata river is a splendid one. Its buildings, parks, boulevards and streets are far more beautiful than those of most North American cities of the same size.

Under the constitution, Nruguay's president is chosen for a term of four years, and he is not eligible for reelection for a consecutive term. The senate has one member from each of the nineteen departments into which the country is divided, and the Chamber of representatives is composed of about seventy-five members. Congress holds annual sessions, that for this year having ended this week. During the interval between sessions the legislative power is vested in a permanent committee of two senators and five representatives.

Uruguay's trade is largely with Europe, but trade with North America has wonderfully increased in the last few years. In 1905 the imports from the United States amounted to less than two millions, while last year they were worth nearly seven millions.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

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EARTH GROWING MORE BEAUTIFU

Editor Altoona Times:—Truly, t words of the Hebrew prophets are co ing to pass—"The wilderness and t solitary place shall be glad for the the world of mankind); and the de ert shall rejoice, and blossom as t rose." "Then the eyes of the blin shall be opened, and the ears of the dea shall be unstopped: then shall the lam man leap as a deer, and the tongue the dumb shall sing: for in wilderne shall waters break out, and the strea in the desert." "There shall be showe of blessing——and the earth sha yield her increase."—Isaiah 35:1-6 Ezek. 34; 26, 27.

Everywhere the earth is being ma more beautiful. The people seem mo ed by a common impuse to beauti their homes, cities, and country side The magnificent public buildings, t stately commercial and financial pal ces, the splendid parks, driveways, a recreation places adorned with statue fountains, trees and flowers, are gra ually transforming the earth into a pa adise. Medical and surgical discoveri and developments are accomplishing mi acles in the way of healing and benefi ing the people; while inventions a improvements of all kinds are enablin them to enjoy the blessings and th beauties of nature as never before. Th original curse which came upon ma and the earth because of disobedience (Genesis 3: 17-19) is surely being r moved. The arduous toil and labor o those engaged in agricultural pursuit is being dispensed with by the use motors and machines, while the earth instead of being forth briars, thorn thistles, and weeds, is producing fruit flowers and cereals in ever increasin perfection and abundance.

All can realize the glorious possibili ics before the race when all the earth shall be like the Garden of Eden, a va and beautiful park; and when all w be dwelling together in unity and broth erly love.

Let every man prepare himself f the ideal conditions by lifting up h head with renewed courage, and joinin with his neighbor in cultivating a be ter spirit of kindness and good will, a a brighter and happier world will so experience the benign influences emanating from the "Sun of righteousness that shall arise with healing in it beams." The Divine Creator, Jehovah, the Lord of all, is even now overrul ing the affairs of earth preparatory t the establishment of His own righteou authority, and then, all will recognize the excellence of the principles of justice, kindness and love, in contrast wit the present prevailing disposition o selfishness, greed and graft. What doth the Lord thy God require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with the God."—Micah 6: 8.

THE WANDERING JEW

The Human Procession

Rose Pastor Stokes, 34 Today. Was Cigar Maker, Now Wealthy

In the lower East Side of New York and especially among the Russian Jews the name of Rose Pastor Stokes is one to conjure with.

The life story of this young woman famed throughout the world as a Socialist and a social settlement worker is more romantic than any fiction.

"Beautiful Rose, the Cigar maker," or "From Rags to Millions,"—so Laura Jean Libby might have entitled such a story. But even Miss Libby's readers, although highly imaginative, would probably balk at such a plot as being too improbable.

Mrs. Stokes will celebrate a double anniversary today, for this is the thirty-fourth anniversary of her birth and the eighth anniversary of her marriage to James Graham Phelps Stokes, scion of one of the most aristocratic families of new York, and a millionaire.

Mrs. Stokes is a Jewess, the daughter of Jacob and Anna Wieslander. The persecutions to which they were subjected led the Wieslanders to shake the dust of Russia from their feet and seek refuge in England. Rose's youth was spent in the ghetto of London, and for three years she attended the Jewish free school there. She has about the extent of her educational opportunities, yet today few college women are her equals in learning.

She was only seventeen when she first set foot on American soil. Cleveland was her first home, and there for three years she followed the trade of cigar maker. They were years of hard labor and poor pay, of life in squalid tenement of shabby clothes and insufficient food. But the weary treadmill of unceasing toil did not grind the life and hope out of the young Jewess. While her nimble fingers plied their allotted tasks, her brain was busy with thought and filled with visions of the future. While her companions dreamed of escaping from the factory by marrying wealth, Rose thought only of the welfare of all the workers. Unconsciously she assimilated principles of justice factory she began to contribute articles, in Yiddith, to the Jewish Daily News of New York. These articles, which were not of a socialistic nature, became immediately popular, and in 1903 she was offered and accepted the post of associate editor of the New York paper. In that capacity she served as mentor and guide to the Jewish girls of New York.

It was while employed as a journalist, and in welfare work among the Jewish people, that she met J. G. Phelps Stokes. That young man, by reason of birth, breeding, wealth, and rare intellectual gifts, was the matrimonial catch of New York. That he chose to spend most of his time among the poor was considered an eccentricity which many Fifth avenue maidens were quite willing to undertake to cure.

The marriage of Mrs. Stokes and the Jewish cigar maker, which took place at Noroton, Conn., July 18, 1905, was the social sensation of the year. Since then Mrs. Stokes has continued her newspaper work on a Yiddish Socialist daily, has led in many movements for the benefit of working girls, and has engaged earnestly in the propaganda of socialism.

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MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 1.

THE PORTION OF LABOR

AS IN A FORMER CANNIBALISTIC AGE, the biggest giants with the heaviest clubs became chiefs of their tribes, and to vaunt their power and glut their pride, decorated their caves with the emptied skulls and cleanly gnawed bones of their victims, just so our own monopolistic giants with the crushing club of combination beat down and reduce to bare bones the labor of today, glutting their greed upon its flesh, its blood, its marrow and its brain.

True, their caves are gilded now, and we call them not cannibals, but millionaires.

But the primal instinct of man, civilized but unregenerated, remains the same; the cruelty is but refined; the greed is but further-reaching.

So the problem is not a new one in our time or in our age. The self-defense of labor against the cruel power created in the accumulation of its own product is as old as organized greed and as deep as the heart of God.

Only the American mind has been slow to learn the world-wide truth that social misery comes more from inequality of privileges regarding property than from inequality of political rights.

At last we are being forced to recognize the fact that with our long-boasted security of political equality, the same misery that wearies life under the despotisms of Europe is being fastened upon us.

The long blindness originated in the teachings and trainings of past generations. Our fathers, having braved the perils of the unknown seas and lived through the privations of a howling wilderness, that they might believe in and utter aloud, without fear or restraint, certain religious maxims, came in time to believe that there was a political gospel, somewhat akin to their theological creed, in which national salvation could be assured by simply uttering, from time to time, certain glittering generalities or political abstractions.

So we came to be a race of political phrase-eaters.

Epigrams that have been passed down to us, canned and labeled, we bolt down without inspection or test.

To maxims and proverbs—such, for instance, as "Government of the people, by the people and for the people," "All men are created equal," ad infinitum, we look for our sole political and social sustenance.

To this fools' paradise we have been greatly helped by the happy circumstances attending the early conquest of our continent. The deep, rich soil of our wide domain, which offered free homes to the industrious, saved us for a time from the fierce competition that crowds the hungry masses down and gives to organized greed its great advantage.

Failing to comprehend from what we gained our posterity, we attribute all the good we enjoyed to our "free institutions," as we proudly called them, and blindly proceeded to cut from under our good fortune the very foundation of our advantage.

We donated whole territories of our precious domain to corporations until the surplus land is practically exhausted, and now, with the same conditions that have so long afflicted Europe, we begin to wonder that our "free institutions" seem to have lost their charm!

They talk of "prosperity," but even that is "made by a trust," and its production may be curtailed at will.

The ballot fails to bring just remuneration from toil.

While hundreds hoard, millions work and want.

Starvation presses its skinny face against the pane where plenty wastefully feasts.

It asks for crumbs and gets a laugh of scorn.

Ah, yes; giants of greed snatch from poverty, without pity, without remorse, its very rags, even as the soldiers of Pilate snatched, in derision, the raiments of the crucified Christ.

And we may say the reason these things are is that organized wealth buys from our law-makers their manhood.

Let us not be too sure that is the real reason.

First, let us be sure that wealth has not bought our own manhood, without paying the price.

First, let us know, if we, as a people, do not worship wealth instead of a God of justice.

First, let us see if we do not bow down before wealth in a servility that in itself is slavery, and invites the yoke that galls and enthralls.

First, let Labor say the cross on which it now is nailed it has not helped to raise!

Labor is sovereign, not in theory alone, but in very truth, and all the ills it bears are borne through tolerance.

Could Labor feels its wrongs and know its rights and act in wisdom and in force, it could weave a rope of ballots that would bind its giant tyrant hand and foot.

Very likely the high government officials suspected of betting on the races were unable either to live on their salaries or to lecture.

Among the eminently recommended reducers of the high cost of living the English sparrow must now make room for the mountain lion.

Colonel Mulhall's attention should be called to the maxim urging those who live in stone houses not to throw glasses.

Professor Marvin, the new head of the weather bureau, is from Ohio. But that doesn't account for what he has been giving Kansas and Nebraska.

ANENT SUNDAY SELLING.

"Badges for sale; All Hail! All Hail! Walk up, walk up and buy." 'T is Sunday," some poor boob doth quail;

"Ah! Fear not; fear not; 'tis I. If thou don't sell, thou'lt go to hell, But right to me is given, These blessed badges now to sell. To purchase seats in heaven.

D. P. M.

"The only time a hypocrite isn't busy," says the Newry Epictetus, "is when the devil has nothing for him to do.

• • •

And then in the matter of muslin signs on buildings, it makes a difference whether the man who puts up the sign sells dry goods or wet goods. The man who sells dry goods dare not erect the signs.

• • •

Baby parades being much in vogue at the seaside resorts, we assume that a spanking good time is assured.

• • •

Vote for James.

M. H. James, column conductor extraordinary on the Johnstown Democrat, is a candidate for director of the poor in Cambria county. If we can possibly get away, we are going over to Cambria and work for Mel. He would make an ideal director of the poor. When it comes to knowing the real wants of the poor, we can't think of anyone better equipped than an humble conductor on a daily newspaper.

• • •

"Chautauqua Bill" Bryan left Washington Friday night to deliver a lecture, but that doesn't signify that the Mexican situation is settled. Little things like the Mexican trouble don't bother "Chatauqua Bill" with a lecture on hand and a lecture fee in hand.

• • •

Minnesota has changed her law so that it now requires only five-sixths of a jury to return a verdict in civil cases. No longer will one perfectly reasonable juror be able to block the will of eleven obstinate men.

• • •

We Should Worry.

So there is a dangerous new counterfeit twenty-dollar bill drifting about the country. Let us see. Just how much is twenty dollars and what does it look like all in one bill?

• • •

We didn't have any idea the numerous candidates for city council were so capable until they began to visit us and tell us about their ability. When they begin to talk about themselves they make the average theatrical star look like a shrinking violet.

• • •

Tammany must have its little joke. It announces now that reform will be the basis of its platform in New York. Next thing we know, Boies Penrose will announce his candidacy on a reform ticket.

• • •

We remarked to good wife yesterday that marriage is very much of a lottery and she agreed, adding that most of the women draw nothing except consolation prizes. Wonder if she might have meant anything in particular.

• • •

As for the councilmanic candidates, fifty-four are called but only four are chosen.

• • •

Carnegie says Kaiser Wilhelm is the world's most striking figure. Andy never did overlook an opportunity to take his little thing at T. R.

• • •

Evidently Somebody Was Hurt.

James Mateer had an accident with one of his horses a few days ago that will necessitate its remaining idle several weeks. Mr. Mateer was plowing close to a fence row of bushes when the off side horse lagged behind and a hook in the leader's singletree caught in the knee of the offside, tearing a large wound that took a number of stitches to close.—Brady Township Correspondent, Huntingdon Semi-Weekly News.

• • •

"Luncheon Marred By Murder," reads the headline. Come to think of it, that would rather mess things up a bit, wouldn't it?

• • •

The three lectures Bryan has squeezed in between events in the Mexican crisis should net him funds sufficient to lay in a good supply of grape juice for the winter.

• • •

We have instructed daughter that when she finds five more girls eligible to membership, she shall organize the "Daughters of Men of Altoona Who Never Ran for Office." We should like to see such an organization formed, but believe it should have at least six members.

• • •

More Anent Sunday Selling.

To sell or not to sell that is the question:
Can Wilson tell us which is right?
He sells on Sunday with God's blessing
And howls, "Don't sell," with all his might.

—Also D. P. M.

• • •

But we can find neither precept nor example to guide a preacher in remaining out of bed in order to make an effort to purchase ice cream sodas in a restaurant at 11:45 o'clock on Sunday night.

• • •

Neither can we explain why he should return at 11:55 o'clock to make his second request when he had been previously informed that none would be sold until twelve o'clock.

• • •

Sure we know the preacher's name but we wouldn't print it; he might think we were spying, a thing which our particular brand of christianity does not countenance.

• • •

And some day we are going to write more about the selling of picnic badges on Sunday. The badges were sold on Sunday, you know, denials to the contrary notwithstanding.

• • •

While objection was made to the removal of live horses from cars on one Sunday, no objection was made to the removal of the dead bodies of horses from a fire on the following Sunday. From which we infer that the removal of dead bodies is necessary but the feeding of live horses is unnecessary.

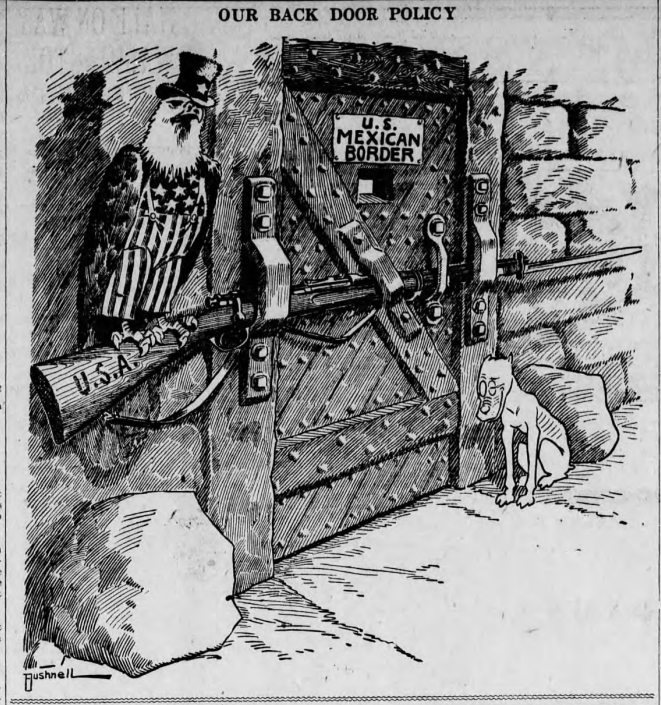
• • •

And the firemen worked for twelve hours at a fire on Sunday without a word of protest from the crusaders. Well, well, well.

• • •

The good wife compelled us to carry the baby to the street car yesterday even though we informed her that we were liable to arrest today. Maybe she would like to have us arrested, at that.

OUR BACK DOOR POLICY



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IS THE NORTH POLE MELTING?

Statements of Ancient Hebrew Writers Confirmed by Scientists.

Editor Altoona Times:—A party of tourists sailing from Quebec for England, about Aug. 1, of this year, report having sighted from five to six hundred icebergs, many of them very large. The amount of ice that has come floating down from the far North in the past few years, and the low attitudes in which the icebergs have been seen by navigators, is exciting interest and apprehension. The sinking of the steamer Titanic a year ago suddenly aroused attention to the gradually changing conditions taking place in the frozen North.

It has been suggested that this was an important factor in the discovery of the poles, and that in time tropical conditions will again prevail in both the Arctic and Antarctic regions.

Many are not aware that at one time hot-house conditions existed over the entire earth, produced by a "canopy" or ring of water about the planet, similar to that about Saturn. The sun shining through this ring brought about the same effect as is caused by the sun's rays passing through the frosted glass of a green-house. This canopy of water descending upon the earth in Noah's time, as recorded in the Holy Scriptures, resulted in violent climatic changes; animals and plants then existing in the region of the poles were suddenly frozen, and in some instances were encased in solid ice. In later years large coal deposits, and fine specimens of tropical plants and animals have been found in Spitzbergen, Northern Siberia and the Antarctic continent.

Science is more and more confirming the statements of the ancient Hebrew writers to the effect that there was a great deluge in the past and that a few members of the race were saved in an extraordinary manner; while from present indications on every hand the words of the prophets will shortly be fulfilled and the whole earth will eventually become as the Garden of Eden, all the waste and desert places being caused to "blossom as the rose."

When the climatic conditions are again equalized over the globe, the storms, cyclones, tornadoes and earthquakes will cease, and "The earth shall yield her increase," in the bountiful supplies which will then spring spontaneously from a grateful soil.

The Wandering Jew.

Gossip and Review

SPANIARDS HONOR WELLINGTON.

On Aug. 31, 1813, the Spanish city of San Sebastion fell before the onslaughts of the English, Spanish and Portuguese allies under Wellington. The centenary was celebrated yesterday in the little seaport city, which occupies a narrow isthmus on the Bay of Biscay, 400 miles north of Madrid, not far distant from the French frontier.

Wellington, at the head of the allies, had commenced his Spanish campaign by taking Ciudad Rodrigo. In April he stormed Badajoz, and in July he defeated Marmont at Salamanca. A little later in 1812 he occupied Madrid, and in June of 1813 he totally defeated the French at Vittoria. Late in July he was victorious over Soult in the Pyrenees.

In August Soult collected his troops in a position, the right of which rested on the sea, with the Bidasson river in front, while the center and left extended across several ridges of hills toward St. Jean de Luz. San Sebastion, besieged by Wellington, was hard pressed and Soult concentrated his attention on raising the siege. Soult's plan was that Rolle should take San Marcial, but Wellington was informed of the French intentions, and dispatched Freyre's Spaniards to occupy the ridges of San Marcial with a British division standing as a reserve.

On the morning of August 31st Rolle's troops forded the Bidassoa, and occupied the first ridge of San Marcial with a rush, but later broke in disorder and were driven back to the river by the Spaniards. A second attempt resulted in another repulse, and Soult drew Rolle's forces back across the river.

Immediately after the failure of Soult's attempt at relief the allies took San Sebastion by storm, and occupied the city, although the citadel held out for several days longer. In October, Wellington entered France.

San Sebastion, in celebrating the centenary of its deliverance from the Napoleonic yoke, did honor to Wellington as its savior. And well it may. To quote Napier: "The English general, emerging from the chaos of the peninsular struggle, stood on the summit of the Pyrenees, a recognized conqueror. From these lofty pinnacles the clangor of his trumpets pealed clear and loud, and the splendor of his genius appeared as a flaming beacon to the warring nations."

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JAP EMPEROR'S BIRTHDAY.

Yoshihito, Emperor of Japan, was the recipient of birtuday congratulations on Sunday. The youthful Mikado who rules over the destinies of old Hippon passed his thirty fourth milestone, having been born at Kioto on Aug. 31, 1879. One of the first official acts of his reign, which began just a year and a month ago, was to announce to the representatives of the foreign powers that the imperial birthday had been changed from the third of November, Mutsuhito's natal day, to the last day of August.

The new Mikado does not appear to have been entirely successful in winning the same place in the affections of his subjects as was held by his father. Mutsuhito's reign will be forever memorable as marking the change from the old to the new Japan. Progressive as he was, however the late Emperor adhered to most of the old customs, and did not wantonly shock the sensibilities of the elder statesmen and the conservatives. Yoshihito has not been so diplomatic. He is thoroughly occidental, and unwilling to make any concessions to old fashioned notions. He smokes cigarettes in public, prefers French and English to his native tongue, wears the very latest in European clothes, and seems the religion of his ancestors. Soon after he ascended the throne he told Parliament that he proposed to be a "perfectly modern ruler" and he has been all of that. The mystery, the reserve and the divinity that have hedged all former Japanese rulers, and made their subjects consider them as more than human, have been dismissed as vain subterfuges by young Yoshihito, and in the white light that beats upon a throne he stands forth a man, and nothing more. In the old days, when the Mikado was little short of the stature of a god in the estimation of his subjects, men were not only willing but eager to die for him; but will they—the elder statesmen are asking each other—be as eager to die for a man?

Emperor Yoshihito is not the son of the Empress Haruko, as she had no children, but of one of the late Emperor's secondary wives, of whom he had twelve. He married the Princess Sadako in 1900 and his son and heir, Prince Hirohito, was born in the following year. The present Emperor believes in monogamy, among other modern notions, and his harem is as bare as Mother Hubbard's famous cupboard.

The Emperor is surrounded by advisers as modern as himself, but the older statesmen, still a power in the land, are antagonistic. Mutsuhito was a very prince of diplomats in pursuing modern methods while seeming to cherish everything ancient. Yoshihito's training was strictly along the present-day lines, and he seems to lack tact that enabled his father to placate the elder statesmen. A few months ago it was necessary to call out the troops to assist the civil authorities in guarding the imperial family.

Another significant fact is that the people and the newspapers now seldom refer to the Emperor as "Tenno," the title almost universally applied to all his predecessors. "Tenno" means "heaven's highest" and implies nothing less than a claim to godhood of a superior kind, with the right to bestow a lesser kind of godhood on his subjects. The Emperor has no surname, for his ancestry is like Pan-Germans. Yoshihito claims descent from the Emperor Jimmu, who reigned over Japan over twenty-five centuries ago.

First Things

The first session of the American Bar association—which opens its thirty-fourth annual convention in Montreal today—was held in 1878, when a number of leading attorneys met and organized a national society "to advance the science of jurisprudence, promote the administration of justice and uniformity of legislation throughout the Union." The association has been instrumental in bringing about many reforms in legal procedure. The present membership exceeds 6,000. The modern profession of the law, which is represented by so distinguished an assemblage in Montreal today, may be said to date from the year 1291, when pleaders of the bar, or barristers, were first appointed by Edward I. There is earlier mention of professional advocates in England, but they had no official standing. In these days the law is a stepping-stone to official and political greatness, but it was not always so. In 1372 it was decreed in England that "no man of the law" should be permitted to sit in Parliament. Coke and Blackstone both condemned this prohibition, but the statutes were not repealed until 1871.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

SEPTEMBER 1, 1893.

George Lower, employed in the mill of William Stokes, at Ninth Avenue and Twentieth street, was badly injured when a belt broke, throwing the belt pin against his chest with great force.

The second annual outing of the public school teachers of Blair county was held at Lakemont Park.

Mrs. James M. Wertz, of 2516 Eighth avenue, caught a sneak thief ransacking her home but the man made good his escape.

Robert F. Bankert and son Frederick, left for Westmoreland county to attend a reunion of war veterans.

The new addition to the Altoona hospital was inspected by the officials and found to be about ready for occupancy.

Mayer S. M. Hoyer, A. J. Anderson, C. A. Wood, Alderman O'Toole, Fred Ball, James Cullen and Rev. E. A. Bush, of St. John's, left for Chicago as delegates to the congress of Catholic societies.

Events As Viewed by Pennsylvania Editors

WITHDRAWING FROM MEXICO
(Pittsburgh Gazette Times)

Not the least effective measure for bringing Huerta and his Mexican adherents to their sense is President Wilson's recommendation that all Americans withdraw from that country. It is estimated that these number but 15,000 now as compared with 60,000 several years ago. When the Mexican authorities reflect upon the fact that Americans were principally in Mexico for development, which added enormously to national prosperity and that when they cross the border or take ship for home the business in which they were engaged will languish and the community suffer accordingly, the situation will assume a different phase. Beside, if Mexico is in such a state of anarchy and danger that American lives and property are not safe it will not be long until the plight of Europeans there will be equally perilous, and they will get away also.

The inevitable result will be to isolate Mexico, to halt all progress and damage all commerce. This is a prospect which Huerta cannot afford to misjudge. With a bankrupt treasury, impaired credit, a divided government and armed rebellion that is steadily reducing the zone in which he is able to assert even the semblance of authority, it is but a matter of time until he will be compelled to make a virtue of expediency. Already there are indications of a weakening in the attitude of the adventurous leader of a losing cause and the complete collapse of his ambitious projects would not come so much as a surprise as a relief.

TWO YOUNGS OF CHICAGO.
(Harrisburg Patriot)

All lovers and all lovers of lovers—and as the adage says that all mankind loves a lover, all mankind should rise up and bless Health Commissioner Young, of Chicago, because he has just ruthlessly struck out of a weekly health bulletin, prepared by an assistant, a statement that kissing is unsanitary and should be avoided.

Dr. Young not only directed his secretary to have the objectionable paragraph struck out and the entire bulletin re-written, but he went on to say that disease germs do not abide on ruby lips and advised every lover to keep on kissing as long as the girl is willing.

The only danger to physical health arising from kissing, the health commissioner said, is being caught at it by some objecting and irate parent.

Thus it appears that Chicago has two Youngs to be grateful to and proud of, and to hold up as examples to the world of superintendent of schools Ella Flagg Young, champion of honest and economical school financiering and efficient school teaching and Health Commissioner Young, champion of modest and discreet kissing under:

The hawthorn bush, with seats beneath the shade
For talking age and whispering lovers made.

ATTACKS HISTORY TEACHING
(Williamsport Gazette Bulletin)

That history is one of the most useless subjects taught in the common schools, is the contention of W. Parsons, president of the Indiana State Normal school, at Terra Haute.

President Parsons says he bases his thoughts of history on the necessary reaction on the part of a person acquiring historical knowledge. The mind of a child, and even that of an old person, cannot, he contends, grasp the magnitude of the battle of Gettysburg or similar events, which are the most important history lessons.

Nevertheless he does not advocate less history in the grade schools, but a change in the system of teaching that branch.

Mr. Parsons' object in attacking history, therefore, is rather obscure. He should at least have suggested a better way of teaching the subject.

In the absence of further information it is hardly fair to pronounce judgment, but from the only angle at present available it looks as he merely talked to hear himself.

ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

The street car line on Eighth avenue should be double tracked. The amount of traffic carried over the line demands it, the present system of stopping at turnouts necessitates waits which quite frequently inconvenience passengers.—I. T. Taylor.

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I have traveled all over Pennsylvania for forty years, and have consequently become more or less acquainted in hundreds of towns, both large and small, but I've never been in a place where the people came as nearly minding their own business as at present in Hollidaysburg, your county seat. I think that when I retire from road, that I will move to Hollidaysburg to spend my declining years.—Harry Reinhold, Commercial Salesman.

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I never saw the ground so dry. Usually when limestone ground gets dry, it gets as hard as the street, but it is now so thoroughly burnt, that it is as loose as an ash heap, and works easy. If showers do not come, however, to sow wheat or rye until it rains, although the season for fall sowing is now upon us.—Farmer I. B. Paul, Huston township.

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The law imposes a penalty of sixty-seven cents upon a man every time he uses the name of his creator in vain. If wholesale prosecutions were to be made as the law provides, the public treasury would not hold the money secured from the fines. You can't force religion on worldly men, but I think they ought to be forced to abstain from profanity.—Thomas H. Suckling, Hollidaysburg.

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Thirty three motorists have been arrested and fined this year for not carrying red lights on the rear of their machines, but when the mayor was informed of the action or lack of action on the part of the traction authorities in permitting an open trench fifty or sixty feet long between the car tracks at Sixth avenue and Fourth street, to stand unguarded by red lights, no action, however, has been taken. Lights had been placed on the piles of earth thrown out, but none guarded the excavation, resulting in several serious accidents.—Dr. Frank Keagy.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 3.

RETRIBUTION

CHICKENS USUALLY come home to roost. Also, it is a long lane that has no turning. Which of course, is simply a way of preface.

Twelve or thirteen years ago Kansas City, Mo., in overhauling its water supply outfit, found that it required a lot of new cast-iron pipe. Bids were asked for. Practically there was only one bidder. Proposals were received from a number of companies but the price named in all except one were so high as to be prohibitive. And the maker of the low bid—which was not so very low by the way—curtly informed the city that if there was any delay the price would be jumped progressively according to a series of stated dates.

The mayor of Kansas city fumed and protested. He called the evident hold-up conspiracy of the cast-iron pipe makers "barefaced buccaneering". But it did neither him nor the city any good. The price of the "lowest bidder" had to be accepted. Looking elsewhere for pipe, it was found there was no "elsewhere".

Portland, Ore. needed five or six miles of water pipe. Its mayor went through the same experience the mayor of Kansas City did. And at about that time both, naturally, were interested in the experience of Conway, Ark., which decided to use wooden pipe rather than submit to extortion.

Since then the methods of the cast-iron pipe pool have been laid bare in the prosecution of the Addyston Pipe company, one of the first of the important cases brought under the anti-trust law. The members of the pool always agreed among themselves which should have a certain contract. All would bid and perhaps $25 would be the lowest offer—agreed upon by the pool. The "successful bidder" would make the pipe at a cost of perhaps $15 and the difference would be divided.

Fortune's wheel has turned considerably since thirteen years ago. The erstwhile mayors of Kansas City and Portland are now influential members of the United States senate. Under the Payne-Aldrich tariff, iron pipe was protected. In the Underwood bill the duty on it was reduced. When the measure reached the senate, the former mayor of Kansas City and the former mayor of Portland had something to say. And they said it so convincingly that the senate put iron pipe on the free list.

The concerns in the pool didn't care a whoop in hades for these two men when they were mayors any more than they did for the mayor of Altoona or any other city. But now they wish they had.

MAYOR SAVES CITY MONEY

THE costly experience of the city of Altoona some few years ago when an expense of more than $200,000 was placed upon the taxpayers because of carelessness on the part of the councilmanic bodies in preparing and passing paving ordinances appears not to have taught its proper lesson.

The average person would believe that after such an experience councils would exercise care in enacting legislation so as to avoid a repetition of the former fiasco. Not so councils.

As recently as last Monday Mayor Walker was forced to return a paving ordinance to select council without his approval, calling attention to the fact that the measure had not been passed in accordance with the law.

It is possible that only the action of the mayor prevented the placing of another big financial burden on the city and Mayor Walker deserves the commendation of all the citizens of Altoona for preventing the blundering work of councils to become a law.

Of course it may be said that the mayor is presumed to know that measures are right before they are signed. Quite true. But it is asking too much of any mayor to discover each and every error which passes the keen scrutiny of twelve men, good and true, and at the same time keep his eye on these same men, along with twenty-four others in the lower branch of the dignified body so soon to pass from our midst.

As we have previously remarked, one need only watch the work of the present councils closely to find many reasons for the coming change.

There is no better barometer of trade conditions than the movement of freight over the railroad. The report of the Pennsylvania railroad showing that during the month of August, 1913, the movement of cars over the Middle division surpassed all previous movements during the same month, is convincing evidence that the country prospers despite all the talk of the tariff, the currency bill and war with Mexico. Business appears to have passed the day when it stood still or went backward at the very first suggestion of change from existing conditions.

It is interesting to note that before the raid was made on an alleged disorderly house on Tenth avenue Monday night, information against the proprietress was sworn out by the sergeant of police. It is still more interesting to note that the information by the sergeant of police was not made until complaint had been made by a citizen of the neighborhood. From which it might be assumed that while police are paid for police duty, the actual work must be done by civilians.

Bull fighting is prohibited in this country, presumably out of regard for the bull. Automobile racing goes on without objection. We can readily understand the willingness to sacrifice life after life in this hazardous sport but it does seem a pity to break up so many perfectly good automobiles.

If Mexico should determine to make war on the United States, no doubt she could be persuaded to suspend hostilities during such times as the secretary of state has speaking engagements. It would be a shame to permit a little war to curtail the income of "Chautauqua Bill."

Councils, apparently unwilling to accept the statement of men who reside along the streets, named their own investigating committee to report on the work done by the Union Paving company. The opinion of the just-plain-ordinary-citizen that the work was not particularly good is borne out in the expert report to councils. Very well. What now?

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

"WHAT IS THE MATTER WITH WORLD?"

Selfishness in Human Heart at Root of All Evil.

Editor Altoona Times: The solution of this age-old problem is easy. The remedy for all the ills afflicting the human race may be readily found, when once the cause is ascertained. As effect follows cause so a remedy to be effectual must be applied to the source of the trouble.

There is one cause for all political corruption, social evils, financial frauds, industrial ills, liquor traffic, wars, poverty, disease, strikes, lockouts, shame misery, sorrow, and suffering.

There are many branches to the great tree of evil and reformers have been hacking away at them from time immemorial, but anyone looking out over the world will be forced to the conclusion that most of the evils of our time are growing ones.

Was there ever a time when preparations for war were on such a gigantic scale? Were the industrial ills ever as serious as today? The fearful spread of social evil, the terrible white slave traffic, the number of divorce cases, the more than sixty per cent of humanity afflicted with loathsome diseases due to immorality, all attest the awful condition of our race.

Experience has demonstrated that it is futile to attempt to remove the branches of evil. The tree itself must be killed. The only way to kill the tree is to strike at the roots. What are the roots? The answer to this is the answer to the entire problem of "What is the matter with the world?" It is selfishness in the human heart. Analyze every evil in the world and it can be traced to this one source.

Remove selfishness, and the evils will fade away. How can this be done? It will require the divine power of the Creator. Hopeless indeed it would be this world if God had not provided the remedy. This, which is beyond the power of man to achieve, will be done when Messiah's kingdom is established in the earth. His righteous reign will be inaugurated for the very purpose of removing the stony hearts of selfishness and of giving to mankind hearts of flesh, dispositions of love and kindness and goodwill.—Isaiah 9:6-9; Ezekiel 36:26, 27.

THE WANDERING JEW.

ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

Yesterday's session of the teachers' institute was excellent and among the most interesting we ever had. The speakers were good, and the success augurs well for the remaining sessions of the week.—Supt. H. H. Baish.

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It is surprising how many affable men there are in Altoona just before the election. Men who scarcely spoke to you before, are now eager to shake hands and tell you what a good fellow you are. All this goes in the defense of politics, however, and we can expect a large majority of the affable men to resume their wonted grouches after election day. —Thomas Magee.

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I hear that the leaders of the Democratic party in this county are planning to start an evening newspaper in Altoona, which will be devoted to the principles of Democracy. If the plans are followed out the newspaper will be equipped with all modern facilities and an excellent paper will be gotten out.—James Welsh.

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About the funniest one I've read for some time was the "write up" of one of the candidates for jury commissioner, who assures the taxpayers that if elected "the expense of the office will be kept down to the lowest figure necessary for its maintenance." Doubtless he would. All the balance of us have. The low allows us a fee for filing the wheel, and a day's wages each time we draw a jury. We can't get more, and a man would be a fool to take less than the law provides—Jury Commissioner Joseph H. Butler.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

SEPT. 3, 1893.

City teachers institute opened. The instructors were: Miss M. E. Moore, of Philadelphia; C. H. Albert of Bloomsburg; Dr. George W. Hull, of Millersville and Dr. D. C. Murphy, of Slippery Rock.

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The Jewish snyagogue of Akodis Ackim congregation, Sevententh street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenue, was dedicated. The dedicatory sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Freyer, of the Reformed Hebrew congregation.

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Peter F Smith, a well known East Side resident, died at the age of 33 years.

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Passenger traffic was reported heavy by the Pennsy, chiefly on account of the World's fair.

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C. M. Fleck, of Altoona, was made foreman of the Pennsy repair shops at Tyrone.

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Orville Reed, young son of J. H. Reed of Hollidaysburg, fell from a tall pole and severely cut his leg. Five stitches were required to close the wound.

R. V. Mateer returned from the World's fair.

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The clerks and carriers at the local postoffice played a game of baseball, the former winning by the score of 25 to 20. Boycott, Herbert and Glenn starred for the clerks, while Leake, Babcock and Costlow did good work for the carriers

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Ellis March returned from the World's fair. He thought he would write a book on "What I Saw."

ANYTHING FOR STYLE

The latest women's wear from French costumes is the "lampshade tunic." The costume is made of chiffon, draped over satin or silk, with a short tunic resembling a lamp shade, which is held in hoop effect by a wired fringe encircling the bottom.

Picked up by the Reporters Here and There About the City

PASSING OF THE TRAIN-RIDER

The past few years have witnessed many remarkable changes in the methods of the large railroads, and one of the greatest changes has been the partial elimination of the illegal train rider, or hobo. Until five years ago, a tramp could travel on freight trains from the Atlantic to the Pacific without fear of molestation, but all this has changed and in the east, at least, the railroads have placed almost impenetrable barriers of police along their systems, so that only a small percentage of the knights of the road are enabled to secure free transportation via the side door "pullman" route. On the entire Pennsy system, there is a rigid watch kept for illegal train riders, and of the entire system the Middle division has the reputation of keeping the closest watch, and it is a shrewd tramp indeed, who escapes detection.

To locate a train rider on a fast freight train is no little task, but the Middle division officers have the thing worked down to a science, and no matter what plan is adopted by the men who steal rides, the officers have a scheme to checkmate him. This requires considerable ingenuity.

For a long time, the tramps resorted to the practice of taking possession of an empty steel coal car, and by sticking close to the bottom of the car, escaping detection. The officers "got next" to this scheme, however, and now the trains are carefully scrutinized, while the interior of every steel car is carefully looked over for a possible freight rider.

This is accomplished by an officer who climbs a telegraph pole along the tracks, and who signals to a fellow officer on the ground as soon as a rider is spotted, or if no pole is handy, a copper climbs out on one of the signal bridges, directly over the train and makes a close inspection of all the cars.

A railroad officer does not mind tackling two or three tramps at one time, but where half a dozen are found huddled in the bottom of a car, the copper on the pole makes haste to join his comrade on the ground and they board the train together and arrest the trespassers.

There is only one way that a tramp may escape detection on a freight train, and that is by riding the "rods" on a steel coal car close up to one of the chutes on the bottom of the car. Underneath the car is a broad beam, and a tramp may crawl under the car and on this beam, close to one of the chutes ride for hours without being discovered, but this is attended with considerable risk, and the average genus hobo is unwilling to take the chance.

The season for the migration of the tramps southward is rapidly approaching, and soon the Hollidaysburg jail will be filled to overcrowding with the members of the lower strata who find it more to their liking to ride the freight trains than to hike over rough, dusty wagon roads.

LOST IN THE THEATRE

At the box office of the average theatre can be found an assortment of things that would put junk shop dealers to blush, for there is scarcely a performance goes by that does not see some addition made to the collection of articles lost in the theatre. These articles include almost everything under the sun, and it is almost unbelievable the kind of articles that are turned in and never called for.

A reporter was idling a few minutes in the office of Manager A. E. Denman at the Orpheum theatre, yesterday afternoon, when he happened to express some concern about the loss of a valet (Allah alone knows what use he ever had for one).

"That's easily remedied", quoth the David Belasco of Altoona, and he produces a large storebox filled with all kinds of junk, from which he finally rummaged a leather pocketbook in fairly good state of preservation. This he started to examine, and asked the following yarn resulted:

"Its remarkable some of the things we find here. You would scarcely believe that we have had turned in to us almost every kind of wearing apparel known to either sex.

"Why only last week, a lady's hat was turned in by one of the ushers," and to prove his statement, the manager produced a hat from a desk drawer. The hat was not of extremely fancy design, but it was a hat, nevertheless, and still had several hat pins sticking in it.

"There are gloves, handkerchiefs, over shoes and umbrellas turned in by the score," continued Mr Denman, "but the articles of any value are always called for. We find many pocketbooks, but it is seldom that a purse containing money is found."

The funniest thing that ever turned up at the box office, according to Mr. Denman, was a set of false teeth that was handed in last season. It was found by the sweeper, and was never called for.

A lady's slipper was turned in after a matinee performance, and it was never called for, while the theatre attaches are wondering if the woman who lost it is still running about with one foot covered with nothing but a stocking. A woman's skirt was found by one of the ushers, last winter, but everyone connected with the theatre agrees that the garment was evidently a reserve one which the owner was carrying to or from the theatre in a package, although when found it was lying across the back of a seat

Any number of "rats" and switches of false hair have been found, while one young lady in passing from the theatre turned in a toupe which she found in the aisle near her seat

In fact, about everything under the sun excepting an automobile or a steel range has found its way to the box office of the theatre, and it is likely that the office of any other theatre would show an equally diversified assortment of lost articles

HAIR DOESN'T GROW ON DEAD.

There is a popular belief among a majority of persons, founded likely upon some mythological tale, that after death, the hair of a corpse continues to grow, and the story is often told that bodies raised from the ground have sported flowing locks and glorious Van Dyke beards. A prominent West Side undertaker, when asked about this yarn, laughed, and declared that if some people were told the moon was composed of green cheese, they would take special care at night time to close their bed room windows tight, to prevent any noisesome odors from old Luna, from disturbing their slumbers. "How that yarn ever originated, goodness only knows," said the undertaker. "Many of the most intelligent persons I have ever met insist that it is a gospel fact, but I have been around when many bodies were raised, and believe me, when a man dies, his hair dies along with the rest of him. The hair often remains intact, long after the flesh on the body has dried up, disintegration setting in more slowly, but a man buried with a beard an inch long, will still have an inch of hair on his face if his body is raised fifty years hence."

EVENTS AS VIEWED BY PENNSYLVANIA EDITORS

DUSTY ROADS DAMAGE CROPS

(Williamsport Gazette & Bulletin)

It is a safe guess that "Farmer" Creasy's opposition to the good roads bond issue doesn't get much encouragement in Schuylkill county, where the farmers are complaining that not for a half century have they had to contend with roads as dusty as those of the present summer. It has been a persistent evil with which material beginning kept in a continual state of powdery consistency, because of the long intervals between the rains.

The winds have caught the dust up and scattered it for long distances, doing much damage in corn fields and truck patches, where they were in close proximity to the highways.

Farming experts estimate that from dusty roads, alone, there has been caused a loss of many thousands of dollars, and a movement has been inaugurated which may result in Schuylkill making a bigger bid for state road-making than ever before in its history.

The brief intervals of hard state highways are the only stretches of the roadway system of Schulkill county which have escaped this dust nuisance.

Some of the unimproved roads, bordering farm lands, have, for several months, contained dust to the depth of between four and six inches. This has been carried up into the air by team and motor car traffic and gusts of wind to fall upon the fields as far back as a half mile from the highways.

The experience of the Schuylkill county farmers is that of farmers in all parts of the state.

With dusty roads doing heavy damage to their crops, the farmers of Pennsylvania are not likely to grow very enthusiastic over Creasy's efforts to block the excellent program that has been mapped out for the improvement of the roads of the state.

TAKING DANGEROUS CHANCES

(Pittsburgh Gazette Times)

It is not surprising to those who keep track of the policies of certain amusement managers to learn that a large sum of money has been offered Maury I. Diggs of Sacramento, Cal., to enter vaudeville with an act which shall include his partner in crime, Marsha Warrington. The American public has become more or less accustomed to the disgusting habit of entertainment mongers in dishing up the offal of sensational criminal trials for the delectation of theatregoers. That section of theatrical management which rushes forward to secure financial profit by the exploitation of immorality on the stage could hardly miss a chance like the Diggs-Caminetti case. But these theatrical vultures are in danger of overstepping the limits of public and legal patience. It would perhaps not be so bad to have enacted laws that would put a heavy penalty upon the practice of exhibiting the fruits of crime and vice under the guise of entertainment, but the danger becomes one of general application when it is considered that such violations of the laws of human decency are almost certain to react against the entire profession of the theater.

Step by step these conscienceless mercenaries in the theatrical business are pushing public sentiment to the point where legislation will be demanded and passed that may put a serious restraint upon the legitimate operations of the theater. Crime sponsors who seized the moving picture business as a means of evil proit have succeeded in handicapping a useful form of amusement. The same thing and perhaps worse awaits the vaudeville and dramatic profession if promoters of vicious tendencies are allowed their way. The American amusement-seeking public as a whole is decent and self-respecting, and these sporadic attempts to corrupt tend to work disastrously to the legitimate as well as the profit-seeking exploiters among the profession.

GOLD TOOTH F COLLIE.

GRAFTON, W. Va., Sept. 2.—The prize collie that belongs to Dr. N. E. Shai is now about the most artistocratic looking dog in town when he opens his mouth, for he has a gold tooth.

In a fight some time ago the dog had one of the teeth broken off. The broken tooth interfered with the dog's eating, so Dr. Shai this morning put in a gold tooth. The dog objected tremendously to the operation, but after the work was over seemed delighted with it.

. . The Scrap Book . .

Centenary of Eotvos, Hungarian Statesman

Hungarians in America as well as at home will celebrate today the centenary of the birth of Baron Jozsef Eotvos, statesman, novelist, poet and orator. Although he has been dead for over forty years, Eotvos still lives in Hungarian literature and politics, and some of his books have already taken their place among the classics of his country.

Eotvos was born in Buda on Sept. 3, 1813, and was educated in the University of Pesth. Buda and Pesth were then separate municipalities, but have since been consolidated under the name of Budapesth. Eotvos was a precocious youth, and was only seventeen when he commenced his literary career by translating one of Goethe's works. This was followed by two original comedies and a tragedy, which showed such remarkable beauty of style as to immediately place the youthful author in the front rank of Hungarian writers.

At twenty Eotvos began his official career as a vice-notary, and after two years went to Vienna. In 1836 he travelled through Germany, Switzerland, France and Great Britain. He returned to his native land to become the editor of the "Ariskonyv, in which appeared his great novel, "The Carthusian."

Eotvos was a leader in many reforms, and his works on these subjects, as well as his fiction and verses, gained for him the respect of Europe. He was a brilliant advocate of prison reform, and his eloquent defence of "The Emancipation of the Jews" was still more remarkable. Many of his works of this period were published for the benefit of the sufferers from the terrible flood which devastated Pesth in 1838.

In 1840 he took a seat in the upper house of the Hungarian Diet, and became a leader of the advanced political movement of that period. Soon afterward he lost his fortune, and was forced to seek a subsistence in the labors of his pen, while he continued to espouse the national cause. In his novel, "The Village Notary," he boldly exposed the abuses connected with the rule of the nobles. This volume was translated into English and several other languages. He was the champion of universal suffrage, while Kossuth defended the autonomy of the counties.

In 1848 Baron Eotvos received the portfolio of minister of public instruction, but the stormy course of events that shortly followed led to his retirement. He went to Vienna and afterward to Munich, but returned to Pesth in 1851, when he published his "The Influence of the Ruling Ideas of the Nineteenth Century on the State." In this work he expressed his confidence in the faithfulness of the age to humanitarian ideas, notwithstanding its utilitarianism. He was largely instrumental in preparing the popular mind for those constitutional changes which were afterward introduced. Following the coronation of Franz Jozsef as King of Hungary in 1867, when the second Hungarian ministry was called into existence, he again assumed the portfolio of public instruction. He was at this time the president of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences, and many other honors had been conferred upon him. He died in 1871. A monument in the city of his birth commemorates his name and fame, and his books continue to exert a profound influence on Hungarian thought.

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Boscobel, the house in which Charles II took refuge after his defeat by Cromwell in the battle of Worcester 262 years ago today, still stands, and the principal parts remain as they were in the days of the civil war. An oak, declared to be the one into which the royal fugitive climbed to escape Cromwell's horsemen, stands near the house.

First Things

The first one-cent newspaper in New York, and the first important cheap paper in America, was the New York Sun, which was founded eighty years ago today by Benjamin H. Day, a printer. The Sun continued to sell for a cent a copy until the civil war, when the price was advanced to two cents, at which it remains. The first one-cent newspaper in America, appropriately called "The Cent," was launched in Philadelphia in 1830 by Christopher C. Cornwall, but it did not attain much influence. The Sun soon had several rivals in the one-cent field, including the Bee and the Transcript, and the Tribune, founded by Horace Greeley in 1841, was also originally a penny paper. During the civil war most of the New York newspapers advanced their prices to three and four cents, but the competition of cheaper papers, especially the World, later forced a reduction. The cheap press of England had its beginning in 1830 with the Illustrated Penny Magazine. The popular-priced papers of Paris date from 1836, when Girardin's La Presse and Dutacq's Le Siecle ushered in the new journalistic era.

SAID SHE FELT FLY ON BRAIN.

Hypnotist Who Treated Her Lands in Cell.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Francisco Guerino, of No. 37 Carmine street, was held yesterday by Chief Magistrate McAdoo in Jefferson Market court for trial in special sessions, on a charge of practicing medicine without a license. The complainant was Mrs. Isabelle Goodwin, police detective sergeant.

Mrs. Goodwin says she went to Guerino's office Aug. 9, and that he agreed to treat her and accepted $5 on account. She says Guerino told her that he healed by hypnotism. She says he made several passes with his hands in front of her face. Then, she says, she detected an odor like chloroform or ether and became dazed.

"Do you feel a sensation as if a fly were crawling over your brain?" Guerino is alleged to have asked. Mrs. Goodwin replied that she did, and Guerino is alleged to have said:

"Ah, then I can cure you."

Mrs. Goodwin says she was again treated by Guerino on Aug. 15.

Clothes do not make the man, but a good appearance will often carry off the bacon. Stationery turned out of the Times job department has a distinctive class, that all connoisseurs appreciate.

The Altoona Times

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TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 9.

THE MINISTER AND HIS INFLUENCE

IN VIEW OF THE FACT that certain clergymen of this city have recently been making themselves obnoxious to the community and offensive to the particular congregations they represent, as well as church-going people generally, an editorial in yesterday morning's Tribune which discusses the influence of the modern minister and the causes that make it an effective force is extremely pertinent. We quote one paragraph as especially worthy of the consideration of every religious leader:

> The days when a pastor drove his congregation in ways he thought best have vanished. The pastor's authority in things spiritual is gladly recognized and his admonitions are accepted with more or less alacrity. But his rule must be one of love, not of fear. If he does not understand that; if he imagines he can drive the members of his flock to think his thoughts and perform his acts in the secular realm, he blunders badly. The people no longer believe the pastor is a master and a director in any other realm save the spiritual and they resent interference with their secular affairs.

The minister who assumes the right to control the secular activities of the community—who imagines that he can employ the legal machinery to compel men to adopt his ideas of morality—does more than blunder. He injures the cause which in his mistaken zeal he professes to espouse. He is a source of pain and annoyance to people who are animated by the true spirit of religion, while at the same time he inspires hostility against the church in the minds of non-church-goers that seriously militates against the efforts of ministers and other religionists who are sincerely and sensibly striving for the regeneration of unregenerate mankind.

Our esteemed contemporary declares that the minister's "rule must be one of love, not of fear." Of what benefit to the church is a minister who prowls about the community, and, by devices that would put to shame the unscrupulous methods of over-zealous detectives, tempts his fellow-men into the commission of acts that make them liable to the law's vengeance? What becomes of the professions of clergymen who league themselves with blood-sucking and grafting emissaries of the law in an insensate desire for notoriety that their lack of talent denies them?

Truly, the people resent the interference of clergymen with their secular affairs. Fortunately for the cause of religion, the vast majority of ministers realize this fact, or they are so thoroughly imbued with the real spirit of Christianity that they decline to become the instrumentalities through which grasping officials are enriched by the fines of minor and technical offenders.

Observant people have seen the rise and fall of clergymen who depart from the legitimate functions of their professions and volunteer as detectives to aid in the punishment of individuals who do not conform to their standards of morality. Their stay is very brief, for they are lacking in the essential qualifications of success. While they are following their misdirected activities their congregations languish, and sooner or later are compelled, for their own preservation, to dismiss the militant apostle of law-supported morality.

The clergymen of this city who are performing genuinely effective work are not devoting most of their time prowling about the highways seeking whom they may destroy and in aldermen's stuffy courts giving testimony against men for whose salvation they should, if consistent, be earnestly striving in a legitimate way.

We commend to the serious consideration of every clergyman the timely editorial of our contemporary. It cannot fail of salutary effect at a time when a sharp warning against the offensive and subversive intrusion of a few clergymen in secular affairs is badly needed.

THE PASSING OF THE COUNTRY

THE IMPORTANT PHASE of industrial evolution in this country today lies in the passing of the rural communities.

A new order of civilization is subtly stealing upon us. Railways are becoming arteries and veins leading to remotest sections and the city is the heart.

The city man of middle life who now goes back to visit the country home of his boyhood meets a keen disappointment. The old homestead has perhaps been turned into some city man's estate, trolley cars whiz along the old road where his bare feet used to paddle in the deep dust, and a railroad bridge spans the old swimming hole. His heart finds itself homeless.

He sees a slovenly boy slouch by smoking a cigaret. He sees another, besides a nurse in a carriage, loll by, dressed in the daintiest of city fashions. He thanks God that his own boyhood was passed before the world was turned upside down, while yet something was left to the imagination, while there was left some mystery to dream of beyond the hills.

It is not yet fifty years since the people of our country villages lived by farming, the men making their own sleds, shingles, ax handles, scythes, brooms, ox bows, bread troughs and mortars; the women carding, spinning, braiding, binding and dyeing. They sat round great fire-places with hanging crane, firedogs and a spit turned by hand or by clockwork; they made their own tallow candles and used, even on festive occasions, wooden blocks or raw potatoes for candlesticks; they ate from pewter kept bright by the wild scouring rush; they doctored their own diseases by a hundred and one different wild herbs, all gathered near home and all put up in bags for the winter or hung in rows of dried bunches. Soap was made at home, so was the apple butter, cheese, pearlash, birch vinegar, cider, beer, baskets. Each farm was a factory of odds and ends—a village store in itself, a laboratory of applied mechanics.

Now all that period of sturdy individualism is as utterly passed by as is the government of the Pharaohs. The railroads have killed it all.

Every process on the farm has been revolutionized by science or mechanical invention; every article can now be bought more cheaply than it can be made at home. The very mending of clothes now hardly marks the good housewife—you are told that it is cheaper for the older daughter to go to work in the factory and buy with her wages new suits of ready-made for the boys.

Couldn't congress help Secretary Bryan to live on his income by authorizing him to perform marriages in the District of Columbia?

GOSSIP AND REVIEW

A LIVING LESSON IN OPTIMISM.

Helen Keller was born deaf and blind and dumb. She has an ambitious soul and energetic nerves that make her handicap all the more pitiable. She has golden dreams even of the simplest delights that she never can realize. A soul of sunlight and music is imprisoned within a wall of darkness and dead silence.

Yet Helen Keller, born mute, has learned to lecture; born deaf, she has learned to hear music, and calls it the voices of angels; born deaf and dumb and blind, she has written a wonderful book, called "Optimism," telling us of blessings which our wide-open eyes and ears so often fail to see and hear.

All of us, no doubt, often have troubles that seem impossible for us to bear. The stones in our path bruise our feet, and we all sit down and whine. There are times when we can neither see or hear anything sweet in life.

Let us, then, turn to this blind girl for guidance out of the gloom. Let us turn to her mute lips for music.

She who is blind and deaf and dumb can teach us much to make us cheerful.

We take ourselves too seriously. Really, no disaster or sorrow can happen to you that has not happened to other people who have grinned and gotten over it. You can grin and get over it, too, if you will.

If you don't know how, the girl who is deaf and dumb and blind can teach you.

Pessimism springs from some sort of conceit that is easy to understand. It comes from the assumption that you are so important to the welfare of the universe that you really should have been given a better chance to develop than those less consequential people, your neighbors.

And, since you haven't been started forward on the road of life in a bright red wagon with a brass band ahead, you feel that Providence has been derelict and hasn't properly attended to its business.

So you grouch and glower. You get a hazy notion in your head that if the world will not devote itself to making you happy, you will devote yourself to making the world unhappy.

Even a blind girl can tell us how foolish and futile it all is. She teaches us that God's sunlight is ever shining, though it shines not for her eyes. She teaches us that the world is full of music, though it is not for her ears. She teaches us how to make songs of gladness, though her own lips are mute.

And, above all, she teaches us what cowards we are to sit down in the shadows and whine over our bruises.

And if a girl that never could see at all, or speak, or hear, can make herself to know and appreciate boundless superior blessings—can realize that she stands in the light and in music—then what cowardly-hearted "quitters" are we to pervert our blessings to the service of some whining devil of despair!

WORLD'S WORST MONSTER

Who is the world's worst human monster?

Those familiar with his dreadful crimes will immediately award the sinister preeminence to Jesse Pomeroy, the torturer and slayer of children who, two-score years ago, held Boston in a reign of terror. Pomeroy is still undergoing a lifelong expiation in a solitary cell in the Charlestown, Mass., prison, where he was lodged thirty-seven years ago.

Long as has been the time that has passed since Jesse Pomeroy enjoyed liberty to work his fiendish will on hapless innocents, his name chills the hearts of Bostonians and there are many relatives of his victims to whom the return of September, the anniversary of his incarceration, is a day of thanksgiving. Time heals many wounds and the world forgets and forgives many crimes, but to Jesse Pomeroy the world is unrelenting, and to all his appeals for mercy it turns a deaf ear. For this arch-fiend the future holds nothing but "solitary confinement at hard labor in the state prison during his natural life," the words used by Governor Rice in granting a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment.

It was on Sept. 9, 1876, that the gates of Charlestown prison clanged behind Jesse Pomeroy and the whole world breathed a sigh of relief at being rid of the monster. He was in his seventeenth year when he entered his solitary cell, and he is now an old man of fifty-three. It was only his youth that saved Pomeroy from the gallows and sent him to the living tomb where he now sits thinking, always thinking, perhaps repenting of his past, perhaps—and this seems more likely—planning means of escape and revenge on society.

Pomeroy, despite the strain of fiendish degeneracy that led him to commit the most horrid outrages on little children, is by no means a fool, and for years he has waged a cleverly-contrived but fruitless campaign to secure a pardon, ever writing his autobiography in an attempt to arouse sympathy. His protestations of repentance and pious professions in religion have occasionally led to appeals for clemency in his behalf, but these have always aroused a storm of indignant remonstrance. Boston remembers how Jesse, after his first crimes, was sent to a reform institution, but earnest were his protestations of repentance, and how ferocious his deeds immediately following his release.

On numerous occasions Pomeroy has sought to escape from the prison. A little over a month ago a steel spike and a strip of tin were found in his cell. Last December the prisoner succeeded in sawing three bars from the door, but the mewing of a cat which folowled him along the corridor attracted the attention of a guard, and he was thrown back into his cell. Three times before he was baffled in attempts to secure his liberty. In 1892, when a number of prisoners escaped, Pomeroy begged piteously to be permitted to accompany them, but his earnest plea was refused. On another occasion he was attacked by a convict, and ever since Pomeroy has realized that he can expect no sympathy nor aid from his fellow prisoners.

Through all the years of his confinement Pomeroy's health has been good. Only once in thirty-seven years has he looked upon the face of any woman but his mother, and that was last Christmas when Governor and Mrs. Foss visited the prison. The prisoner reads much, but spends most of his time plunged in thought.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S LIFE SAVING CLASS

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

UNDEMOCRATIC SYSTEM.

Mr. Kreuzpointner Says Schools Are Unfair to Industrial Workers.

Editor Altoona Times:—Since the superintendent of schools, in his recent annual report, discussed some phases of school work which the writer had discussed previously, and since an editorial in the Altoona Times refers to the statements made by our esteemed superintendent as "cleverly and effectively answers his critics," the writer begs the kind pardon of the esteemed editor of the Times if he takes the liberty to say that there must be a misunderstanding or misrepresentation somewhere, because the phases of vocational education which the writer has discussed in connection with our high school were not a criticism of our esteemed superintendent, but of a weakness in our educational system for which nobody is responsible.

And since our esteemed superintendent must be familiar with the attitude of the writer upon that subject, there is evidently a confusion of ideas somewhere about what is criticism and what not.

The writer would regret the idea of our esteemed superintendent going out of his way to refute the arguments advanced by the writer as criticism, when the same arguments have been accepted by other educators as a help with thanks.

Nor is the editorial correct in saying that the writer has been answered effectively. None of the points on vocational education have been answered. On the contrary, they have been strengthened unwittingly by the annual report of the superintendent.

The evident confusion by our esteemed superintendent, of the question of the "dual" system of vocational education, now advocated strongly, with the question of industrial education in the academic high school, with which it has absolutely nothing to do, may lead to the conclusion that the writer had been advocating the "dual" system.

As a matter of fact, the writer has strenuously opposed the "dual" system from the beginning. He was the only one to oppose it when that principle was adopted at the meeting of the Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education and has opposed it ever since, publicly.

The report of the superintendent is a "standpat" document, containing some valuable references of what has been done, but failing to make suggestions concerning the larger educational, moral, intellectual, social and economic needs of this community, and towards which our schools have to contribute their share. It is true parents' meetings have been mentioned, but no plan has been offered how to make them effective social agencies. Our school system has become undemocratic, inasmuch as it fails to give equal opportunity to all.

There is a constant reference to the High school and an emphasis laid upon the needs of the High school. The writer certainly cannot be charged with undervaluing the High schohol.

But no mention is ever made of the intellectual, moral and industrial needs of those who do not go to the high school and who must contribute their share towards the general welfare as citizens and industrial workers. Nor can the High school education of those who do not go to college be considered sufficient equipment to meet understandingly the growing complexities of social economic life.

There is repression of talent, of useful energy, of valuable social and economic assets, because of the aristocratic tendency of the schools, which were organized to train for the professions.

This undemocratic tendency of our schools works into the schemes of those who are opposed to the education of the workingmen either entirely, or to give them only a minimum of education. And we have such here in Altoona, as they are found elsewhere.

This lack of training for the extended duties of citizenship upon a broad comprehensive, socializing plan extends also to our teachers.

Take, for instance, the election of the two teachers to confer with a committee of the school board on pension matters. There are six times as many woman teachers as there are men. Why should they not have had a representative? Women more and more take part in the affairs of life, and it is nothing more than economic necessity to give them, especially the teachers, an opportunity to become familiar with all phases of business. This would be practical education.

PAUL KREUZPOINTNER.

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THE PASS PRIVILEGE.

Engineer Resents Interference with Privileges of Railroad Workers.

Editor Altoona Times:—As engineers we have been greatly interested in the agitation for the discontinuing of the pass privilege to ourselves and our dependents which has been going on ever since the passes were taken from the politicians for value received or suspected and which culminated in the utilities bill which forbids passes to anybody who are not actual employes.

We cannot understand why the railroad officials (who are employes of the stockholders like ourselves) are not permitted to enter into contracts with us and keep them, when by doing so they get better service for the public and for which they pay nothing, while any other employer of labor can make concessions to his men, such as vacations with pay or reduced prices on goods he desires. This small concession by the railroad company is considered an inducement to employment and faithful performance of duty and the continuation in the service.

When a young man applies for a position of fireman he must meet certain requirements of the railroad and in return is offered certain inducements among which are: A certain amount of wages; a trip pass for himself or those dependant on his support; after three years as fireman an annual pass on his division, and after ten years firing or promotion to the position of engineman an annual pass, good between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and these privileges are continued to his widow and minor children after death.

These things bind the men to the company and make us do our best to show our appreciation. These passes are given by agreements with the men and officials, which the officials are willing to abide by and our legislature makes unlawful. Why? Simply to please a few business men or, roughly speaking, sore heads, who get angry when they see our wives go out of town to the country for fresh butter and eggs which they don't keep, and for a lot of politicians to take off us what they can't have. They might just as well say a farmer could not own his horse and buggy or his hired hand if he takes his wife with him.

The same can be said of the semi-monthly pay bill. It was not desired by the men and for the road men it is a positive nuisance, as we have to hunt the pay car when we ought to sleep. This alone costs the company $250,000 a year to help the small merchants and become a cause for a raise in freight rates or a decrease in dividends to the stockholders, a majority of whom are women.

Let the public stop and think what the railroad man and his wife do that they may travel at will. He gets up at all hours of the day and night, faces all kinds of weather, and assumes all kinds of risks and danger that go with the work, depriving himself and family of all social pleasures, the pleasures of his home and church that the public may enjoy. His wife gets up any hour of the night to get his meals or have dry clothes and a hot bath, in bad weather waiting on him so that he may get his full rest and be ready for the next call and take the public to their destination safe.

This being the case, the wife is a guard of the actual employe's welfare and the main essential to the highest efficiency of the man and in her way protects the public. In the past the radical anti-railroad legislation has cost the railroad companies thousands of dollars and not benefited the traveling public at all.

Of late every politician desiring to come prominently before the eye of the public introduces a bill aimed at the railroad, of which he knows nothing, and makes things worse for an already over-burdened lot of men and we are getting tired of it. In this connection there is nothing for the railroad men to do but to go into politics. We have about 200,000 in the state of Pennsylvania, and if each man by personal work will get one of his friends to vote his way, which is 1,000,000 more, we can elect men of fairness and ability, and when this vote which in the past has been dormant, wakes up to a realization of its strength, woe be to the politician that treads on our toes.

PASSENGER ENGINEER.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 6, 1913.

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THE CENTER OF THE UNIVERSE.

Solar System Gives Idea of Vastness of the Universe.

Editor Altoona Times:—With the marvelous instruments devised in this age of invention, astronomers have recently found that all heavenly bodies, the myriads of suns and their accompanying retinues of planets, satellites and meteors, are revolving around a grand center, just as the earth and its associated planets, revolve about the sun, the center of our solar system.

Some idea of the vastness of the universe may be gained when we consider that our entire solar system is but a speck of dust in comparison, and we may, therefore, safely conclude that the center thus indicated marks the location of the divine throne of the universe, the point from whence God, the Creator, controls all things visible and invisible, terrestial and celestial.

There are no fixed stars; they merely appear so because they are so far distant that their millions of miles of lateral motion is not perceived. After many centuries of study of the flight of the heavenly bodies it has been found that although they have varying courses, they are all trending in one general direction. Astronomers have at last recognized in modern times by Prof. Maedler, of Germany.

What a depth of meaning, therefore, is conveyed in the words of Job, the ancient seer and philosopher, who lived about four thousand years ago, when he asks, "Canst thou bind the sweet influences of Pleiades, or loose the bands of Orion?" (Job 38:31). Divine inspiration must indeed have moved this prophet to express so concisely that which has required more than forty centuries of study for mankind to learn.

THE WANDERING JEW.

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NOT ANIMATED BY MALICE.

Correspondent Disclaims Mean Animus in Baish Criticisms.

Editor Altoona Times—Your editorial in this morning's issue, in which you attempt to make it appear that my recent article on the financial affairs of the Altoona district was inspired by personal malice towards the superintendent of our schools, deserves an immediate answer.

In the first place, Mr. Baish and I have never been more than pleasant acquaintances, and I have no reason in the world to vent personal spite on the gentleman through the public press. Every one who knows your correspondent personally will acknowledge that such little business as mud-slinging is not in my line. I have always been in the habit of settling my personal differences with individuals in my own way, and without the assistance of a newspaper editor.

If Mr. Baish is so careful of his own feelings, however, in matters which concern the whole community, he should endeavor to carry those principles into practice when dealing with

(Continued to page 12.)

Events As Viewed by Pennsylvania Editors

TRAIN OPERATION IN FOGS.

(Philadelphia Inquirer)

It would not be a bad idea if American railroads, and especially the New York, New Haven & Hartford, which are at times troubled by fog, should take a lesson from the experience of English companies in dealing with this unwelcome visitor. When the period when fogs are likely to occur arrives in Great Britain all precautions are made to meet it, and it is expressly stated that schedules are liable to delay from this cause. When a thick white mist covers the land, practically blotting everything from sight, trains are run without reference to either time-tables or signals, which frequently cannot be soon. This means that they proceed at such a snail's pace, stopping at every station for possible orders, that even if they struck a train standing on the same track, the impact would not be sufficient to cause serious damage. Necessarily this adds greatly to the time of a run, lengthening a trip usually made in an hour to perhaps three or four; but it has the inestimable advantage of safeguarding the lives of the passengers, and there is a growing impression that that is one of the chief features of good railroading.

Nothing madder can well be imagined than running an express train at high speed through a fog on a piece of track carrying such a volume of traffic as that of the New Haven road at the point where its last accident happened. The curious thing about the reckless speed mania of this company is that there is not the slightest necessity for it. It has no competitor, and the vast majority of the passengers who use it have no alternative route in reaching New York from New England points. Under such circumstances there would seem to be every inducement for it to put safety above all other considerations. The fact that it has not done so must be attributed to the benumbing effect of the monopolistic policy so long followed under the Mellen regime.

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THE ABSURD MANN LAW.

(Johnstown Democrat)

The Caminnetti case proves that either the Mann law should be repealed or the statutes of the various states should be revised. The Mann law was framed ostensibly for the purpose of prohibiting "white slavery." It was framed to catch the men who transported women from state to state and disposed of them to keepers of houses of ill resorts. It was not private immorality that was aimed at but rather the traffic in women.

As matters now stand a Johnstown man who took a woman not his wife to Philadelphia and lived there with her as man and wife would be amenable under the state laws, which are not very drastic. If the same pair were to cross the river to Camden the man could be pounced upon by the federal authorities. He would be a "white slaver."

We are not contending that the penalties of the Mann law are too severe but rather that it is absurd to contend that crossing a state line increases the degree of a crime. If a young man were arrested in a Johnstown house he might perhaps be fined. If that same man, instead of visiting a Johnstown resort, took one of the inmates to Atlantic City he would be violating a federal statute and could be sent to a considerable term in the penitentiary.

The Mann law was drawn for the purpose of punishing the man who made a business of dealing in human beings. It was not drawn for the purpose of punishing the Caminetti's. We are making no defense of the young man. He deserves everything he gets. However, the Mann law should either be modified and made more definite or state statutes should be drawn to conform with it.

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THE SLIT SKIRT.

(Philadelphia Press)

"Can a Christian wear a slit skirt?" asks one good woman in "The Press Forum" and answers it herself, "Most decidedly no." Another gives her opinion that "no mother who wishes to safeguard character would permit her daughter to wear such a dress."

This is a strong condemnation of a new fashion in woman's attire. Doubtless there are excellent people who do not agree with it, but "The Press" is clearly of the opinion that any dress of the character described should be condemned by all thoughtful mothers who want their daughters to grow up with a proper sense of modesty.

The opinion on the general trend of fashions may be divided as to the offending garment itself. But public sentiment is decisively in favor of public decency, whether in habit of dress or behavior. The entire question hinges here, as is shown by the efforts to discourage and rebuke "diaphanous" modes which if not flatly immoral are frought with the social evil standpoints unseemly. The action of some municipal councils, the rebukes uttered from judicial bench, the embarrassed comments of the police, the jeers of populace, and above all, the pain impression produced on the minds of conservative and thoughtful women form a cumulative protest against fashions that challenge or defy the decently rooted canons of public decency.

First Things

The first missionary to work among the American negro slaves was Blessed Peter Claver, whose festival will be celebrated today, as on each ninth of September for over two centuries, by the African population of the West Indies. Claver was a Spanish Jesuit. Early in the seventeenth century he was ordained a priest, and was sent to Cartagena. There he consecrated himself to the salvation of the miserable blacks and for more than forty years he labored in this work. He called himself the "slave of the negroes forever," and was their teacher, apostle, physician and friend. He fed them, taught them, and nursed them when attacked by loathsome diseases. However weary he might be when news came of the arrival of a slave-ship he was the first to greet them and to seek to comfort them after the long voyage in the holds of the terrible slave vessels. It is said that before his death in 1654 he had baptised over 300,000 negro slaves.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 17.

ENERGY AND MR. EDISON

THE EXPECTATIONS of Mr. Edison, respecting the storage battery, are such as to provoke a degree of wonder. Yet it is certainly too early to characterize them as extravagant. The fact is the race of men is still a group of children in its relation to the problem of energy. For centuries, for milleniums, probably, we depended on the wind and the mountain stream. It was only yesterday that we thought out the steam engine. That is a crude machine—even in its elaborated and perfected form a mere pioneer makeshift. Consider the latest turbine steamer on the path from continent to continent. It may seem wonderful to the unimaginative mind that the great ship is able to shuttle the sea at such speed, or at all.

Yet how primitive is the method by which power is secured to move her. Her dynamos are in truth in the stirred-up energy of the sun, but this is released awkwardly, painfully, blunderingly, by the sweating labor of miners, railroad brakemen, coal heavers and stokers, and in so crass a form that the huge bulk is big enough only to hold energy sufficient for a week's travel; the machinery of that energy itself constitutes half the burden.

Meanwhile, the very sea and air through which the ship travels, not alone in their restlessness, but in their chemical and electrical constitution, are palpitant with power anxious to do with infinite ease more than is now achieved through gruelling labor.

The dynamo is a step beyond the steam mill, as the latter is a step beyond the windmill, the water wheel and the sail—though it is not through pure mechanism that energy will be most economically appropriated. The storage battery is a conserving engine of much promise, although, as at present known, it has accomplished little.

The whole world is a-throb; energy, power, eager to be something, is chained and chambered on every hand. The mighty processes of nature are at play—they must be taught to work. It is time assuredly for some wise man to devise means to persuade the unemployed giants into our service, to induce them to do for us at our will far more than Mr. Edison expects of his storage battery.

THE VOTERS DID WELL

THE RETURNS of the primary election, so far as they affect the position of city councilmen, at least, show that the citizens of this city performed their duty in a most acceptable manner. Of course, with more than half a hundred active contestants for four positions, it is inevitable that there is considerable disappointment, and particularly among candidates who had received assurances that warranted them in believing that their names would be placed on the general election ballot.

From the eight nominees it will be possible to select four councilmen who will render efficient service to the municipality, and it is now the duty of every voter to give thoughtful and deliberate consideration of their respective qualifications, that only those best qualified may be finally successful.

The elimination of forty-six candidates greatly simplifies the task, since it enables voters to focus their attention upon a few men. Their records are available, and selection should be made solely upon a basis of personal worth.

It is too early to open the final campaign. The voters demand a breathing spell, and they deserve it. They have been embarassed by the importunities of a multiplicity of candidates over a period of several months, and it is wise to wait until the passion and bitterness of the closed struggle has in a measure subsided before we proceed to take up a still graver problem.

In due time it shall be the duty of the Altoona Times to go into the qualifications and fitness of the several candidates, to the end that its readers shall have the fullest information upon which to render their judgment. The selection of just the right sort of councilman is so important that this journal deems itself impelled to do what it may to throw as much light as possible upon the subject.

HALF DOING

SOMEWHAT MORE THAN ONE-THIRD of the people of this country engaged in gainful occupations live on and make their living from the nearly 6,000,000 farms.

Because of ignorant and careless farm methods the more than 400,000,000 acres of improved lands—that is, land which either is or might be under actual and immediate cultivation—produce little more than one-half of what they might under intelligent systematic methods.

The experts of the agricultural department insist that the farmer ought to produce twice as much as he does produce. It is estimated that the farm lands of this country would easily support ten times the present population.

But the farmers are not alone in being open to criticism. Easy satisfaction with half-doing is common in many other lines of production.

The chief idea underlying the trusts is that production shall be limited to the manifest demand. A cardinal motive for labor unionism is that the man shall labor no longer than he must.

Trust managers figure that if they produced twice as much as they do now the products would command only half the present prices. Labor argues that if he did twice as much work it would get no more for it.

And the farmer has just as good right to reason that if he doubled his output he would only cut his prices in two.

It is consoling reasoning, but not sound.

The world has never yet had too much to eat.

Now that quick transportation and communication have been established throughout the earth, making change of products easy and cheap, famines and overproduction of food products have disappeared together.

Were we wise enough to produce fewer millionaires through high profits and, instead, to produce all products of all sorts, the world eagerly waits with an almost unlimited market.

The nose ring may be a distinct novelty on the stage, but it has long been favorably known on the farm.

The Human Procession

Martin Glynn, New York's Acting Head, 42 Today

Martin H. Glynn, the handsome young editor who has lately occupied the limelight as acting governor of New York state, was born in Kinderhook, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1871, just forty-two years ago today. When to adopt the language of revolution—the Tammanistas led by El Dictator Don Carlos Murphy made their successful raid on Albany, overthrew the insurrecto Sulzeristas and deposed their chief, Senor Sulzer, the Lieutenant-Governor, Senor Martin H. Glynn, occupied a place on the sidelines as an interested spectator. When the smoke of battle cleared away, Senor Glynn, despite the protestations of Senor Sulzer, announced himself as provisional governor, and since then has accomplished a job of provisional governing that would do credit to that experienced diplomat, Senor Francisco de la Barra.

Mr. Glynn graduated from Fordham University, at the head of his class, in 1894, and immediately embarked in newspaper work on the staff of the Albany Times-Union. A year later he became managing editor of that paper, and he is now the president and principal owner. He studied law while still occupied with journalistic work, was admitted to the bar in 1897, and two years later went to Congress for one term. He was comptroller of New York State from 1900 to 1908, and in the election last autumn was chosen lieutenant-governor. Incidentally, he is of Irish descent.

* * *

The Rt. Hon. Bernard Arthur William Patrick Hastings Forbes, eighth Earl of Granard, will pass his thirty-ninth milestone today, having been born Sept. 17, 1874. The Earl, who married Miss Beatrice Mills, daughter of Ogden Mills, an American millionaire, is the leader in the society of both Ireland and England, and holds a high position at court. He is a Roman Catholic and a staunch home ruler, and in complete sympathy with the aspirations of the Irish people, who would welcome him as the lord lieutenant of the Emerald Isle. He was born in Dublin, and his Irish estate comprises about 22,000 acres. Lord Granard has received many foreign decorations, emblematic of the leading orders of Spain, Prussia, Sweden and Portugal.

* * *

Japan's modern educational system is, in large part, a monument to Dr. William Elliot Griffis, who has spent a large part of his long life in striving to bring about a better understanding between the peoples of the Orient and the Occident. Dr. Griffis was born in Philadelphia just three score years and ten ago, on Sept. 17, 1843. He served with the Forty-fourth Pennsylvania regiment in the Civil war. After graduating from Rutgers in 1869 he went to Japan to organize schools in that country, then entering upon the early stages of its marvelous progress. As superintendent of education and, later, as professor of physics in the Imperial University of Tokio, he left a lasting impress on the educational system of Nippon. Among his pupils were many who have since become leaders, including great statesmen and diplomats, ambassadors, jurists, scientists and educators. He returned to America in 1875 to prepare himself for the ministry, and has occupied pulpits in Hoosa, Boston and other cities, besides writing numerous books on Oriental subjects. Dr. Griffis is a great admirer of the Japanese, and likens the American feeling against them to the racial prejudice which, through many centuries, has made the Jews a persecuted people. Dr. Griffith believes that the Japanese are a fusion of the Aryan, Semitic, Malay and Turkic races, and are as much Aryan as any other stock on earth.

STORY OF CHRIST TOLD BY LIGHTS

Chardon Pastor Revives Worship Form Abandoned During Reformation

CHARDON, O., Sept. 16.—The largest congregation ever assembled in the Chardon Methodist church was never so impressed with the life of Christ as it was tonight when the story was told by the pastor, Rev. F. W. Hart, with the church lighted only by candles on the altar.

The "light service" was the revival of a custom abandoned at the time of the Reformation. It secured, during the Dark Ages, a foothold on the church as a survival of customs made sacred by the martyrs of Rome, who were forced to hold divine services in the catacombs to the flickering glare of low burning torches.

The church was brightly lighted when the Rev. Mr. Hart began his service. As he recounted the boyhood and early manhood of Christ the lights were one by one extinguished. Finally, as the time of the Crucifixion was reached, even the candles along the side of the church were extinguished, during the story of the three days the church was in absolute darkness. But as the theme flowed along to the resurrection the lights slowly returned, and by the time the ascension was reached the church was in its usual illumination.

MAN 71 YEARS OLD IS DANCING CHAMP

OAK ORCHARD, Del., Sept. 17.—Despite his 71 years, John Tom Rodgers of Shortleys easily won the dancing championship of Sussex county for the fifty-first consecutive year by displaying steps that none of the other contestants could master.

Although his years kept him from dancing as long at a time as the younger men, the crowd proclaimed him the victor in back and wing, jig and reel dancing. As a test the fiddlers broke from one dance to another without his missing a step, and, tired but happy, the old man still holds the title.

MEXICAN FOOTBALL

EVENTS AS VIEWED BY PENNSYLVANIA EDITORS

TRAINS BOYS IN CITIZENSHIP.

(Williamsport Gazette & Bulletin)

How the Winston-Salem (N. C.) Board of Trade is helping the high school of that city to train boys for citizenship is told in a bulletin just issued by the United States bureau of education.

The school authorities established a course for high school seniors in government and economics, and put it under the direction of the secretary of the Winston-Salem Board of Trade. The course is a foundation course in the principles of economics and government, but with special reference to the industrial, commercial, and agricultural problems of the United States, particularly the southern states.

Next a "juvenile club" was organized among the boys, in connection with the Board of Trade, the purpose being to have the boys check up their theoretical knowledge gained in school with the practical, everyday problems of an industrial center, such as Winston-Salem is. Boys in the club were granted all the privileges of regular Board of Trade members, except voting. They were allowed to take part in debate and were assigned to committee work. Before entering the club they took the "Athenian oath," whereby they promised allegiance to the highest ideas of civic righteousness for their city.

One of the first tasks assigned the boys was to assist in the industrial survey of Winston-Salem which the board of trade is making. Students who had been specializing in the economics and government department of the high school were chosen for this work. In this way they are getting a first-hand knowledge of organized industrial efforts in its relation to the welfare of the community.

"The Winston-Salem plan," says Le Roy Hodges, secretary of the Board of Trade, "trains the boys of the city directly for citizenship; first, in the high school, where they are taught the principles of civil government and instructed in the theories and basic problems governing our economic order; second, in the juvenile club, where they have the means of being identified with the real work of municipal development, and take part in actual social and industrial investigations. An opportunity is thus provided for the boys to study at close range the varied industries of the city under competent direction and in an official capacity.

"In brief, the plan contemplates, first, teaching the boys how to live; and, second, equipping them with an education whereby they can make a living, which, in the end, is the real secret of practical training for intelligent citizenship."

The plan is excellent.

NO CHANGE OF POLICY.

(Erie Dispatch)

Looking it all over the reports of the intended change of policy of President Wilson with respect to Mexico is no change at all. It might in some sense be called a modification of the present policy, but even that would be stretching the term. The report says that Wilson will not insist upon a complete restoration of order, but will recognize the government regularly elected by the people of the country, Huerta himself taking himself out of the race. Up to this time the President has insisted upon both. But this little change merely shows that in the event of it being impossible to restore order completely our government will recognize the officially and properly chosen executive of the nation. To do less would be to discourage republican government. For if Huerta gets out and the people at the polls select another man for president, there would be neither rhyme nor reason in our refusal to recognize him. It would be an unwarranted and offensive interference in the internal affairs of Mexico. For it would amount to our saying to the people of Mexico that we do not like choice for president. This announcement, though unofficial, is therefore in truth not very significant. Everybody expected that the October election, now about six weeks off, would end the Mexican impasse and would bring the much desired recognition. On the whole, then, the "amateur" diplomacy of this country has not turned out so badly. It has gone a great deal better than that of the "experts" of Europe in the Balkans.

All that our government has been trying to avoid was the reorganization of a government of brigands and cutthroats. The Huerta administration is one that came into power by way of assassination. Its accession, however, instead of ending the revolution and restoring peace, has merely aggravated the turmoil and strife. Life and property have not been safe. President Wilson has been trying to get both parties to lay down their arms for a while and to resort to the civilized method of holding an election. His effort has been one for peace. But if even a constitutionally elected government cannot be expected to bring about peace, our own government cannot be expected to hold back recognition. So this is the extent of the great change of policy which has been bruited from Washington.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

This column is dedicated to the public and is open for the free expression of opinions. We require that correspondents shall furnish their names, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. The publication here of views of authors does not necessarily imply that the Altoona Times endorses the sentiments expressed.

EARTH'S OLDEST BUILDING

Editor Altoona Times:—There is a natural veneration in the mind of mankind for grand old things. If one were to locate the exact geographical center of the land surface of the whole earth, he would find, situated upon a high cliff, and thus occupying the most commanding position of any structure in the world, the oldest and greatest building ever erected. It is the most enduring form of structure ever devised, is built entirely of solid limestone and granite blocks, covers more than thirteen acres of ground, is nearly five hundred feet high, and is said to have required the labor of over 100,000 men for at least twenty years.

Originally this wonderful building was covered with massive limestone blocks, all highly polished and fitted together so accurately that in some instances the thickness of the joints between the stones is not more than one five-hundredth of an inch. The entire fifteen acres of its exterior was thus finely encased, and to the beholder a short distance away, it must have looked like one huge white crystal, from whose polished sides the brilliant rays of the Egyptian sunlight were reflected in dazzling splendor.

Through the solid masonry and the foundation rock of this mighty structure there extends an intricate system of long narrow passageways, and magnificent chambers, together with a most suburb gallery called "The Grand Gallery," whose walls are composed of seven overlapping courses of highly polished masonry. This gallery is said to be the most awe-inspiring of any in the world.

This wonderful system of galleries and chambers form an amazing series of symbols, representing and corroborating the various features of the divine plans and purposes as revealed in the Holy Scriptures. Not only are these clearly outlined in the architectural arrangements, but the length of different ages and dispensations in the history of the race is also indicated in the measurements.

This "miracle in stone," the great Pyramid of Gizah then, must be none other than that great monument and altar alluded to by the Prophet Isaiah, when, speaking of the establishment of Messiah's kingdom, now at hand, he said, "In that day shall there be an altar unto the Lord in the midst of the land of Egypt, and a pillar at the border thereof to the Lord. And it shall be for a sign and for a witness unto the Lord of hosts in the land of Egypt." Isaiah 19:19-20.

THE WANDERING JEW.

RATTLESNAKE FARM WILL YIELD PROFIT

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Sept. 16.—Lawrence N. Crum, proprietor of a grocery in Mt. Union, has started a rattlesnake farm and he says that during the winter he will realize as large a profit from the rattlers as he will from his store.

A week ago, while out on the mountains, he captured 12 of the venemous reptiles, and has been keeping them in exhibition in his store window. Today the number of snakes has increased to 20. Crum will construct a den and will breed snakes. The profit is made from the poison which is taken from the rattlers at short intervals. The pelts also bring high prices.

SNAKE TRAPPED BY SWALLOWING EGGS

SALINA, Kan., Sept. 16.—Christopher Christenson has at his home in Marquette two hens' nests in one box, the nests being separated from the top of the box to an inch and a half of the bottom. He keeps a china egg in each nest.

A large bull snake crawled into one of the nests and swallowed the china egg. It then rooted in the straw and got its head in the other nest by crawling under the partition. Finding the other china egg, the snake swallowed it thus trapping itself, as it could not crawl forwards or backwards because of the fact that an egg was on each side of the partition.

SIBERIAN BUTTER INVADES MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Butter from Siberia and Australia is here in bond waiting to make its debut into the American market along with Argentina beef, which is soon expected.

A full thousand firkins of the Siberian product—firkins weighing about 144 pounds each—are stored in warehouses waiting the passage of the new tariff bill, which would reduce the present six cents tariff on butter to 2½ cents. Delivered into the refrigerators, the Siberian butter has cost 20 5-8 cents a pound, and adding the tax under the proposed tariff it would come to the dealer at 23 1-8 cents, said to be about five cents under the prevailing prices for butter of similar grade from domestic dairies.

Some of the experts declare that the Siberian product is as good as the best grades of domestic butter. A smaller quantity of Australian butter and also a little from Canada is also here in bond awaiting the opening of the gate into the American market.

Clothes do not make the man, but a good appearance will often carry of the bacon. Stationery turned out of the Times job department has a distinctive class, that all connoisseurs appreciate.

First Things

The first tunnel through the Alps, the Mont Cenis or Col de Frejus tunnel, was formally opened forty-two years ago today, when a train of twenty-two carriages passed through in twenty minutes. The tunnel is a little less than eight miles long, and cost $15,000,000. Plans for the tunnel connecting Italy and France were drawn up in 1848, but their execution was prevented by the war of the following year. The work of excavation was commenced in 1857. The Italians were in charge of the work, but the French government bore the chief expense. The next Alpine tunnel, the St. Gothard, over nine miles long, was opened in 1881, and in 1884 the Alberg tunnel was inaugurated. The Wasserfluh tunnel was completed in 1909, the Simplon in 1905, the Loetschberg was inaugurated this year, and the Mont d'Or is now building. The Simplon, twelve and a half miles, is the longest. The highest railway tunnel in the world, and the one most difficult of construction, is that through the Andes, connecting Argentine and Chile. It is 12,000 feet above sea level, and was opened in 1910.

. . The Scrap Book . .

Aviation's Toll of Death Began 5 Years Ago Today

This is "Selfridge Day," a day of solemn memories for those bird-men, who, in the interests of science and humanity, or for sport, or money, or sheer dare-devil love for danger, are engaged in that greatest of modern adventures, the conquest of the air.

It was five years ago today, at Fort Myer, Va., that the name of Lieut. Selfridge was written at the head of the now interminable list of those killed in aviation accidents. Five years—and the roll headed by the gallant army officer who was the first martyr to the new science of flying has grown into scores, and into hundreds, and doubtless will be numbered by thousands before the goal is reached and flying has been made at least as safe as riding on the New Haven railway.

Nearly a year passed after the death of Selfridge before aviation's martyrology gained new names. On Sept. 7, 1909, Eugene Lefebvre was killed at Juvissy, France, and on the same day Enea Rossi was killed at Rome while testing a machine of his own invention. Later in the same month Capt. L. F. Ferber, the distinguished French pioneer bird-man, was killed at Boulogne. In December, A. Fernandez, a Spanish aviator, was added to the list, his death being caused by the explosion of his motor while in flight.

The year of 1910 witnessed a great increase in the number of aviators, and a consequent increase in accidents. Large sums were offered for exhibition flights at fairs and exhibitions, and the new profession naturally attracted a class of men who sought to surpass each other in feats of recklessness and daredevitry. Leon Delagrange, the French aviator who had made the first flight with a passenger, headed the 1910 list of victims, Le Blon, Michelin, Rolls, Chavez, Ralph Johnstone, and a score of others, were killed during 1910.

The 1911 aviation fatality list numbered about seventy-five, and brought the total to the hundred mark. Three aviators were killed in one day, June 18, at Paris. On Aug. 16 Badger and Johnstone were killed in Chicago. Not only America and Europe, but China, Brazil, Peru, Cuba, Algeria and the Philippines had their victims to the world-wide craze for flying.

During 1912 the list of dead numbered over 120. On Sept. 11 death had a field day, the list of deaths for that date including William Chambers, at Binghamton, N. Y.; Lieut. Seibert, at Dresden; Paul Peck, at Chicago, and Caramnlaki, at Patras, Greece. With 1913 the list has gained momentum, and aviation accidents have become of almost daily occurrence.

Very few aviators abandon the profession, despite its obvious dangers, and it is altogether likely that most of the bird-men of today will "die with their boots on." Lincoln Beachey, long one of the most daring of the exhibition fliers, may be an exception to the rule, for he recently announced his intention of quitting the game. It was Beachey who invented the "dip of death," "the Dutch roll," and other hazardous feats, and no less than nine other aviators have lost their lives in attempting to improve on these exploits.

With constant improvements in the mechanism of flying, and with a diminution of the public interest in exhibition flights, it is likely that the death roll of aviation will decrease in the years to come. It was the big remuneration, made possible by a morbid public, that tempted the bird-men to flirt with death and perform clownish tricks. But Selfridge, the first martyr, was of a different stamp. It was not love of lucre, but devotion to science, that sent him to his death.

ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

It is certainly a novelty for me to sit by and receive the nomination for an office so important as county controller without the formality of a contest. For the honor conferred, I certainly thank my Democratic friends. I shall now enter upon my campaign for the big triumph that we Democrats confidently expect in November.—William Hayes.

* * *

The race program at our fair this week is one of the strongest ever offered at a fair in this county. Horsemen are acquainted with the fair methods always in vogue at this meet, and they are not afraid to enter their horses, for they know that the races here mean a survival of the fittest, and not the result of underhanded work.—Prof. Henry S. Wertz, secretary Grange Fair association.

* * *

The Blair county schools have opened for the term of 1913-14, and are now down to solid work. The corps of teachers was never made up of better material. All the teachers seem to be enthused over their work, and I shall be greatly disappointed if the results are not better than ever before.—County Superintendent T. S. Davis.

* * *

The day of the old ward heeler is almost a thing of the past. At the polling places about Altoona today, it was almost impossible to find the hanger-on, working for some candidate who had slipped him $5 or $10. The candidates realize that the voters are doing their own thinking.—T. A. Hersh.

* * *

I think that it requires considerable gall on the part of the mayor, to deny councils the right to appropriate money to repair streets. On the east side, there is a place where property owners have put their sidewalks down to grade but the street is high and the water runs into the cellars. The mayor says councils has no right to correct this condition, which is absurd.—W. C. Myton.

BRAIN OPERATION CURES CRAZY MAN

TRENTON, Sept. 16.—When James Szikely was apparently dying in a frenzy last week, Dr. Martin Reddan, resident physician of the state prison, decided to remove a piece of bone which was depressing the skull of the man. Szikely has recovered and is now docile and a model prisoner.

Szikely is serving a thirty-year sentence for the murder of a man in Belvidere, Oct. 11, 1911.

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SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 27.

CHASING A POLITICAL CANARD TO ITS SOURCE.

IN YESTERDAY'S ALTOONA TIMES appeared two articles from widely divergent circles, both intimately related as respects subject matter, that were of more than ordinary interest.

One was an interview from Representative George C. Irwin, in reference to the so-called anti-pass provision of the public service bill enacted by the recent legislature. Thousands of employes of the Pennsylvania railroad in this city and elsewhere have been agitated by this regulation, which is said to make the granting of free transportation to other than actual employes of railroads unlawful, and there has been much discussion as to the means employed to secure its incorporation in the public service measure.

How or by whom it was introduced seems to be a mystery. Mr. Irwin declares that he voted for the measure only after he had been assured by the attorney general that it did not affect in any manner the privileges of railroad workers. Here is Mr. Irwin's statement:

> This law was enacted for the purpose of preventing public service companies from taking undue advantage of the public, and not for the purpose of depriving employes of any privileges they now enjoy.
>
> Rumors have been afloat that railroad officials and business men have been interested in legislation that would take passes from railroad employes and their families. I want to state that I was approached by no railroad official or business man on the subject while in the legislature.
>
> Further, I wish to state that if any employe of a railroad company who holds a pass, knows of any person who is trying to curtail our pass privileges he should furnish proof of it, and not be circulating stories about business men unless he has evidence.
>
> Representatives of railroad brotherhoods have arranged for a meeting with the attorney of the public service commission in the near future and I'll be at this meeting and see that the assurance of those back of the bill shall be kept faithfully. At present I have no fear of our passes being interfered with.

The second interesting article appears over the signature of Ira J. Shelley, candidate for city councilman, who has been accused of having been interested in the enactment of the anti-pass provision. Mr. Irwin's clean-cut interview makes Mr. Shelley's disclaimer unnecessary, because if any Altoona citizen had been active in promoting the measure the Blair county representatives would have been aware of the fact.

It is stated by Mr. Shelley that these recurrent attacks upon him have been inspired by unprincipled political enemies for selfish reasons. He declares that he had no knowledge of the matter, and in support of his statement and in repudiation of the attacks made upon him makes this offer:

> To the end that the facts may be definitely known and made public for the guidance of the people, I respectfully invite any organization or group of citizens to make the most thorough investigation of my record in this and other respects, and if, after an exhaustive inquiry, they are not satisfied that the above statement is true in every particular, I will withdraw as a candidate for councilman.
>
> Further, I will defray the expenses of such investigation, if the result is made public.
>
> I can survive defeat for public office, but I cannot afford to sacrifice my standing in the community to the slanders of unprincipled political enemies.

Mr. Shelley has served the people in public office for nearly eight years, and during that time has taken an active part in shaping legislation. He has a record that is, as he declares, subject to review and discussion, but it is manifestly unfair that he should be assailed by secret political assassins and put upon the defensive when he is innocent of acts whispered about by calumniators.

The Altoona Times is of the firm opinion that no candidate for public office who attempts to advance his interests by attempting to destroy the reputation of a rival is worthy of the respect or confidence of the voters. Defeat for office is preferable to loss of reputation, and Mr. Shelley declares that his statement is animated solely by a desire to maintain his standing in the community.

It is fortunate that the pass question has been reopened thus early in the campaign, that it may be generally discussed and thoroughly investigated. The voters of Altoona are fair and open-minded, and they cannot long be misled by unprincipled men who are responsible for the under-hand attacks that have been made against certain candidates for political preferment.

ANOTHER EVIDENCE OF TIMES' LEADERSHIP

ON AUGUST 11 the Altoona Times informed its readers that the contracting company which had constructed Lake Altoona intended to enter suit against the city of Altoona for the recovery of alleged damages in the amount of $100,000, as well as for balances claimed to be owing on the contract.

On September 26 other Altoona newspapers announced that the contractors had instituted legal proceedings, as stated by the Times more than six weeks earlier.

This instance of Altoona Times' superiority is not unusual, but is referred to here simply as proof of a local maxim that "You see it in the Times first."

The Altoona Times has so long maintained the leadership in publishing "news when it is new" that these beats on important news features no longer excite comment.

More proof of the high cost of living. A Kansas girl has settled a breach-of-promise case for two steers and eight bushels of corn on the ear.

All-important detail unaccountably omitted: Whether Secretary Bryan's new eight-dollar made-in-Austria velour fall hat has the bow in the back.

'. The Scrap Book . '

Ararat, Noah's Landing Place, Long Defied Mountain Climbers

Ararat, the Armenian peak on which Noah is supposed to have landed after his voyage in the ark, was first ascended by Dr. Parrot, who reached the summit of Greater Ararat on Sept. 27, 1829, just eighty-four years ago today. For centuries the sacred mountain had defied the efforts of the mountain climbers, and the Christian ecclesiastics of Armenia asserted, as an article of faith, that Jehovah had made the peak his earthly home, and that no human could possibly reach the top and escape divine vengeance. When Dr. Parrot declared that he had accomplished the ascent, the priests refused to believe him, and they cling to this attitude of skepticism in spite of the fact that dozens of explorers have since stood on the top of Greater Ararat, and gazed out over Armenia from an altitude of over 17,00 feet. James Bryce, former British ambassador to the United States, climbed Greater Ararat in September, 1876, making the ascent alone. The Russian governor had supplied him with an escort, but they were still 5,000 feet short of the summit when, overcome with superstitious fear of God's vengeance, they refused to go on. Mr. Bryce described the summit as a little plain of snow, silent and desolate, with a bright green sky above, and the view as stern and monotonous.

Nakhitchevan, or Nakhikhevan, Armenia, on the slopes of Ararat's great-er peak, claims to be the oldest town in the world. The name of the ruin lit-tle village means "He descended here," and the townspeople allege that on that very spot Noah disembarked with his family and animals and set up house-keeping, "planted the vine," made wine and celebrated with a "spree." This theory is borne out by the statement in Genesis that "the ark rested upon the mountains of Ararat." The tomb of Noah's better half is at the base of Ararat, and a fragment of the "true ark" is preserved in an Armenian monastery. Noah was not buried in the "world's oldest city," but near Damascus. He was a very large man, the natives will tell you, and as proof point to his supposed grave, which is nearly fifty feet in length. The Armenians also locate the Garden of Eden near Ararat.

Since Noah started the work of repopulating a downed world, Mount Ararat's slopes have been a battleground for contending hosts. Assyrians, Medes and Persians conquered Armenia in turn. The Greek kings of Syria ruled the country for a time, and then came the legions of Rome. The Parthians next subjugated the country, but later the Roman ascendancy was restored. In the third century Armenia was added to the Persian empire, but was reconquered by the Greeks, Mongols and Turks next fought over the unhappy land, and the Persians again enjoyed a brief rule. In 1604 it became Turkish territory, and so remained until Russia seized a division of Armenia in 1878.

Since the first century the Armenians have been Christians, and have clung to that faith despite the persecutions visited upon them by followers of other religions for many years the Armenians have been subjected to massacre and outrage by their Moslem masters, and the end is not yet. Out of the welter of war in the near East, the friends of Armenia have hoped that some relief might come to the oppressed people. So far the hope has not been realized. Mount Ararat, the earthly home of Jehovah, still looks down upon a ravaged, tortured, unhappy and perpetually persecuted people.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

SEPT. 27, 1893.

The home of Simon Kline, at Fifth avenue and Twentieth street, was entered by a thief who made away with $45. The thief found a key to the front door of the house and entered while the family was out.

* * *

Albert Forsey, of 2615 Sixth avenue, a conductor on the street car line, sustained injuries thought to be fatal when he fell while trying to board a moving car at the trolley barn.

* * *

E. B. Green, foreman for the Edison Electric Light company, celebrated the sixth anniversary of his residence in Altoona by entertaining his employes at dinner, at Magee's restaurant.

* * *

The employes of the soft iron foundry were ordered to work ten hours a day. During the summer the foundries worked an average of six hours a day.

* * *

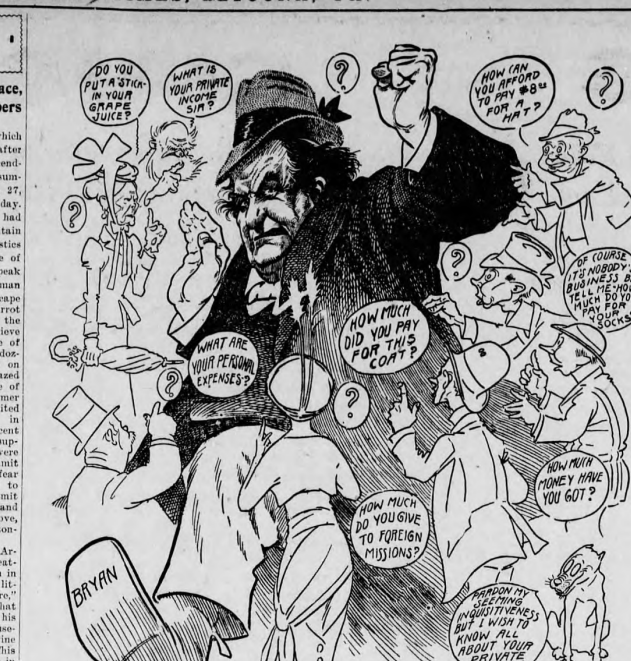
David Allen, night nurse at the Altoona hospital, left for Philadelphia, to resume studies at Jefferson college.

* * *

The employes of the freight shop were ordered to work sixty-nine hours a week, an increase of twenty-four hours a week.

First Things

The first passenger railway in the world, the Stockton and Darlington line in England, was opened for traffic eighty-eight years ago today. A train of thirty-four vehicles, making a gross load of about ninety tons, drawn by one engine driven by the immortal George Stephenson, possessed over the line, with a signalman on horseback in advance! Conservative people had predicted that horrible accidents must result from collisions, and the horseback courier was sent ahead to clear the way. This plan, while it seems to involve an excess of caution, might still be profitably adopted by certain American railroads. The pioneer passenger train moved off at a speed of ten miles an hour, and at favorable parts of the line it attained a speed of fifteen miles per hour. A month later the company inaugurated a daily service over its line. The coach, appropriately called the "Experiment," carried six passengers inside and as many as twenty on top. The pioneer passenger railway, with three branches, had thirty-six miles of track, constructed of wrought-iron "fishbelly" rails.



EVENTS AS VIEWED BY PENNSYLVANIA EDITORS

MILLS CLOSING DOWN

(Allentown Democrat.)

After the passage of the Democratic tariff bill Senator Penrose in an interview in the American Economist said: "In my own state of Pennsylvania scores of mills have already closed down."

That interview made the chills play tag up and down our spinal column. "Has the Democratic party made a mistake?" we asked ourself. Then we went out in quest of mills that have shut down since the passage of the Democratic tariff bill. Here's the result:

"Yaller" Finnegan admitted closing his gin mill because people were too busy at work to loaf.

Grandmother Schmearkase of Apple-schnitz avenue admitted that her coffee mill is inactive because her boys are all at work and can't find time to run the mill as they were wont to run it when they were out of jobs under Republican administrations. She now has her coffee ground by the grocer.

"Biff" Slugem was frank to admit that his prize fighting mill had shut down. His patrons are all working.

Out at Clapboardtown we found Adam Hoofnagel's cider mill shut down. No special cause assigned. We presume however, that the reason is that the Underwood bill does not put a tariff on Adam's apples.

Yes, Boies, the mills are shutting down—all but the mills of the gods and they have been grinding your party so blamed fine that it will require the aid of a Lick telescope to find the remains.

THE CHAUTAUQUA

(Philadelphia Press.)

The excellent social and educational institution which is known from the place of its origin as the Chautauqua has become one of the interesting and notable features of American life. For a number of years past it has been the means of giving to many thousands of people throughout the country, chiefly in the smaller communities, a superior kind of attraction, which combines both entertainment and instruction.

The public entertainments possible to smaller communities are not very many. It is there that the public lecturer and the concert are all welcome and the Chautauqua with its highly appreciated and varied list of attractions is received with open arms. The audience which it attracts is made up of the most intelligent and cultured people of each community. It is a discriminating audience and its approval of the entertainment offered is a pretty just proof of its merit.

It is a fortunate thing that the smaller communities have the Chautauqua. Next to the church and public school it is the most helpful public institution they possess. Its influences is educational and elevating. It developed first in the west, but it has found a congenial home in the east as well. May it increase and multiply and never fall short in its present high character and excellent purpose.

WHAT ULSTER NEEDS

(Johnstown Democrat.)

If Ulster sets up a parliament of its own because it finds it impossible for it to submit to a home rule parliament at Dublin then surely the Unionists will permit those who are opposed to the Carson plan to set up a government inside the Ulster government. Why not allow the issue to a fine point? Ulster objects, it says, to Catholic dominance. It secedes from the home rule government. If Catholics in Ulster object to Protestant dominance the Catholics should be permitted to secede from Ulster. And then the secession might be continued. The Episcopal churchmen might be given a parliament. The Methodists might be given a parliament. The Catholics a parliament and so on.

It is manifest that such a proposition is an absurdity. But it is no more absurd that is Ulster's stand. If the followers of the Marquis of Londonderry will not co-operate with the home rule government on what grounds can it maintain that home rulers in Ulster should accept the Londonderry—Carson government.

Ulster has declared that if home rule comes Ulster fill fight. Well, if one more war is necessary to establish religious tolerance get out the guns. As she stands Ulster is a menace to the peace of the world. She represents a "throw back." She recalls the days when Protestant blithely hunted Catholic and Catholic blithely hunted Protestant, both taking pot shots at neighbors and all for the "glory of God and the faith."

The stand taken by the Ulster leaders is the more despicable by reason of the fact that the home rule leaders are of every faith and no faith. Take the Protestant names from the list of those who have fought for Irish freedom and some of the most heroic of all the gallant band of liberators will be found in the lot. Home rule is not and has never been a religious question. Ulster has as much justification for setting up a parliament of its own as Johnstown would have in starting a state government. It would be a pity if Ulster were to decide to fight. But if Ulster does fight it would be a pity if it were not given a good licking.

ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

The proposed $50,000,000 bond issue for the building of state roads will fail of approval because the country people have such a fear of graft that they prefer not to put temptation in the way of state officials. Indeed they have some good reasons for their fears by referring to some late history in connection with some other large expenditures of the public monies. Nevertheless we should have the good roads.—W. H. Patterson, Newry.

I must say for all of my opponents for the Republican nomination for sheriff, that they were gentlemen in their canvass, all using me as I tried to use them, with the utmost respect and courtesy. This is the only way to have an era of good feeling and to maintain that feeling after defeat is the only way to keep a political party together. —Harry S. Holland.

With the addition of several new typewriters, the high school commercial department is one of the best equipped in the state. The course gives every student an opportunity to learn the best touch system and to acquire a speed on the typewriter which could not be obtained otherwise.—Professor L. L. Hammond.

The girls attending high school this term make one of the prettiest crowds that has ever attended the school. There is an old saying that health and beauty go hand in hand, and the girls at the school certainly exemplify this, for they are a happy, wholesome, pretty bunch of girls.—Miss E. Blanche Bender.

"DECENT BURIAL" DEFINED.

Government Refuses to Pay for Seven Carriages and Black Suit.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—"The high cost of dying" disturbed George E. Downey, comptroller of the treasury today, when he was called upon to decide officially what constitutes a "decent burial." The widow of a lighthouse employe who died in the time of duty and was buried in Baltimore presented a bill for $198, which the comptroller proceeded to cut in two.

A hearse and one hack for the widow, the comptroller conceded might be essential to a "decent burial," but he refused to pay for seven carriages. He likewise declined to approve a black suit for the corpse costing $10, underclothes and hose, $1.25, and funeral notice in the newspapers, $2.50.

DR. KLEPPER IS AUTHOR OF BOOK

The Rev. George Murray Klepfer, former pastor of the Eighth avenue Methodist church, but now stationed in the eastern part of the state, has completed a book, the title of which is "A Family Quarrel." The book is said to be a production worthy of Dr. Klepfer's pen, and the Rev. Dr. Ernest Roedel McCauley, pastor of the Grace Lutheran church has the following to say, after reviewing the work:

"I have just finished reading "A Family Quarrel," by Dr. Klepfer. Under the popular, though misleading title "A Family Quarrel," the former Altoona minister has given us a delightful putting of contributing elements to our national greatness and the great disagreement.

"From many sources, he brings the reader rapidly down ethric, moral, religious and civic streams which converge in our great American civilization and government. From their remote sources he brings to light in an altogether new way, and most interesting manner, the real cause of "The Family Quarrel" between the sister states.

"The story is a rich compendium of facts which reach back to the very roots of our unique and providential national greatness. Every American will be bigger and brighter for reading it. It compels interest and curiosity on every page."

673-POUND YOUTH RIDES AS BAGGAGE

HAGERSTOWN, Md., Sept. 26.—Before "Happy" Everett, a 673-pound 18-year-old Arkansas youth, left Hagerstown Saturday he walked into a local barber shop to get his hair cut, but there was no chair in the shop large enough for him. The barber solved the difficulty by seating the youthful giant in a store box.

Upon leaving town it required six men to hoist him into the side door of the baggage car. It is said that "Happy's" best girl at home had a specially-designed iron-frame sofa made for him to sit on when he come "sparking" her.

GIRL FLEES FROM "SPECTRES;" KILLED

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 26.—Fleeing from spectres created by her overwrought nerves, Miss Kathleen Beard, daughter of Rev. M. L. Beard, of Thurmont, Frederick county, met death last night under the heavy wheels of a Western Maryland train.

Her mutilated body was found early today within 500 yards of her home by searchers who had been looking for her all night.

A graduate of the Boston Conservatory of Music and a painstaking student, it is believed that close application to her musical studies caused her mental breakdown. Since the beginning of her illness, five weeks ago, Miss Beard had been under the care of an attendant.

It was while taking a walk that she fled to the tracks and was killed. She persuaded her attendant to leave her for a short time. Miss Beard was aged 24.

DEFIED DOCTOR'S RULES.

Centenarian Did Things Supposed to Shorten Life.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Gen. Grzegorz Jendryky Murawski, officer in the Polish army in the rebellion of 1864 against Russia, said to be a member of the Polish royal line who was sentenced to Siberia for life and escaped after 19 years of servitude, was buried today. He was 101 years 10 months and 23 days old, and although all his life he had done the things that are supposed to shorten a man's life he was seldom ill and was seemingly in perfect health in his old age.

Relatives say his rules on how to live to be 100 years old were: 1. Drink strong whisky daily. 2. Smoke black cigars and natural leaf cigarets. 3. Eat pie three times a day. 4. Never drink tea or coffee. 5. Stay up late and get up late.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

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"THERE WERE GIANTS IN THOSE DAYS."

Expression of Holy Scripture Confirmed by Investigations in Egypt.

This expression of the Holy Scriptures (Genesis 6:3) which to many scholars of the day has seemed rather far-fetched and on the order of "fairy tales or legends of the "Arabian Nights," is beginning to find confirmation as close investigations are made of the astonishing ruins of Egypt, that country of mysteries in the land of the "Dark Continent."

That "truth is stranger than fiction" must be conceded by those who will read the following description furnished by the historian: "A few miles to the north of Dendera, the view opens upon a scene to which the world presents nothing parallel—an extensive plain, covered throughout its whole extent with the most amazing ruins. This is the site of Thebes—the city of the hundred gates, that mighty capital, the foundation of which is unknown in history, and belongs only to the dim ages of traditional poetry, whose report would have been deemed wholly fabulous, had not such mighty monuments proved that it fell short of the reality. This work of the first age of the world almost eclipses, as to grandeur, all that art and power have since produced. At first the observer sees only a confusion of portals, obelisks, and columns, all of gigantic size, towering above the palm trees. Gradually he is able to distinguish, on the eastern Arabian side of the ruins, the palaces of Karnac and Luxor, on the western or Libyan side, the Memnonium, and the tombs cut in the mountains behind.

"Karnac surpasses in grandeur every other structure in Thebes and in the world. The French engineers on horseback were an hour and a half in performing its circuit. All who have visited this scene describe the impression made by it as almost superior to that caused by any other earthly object. According to Denon, the whole French army, on coming in sight of it, stood still, and, as it were, with an electric shock. The scene, according to Jollois and Devilliers, appears to be rather the product of an imagination surrounding itself with images of fantastic grandeur, than anything belonging to real existence. Belzoni, in particular, declares that the most sublime ideas which can be formed from the most magnificent specimens of our present architecture, would give a very inadequate picture of these ruins. It appeared to him that he was entering a city of departed giants."

Doubtless, these ruins are the remains of the palaces and temples erected by the anteceluvians—the giant offspring of the fallen angels—the "sons of God" who took unto them wives of the daughters of men. (Verse 4.)

THE WANDERING JEW.

BLOCKS TRAFFIC BY SITTING ON TRACKS

PITTSBUHGR, Sept. 26.—Because his wife left his side and began taking to another man, Charles Bonavitz, aged 40, of 222 Jefferson street, Northside, is alleged to have walked to the middle of Federal street, Northside, last evening, and sat down on the car tracks. For several minutes all the street cars on the Northside were held up while car crews and street car inspectors endeavored to get Bonovitz off the track. He was finally arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct.

DISLOCATE JAW IN DRINKING SODA

SHARON, Pa., Sept. 26.—While drinking an ice cream soda at a confectionery establishment here, Mary McIlvaine dislocated her jaw. The proprietor was unable to reset her jaw and summoned a doctor.

The jaw was soon adjusted by the physician, and the woman drank the remainder of the soda before leaving the store.

PRETTY BRUNETTY LURES HUSBAND

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—With tears streaming down her cheeks, Mrs. Chas. M. Hall today told the story of the fight she has been waging for the last eight years to free her husband from association with Mrs. Emma S. Smith, a young brunette, and its culmination, Sunday night, when she locked her husband in her home, he having called to see the children.

"It is true that I locked my husband in my apartment, and if he were here I would do the same thing again. For the past five years he has been so completely under the power of Mrs. Smith that he left his home and lived openly with her. In the vain hope that I might bring him to his senses I started an injunction to prevent her from continuing her relation with him. I would gladly give up my husband if I thought Mrs. Smith could make him happy."

"I do love her husband, and he loves me just as devotedly as I love him," admitted Mrs. Smith, "and if a divorce is ever granted to Mr. Hall or his wife we will be married immediately. I did not break up Mrs. Hall's home. That had been accomplished long before I ever met her husband. We both fought against our love for the sake of his children, but it was Mrs. Hall herself who forced us into this very arrangement."

The healing demulcent qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound are not duplicated in any other medicine for coughs and colds. Any substitute offered you is an inferior article. Refuse to accept it for it cannot produce the healing and soothing effect of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Insist upon the genuine, which contains no opiates.—Davis Druggists and Frank B. Stevens.

Clothes do not make the man, but a good appearance will often carry off the paron. Stationery turned out of the Times job department has a distinctive class, that all connoisseurs appreciate.

The Altoona Times

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 1.

THE RECALL WITH A VENGEANCE.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT hit the nail squarely on the head when he stated, in an address made last week, that the gentlemen who are supporting the impeachment proceedings against Governor Sulzer are the identical gentlemen who protested so lustily against the recall "heresy" when its adoption was urged last fall by a very considerable number of the American people.

The suggestion that the people be invested with a simple remedy whereby they might be relieved of incompetent and corrupt representatives inspired apprehensions in the minds of Murphy and Barnes that the downfall of our institutions was just around the corner. It was an unheard of proposition, and could emanate only from anarchists who sought the speedy destruction of government.

Yet Barnes and Murphy, ostensibly political enemies, but in reality as thick as thieves, have combined their forces to get rid of Sulzer, and for what reason? Because they cannot control him. He refuses to turn over to their tender mercies the instrumentalities of government. He has cut them off from the pie counter. Their easy graft has disappeared. He is more solicitous for his duty to the people than for his obligations to those who helped him into power.

It is said that Murphy permitted Sulzer to be nominated and elected because he knew that he was hopelessly in debt, and he believed that he would be amenable to dictation. Sulzer, appreciating the degradation that allegiance to Murphy would entail, appealed to his friends for financial assistance. Now he is charged with having appropriated to his own uses money which was intended for campaign purposes. Therefore, he is impeached, and all the power of the unscrupulous and crooked Tammany outfit and the disreputable Republican auxiliary dominated by Barnes is marshalled against him. If he is not catapulted from office, at the behest of these reprehensible political freebooters, it will be because there still remains in their thick skulls a vestige of sanity that points unerringly to the inevitable result of such high-handed proceedings.

But what we started out to say was that the gentlemen who declaimed so vigorously against the recall of public officials are not restrained from resorting to a devious and expensive method to get rid of an obstruction to their plans. Of course, the people could not be trusted with such a potent instrument. They might be influenced by "the gusty passion of the mob," as Mr. Taft expressed it, and remove an official who had offended while conscientiously performing his duty. But Murphy and Barnes believe they hold a special sanction to remove an official whose principal offending has been to stand between the people and crooked politicians whose tigerish appetites had been whetted by long abstention from the flesh-pots.

Mr. Roosevelt accurately summarized the situation in these words: "No intelligent or honest man doubts that the attack upon the governor has not been made because of anything he did during the campaign or before he took office, but because, through his officials, he hunted down corruption after he took office and because he championed the cause of popular government and the rights of the public against the mandate of Tammany Hall."

We think the people understand the situation. Whether or not Mr. Sulzer is removed, the people of New York are warned that no honest man is secure while Murphy and Barnes are at large.

ARE THE PEOPLE GULLIBLE?

OLD PHINEAS BARNUM declared that the American people like to be humbugged. He believed, not without considerable reason, that the most direct road to success was to exploit the bizarre and impossible. And a great many people since Barnum's day have consciously or unconsciously followed his perverted philosophy because they find it much more simple to play upon the the gullibilities of the people than to offer them obviously honest and meritorious propositions.

Get-rich-quick swindlers have taken millions of dollars from Americans while worthy projects have gone abegging. The more weird and impossible the bait the more readily we so-called hard-headed Yankees bite.

The same truth holds with politics. A certain class of ambitious men have discovered that the most effective method of disposing of a rival is to circulate false statements against him, because they know the voters will seize upon them with avidity and condemn the injured individual without the formality of an investigation.

The most absurd and preposterous political fairy tale is more effective in destroying a reputation than an attack based upon weaknesses and shortcomings. The canards may carry their own refutation, or be susceptible to disproof, but the people will not take the trouble of making inquiry, because they prefer to be fooled. They like to be humbugged—that is the simple truth of the matter.

At present a few candidates for preferment are circulating ridiculously false and misleading stories about competitors, and hundreds of people accept them as literally true. There is not a vestige of evidence to substantiate them, and none is offered or demanded. The people apparently do not wish to know the facts. They prefer to support the old showman's keen analysis of a national characteristic.

A Pennsylvania enactment provides serious penalties for the offense of wilfully furnishing false information to newspapers, yet a number of Altoona people invite trouble by ignoring it. Recently the Altoona Times was furnished with what it believed was reliable information concerning the alleged wedding of two estimable citizens, and it subsequently developed that the publication had been a source of great annoyance and mental anguish to those who had been selected by a practical joker as victims of their perverted sense of humor. We are loath to prosecute in this instance; but it is necessary to protect ourselves against a recurrence of those unpleasant experiences, and we warn all would-be jokers that if we are again victimized we shall endeavor to make an example of the guilty party or parties.

Indicative of the stability of business conditions is the continued expansion of freight traffic over the lines of the Pennsylvania railroad. The report for the month of September shows a material increase over this month in previous years, as all other months of the present year have set new high marks for freight traffic. This is heartening information and completely dispels the pessimistic outgivings of certain interests which predicted that tampering with the tariff and currency would precipitate business stagnation and wide-spread suffering and privation.

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SINNER'S FATE AFTER DEATH

Views of Clergymen on Subject Compared with Bible

Editor Altoona Times: The Washington, D. C., "Star" gives a symposium in which eight clergymen "whose reputation for scholarship and knowledge of denominational doctrine is high" have "set forth, as clearly and simply as possible, the beliefs of their respective churches in regard to the problem, What is the fate of the sinner after death?"

Rev. Fr. T. G. Smyth, Pastor of St. Anne's church, Tenleytown, Maryland, says, "The Catholic church teaches * * * a place of eternal torment for the wicked. * * * The memory shall be tortured with sins committed, their trifling causes, their paltry pleasures; hence follow remorse, rage and hatred of self." Compare this with the Bible teaching that "The dead know not anything * * * their hatred and their envy is now perished." (Ecclesiastes 9:5, 6.) If the dead know nothing, how can they have any memory, or remorse, or rage?

Rev. Dr. G. E. Whitehouse, pastor of the Baptist church in Berlin, N. Y., believes in "eternal punishment after death" and that the nature of this eternal punishment is "eternal misery." Compare this with the Bible teaching that Sheol, the death state is a state where all its inhabitants "rest together in the dust."—Job 17; 13-16.

Dr. U. G. B. Pierce, pastor of All Souls' Unitarian Church, Washington, D. C., says, "Death is the awakening from that prolonged and disturbed sleep that we have learned to call life." Compare this with God's warning to the first man, "Of the tree of the knowledge of god and evil, thou shalt not eat of it; for in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die." (Genesis 2:17) Was Adam asleep when created perfect, and did he need to sin and become imperfect in order to awake?

Rev. Dr. J. Henning Nelms, Episcopalian, pastor of the Church of the Ascension, Washington, D. C., says, "It is impossible for the incident in human existence which we call death to be a relief and remedy for the sufferings which come necessarily to every man who violates God's laws." Compare this with Job's appeal, "O that thou wouldst hide me in Sheol, that thou wouldst keep me secret until thy wrath be past." (Job 14:13.) Job evidently thought that his sufferings would end promptly if he could but enter the death state.

Rev. Dr. Forest J. Prettyman, chaplain of the United States senate says, "There is no dogmatic doctrine upon the subject of future punishment taught by the Methodist church." Compare this with the positive (dogmatic) Bible teaching that "All the wicked will God destroy." (Psalm 145:20) and "They shall be as though they had not been."—Obadiah 16.

Rabbi Abram Simon, Washington Hebrew Congregation, says, "Remorse of conscience carried beyond the grave is considered agony enough." The Bible says of the sinner when he dies, "In that very day his thoughts perish." (Psalm 146:4) How can he suffer remorse if he can no longer think?

Rev. Dr. J. Wallace Radcliffe, pastor of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church of Washington, believes in "The spreading after the end has been cut off?

Rev. Dr. John Van Schaick, Universalist, pastor of the Church of Our Father, Washington, believes that "In time and eternity, the work will go on until all souls are saved"; but the Bible teaches that "The soul that sinneth, it shall die" (Ezekiel 18:4) And never shall they be any more."—Ezekiel 28:19.

Rev. C. T. Russel, pastor of the Washington Temple, Independent, says, "The teaching of the Bible is that death, actual death, came into the world as a result of Adam's disobedience; that it rests upon all; that God has provided a Redemption; that a resurrection for all is impending as a result of that Redemption, and that then, under the better conditions of the New Age, mankind, backed by the knowledge gained from present experiences with sin and its consequences, will demonstrate to the Creator, each for himself, whether he is worthy of the gift of God, eternal life."

"For the upright shall dwell in the land, and the perfect shall remain in it. But the wicked shall be cut off from the earth and the transgressors be rooted out of it."—Proverbs 2:21, 22.

THE WANDERING JEW

PRESBYTERY TO STUDY CHURCH UNION

Delegates from all the Presbyterian churches in Blair and adjoining counties in the Huntingdon district of the Presbytery, will be entertained in this city during the next regular meeting to be held at the second Presbyterian church, opening next Monday evening and closing Tuesday evening. Dr. W. S. Ross is arranging for the entertaining of the delegates, and all the churches in the district are required to be represented.

The most important matter of legislation to be considered during the session will be that of action on the union of the Presbyterian and Reformed churches The commissioners will all be instructed to vote either for or against the provisions drawn up for the union in 1911. The general assembly of the Presbytery approved the plan of joining with the Reformed brethern and the union seems assured.

The Rev. E. C. Reese, of Clearfield, will open the session Monday evening and deliver a special sermon, and after the roll call the elections of officers for the coming year will take place. On Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, a devotional half hour will be held, with Rev. Thompson, of Reedsville, leading. Later the appointment of standing committees will take place. New business well brought to the attention of the commissioners during the afternoon meeting and reports will be received from the chairmen of all committees.

Clothes do not make the man, but a good appearance will often carry off the honors. Stationery turned out of the Times job department has a distinctive class, that all connoisseurs appreciate.

IN TRAINING

Attorney General McReynolds is working up anti-trust cases, which wi ll be started when tariff and currency are disposed of.

EVENTS AS VIEWED BY PENNSYLVANIA EDITORS

AS TO GRADE CROSSINGS

(Harrisburg Telegraph)

There can be no doubt as to the unanimanity of public sentiment on the subject of grade crossings, but there is a great deal of misapprehension concerning the attiture of the railroad companies themselves regarding these death traps.

Instead of fighting the abolition of crossings at grade, as they have so often and so unfairly been represented as doing, the railroads are just as anxious as the public to get rid of them.

A statement sent out in poster form by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, shows how the railroads feel about it. A letter from Samuel Rea, president of the company, to the Philadelphia Public Ledger is quoted, in which Mr. Rea says:

"The railroads are only too happy to remove all grade crossings, to equip every mile of track with automatic block signals, to make every car of all-steel construction, but to do these things is utterly impossible without the money to pay for them."

It is further set forth that on the 11,000 miles of line comprising the Pennsylvania system, there remain 13,027 grade crossings. To remove one of them costs $56,660. This is said to be a low estimate of the average. Consequently, it would cost $600,000,000 to eliminate them all.

Since 1902, the Pennsylvania system has spent $66,641,294 in improvements resulting in the elimination of 1,092 grade crossings. Perhaps their removal was not the direct object of the improvement in every instance, but at any rate it has been an incidental constantly in the minds of the management.

The poster appeals to the public to assist the railroad companies in minimizing the danger from grade crossings, by exercising proper and reasonable precautions, until such time as the enormous task of removing them can be completed.

This is only a fair request, and it should be borne in mind that it is made not so much for the convenience of the railroad as for the protection of human lives.

IS PLUMMER GLAD?

(Allentown Democratic

Defeat for office sometimes is the best thing that can happen to a man. No doubt J. Lee Plummer of Blair county thinks so. Perhaps many of the readers of the Democrat, do not recall the name of Mr. Plummer. Ten years ago he was a member of the legislature and was one of Senator Penrose's trusted lieutenants. His reward was the nomination for state treasurer in 1905. William H. Berry was named by the Democrats and Plummer was badly defeated. His political reverses took all political ambition out of him and he retired to his Blair county home and settled down to the practice of the law. Now he's glad that he gave politics the go by for in a recent interview he said:: 'If any person would have told me ten years ago that in 1913 I would be taking as little interest in politics as I am now I would have called him a liar. But after many years in the harness I have settled down to my law practice, satisfied to let the other fellow have the glory out of hard political fights."

KEEP POLITICS OUT.

(Williamsport Gazette & Bulletin)

A dispatch from York reports that in spite of the non-partisan laws in this state, Democratic leaders in that city are planning to grab city council by electing to office only candidates of their political affiliation. Letters have been sent out to the Democrats who are candidates for city council asking them to attend a meeting in the rooms of the Young Men's Democratic club. The three Republicans who are candidates have not been invited. A similar effort to inject politics into the contest is reported from Harrisburg, and we get a hint of something of the same sort in Reading from the News of that place, which is not surprised that partisan politics have no place in municipal affairs." Fervid party men are not able to forget in a short time that parties are not aligned against parties. Many there are who will be unable to see in a candidate anything except that he is a member of such-and-such a party, with total lack of heed of his fitness or unfitness for office. This condition the News expects to see improved as the new form of government becomes older, and the advantages of selecting capable, high-minded men regardless of their party preferences becomes apparent.

There is more reason to see the Socialists opposed to everybody except men of their own ideas, for that party has a theory of government different from anything in effect in this nation, and party lines are overlooked by Socialists, even municipal affairs, although the cities which derive their powers from the state could not by any possibility change their government until the change is authorized by the state.

But in the cities, party lines which divide the national organizations with their different theories of governmental policy have no place whatever. They have no more place than party lines would have in dividing the office force of a large business concern. The city is a big corporation and its business should be conducted with economy, efficiency and foresight in order that all the people may share equally in the benefits of organized government.

THIS DAY IN ALTOONA TWENTY YEARS AGO

OCT. 1, 1893.

A negro attacked Miss Emma Morningred, as she was passing the Vigilant fire house, at Thirteenth avenue and Twelfth street. The woman beat off her assailant, although her clothing was badly torn.

* * *

The barber shop of J. C. Graham, at 907 Fourteenth street, was entered by thieves and a number of razors stolen.

* * *

The Bedford Springs company, operating a large hotel at Bedford Springs, went into the hands of a receiver.

* * *

Professor Mowery, scheduled to walk across a wire suspended from the casino at Lakemont park to the trolley station, failed to put in his appearance, and a large crowd was greatly disappointed.

* * *

Miss Merle Jessell entertained a number of her friends at a delightful moonlight party at Chimney Rocks.

First Things

The first cathedral in the New World, that at Lima, Peru, was completed and consecrated 288 years ago today, Oct. 1, 1625. The ground for the edifice was laid out by Pizarro on the very day on which the site of the Ciudad de los Reyes, or "City of the Kings," was chosen, in 1535. The construction of the cathedral occupied ninety years. The work was delayed by earthquakes, which were of frequent occurrence in Lima, and by changes in the plans made by successive viceroys. In 1746 the sacred edifice, as well as practically the entire city of Lima, was destroyed by the great earthquake of that year. A new cathedral was erected on the same spot and was completed in twelve years. The building is on the beautiful Plaza Mayor, or principal square, of the Peruvian capital, and is one of the most imposing of all New World cathedrals. It has five aisles, and its two sides are formed of ten chapels, in one of which are deposited the remains of Peru's ruthless conqueror, Francisco Pizarre. The edifice is adorned with many old and valuable painting, including a Murillo.

ONE MINUTE INTERVIEWS

There should be more lights placed on the Seventh street bridge than at present. The bridge is too dark, and with but little effort could be made brighter.—George Brown, cornerman.

* * *

This talk about unionism invading the High school orchestra and members being forced to join is all bosh. Most of them belong to the player's union of this city, and of course the few who are not will have to fall in line if any financial benefit is to accrue to the organization.—Joseph Paxson, leader.

* * *

The motorists of Pennsylvania have taken upon themselves to promote a publicity campaign to insure the passage of the $50,000,000 road loan. Should the loan pass, the motorists will see to it that the money is expended for good roads and not to build up a political machine, as many persons fear.—J. Emory Shute.

* * *

The chamber of commerce of Altoona has been run on a basis of small dues and correspondingly small responsibilities for the members. When a man has money invested in a thing, he takes an interest in it, and the interest he displays is more a vital factor in the business than the money he has invested. —W. C. Westfall.

AGED WOMAN IN THE TOMBS

Was Taken From Swell Hotel to Dismal Dungeon.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Charged with defrauding another woman of $3,000 in a real estate transaction, Mrs. Frances Lavy, an aristocratic looking woman, with snow white hair, who had been arrested in her home at the Endicott hotel, was forced to go to the Tombs for trial. Her offense is not bailable at present, as she is held for the North arolina authorities.

At the time of her arrest and again in court today, through her attorney, Joseph A. Rosalsky, she pleaded that a mistake in identity had been made. But she so strongly resembles a photo sent to the police here by the sheriff of New Hanover County, N. C., that she is to be held until the complainant, Mrs. Henel B. Le Masenna, of Philadelphia, reaches here tomorrow.

M'AFEE RULES ON NON-PARTISAN LAW

HARRISBURG, Sept. 30.—Secretary of the Commonwealth McAfee was tonight advised by the attorney general's department as to the manner of determining the fifty-one per cent of the vote necessary to give a judicial candidate the sole right of appearing on the ballot, the question having arisen in Bucks and Lehigh counties.

The opinion rendered by the attorney general is in part as follows:

"In the opinion of this department, the phrase, 'greater than one half of the number of ballots cast in the political district or division,' is equivalent to greater than one half of the number of electors who participated in the primary in question, regardless of the fact whether such electors cast both party and non-partisan ballots, or non-partisan ballots alone, provided of course, such elections cast a valid ballot, i. e., a ballot which could legally be counted for any office for which nominations were to be made."

The secretary is advised to request the county commissioners of Bucks and Lehigh counties to certify to him the number of valid ballots cast at the primary.

Facing a Serious Proposition.

The man or woman who has kidney trouble is facing a serious proposition, where grave complications readily follow neglect. Foley Kidney Pills are an honest curative medicine that once taken into your system mean restored kidney and bladder action, and a return of health and strength.—Davis Drugists and Frank B. Stevens.

BRIGHT CHILD IS SOCIETY DANGER

Mental Brilliancy May Be More Dangerous Than Stupidity

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30—Children of exceptional mental brilliancy are even greater dangers to society than those defective or abnormally stupid. This is the conclusion of Dr. Maximilian P. E. Grossmann, of the United States Bureau of Education in a report made public today. The educational expert based his statement on the comprehensive study made in the schools of the United States.

"It is often the exceptionally bright child, or even the genius, whom we find on the wrong side," said Dr. Grossmann. "The stupid and weak-minded criminal is not so dangerous as the clever and intellectual criminal."

As a remedy for the uplift of misguided juveniles the scientist advocates united effort on the part of educators, societies, juvenile courts and other agencies. He declares in his report that all of the seapate organizations are doing commendable work in this censary. He also advocates the passage of legislation giving the community the right to direct the educational training of every child.

TO FIX PARENTAGE OF INCUBATOR BABY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Of anique cases to come before the supreme court in a few days, is one in which the court will be called upon to determine the parentage of the "incubator" baby, viewed by thousands at the Louisiana purchase exposition at St. Louis.

Mrs. Lottie Bleakley, of Topeka, Kan., claims to be the mother of the little two-pound mite, which was placed in the world's fair incubator. She has fought in the courts of Illinois and Kansas for possession of the girl, now aged 9 years, and appears now before the court as a prosecuting witness against a detective who is charged with having kidnaped the girl from her home.

Mr. and Mrs. James G. Barclay, of Douglas county, Ill., claim the child as an adopted daughter Barclay, who an employe at the fair grounds, watched the baby grow in its little glass cage. The Barclays declare investigation shows Mrs. Bleakley is mistaken about being the mother of the child. They claim her child died a few days after it was born.

NEWS NOTES OF STATE COLLEGE

The Blair County club gave a cider feed to the new members on Saturday evening. The affair was held in the woods back of the North Campus and cider, pretzels and smokes kept the boys busy while toasts were given by Pat Barr, Adie Shultz, Paul Brallier, Heiny Colbus, Lou Flick, Em Carroll and some of the new members.

Plans were discussed for the annual smoker and stag to be given at the University club at Christmas vacation; the formation of the basketball team and for the second annual State dance. Good fellowship prevailed and a very enjoyable evening was spent by the brothers.

The Blair county club stands second in the list of county students enrolled at Penn State, the club having about seventy-five members. The officers for the coming year are; Pasco Barr, president; Adie Shultz, vice president; Paul Brallier, secretary; Heinie Colbus, treasurer; and Lou Flick, basketball manager.

In the list published by the registrar, three Altoona boys are shown on the honor roll of last years freshmen class, they being P. S. Brallier, H. H. Colbus, and R. W. Colchesser. The above named are in the first fifty of the six hundred in their class and are eligible to be chosen for the Louise Carnegie and John W. White scholarships of $250 and $100 each, respectively.

The list of ten scholarship students will be chosen soon by the faculty and an Altoonan may be placed in the list as the scholarship students are chosen by their scholastic standing.

Among the members of the state varsity squad are Yerger, of Patton and Colbus, of Altoona. Yerger is a former St. Francis College player, while Colbus played on independent teams in Altoona. Last year Colbus played end on the freshmen team but this year Coach Bill Hollenbach decided to develop him into a quarterback, since he is built on the order of "Shorty" Miller.

Since practice started Colbus has been playing quarter on the varsity scrubs and has a good chance of making a sub to "Shorty" Miller, the midget quarter back. State plays its opening game on Oct. 4 with Carnegie Tech.

Mr. Richard Colclesser, '16 was compelled to leave college for awhile on account of rheumatism.

NO ENLISTMENTS IN ARMY LAST MONTH

The month which closed yesterday was the most remarkable in the history of the local recruiting station since Sergeant Christ Lang took charge, nearly seven years ago, not an enlistment taking place.

The lack of business during the month is due principally to the fact that during the past four weeks, representatives of the United States navy have been at the Federal building for the purpose of making enlistments. Quite a number of young men who were desirous of entering one branch of Uncle Sam's service, enlisted with the navy men during the month. The navy recruiters have gone to York.

The Clarion Democrat

WM. L. SANSOM, Editor and Publisher.
CHAS. L. SANSOM, Asst. Editor.
Published every Thursday.

TERMS.

$1.00 a year, in advance, in the county.
$1.25 a year, in advance, ouside the county.

ADVERTISING RATES

Transient and legal advertisements inserted at the rate of 1.00 per square for the first insertion and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion. Ten lines of this type makes square.

Display rates on application.

Entered as second class mail matter at the postoffice at Clarion, Pa., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

CLARION, PA., OCT. 2, 1913.

NON PARTISAN TICKET.

For Judge of the Common Pleas Court,
G. G. SLOAN, Esq.,
of Clarion Borough

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

Sheriff— Wm S. Smathers, of Clarion.
Coroner—Fred Hartle, of Clarion.
Jury Commissioner—Dennis Conner, of Clarion Township.

VOTE "NO"

The one thing that is plainly manifest on the face in the matter of good roads is that the people of the entire state of Pennsylvania do not have confidence in the present Administration and its Highway Department.

In the first place they regard the whole scheme as a means to build up the old Penrose political machine and the fifty million dollars would very largely go to rehabilitate and perpetuate the old Republican machine.

Again, the Highway Department has not discovered how to make good roads and is paying the staggering price of more than twenty thousand dollars per mile for roads that hardly stand up more than two years.

And again, the real necessary funds for the construction of good roads (as the Highway Department uses that term with reference to roads that wear out in two or three years) could be supplied from current revenues in such amounts as would be economically used from year to year. The natural conclusion is that there is really no occasion to have the bond issue of fifty million dollars.

And still again there is no need to amend the constitution. That provision has stood as a safeguard to the people against the creation of large debts like those of many states. If the machine can break into the debt making business for one purpose they can do it for another and the state will soon be overwhelmed with debt.

Vote "No" on the bond issue amendment.

Some of the alarmist newspaper correspondents and stand-pat Republican organs pretend to see awful dangers in the Democratic caucus. The following is quoted from Colliers Weekly and is a full and sufficient answer to their fears:

"It is amusing to hear Republican senators and members of congress denounce the Democratic caucus methods. The Democratic caucus methods may be objectionable, but the ethics of them is exalted compared with the Republican regime. Republican party legislation was determined by a caucus of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, Jim Sherman and Jim Watson sitting in a back room around a friendly cuspidor. What they determined upon, the Republican party in congress accepted and supinely passed. At the worst the Democratic caucus has no relation to this. It is true that in the Democratic caucus the minority binds itself to support what the majority determines, but this is done only after there has been complete discussion and debate upon the measures under consideration. In this discussion every member of the party has an equal voice."

Everybody is warned against articles being published now and again over the name "The Wandering Jew," as they are entirely misleading and not worthy of confidence. These articles are furnished free to newspapers by one C. J. Wood worth, to help along the fake religion now known as Russellism. The newspapers are coaxed along at first and once in a while afterwards by an article that is really meritorious, but others soon follow that are rotten to the core. The safe plan is for newspapers and people all to turn down the whole batch, along with the fake magic "Wonder Wheat" and all other schemes.

One of the specious and false arguments being used in favor of the fifty million bond issue is something like this: "Everybody is in favor of good roads; every body is opposed to graft and grafters; therefore, vote for the good roads and then go after the grafters." Doesn't that seem funny? To vote to put fifty million dollars in the hands of the grafters who are in power, and then, after you have put a club in their hands with which to beat out your brains, go after them and—get your brains knocked out; the money you have given them being squandered, then what—

The main conference agreement on the Democratic tariff revision bill passed the House Tuesday evening Sept. 30th, after many hours of debate by the vott of 254 to 103, almost a strict party vote. This endorses every provision in the measure except the tax on cotton futures, a tax on cotton gambling in cotton. The vote on the amendment to that provision was 171 to 161. The Senate will now pass on that amendment with the regular conference report, and if it agrees with the House the bill will then go to the President for approval.

The Republican State Committee met at Harrisburg last Tuesday and the proceedings showed that the Penrose machine gang is in full power, a fact demonstrated by the election of State Senator Wm. E. Crow, of Uniontown for Chairman, a hard-shell standpatter and machine booster, and the resurrection of the old gang secretary and treasurer, W. H. Baker of Harrisburg, and Insurance Commissioner Charles Johnson, of Montgomery county, both Penrose adherents. Now watch the Progressives take their medicine.

DO NOT WANT DEMOCRATS TO VOTE FOR BOND AMENDMENT

It is noticed that the Penrose machine, which is pushing the amendment to the constitution to issue $50,000,000 in bonds for good roads, evidently does not want Democrats to vote for the amendment for it has refused to publish the amendment in a very large percentage of the Democratic newspapers in the state.

The Clarion Democrat, although having the largest circulation of any newspaper in the county, was not given the amendments to advertise, and, as one of the reasons, it is very natural to infer that the Penrose machine does not want Democratic votes for the so-called good roads bond amendment. Hence we recommend that all Democrats be careful to vote "NO" on the fifty million bond issue.

The Democrat also understands that Senator J. K. P. Hall who is a leading part of the bi-partisan Penrose machine, ordered the Democrat's name to be strick en off the list of newspapers to which the advertising was to be given, simply because the Democrat does not knuckle or truckle to him and his partnership with Penrose, and is opposed to his style of politics. Senator Hall as a part of the Penrose machine wants the bond amendment passed so he can get a still further grip on machine politics and reap his share of the political profits which are expected to accrue from the big road deal, and the Democrat for this reason advises voters of all parties to vote against this amendment, to help stop corruption in politics and to break the power of the machine. The good roads idea is only being used as a cloak by the machine. Vote NO on the fifty million bond issue.

DEMOCRATS FIRST PLACE ON THE BALLOTS.

According to the law the Democratic ticket will be the first one on the ballots to be voted at the election on November 4th. There will be seven party squares for straight party votes on the ballot. The squares appearing to the left of the ballot will appear with the Democratic party square first, Washington, Republican, Socialist, Bull Moose, Roosevelt Republican and Prohibition squares, in the order given.

The non-partisan judicial ticket appears in the second column with the Superior Court candidates' names appearing first, and the names of the candidates for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas below. It should be remembered that making a mark in the party square in the first column does not vote for any candidate for Superior Court Judge or Judge of Court of Common Pleas. All voters will have to mark an X opposite the name of the person for whom they wish to vote for Judge of the Courts named.

The five constitutional amendments, including the proposed $50,000,000 bond issue for roads will be placed at the bottom of the ballot.

Here is a faint idea of the cost of making good roads under the Highway Department of this state. The contract for 4700 fet of road in Lawrence township, Cclarfield county, was recently let by Highway Commissioner Bigelow for $25,016.24. Notice, that is for 580 feet less than a mile; a mile at that rate would cost about $27,500. Highway Commissioner Bigelow also awarded a contract for 3700 feet of road in Scalp Level, Cambria county, at $17,719.18. A mile at that rate would cost $25,687.38. And yet such roads will scarcely outlast two or three years. Why vote to permit a corrupt political machine to run the state into debt to make good roads that are not good?

MILLCREEK ORCHARDS.

The orchard inspection which has been in progress in various townships in the county for some time reached Millcreek township this week. Every orchard in the county is being examined to deter mine what insects and diseases are doing damage and to inform the owners of the best methods of control. The orchard inspector is under the control of the Division of Zoology, State Department of Agriculture and any questions orchardists may wish to ask him while making the rounds will be gladly answered." The service is free.

NEFF—RISHER

Dr. J. Bell Neff, superintendent of Clarion District of the Methodist church was united in marriage with Mrs. Margaret Risher, of Greensburg, at Pittsburgh on Tuesday, Sept. 23. The wedding took place at the residence of Rev. Dr. J. J. Wallace, who performed the ceremony. Dr. Neff and bride are expected home in DuBois in a few days. Dr. Neff's many friends in this vicinity extend congratulations and best wishes to him and his bide.

New Fall Caps 50c to $1.00 at F. L. Crooks & Co.

PUBLIC SALE.

There will be exposed to public sale on the J H Wilson farm in Monroe township one-half mile east of Reidsburg on the Mechanicsville road on Tuesday, Oct. 14, at one p. m., bay mare, 1500 lbs, Jersey cow, set double work harness, Hench and Dromgold corn worker, plows, harrows, forks, corn knife, pit post rack, hay ladder, clevis, chains, pair new heavy sleds, Cramer truck wagon, hay, corn, oats, buck wheat and other articles. Terms made known day of sale. O. H. Rankin.

Our prices and our qualities prove that F. L. Crooks & Co leads.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.

We the undersigned property owners hereby notify all persons not to trespass on our property for the purpose of hunting. Brisbin Bros., Henry McLain, John Gourley, William Gourley, I. L. Jones, James Jones, Johnson & Geurley, Louis Heinrich, Harry Walker, John Saxton.

See our sweater coats $1.00 to $8.00—all colors at F. L. Crooks & Co.

Gibson's successful optical work is due to his care and accuracy. If your eyes give you trouble call on him at Corsica Oct. 10; Clarion 11-13; Rimersburg 14-15; East Brady 16; Parker 17; Emlenton 18-20 and St. Petersburg 21.

New ties, new collars, new shirts at F. L. Crooks & Co.

NORMAL NOTES.

The Bancroft Literary Society under the direction of Prof. W. R. Egbert rendered a very good program Saturday evening.

The Senior Class have elected the following class officers: President, Herbert Linn; Vice president, Hayes Shellito; Secretary, Grace Downing; Treasurer, Ruth Patton. The class has also elected a Sequelle Board which is as follows: Editor in chief, Paul Conner; Asst. Editors, Lucy Bartlett and Alice Sigworth; Business Mgr., Herbert Linn; Asst. Mgr., Bonnie LaVan; Sensory Board, Misses Rice and Jones.

Dr. Russell Rudolph and wife, of Kittanning, spent a day at the Normal during the past week. Dr. Rudolph was a member of the class of '08.

Dr. and Mrs. Bodenhorn, of Sigel, called at the Normal while they were at tending the Fair.

Prof. A. J. Mooney, of Warren, who was a member of the class of '95, spent a day at the Normal recently. He gave a very interesting talk in Chapel and spoke about the reunion at Warren and of the good work done by Clarion teachers in Warren county.

Miss Mary A. True, the librarian, who has been ill for some days, has recovered and is back at work.

Miss Sara Nolin, the Domestic Science teacher, who was called home on account of the serious illness of her father, returned to the school Tuesday.

Mr. Shields, trustee of West Chester Normal, called at the Normal during the past week. He is a great admirer of Dr. Philips, who has been connected with that school for the past 32 years.

A. M. Myers, of the class of '01, made us a pleasant call this week. He is in the electrical business at Worcester, Mass.

REIDSBURG

Mrs. John Sherman, of Strattonville, and daughter Mrs. Sarah Elder, of Los Angeles, Cal.; Mr and Mrs. Roy Sherman and little son, of Waterson; A. A. Hartle and sister Martha, of Clarion, and Gust Wilt, of New Bethlehem, were the guests of Mrs. J. M. Hartle, of Reidsburg, last Sunday.

Miss Clara Hartle, of Kittanning, is visiting at her home near Reidsburg.

Gust Wilt, of New Bethlehem, is visiting his grandparents, Mr and Mrs. Geo. Eckel.

Joseph Eckel visited at his home near Reidsburg Sunday.

Miss Martha Hartle and friend were the guests of Clara and Florence Hartle Monday evening.

Here We Have Not the Time.

The hotels of Europe come in for commendation from an observer, who points his moral with this incident: "The European hotel manager who, at our departure, came to our cab door, bowing his thanks for our patronage and presenting Mrs. B. with a bouquet of roses, left us with a sense of pleasure and a desire to return which I have never experienced on leaving any hotel in this country."

Work for Greatest Artists.

Designing, etching, and engraving of fine bookplates is a thriving profession in Vienna. Some of the greatest artists are engaged in the production of these works of art.

OIL PROPERTIES FOR SALE

300 acres second sand oil, drilling 700 feet; one well on lease full of oil. Best lease in state; 8 miles from Oil City; wells nearby start off at 10 to 50 bbls. My terms are ¾ interest at $800. per quarter, all or in part. I agree to drill at once two wells, shoot and case same. This makes 3 wells at above price.

I also offer 250 acres of gray sand oil with flowing well on lease that should make a production second to none. Gray sand wells are best stayers of all the sands. I drill two wells as per terms above. I guarantee everything as represented above. Address,

E. R. MacTYRE,
Venango Co. Diamond, Pa.

"THINK OF ME"

WILL ECHO AROUND THE WORLD

Words and Music by Jas. L. Brown
Brookville, Pa.

For sale at Louis Poulain's wholesale and retail Clarion Music House
CLARION, PENN'A.

John T. McCabe, of Rockhurst Farm, will open a poultry market at the grocery store of E. M. Page in Clarion on Oct. 11, 1913. Mr. McCabe will be in attendance. Poultry delivered free to purchasers in all parts of the city.

FOR RENT.

The flat above C. A. Rankin & Son's store. Immediate possession given. Inquire at store.

This visit will complete another year's optical work in Clarion county, and a very successful one—Gibson at Corsica Oct. 10; Clarion 11-13; Rimersburg 14-15; East Brady 16; Parker 17; Emlenton 18-20, and St. Petersburg 21.

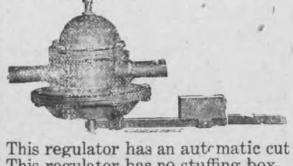
There is a genuine bargain in town when you can buy Rochester Nickel Ware at one-fifth reduction. John A. Magee & Son are offering this ware for a limited time at 20 per cent off. It will pay you to visit this store and make your selection.

Call on Mrs. S. S. Gathers, Curllsville, Pa., for fall and winter hats of latest style.

LOST

A black leather Wrist Bag, at the fair grounds Thursday afternoon. Return to Democrat for reward.

This visit completes eighteen years' optical work in Clarion county for Gibson, the optician.



The Automatic Gas Regulator

This regulator has an automatic cut off valve.
This regulator has no stuffing box.
This regulator will not freeze up on dry gas.
This regulator requires no heater.
This regulator requires no house over it.
This regulator is made in duplicate parts.
This regulator will handle 5 to 300 lbs. pressure and reduce it to 1 lb. more or less as required.
This regulator can be taken apart and put together by any farmer with a monkey wrench.
This regulator has been on the market for 20 years.
We will put it on trial by the side of any other regulator made, on any kind of test asked.

J. F. Weaver Hardware Co.
CLARION. - - - - PENN'A.

The Display of New Garments at this store is a style show every lady should see.

Strikingly different; the many new models in coats, suits and dresses offer a most pleasing selection to choose from. The graceful lines---the beautiful fabrics---all combine to make this store the place to come for your Fall and Winter apparel.

No waiting here to have a gown or dress made or fitted. Competent lady in charge who will see to every fitting and all alterations made in the store.

No long waits. Prompt service.
All reasonably priced.

The Clarion Dry Goods CO.

2 DAYS

Until Piano Contest Closes

makes these days count

as we are giving extra votes. Ask one of Contestants for a Trading Book which gives them

200,000 Votes

Who will be the winner? See our window Tuesday forernoon for prize winners.

All Votes Must be Handed in Before 10:30 P. M. Saturday Evening

MAHEY'S SHOE STORE
"Shoes That Satisfy"

See Our Window Friday A. M. for Contestants' Standing of this week.

When your steam engine, gasoline engine or automobile fails to respond or if you wish electrical work done call on Wm. E. Nadig
AT
Nadig's Garage
Between 7th and 8th Aves., off Main St.
CLARION, PA.

Read the Democrat--$1.00 a year.

JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRAT

Volume 36, No. 44 | BROOKVILLE, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1913 | Whole Number 1817

TUESDAY'S ELECTIONS

COUNTRY STANDS BY PRESIDENT.

New Jersey and Massachusetts Elect Democratic Governors.

TAMMANY IS CRUSHED.

Democratic Judges Elected in Armstrong, Clarion and Clearfield Counties.

Jefferson Conuty Defeats $50,000.000 Steal by Big Majority.

$50.000.000 AMENDMENT LOST IN STATE.

The democratic party has reason to feel well satisfied with the result of the election of Tuesday of this week. The people of the country seem to be standing by President Wilson and his policies.

Since the action of Tammany Society in the impeachmrnt of Governor Sulzer of New York, special interest has centered in the election of a Mayor in New York city. The country at large condemned that action, and hoped the voters of New York city would resent it by defeating the Tammany candidate for Mayor. They did just what the country hoped for, and Tammany went down to disgraceful defeat, under an avalanch of 95,000 adverse votes They not only lost the Mayor, but lost control of everything in the city and county.

In Massachusetts, where President Wilson's policies were at issue the democratic candidate for governor is elected by 50,000 votes.

In New Jersey, the President's own state, the democrats elect the governor by over 25,000

As we go to press we have such meager returns that no estimate can be made on the vote in this state for Superior Court Judges. The probabilities are, that Henderson, republican, and Grim, democrat, are elected.

Sloan, democrat, was elected president judge of Clarion county, and Bell, democrat, was elected president judge of Clearfield county, both by good majorities.

Long, republican, is elected district attorney of Jefferson county by a good majority. The $50.000.000 constitutional amendment was defeated in the county by several thousand votes. So far as we have learned, only one district, Summerville voted for it. We will give the official result in the county next week.

The $50,000.000 constitutional bond issue amendment seems to have been defeated in the state, for which every good man ought to return thans.

THE good, sound common sense that has characterized every act of President Wilson, did not desert him in dealing with the admission of Mrs. Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette. To have excluded her would have raised her at once to the heigths of a martyr in the eyes of her followers, and of thousands of others, who, while not approving of her methods would have resented her deportation. Denied the martyr's crown, there has been but small interest on the part of Americans to see or hear the woman who has caused the English goverument so much anxiety and trouble since she and her followers began to pillage and burn. The crowds she has spoken to have been small, and her reception has been cool. Window smashing and house burning do not appeal to American suffragettes as good arguments They have the good sense to realize that nothing is to be gained for their cause in this country by violence. Mrs. Pankhurst will probably leave these shores with a keen realization that except as a curiosity she made little impression on American women.

Irritation of the throat and horseness are relieved immediately by two or three little swallows of Kemp's Balsam the best cough cure. Grip patients should make a note of this. At all druggists.

Goodyear Tires for sale at Leathers.

WM. SULZER, driven from the office of governor of New York, not for offenses he committed, but for his refusal to commit far greater offenses against the people at the bidding of Tammany's boss, Murphy, is taking good advantage of the opportunity now offered him, to render a great public service and incidentally reap a rich revenge, by a full exposure of Murphy's methods. Mr. Sulzer and his friend, John A. Hennessy who acquired a lot of information about Murphy's ways in the course of his investigation of state highway contracts, are daily revealing things that cause the boss to squirm and the populace to vow that Murphy's reign shall end. Sulzer has accepted a nomination for assembly in his old assembly district, and the only question about his election will be the size of his majority The impeachment court, while finding guilty and removing him from office, did not disqualify him from holding office hereafter, an oversight that Murphy is keenly regretting. But even such disqualification need not have sealed Sulzer's lips Possibly it was with the hopethat his magnanimity would be requited with silence and atonement that the boss was so lenient. The atonement that Sulzer is making, however, is not to Murphy, but to the people. It will be a genuine atonement for whatever wrongs he really committed, if Sulzer's downfall leads to the over throw of Tammany.

IMPORTANT legislation to promote the welfare of American seamen, and better safeguard life at see, is the La Follette bill which the senate has just passed. The bill provides for shorter hours for labor for all classes of seamen, and contains a number of requirements for the betterment of conditions under which men must work at sea One of the provisions of importance to voyagers is that providing that a steamship passenger when assigned to his stateroom shall be given the number of the lifeboat he must occupy in the event of disaster, with an assignment of space therein. The purpose of this is to insure ample provisions of lifeboats to accommodate all passengers, and provide a safeguard against panics, and "rushing" of lifeboats in case of wreck. How it will work out in actual practice is problamatical, but it is at least an honest attempt in the right direction. The act, which is intended to affect the traffic on the great lakes and rivers as well as at sea, provides severe penalties for neglect or violations of its provisions

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A LIVELY controversy over the crow, his crimes and virtues, is being stirred as a result of a statement recently issued by the federal department of agriculture. According to the statement of the crow's official defenders, a careful examination of the stomachs of a large number of them satisfied the experts of the department that the crow eats grasshoppers, cutworms, white grubs, and other injurious insects enough to much more than offset his theft of corn, and in addition, to make him highly valuable to the farmer. While a number of farmers have agreed with the experts, a chorus of protests has also gone up. Many farmers declare that while the crow may be fond of grasshoppers, cut worms, etc., he has a greater fondness for young chickens, for hen's eggs, and newly planted corn. And that all in all he is a nuisance With so many farmers questioning their conclusions, it is possible the agricultural deparmental experts may find it expedient to reverse their opinions—sort of eat crow, so to speak.

A Serene Old Age.

We are prone to think of age as an unlovely time, as an undesirable thing. But surely there are compensations in being seventy five years young. Life has taught us its lesson, and we are no longer assailed by doubt and uncertainty. Life has brought us no burden that we could not bear, and we can face it serene and fearless. We have earned the right, by years of experience, to trust Providence, to rest in quiet and peace, and let the world fare on in its folly and strife, its storm and passion, its work and worry. If stately mansions, carriages, service, riches, that are so becoming in age, are not ours, still we may have treasures that no one can take from us—honor, wisdom, experience, and the love and confidence of those who are younger in years.

Household furniture, household goods, canned fruit, etc., at private sale every day at the late residence of W. W. Perry, on Franklin Ave., Brookville.

The Flying Carpet of the Wrights.

It's a long call today, from the famous Arabian Nights' magic flying carpet. Yet we see any day the twentieth century flying carpet stretched tight on its frame. The tail and the front guiding pieces constitute it, with the ripping noise of the engine, the aeroplane. On his carpet sits the air man, cushioned on the wind; he wishes himself a hundred leagues away, pulls a lever or two and without exertion is at his destination.

The Arabian ancients surely have nothing on the Ohio Wrights.

Two contemporaries of the Arabians seem to have seen from afar off the coming of the Wright boys.

Did not one long for a monoplane? "Oh," cried he, "that I had wings like a dove, for then would I fly away." (Psalms 55:6)

Another, perhaps, visioned the man fliers "They shall mount up with wings like the eagles, high into the firmament, above the clouds," Isaiah traced the man birds in their heavenward flight.

Did David think of the winged man also, when he said of one, "And he rode upon a cherub and it did fly; yea, he did fly upon the wings of the wind." (Psalms 18:10.)

And how high and how far the human eagles wing their flight. "If I ascend up into heaven, thou art there. If I take the wings of the morning and dwell (fly) in the uttermost parts of the sea, even there shall thy hand lead me and thy right had shall uphold me." For but the hand of God, in the marvelous laws of his Nature, upholds the Deadalus of today in his excursion towards the sun.

When we consider the prophet David, who gazed down the ages at the wonders of today, we marvel at the greatness of the man Surely it was by the power of his Creator that "tha the Sweet Singer of Israel" spoke of the marvelous things at which we look in amazement one day and the next, and on account of familiarity, pass by with indifference. THE WANDERING JEW

Criticizing Father and Mother.

At a certain stage in the life of many of our young people' says a leading newspaper, they fall into an unpleasant habit of criticizing their parents. Occasional lapses in grammar, trivial errors in scholarship—historical, literary, scientific, or what not—"old fashioned ideas" in matters of taste, dress, manners and social usages, are freely commented upon. When daughters begin to know more than their mothers, and sons to instruct their fathers, there is apt to be friction in the family that will cause many an unpleasant jar Not that our young people are intentionally rude and ill-mannered, but such habits creep upon them unconsciously. They do not mean to be intentionally disloyal or ungrateful to their parents, whom they really love. They are only thoughtless in the matter. Often in such cases the parents feel too deeply hurt by these criticisms to remonstrate against them. They suffer the indignity in silence, when it would be wiser to administer a deserved rebuke.

Each generation enjoys advantages unknown to the one preceding it—betschools, larger opportunities for general culture, and a comprehensive social life. The sons and daughters who profit by these things have their parents to thank for them. It would be "more becoming" in them to remember their debt of gratitude, rather than be looking for blemishes or faults in father and mother.

Sunday Services at Trinity.

Twenty-fifth Sunday after Trinity. Services by Rev. Dr. Duffy. This Sunday brings Dr. Duffy's holiday engagement to a close, and he returns to his own parish in the South.

11 a. m. morning prayer and sermon. Subject of sermon, "The devil telling the truth." 7:30 evening prayer and answer to questions. The question-box still retains its interest. The following questions have been received and will be briefly answered: 1, Does Christ teach eternal punishment, and if so, where? 2, What is the aim of christian service? Is it wholly for the education and discipline of him who serves? 3, To what extent does the church today believe in the God of the Old Testament? Two queries left over from last Sunday night Dr. Duffy hopes to answer next Sunday night.

A widow woman, with a girl 8 years old, wishes a position as housekeeper. Address DEMOCRAT OFFICE, Brookville, Pa.

All kinds of fancy cakes at Heth's on Saturdays.

DEEDS FILED FOR RECORD

In Jefferson County for the Week Ending Saturday, November 1, 1913.

Thomas W. Snell et ux to C. Hellenbaugh, 33½ acres in McCalmont; $900.

M. S. McCreight et al. to A. Bozacki, lot in West Reynoldsville; $797.75.

J. L. Bond et ux. to M. C. Sisti, lot in Brockwayville; $325.

A. Campbell to Elizabeth Walwork, 5 lots in Brockwayville; $2,100.

A. Bowers et al. to G. Bianco, lot in Young; $35.

Annie Icha to Annie Johnson, lot in Young; $1.

Emma L. Brown et al. to J. H. Dennison, lot in Punxy; $150.

P. P. Blood's est. to Wm. Divler, lot in Brookville; $45.

Tresse Reynolds et al. Joe Foust, lot in Pinecreek; $3,500.

Jacob Foust to C. M. Reynolds, 57½ acres in Warsaw; $3,500.

M. Barnard et ux. to D. B. Neil et ux. lot in Punxy; $2,500.

S. T. Brown by Treas. to Co Comes, land in McCalmont; $41 68.

Co Comes to A. C. Hopkins est. et al. land in McCalmont; $319.63.

Barbara Wait to H. L. and Catherine Tiernan, lot in Rey'sville; $1,050.

W. T. Woods et ux. S. B. Shaffer et al. lot in Falls Creek; $1.

Laura E. Doutt et al to Ladies Chorus, lot in Warsaw; $50.

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses issued by Register and Recoorder Perry A Hunter since our last report:

John B Heitzer..... .....Butler.
Nellie Mullen..... .....Anita.

Philip Kelechner..... Luthersburg.
Emma L. Korb ..... Luthersburg.

John A. Myers ....Worthville.
Sarah E. Kiehl..... Worthville.

Nicholas Anthony ....Curllsville.
Caroline Krob ..... Curllsville.

C. S. Shindledecker..... .....Pardus.
Joeanna Cribbs..... .....Sandy Valley.

Michael Clinger..... ... .Corsica.
Pearl Leadbeater..... ... .Corsica.

Hundreds of people are buying of me and saying money. Why don't you read my advertisement. C. A. MOORE.

FARMERS!

We want your live chickens and offer you 10c per lb. for live hens and springers.

Can also use 25 nicely dressed spring chickens each Saturday at 15c per lb.

Dried Fruits

Are very reasonable We are showing this week a full line of New Goods and offer large California Prunes at 2 lbs. for 25c

California Stewing figs 3 lbs. for 25c
California Raisins, loose, 3 lbs. for 25c
Fancy Muir Peaches 2 lbs. for 25c
Fancy seeded Raisins 2 boxes for 25c
Fancy New Currants 2 boxes for 25c

Canned Goods

Ask the clerks to explain our plan of saving you 20 percent. on your canned goods. One dozen cans fancy assorted vegetables for $1 25; regular retail value $1 50

Gas Mantels, Globes, Burners

We are offering a very good Mantel 3 for 25c, efther upright or inverted. Upright burners 10c each, and complete inverted lights at 55 aed 85 cents each.

Formosa and Ceylon Tea

The latest thing out in Teas. We're offering this grade at 60c per lb. the same as the large city stores are asking 80c to $1.00 phr ib.

Dry Goods Department

Blankets

A nice assortment of Blankets for Robes with cords at $2.50; 11-4 extra fine grade in strictly all wool plaid and plain blankets from $4.00 to $6.00.

Children's Dresses

Children's ready made dresses, all sizes, 50c, $1.00 and $1 50

ReadY Made Aprons

In Printzess and Kimona styles made of Lancaster gingham and Percale, 50c

A. J. C. C. Brassiere Assures Faultless Fit.

You will find the J. C. C. Brassiere a wonderful aid in imparting the exquisite lines and graceful carriage requisite for smart gowning. It will make your costumes fit with distinction.

Whether your figure is slender, stout or medium, among the different styles and sizes of our complete stock of J. C. C. Brassieres there is a model especially suited to you. It will fit you perfectly and give your figure from shoulder to waist the natural lines so necessary for the new styles. Prices 50 and 75 cents

The L. A. Leathers Co.
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BROOKVILLE, PA.

NEW FALL CLOTHING
ARRIVING DAILY

Surprising Richness of Fabric, Beauty of Color and Harmony of Line.

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Call and see the striking individuality of the New Fall Styles that have just arrived. Every model stylish; every piece of fabric pure wool; every little detail clean cut and correct.

FOR THE BOY
Going to School

This department is running over with Fall and Winter goods. Suits, Shoes, Underwear, Caps and Sweaters are here in abundance, also a Shoe department for Men, Women and Children, in which you can find all kinds at all prices.

All other departments in our store are being crowded with Fall Goods.

You will do well to stop when passing our way and let us show you what we have.

Means Brothers

"RELIABLE CLOTHIERS"

Opposite American Hotel — *BROOKVILLE, PA.*

Brookville Title and Trust Company.

Capital $125,000 — **Surplus $125,000**

It Expresses Our Ideal

ELBERT HUBBARD in his accustomed sententious style says: "Once a business man was a person who not only thrived by taking advantage of the necessities of the people but banked on the ignorance of values. But all wise men now knew that we benefit ourselves only as we benefit others"

Exactly this is what we aim to realize in our banking service. To our every customer we desire to be, indeed, a friend, willing and glad to be helpful

Be free to speak to the men in our banking office; don't hesitate to ask questions regarding any financial matter. We shall be pleased to serve YOU.

Commercial, Savings and Trust Departments

A WELL FURNISHED HOME

is not necessarily an expentively furnished one, as at our store handsome — even sumptuous — furniture is procurable without great outlay. Not that we deal in knock-to-gether, made-to-sell sort, but because we are content with a reasonable profit on really good articles of furniture. Our best witness is the goods themselves.

REITZ FURNITURE COMPANY,
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.